## Our Doung Jfolks.

## GOOD MORNING TO GOD.

"OhI I am so happy!" tho littlo girl said.
As she sprang like a lark frow tho low trundle bed.
"'lis morning, bright morning! Good morning, papal Oh, fire mo oun kies for good morning, mamma ! Only just look at my pretty cauary,
Ohirping his awoet notes, 'Guod morning to Marg !'
The sunshine is peoping straight into my eges-
Good morning to you, Mr. Sun, for you riso So carly to wake up my birdio and me, And make us as happy as Lappy can bo !"
"Happy you may be, my dear littlo girl," And the mother stroked toftly a clustoring curl. "Happy as can be, bat think of tho Uno
Who pirakened this morning both you and the suu." The littlo one turned her bright eyos with e nod-
" Mamma, may I say then 'Good morning' to God!'
"Yes, little darling one, buroly sou may,
As you kneel by your bed orory morning to pray."
Mary tralt solemnly down, with her oges
Looking up earnestly into tho skies;
And two littlo hands that were folded togethor
Softly she laid in the lap of hor mother.
"Good morning, dear Father in heaven," she said,
"I thank Thee for watching my snug little bed; For taking good care of me all the dark night, And waking me up with the beautiful light.
0 keep me from naghtiness all the long das,
Blest Josug, who taught little children to pray."

## TENEO ET TENEOR.

The Murris family was sitting around the large open fire in the dining.room one winter ovening last December. Harry, aged twelve, was busy with his Latin Reader, while the other children were looking at pictures, and Mrs. Morris was sewing.
"Father," said Harry, looking up from his book, "what does 'tenuil' mean? I can't find it in my lexicon."
"I don't wonder, my boy; it is the perfect of 'teneo, I hold. By and by, I shall have a story to tell about that verb when gou shall have finished your studying."

Half an hour later the four children were gathered around Mr: Morris, and ho began :
"A number of years ago I was travelling in Europe in company with some gentlemen friends of mine. I think you all have heard me speak of Mr. Eaton. He was one of the party, and if you were to go into his office to day you would see hanging above his desk the motto, 'Teneo et teneor.' What does that mean, Harry $? "$
"I hold and I am held," was the prompt reply.
"Well among other places which we visited wes the Strasburg Cathedral. Op and up the tower wo went until we reached the platform where travellers usually stop. The view was a grand one, but wo were ambitious and wanted to go even higher. So the guide unlocked a door, and we climbed up, up, until we reached the end of the inside staircase. We were up so high that everything below looked like little toys, and we could hardly realize that the peoplo and horses were not mechanical playthings wound and set in motion for our especial bencfit.
"But Mrr. Eaton was not satisficd; he wanted to go to the top. To do this it was necessary to make the remainder of the aseent on the outside -a very dangerous thing even for one so coolheaded as he. Notwithstanding our warning he stepped out and commenced his hazardous climb.
"Slowly, slowly, farther and farther up ho went, until he finally reached the top, more than four hundred feet above the pavement. Unintentionally, ho looked downward ; a feeling of dizziness came over him, and he began to realize that he could not long keep his balance. Glancing around ho saw only the four iron bars which sapported the cross at the very top. These wero
too far apart; they could not help him. Looking upward so as to keop his oyes from bolow, ho saw nn iron ring hanging from the foundation of the cross. So dizzy that he could hardly see to guide himself, ho put first one hand, then the other, on that ring and held on. Fortunately the ring was so tirmly fixed that it hold, too."
"But, papa, how did he get down?" queried Harry.
"Oh, he waited, with his oyes closed, till tho dizziness passed nway; then he climbed down safely."

Mr. Morris ieaned back in his chair and closed his oyes. Then May climbed up on his lap and said-"But, papa, you didn't tell us the moral; most of all your stories have morals."
"And do you like the morals so very much, kitten, that you want one for overy story?"
"No-0, papa, I'm afraid it isn't that. But its so interesting to see it begin in the story, and follow it out, and it's so nice when the moral I find is the same as the one you have."
"And what one did my May find here?"
"I don't know as I can 'spress myself, but $I$ think you meant that we should hold to the Cross, not the one at Strasburg, but the other."
"Yes, May, that is just what I meant. ". id to the Cross of Christ, and be held by it."

