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WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 28, 1887.

Don't be a Provincialist.

The World articles advising the Young Canadian not to be a Provincialist continue to attract hostile attention from the Reform press. We have The Owen Sound Advertiser, The York Tribune (Dr. Gilmour, M.P.P., editor), and The Globe of yesterday all to hand with articles on the question.

The Globe article begins: "Some Tory journals sagely advise the Young Canadian 'Don't be a Provincialist'"; The Owen Sound Advertiser says: "The World, it may be added, is one of those Tory newspapers"; The York Tribune characterises The World as narrow of mind and vision.

There is very little argument in any of these articles.

For the benefit of their writers we again point out why the young man should not be a Provincialist:

(1) It is the only way to build up the country. To become a Provincialist, to waste all one's time and energy over parish politics, will never make this a great and united Dominion. Provincialism will not build transcontinental railways, develop our inland navigation, establish interprovincial trade, give us a supreme court for the whole country, protect our fisheries, give us ports on the two great oceans, etc., etc.

(2) The Reform party, as we have pointed out before, is a failure to-day because all its good men and its best papers went in for provincial politics. They spent too much of their time on inferior questions. They sided with every provincial issue that arose in any of the provinces. They never took a federal view of things. Not being Federalists the Reformers, with the short administration of Mr. Mackenzie excepted, have been out of power.

(3) This same issue, namely, Provincialist v. Federalist, and many others that arise in Canada, have been settled in the United States in a way that we can follow here. The States Rights party (our Provincialists) were beaten out of their boots in a struggle that lasted 50 years in the States. Our neighbors were more out up by provincial and state jealousies than are we; in 40 years they were welded—by the development of the federal idea—into a union that had a meaning, a power, and a future. So it is going in Canada. The federal power is growing, and the country is being unified.

(4) All the sore heads in Canada are Provincialists; the secessionists in the east, the Rielites in Quebec, and the discontented in the Northwest. The annexationists in Ontario when they are not annexationists are Provincialists. Poor Mr. Bunting and The Mail have become Provincialists.

(5) Any young man who wishes to see his country great, who wishes to serve her, wishes to serve her as a Dominion, not as an isolated province.

Young man, the lessons of history, the teachings of the times and the needs of the country are that you don't be a Provincialist.

In answer to the taunt of our contemporaries we can say, and this: that Sir John Macdonald may be a Tory but we know that he has been a successful politician because he has been a Federalist and not a Provincialist. Why do not these papers call all those American statesmen, from Alexander Hamilton down to Grant, Tories—they were all great Federalists.

Young man, don't be a Provincialist.

Blakely Hall's latest correspondence to The New York Sun embraces an interview with "a prominent man" of Toronto whose name is not given. Whoever he may be he crossly misrepresented the public feeling in this city when he said: "Friendly relations with the United States have got to be maintained, and the Canadian Government won't last long if they try to breed trouble with their wretched technicalities." The Canadian people are satisfied with the course of the Government during the fisheries trouble and do not regard the matters in dispute as "wretched technicalities."

Reform or no Reform in Germany.

The cable is giving us these days a good deal that is rather confusing with regard to extracts from the late German Emperor's diary which have been published. It is quite beyond the reach of ordinary people to understand more than a fractional part of the accusations, defences, objections, explanations, and so on, now being advanced. For the actors in the events related of were never more than few in number, and confined to certain select, inner circles only; and really very few witnesses who can testify of their own knowledge are to be found at all. Let us imagine, for instance, some scene of a few years ago, at which were present the Emperor William, his father, his grandfather and Bismarck. Or that, instead of all the four, only a certain three of them, or a certain two of them only, were present, whence shall proof come *now* as to what was really said and done on the important occasion? It is past looking for; and it is in the nature of things impossible that such proof should ever turn up—to the general public. A great mass of secret history must remain locked up in the breasts of a few individuals; and, even if we had access to such written records as there are, we might fail to understand them, for want of that inner knowledge which was all along confined to the parties directly concerned in the events related. The number of persons who could intelligently read the late Emperor's diary right through, even if they had the same plainly before them, must be very few to-day; and there will be fewer such with every year that passes.

