and sides of the boxes, suffering, evidently, from narcosis. I killed hundreds of them, while in this condition, without difficulty.

I also, on the same day, poured tobacco-water into some ants' nests on my lawn, and the ants disappeared.

May 25.—Black-flies—Simulia molesta—put in their most unwelcome appearance, covering, positively darkening, trees and fences and sides of houses.

May 27.—Papilio asterias, P. turnus \mathfrak{J} and \mathfrak{P} , Vanessa antiopa, and Thyreus nessus.

May 29.—Chalcophora virginiensis.

June 6.- Another specimen of C. virginiensis and Chrysobothris femorata.

Finding my currant and gooseberry-bushes infested with caterpillars, I watered them with hellebore and alum—I oz. powdered hellebore and 2 oz. powdered alum, to a gallon of water—which I find an unfailing remedy.

June 9.-Polyommatus Americana.

June 10.—A friend brought me a "Cucumber-beetle"—Diabrotica vittata, with some of its eggs, which, with a look almost of triumph at the discovery, he assured me was a "Colorado Potato Bug." Nor could I convince him of his error until I showed him in my collection a specimen of the Diabrotica captured some years ago, long before the Colorado Beetle was heard of in Canada. I may here mention that on two subsequent days, two neighbours brought me specimens of the Ancylochira fasciata and the Clytus speciosus respectively, with the assertion, very emphatic in the case of the second, that they were the veritable much-dreaded "bugs."

However, on the 4th of the following month, July, I was shown, by another neighbour, some larvæ, discovered on a potato-patch in his garden, of the true *Doryphora 10-lineata*.

June 29.—"Locust-tree Carpenter-moth"—Xyleutes Robinia. Limenitis arthemis 3.

July I.-A "Buprestis"-Ancylochira fasciata.

July 3.—Clytus speciosus.

July 8.—"Common 3-striped Potato-beetle"—Lema trilineata. Three specimens.

July 25.—Clytus speciosus. Hypercompa Lecontei.