## HOME DOTIES FIRST.

A girl of fourteen, who had lately been converted, asked God to show her what she could do for Him, and what was her special work. After praying for some time, the thought came to her mind that she could take her baby brother, only a fow nionths old, and nurse him for the Lord. So she took charge of the child, and relieved her mother in the work and care of the little one. This was godly and Christ-like. Home duties and tireside responsibilities have the first claim upon every child of God. We need not go abrond for work when God places work within our reach.
"The daily round, the common task," provides ample opportunities for serving God, doing whatsocver our hands find to do.
"Little words, not eloquent speeches; little deeds, not miracles, nor battles, nor one great heroic act or mighty martyrdom, make up the Christian life."

## ONE USE OF BIRTMDAISS.

You know that birthdays are the days that our friends remember, and tell us they do by sending us presents. Now, these presents should always mean this: "I send you this, to tell you how glad I am that you wero born. You have mado me happier becauso you live in this world." I wonder if wo are all trying to make our friends feel this.

There is a bluefyed hitte garl hiving not a thousand miles from Now York who calls her birthdays "worth days." She is so swect and lovable that every day she lives is a "worth day" to those about her. We can all make our days "worth days" to our friends, cach day richer and more happy becuuse we live here, if we try.

Thero aro different ways of celebrating our birthdays, but those that are most to be desired are thanksgiving birthdays. Last winter there was such a pretty birtiday celebration not far from Boston that I know you will enjor hearing about it.

Tho little girl was twelve years old. She had been receiving presents and birthday letters all day. When night came and the family were all at dinnor-a dinner prepared espacially to suit this little girl-she came into the dining.room carrying a tray, on which wero a number of paper parcels, neatly tied. Each parcel had on it a whito card; with the name of somp member of tha
family and contained a gift. These she gave to each one, to remember her birthday by, she said, and had been purchased by saving her own pocket money. That certainly was a pretty way of keep. ing a birthday. Giving, you will find, makes you just as happy as receiving, and sometimes more happy. In a small Sunday-school room in Now York State there is a protty monoy jug standing on the desk. On the Sunday after each teacher's and scholar's birthday they put into the jug a penny for each year they have lived. Johnny, who is five years old, brings tive pennies. Johnny's father, who is thirty-eight years old, briags thirtyoight pennies-ono for each year. This monoy goes to the missionary society of the church.
These pemies must bo thank-offerings. You might try it in your family. Have a money jug on the dining-room mantol, and use the pennies to buy Christuas presents for some one who would not have any Christmas if you did not remember him. Call the jug, "The Birthday Jug."

## JUST AS Y AM /

Some time ago a poor boy came to city mis. sionary. Holding out a dirty and worn-out bit of paper, he said, "Please, sir, father sent me to get a clean paper like that." Opening it out, the missionary found that it was a page leaflet, containing that beautiful hymn beginning, "Just as I am, without one plea." Tho missionary asked where he had got it, and why ho wanted a clean one. "We found it, ir," said he, "in sister's pocket after she died. She used always to be singing it while she was ill, and she loved it so much that father wanted to get a clean one, and to put it in a framo and hang it up. Won't you give us a clean one, sir?" That simple hymn given to a little girl seems to have been, by God's blessing, the means of bringing her to Christ.

## THE GHILD AND THE DRUNKARD.

The Jate John B. Gough, in one of his powerful addresses, told the following most touching story :
" I was once playing with a beautiful boy in the city of Norwich, Comn. I was carrying him to and fro on my back, both of us enjoying ourselves exceedingly; for I loved him and I think ho loved me. During our play I said to him, 'Harry, will you go with me down to the side of that green bank 3' 'Oh: yes,' was his cheerful reply. We went together, and saw a man lying listlessly there, quite drunk, his face upturned to the bright blue sky; the sunbeams that warmed and cheered and illumined us lay upon his porous, greasy face ; the pure morning wind kissed his parched lips and passea away poisoned; the very swine in the field looked more noble than he, for they were fulfilling the purposes of their being. As I looked upon the poor degraded wretch, and then upon that child, with his bright brow, his beautiful bluo eges, his rosy checks, his pearly teeth and ruby lips, the poriect picture of life, peace and innocence; as I looked upon the man and then upon the child, and felt his little hand convulsively twitching in mine, and saw his little lips grow white, and his eyes dim, gazing upon the poor victim of that terrible curso of our land-stron: drink-then dad I pray to God to give me an everlasting incrasing capacity to hate with a burning latred any instrumentality that would make such a thang of a being, once as fair as that child."

Harpy is the man that findeth wisdom.
Make God thy last thought at night when thou slecpest, and thy first when thou wakest; so shall thy fancy be sanctified in the night, and thy understanding be rectified in the day; so shall thy rest bo peaccful, and thy labours prosperous.