But one important truth there is in connection with the section of German history embraced, concerning which we need be in no doubt at all, and that simply because it is confirmed by all the circumstances. The late Emperor Frederick favored the introduction into Germany of constitutional government after the English model, and he is known to have been the only one of the four important personages named who did so. The old Emperor himself was always determinedly opposed to the *reality* of parliamentary government, though he tolerated more or less a certain semblance of it. Government by the sovereign, with the army to enforce it, was always what he believed in. His grandson believes in the same thing, only more so, if possible; and Bismarck is the chief adviser of the latter to-day, as he was of the former for so many years before. No, not the adviser in the same way exactly; for there is reason to suspect the present Emperor of the design of superseding even Bismarck by degrees, and being more and more his own adviser. But both are at one as to the necessity of keeping Germany under military rule. The central fact of recent time may be stated somewhat as follows:

There came to the throne a sovereign whose deliberate design it was to change the government of the country, and to give Germany, by easy stages and through peaceful means, the reality of parliamentary government, after the English model. But this sovereign lived so much not a short time, and while he lived was incommoded by feeble health. Had he lived, in health and strength, he would in time have given Germany her Reform Bill, drawn up as offer as might be safe to that of England in the time of Earl Grey. But God did not so will it; this thing was not so to be, at all events not in our time. He is called from the scene, and his successor makes the reign of militarism more rigid and remorseless than before. And so Germany, instead of being blessed with mild and gentle constitutional reform, seems destined to pass through the fire of red revolution at some future day. And the longer the revolution is held down by force of arms, the fiercer it will be when it gains the mastery at last.

Regarding the important happenings and conversations referred to in the late Emperor's diary, much better informed persons than any of us on this side of the Atlantic may easily be led into endless inaccuracies of detail. But regarding one great central fact there need be no mistake. That the late Emperor Frederick had firmly resolved that had he lived in health and strength, he would have given Germany constitutional government. Also that his son is and always has been resolved exactly the other way, Bismarck being with him as to this. In connection with the diary there are and must be many things in dispute; but let us be assured that this is the central fact of all, concerning which there need be no dispute whatever. "Was reform to be, or was it not to be, in Germany?" *That* was the main question which occupied the late Emperor's mind while he was filling up his diary. And it has been answered against freedom, with a vengeance.

Wheat on the Boom.

A great change has taken place in the price of wheat during the past few days. It has advanced at every important wheat point on this continent from 2 cents to 12 cents a bushel since Monday morning, and Old Country markets have suddenly become firm.

The immediate cause of this general advance is a decrease in the American visible supply, the statement of which was published yesterday. But this circumstance acted only as a spur to the firm feeling which has been gathering for the past month. It has been well known that the wheat situation is much stronger than at any time last year. At Vienna a short time ago it was estimated that the world's crop would be largely deficient, and now Beerbohm confirms the prediction by another estimate to the effect that the crop will be 164,800,000 bushels less than that of last year. He places the crop of 1887 at 2,059,200,000 bushels and estimates that of 1888 at 1,894,400,000 bushels.

In Toronto prices have been steadily advancing for the past week. Yesterday fall wheat was sold for $1.05 and $1.06, and $1.03 was bid for No. 2 spring wheat.

In Manitoba $1 a bushel is being paid for extra Manitoba hard wheat and 95 cents for No. 1 hard with a proportion of frosted wheat in it. This is 40 cents a bushel higher than what was paid last year. The great difference in price will be fully appreciated by farmers who have wheat to sell. Even the wheat frosted to a considerable extent will bring more than the No. 1 of last year.

The effects of good prices for wheat are well known to the commercial community.

Quick marketing, ready payments, and a disposition and ability to buy freely are speedily felt in every branch of trade.

In his speech advocating the annexation of Canada Senator Sherman, with his estimate of this Dominion's greatness, puts our own petty pessimists to shame. He said:

"Canada is now stronger, more populous and wealthier than the United States was when the Constitution was formed. In one hundred years our country has been increased fifteen fold in population, five fold in extent and twenty fold in wealth, productions and resources. We may anticipate for Canada the same proportionate growth in population and wealth, but neither can grow in extent, for the continent is shared between us."

Read it again and then tell us why we should not be proud of our country, and knowing that what the Senator stated is true, why shall we not look forward to a Canada that shall be the greatest as it is the largest nation on this continent!

