Not herel not here, in the hot, close room,
Where the tainted air ts licavy and thick! Not here, in the sad and solemn gloom That langs round the bed of the deadly sick! Not here, with the sobs that pierce my heart, With the well loved mourners standing by.
Not here, mid such sights and soumis, I partOb, carry mo out, dear friend, till 'dic.

For out in the light of the pleasent sun
The breezes sing as they flutter by;
And the rivulets, murmuring as they ruy, Join in tho happy melody;
And a thousand birds in the budding spray Chirrup, the whispering leares among, And the light that blesses and gladdens the day Comes down, though ye hear it not mith a song.

Tho birch tree rustles, the alder sings, And far in the chattering woods the oak,
Wak'ning the noisy echoes rings
A bass to the shrill of the roodman's stroke;
And there, when the rillage school is out, From the happy urchins deep in their play
Comes many a merry laugh and shout
To cheer my heart as I pass away.
A littlo while longer, and I shall have done Will all on this beautiful, God-giren earth,
And jet, though my sands be nearly run, My beart answers still to innocent mirth;
And nature's voice is as srreet to me, Waiting here for the call from awore, As when sho talked to mo secretly In youth's brigit hours of joy and lore.

But now some marrellous porser is near That quickens my car, though my eyes grow dim, And I hear, though ye cannot, distinct and clear, The roice of a sweet and glorious hymn.
Was it the violet whispered to me, Or the golden buttercup bending down,
Of tho praise that rings through eternity And the Blest Ones' pesce, and their golden cromn?

Where am I? Lo! all around me swells, As it were, an immortal melody,
Forests and tlowers, streams and bells, Blend in unspeakable harmony.
Oh God! this is Heavenly bliss, not pain, And the angels too! what was it they said?

Carry him back to tho room again, He knows what the angels say now-He is dead.
J. J. P.

Montreal Gazelte.

## THE EARLIT RAIN.

BE 3ISS E. R. CAMpbell.
Tes rain! the rain! the pleasant rain, So charmingly it pattering falls, And courses domn my window-pane,
In soft rain-channels to the ralls.
The thirsts earth drinks eager up, Each cool, baptismal, silecr drop, That falls from Nature's high cloud-cap,
On shrub, and branch, and tall tree-top.
The leares their ting palms expand,
To wash amry the dust of reeks,
And secm to laugh-a fiut'ring band!
As cach its glad tree-thanks bespcales.
Mokelumne rans wild with joy,
And dashes on rith deepened sound,
And echo soft like raaiden cry,
Repeats the anthem tumbling round,
And drooping mosses graceful sring;
Tree nods to tree, as if to say,
In ondertone of whispering,
"We'ro thandful for this raing day:"

I cannot go to mect my friends,
Nor friende can come to meet hero;
But thankful for what Hearen sende,
Accept my lot with happy chcer.
And I am idle,-and havo brought
3Ij books and papers, pictures, all,
And lost in dim, ideal thought,
List to the rain-drops as thoy fall,
With lulling, soothing, murmuring note,
Wafting my spirit far awny;
In visionary realms to float,
In bright, clysian lands to stray.
Each sense is hushed, save sight nnd sound,
I see the drops,-the sky,-the trees,-
I hear the patter, patter round,
And railing of the autumn breeze.
I glance my books and papers o'er,
Then upward to tho leaden sky,
I listen to the rais once more,
And hear its notes go floating by.
Its harmony so richly swells,
With trillings of strange "timenotes" rare,
Like tinkling of sweet silver bells,
And symphonies born of the air.
And I have listened to their fall,
In that strange dreaminess,
When happy thoughts o'ersweep the soul,
And simple being is a sense of bliss.
California Teacher.

## SCIENCE.

## Leaves from Gosse's Romance of Natural inistory.

## (Continued.)

HCltuy e parto.
Other narigators have noticed broad expanses of the ocean tinged with colour, well defined; as the red water seen by M. Lesson of Lima, and that which in the ricinits of California has been called the "Vermillion Sea;" to which Sir ETennent has recently added the sea around Ceylon, which is of a similar hue, and which be has ascertained to be oring to the presence of infusorial animalcules.

Off the coast of Brazil, Kotzebue observed on the surface of the sea, a dark brown streak, about twelve fert wide, and exteuding in length as far as the efe conld reach. It was found to consist of an innumerable multitude of minute crabs, and the seeds [or air-vessels?] of a submarine alga.
In certain parts of the Arctic Ocean the water, instead of being colourless and transparent, is opaque, and of a deep green hue. Scoresby found that this was owing to the presence of excessively numerous microscopic Mredusce. He computes that within the compass of tro square miles, supposing these creatures to extend to the depth of two hundred and fifty fathoms, (which, however, is scarcely probable,) there woald be congregated together a number which eighty thousand persons, counting incessantly from the creation till now, rould not hare enumerated, though they worked at the rate of a million a-week I yet it is calculated that the area occupied by this " green water" in the Greenland Sea is not less than 20,000 square miles. What a union of the small and the great is here! :

It is little suspected by many how largely small seed-cating animals, and especially birds, contribute to the clothing of the carth with its varied vegetable riches. Peculiar provision is made in many cases for the dissemination of seeds, in their own structure, of which the pappus of the dandelion and the adhesive hooks of the burdock are examples; but this is largelf effected also in the stomachs of birds, the seed being often discharged not onls uninjured, but made more ready to germinate by the icat and maceration to which it has been subjected. "From trivial causes spring mighty effects:" and the motto has been illustrated by a close observer from this same subject. "Doubtless many of our most richly mooded landscapes orse mach of their timber to the agency of quadrupeds and birds. Linnets, goldfinches, thrushes, goldcrests, \&c., feed on the seeds of elms, firs, and ashes, and carry them away to hedge-rows, where, fostered and protected by bush and bramble, they spring up and become laxuriant trees. Jlany noble oaks hare been planted by the squirsel, who unconsciously yields no inconsiderable boon to the domain he infest.

