NEW NEARCTIC CRANE-FLIES (TIPULIDÆ, DIPTERA). PART X.

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Ormosia friscni, sp. n.

Closest to O. meigenii (O. S.); inner pleural appendage of the male hypopygium with a conspicuous lateral spine; all four gonapophyses of approximately equal size and shape.

Male.-Length 3-3.5 mm.; wing 4-4.5 mm.

Female.- Length 3.8-4 mm.; wing 4-4.8 mm.

Rostrum and palpi dark brown. Antennæ brownish black; flagellar segments oval, provided with a dense white pubescence and rather elongate verticils. Head vellowish grey.

Pronotum brown, the scutellum pale whitish yellow. Mesonotum uniformly brownish gray with a sparse yellowish bloom; pseudosutural foveæ conspicuously oval, black; tuberculate pits conspicuous, separated from one another by a distance a little greater than the diameter of one. Pleura light plumbeous. Halteres whitish. Legs with the coxæ plumbeous; trochanters light brown; femora brownish yellow, the tips broadly darkened; tibiæ and tarsi dark brown. Wings with a strong brownish gray tinge; stigma darker brown; conspicuous whitish areas before and beyond the stigma; basal cells largely whitish; veins dark brown. Venation: cell M_2 open by the atrophy of the outer deflection of M_3 : analyveins convergent.

Abdomen dark brown, including the hypopygium. Male hypopygium with the inner pleural appendage smaller than the outer, before the tip with an acute black spine set at a right angle to the appendage; outer appendage strongly curved, the tip acute. Gonapophyses four in number, black, of approximately equal size and shape, the inner pair a little more slender than the outer pair; outer apophyses with a tiny tooth at about two-thirds the length on the inner face; inner apophyses with the basal half flattened, the distal half strongly narrowed; penis-guard slender, pale in colour. Ninth sternite with a spatulate lobe as in the group.

Habitat.—Illinois.

Holotype. - J, Muncie, May 15, 1920, (Alexander).

Allotopotype. - ♀, (Frison).

Paratopotypes.—1 ♂, May 8, 1920, (Frison); 32 ♂ 9's, May 15, 1920, (Alexander & Frison).

Type in the collection of the Illinois State Natural History Survey.

Ormosia frisoni bears a considerable resemblance to O. meigenii (O. S.) but is readily told by the smaller size, differently coloured wings and, especially, by the structure of the male hypopygium. In O. meigenii the inner pleural appendage has the tip narrowed into a chitinized point that is in a straight line with the axis of the appendage; of the four gonapophyses, the inner pair are approximately one-half longer than the outer pair. This interesting new species is dedicated to the collector, my friend, Mr. Theodore H. Frison.

This species occured near the margin of a prairie cat-tail swamp where it was associated with Pseudolimnophila luteipennis (O. S.) and Tipula dejecta

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