Many very respectable and worthy good Ontario people are greatly exercised about the liquor permits that Lieut.-Gov. Royal has been granting in the Northwest. These good people have strong sympathies for Prohibition and have gone so far as to pass resolutions calling on the government to inforce a prohibitory liquor law in the territories. These busy people forget seemingly that the people in the Northwest may have their own ideas on the liquor question and may ask to be allowed to settle the matter for themselves. Why do not the worthy resolusters call on the Dominion Government to enforce a prohibitory law in Quebec, New Brunswick or any other of the provinces?

The abstracts from the late Emperor Frederick's diary, if genuine, show us more clearly the loss Europe and the cause of worldwide civilization suffered by his death before he had an opportunity to carry out such advances in the autonomy of the German Empire as the making of the Imperial Ministers responsible to Parliament. This is the key to the greatest civil liberty—to a system of responsible government that the Germans do not enjoy. And the expressions of friendly feeling toward Great Britain would have been fruitful of much mutual advantage to the two great powers. His people mourned his death as that of a great and good man and ruler, but if the diary extracts are not "doctored" they had only a faint conception of his greatness.

Senator Sherman tells us that the nationality of Canada rests "wholly upon the accident that a European power one hundred years ago was able to hold that territory against us." Might The World tell Senator Sherman that the United States nationality rests wholly upon the accident that a hundred years or more ago a European power was unable to hold that territory *with* us? Accident may outline nations, but it does not make them. Canada is no more than the United States a nation by accident.

Senator's Sherman's strong opposition to the Fisheries Treaty is explained. He is after annexation, not freer trade relations.

Is the season not getting rather advanced for the continuation of the discussion on the sweating system?

A Pointer for the Police.

It is time that the attention of the police authorities was directed to the dangerous practice of loading lorries and other heavy dray wagons with boxes which project over the wheels. Five weeks ago Mr. Wickens, accountant, of this city, was riding in a street car on the outside seat. Along came a lorry of one of the transport companies, and the first thing Mr. Wickens knew was that his arm was struck by a projecting case and broken above the elbow. He is only now recovering from the pain and inconvenience caused by the accident. He has not been able to find out to which of the transport companies the lorry belonged. Any number of buggies and other light vehicles are injured by these projections, which are generally of a very heavy character, and cut their way right through anything they come in contact with. The only thing to do is for the police to summon every teamster driving such a load, as it is clearly a contravention of the city by-laws and the rules of the road.

AROUND TRACK AND BASES

THE SUCCESSFUL JOCKEYS OF THE AMERICAN PLAN.

Racing at Gravesend—Trotting at Orillia and Montreal—Buffalo Beaten by London—Games in the Big Leagues—Football and Turf Gossip.

"That little fellow is worth his weight in gold!"

This was the exclamation of a spectator at the recent Sheepshead Bay running meeting at the moment when the diminutive colored jockey, Shelby Barnes, piloted Gallifet under the wire first in the race for the Sheepshead Stakes.

Little Barnes, who rode many winners and second horses in 1887, but was not awarded a position among the leading jockeys of the year in The Guide, this season heads the list in number of wins and in the amount of money won. He won the richest stake ever contested for in America, the great Futurity at Sheepshead Bay, and the rich Junior Champion at Monmouth. His record to September 15 is:

Number of starts 459; times first, 137; times second, 70; times third, 75.

His gross winnings in first money amount to $158,490; in second and third moneys, $9,878, making a grand total of $168,368 earned by one little boy in less than nine months for his employers.

Is it therefore any wonder that owners are willing to pay from $10,000 to $15,000 a year for the services of a good jockey?

Only one jockey can lay claim to have equalled Barnes' record, and that one, James McLaughlin, the late jockey of the Dwyer Brothers, has exceeded it. This season he has done well but has fallen behind the total earned by him last year, when, with Hanover and Kingfish alone, he won upward of $120,000, not to mention what he won with Kingston, Fordham, Joe Cotton and horses outside of the Dwyer Brothers' Stable. In 1886 he did even better than this, the stable winning $208,000, the major portion of which was contributed by McLaughlin's efforts on Tremont, Inspector B., Dew Drop, Miss Woodford and Hanover. Besides these he rode many winners for other employers, having altogether the most successful season in 1886 in the history of the American turf. This year he had won 59 races up to September 15, while last year he was credited with 119 and in 1886 with 142.

It is not probable that "Jimmie" will ever do as well again, for with increasing age comes increasing weight, and it is only a question of a short time when such stars of the riding fraternity as McLaughlin, Murphy, Garrison and Fitzpatrick will be forced to retire. Men of the type of Hayward and Donohue may go on riding forever, for they, unlike most of the others, do not take on flesh in the idle season to any extent, being of spare build; but to ride at the scale of weights in vogue at present entails too much reducing on the part of the quartet mentioned above, and unless the various clubs do something this winter in the way of raising the standard their occupation will be partially, at least, if not wholly gone. As capable men are rare, it is to be hoped there will be an increase in time for next season. The jockeys desire it, many owners do the same, several of the racing officials have pronounced in favor of heavier weights, and the sporting press is unanimous in advocating them. The time, therefore, seems ripe for a change, and it will probably be effected before the racing season of 1889 begins.

Racing in England.

The racing in England for the current week includes the First October Meeting at Newmarket. It began yesterday and continues four days. The principal handicaps are the Great Eastern Railway Handicap, over the Bretby Stakes Course (last three-quarters of the Rowley Mile), to be run to-day, and the Newmarket October Handicap, "across the flat," a mile and a quarter, to-morrow. A number of two and three-year-old events will be run during the meeting, including the Buckenham, Boscowen, Hopeful and Rous Memorial for two-year-olds, and the Great Foal Stakes and Grand Duke Michael Stakes for three-year-olds.

The Cesarewitch and Cambridgeshire handicaps, the former to be run at the Second October Meeting, and the latter at the Houghton Meeting, obtained excellent acceptances. For the Cesarewitch, 31 declared out of 84 entries, including the top weights, Minting and Orbit at the top of the list with 115 lb., which, under the rules was raised to 124 lbs., and the others in proportion. The Cambridgeshire did better, only 39 being declared out of 106. The top weight is Mr. Vyner's Minting at 147 lbs., and it is understood in England that Mr. Vyner has said that if his horse continues well and trains on without accident he will certainly start. It must be remembered that the Cambridgeshire course is now the last mile and 240 yards of "across the flat," an easy course compared with the old course, which was up hill nearly all the way. Notwithstanding the weight on Minting he was at once installed favorite, and 10 to one against was accepted to a large amount. Those who remember that Minting won the Kempton Park Jubilee Handicap in May, carrying 140 lb. over the Kempton Mile and winning by three lengths in 1.41 4-5, will be apt to think that he will win the Cambridgeshire just as easily.

Orillia's Second Day.

ORILLIA, Sept. 25.—The second day of the races here was quite as succes sful as the previous day, the trotting being keen and the attendance better. The track was in good condition and the meeting throughout probably the best yet held here. The summaries:

2-minute class—Purse $100.

J. Thomas' Charlie T.	1	1	1	
W. Middleton's Annie Bessant	3	2	2	
E. Harper's John Doddridge	2	3	3	
J. F. Yeoman's John L.	6	4	4	
S. Armstrong's Bobby	4	6	6	dr
J. Sheppard's Mable Vaun	5	5	5	dr

Time—2.45, 2.50, 2.51.

Named race—Purse $100.

Wm. Briggs' Patriot Boy	5	1	1	1
J. Gilmore's Black Middleton	1	2	2	2
D. McRae's Flower of the North	2	3	3	3
A. Campbell's Brant	3	4	4	5
Crockett's Brown Charlie	4	5	5	dr

Time—2.48¼, 2.46, 2.51½, 2.46.

2.32 class—Purse $125.

J. O. Pearson's F O P	1	1	1	
L. Jones' Dan O'Connell	4	2	2	
J. E. Smith's Maud S.	2	3	3	
Peel's Jimmy Puzzler	3	4	4	dr

Time—2.34¼, 2.33¼, 2.33¼.

Trotting at Lepine Park.

MONTREAL, Sept. 25.—There was a fair attendance at Lepine Park to witness the trotting, which resulted as follows:

Free-for-all purse, $500, divided.

J. H. Miller's (Ottawa) Hattie Hawthorne	3	8	1	4	1	1
F. A. Cameron's (Sherbrooke) Factotum Boy	1	2	3	1	2	2
J. N. Dugay's (Laboie) Cesar	2	1	2	3	3	3
L. Pigeon's (Lacolle) Little Walter	4	4	4	2	4	dst

Time—2.29, 2.29, 2.30, 2.28¼, 2.30, 2.28¼.

Racing at Gravesend.

NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—The following are results of the Brooklyn Jockey Club races to-day:

First race—Sweepstakes, 1 mile. Kingston won; Yum Yum 2, Little Minch 3. Time, 1.41¾.

Second race—Handicap sweepstakes, 1½ miles. Bronsomarte won; Bella B 2, Rupert 3. Time, 1.55¼.

Third Race—Willow Stake, for 2 year-olds, 6 furlongs. Senorita won; She 2, Annie M 3. Time, 1.16¾.

Fourth race—Fulton Stakes, for 3-year-olds, 1½ miles. Santaline won; Badge 2, Larchmont 3. Time 2.10¾.

Fifth race—Sweepstakes, 1 mile. Swift won; Niagara 2, Sam Harper jr. 3. Time 1.41¾.

Sixth race—Selling Heavy Weight, handicap, 1 mile. Drake 1; Jennie MacFarland 2, Una B 3. Time, 1.43¾.

Gossip of the Turf.

Harry Cooper was given slow work yesterday and appears to have recovered from his lameness.

Violin valued at $5000, owned by Chas. Dickerman, of New York, and Misty Way, valued at $4000, owned by Cyrus Motter, of Marion, Ind., were burned to death in the burning of Shockner's stable at the Louisville fair grounds yesterday.

The autumn race meeting of the Rose Tree Hunt of Philadelphia will take place at Elwyn, Delaware County, Pa., on Saturday.

On Tuesday next the American Jockey Club will begin its autumn meeting at Jerome Park. The program announces eleven days of racing, the only break being Sunday, Oct. 7.

The Brooklyn Jockey Club will continue its meeting to-day, to-morrow, Friday and Saturday. The attractions include the Flower Stakes for two-year-olds and the Prospect Stakes for three-year-olds and upwards to-day, the Maple Stakes for two-year-olds and the Jerome Stakes for three-year-olds and upwards to-morrow, the Lorillard Stakes and the Jerome Handicap Friday, with Holly Handicap and Second Special for three-year-olds and upward Saturday.

It is said that Drake Carter has done 1-mile in his work in 1½ seconds. If this is the case more's the pity; and it does little credit to the skill with which the gallant old struggler is being preserved. It is only two days ago that he came into Toronto, having been trotted 34 miles down from pasture at Roach's Point on Lake Simcoe. He looked a terrible wreck and very tired. Slow work and building up are what he required. He can outgallop most horses in his courage, if he lives with them long enough to get into the stretch; but if he is to be tried and sweated and muddled to death, the spectators at the O. J. C.'s Woodbine meeting on Saturday, Oct. 6th, will lose a treat, for Drake Carter will not see the post.

London Easily Defeats Buffalo.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—The superior fielding of the home team to-day won them the game from the Bisons. Both pitchers were hit freely, but Cain received the best support. Donovan's fielding was a' feature of the game. The score:

										R.	H.	E.
London	0	2	0	0	1	5	1	0	x—	9	11	2
Buffalo	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0—	4	11	2

Batteries—Cain and Murray; Barston and Welsh. Umpire—Curry.

National League Games.

At Boston:		R.	H.	E.
Boston	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—	0	9	11
Philadelphia	2 0 0 0 1 2 0 0 x—	10	9	3

Batteries—Sowders and Somers; Sanders and Clements. Umpire—Kelly.

At Washington:		R.	H.	E.
Washington	0—	0	0	0
New York	0—	0	0	0

Batteries—O'Day and Mack; Welch and Ewing. Umpire—Valentine.

Called on account of rain.

At Chicago:		R.	H.	E.
Chicago	2 0 1 2 0 1 0 0 0—	6	8	7
Indianapolis	0 0 0 1 1 1 0 2 x—	5	11	2

Batteries—Gumbert and Darling; Burdick and Buckley. Umpire—Lynch.

MORNING GAME.

At Pittsburg:		R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—	0	3	2
Detroit	2 0 0 1 1 2 0 3 x—	9	12	1

Batteries—Staley and Miller; Gruber and Bennett. Umpire—Powers.

AFTERNOON GAME.

At Pittsburg:		R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	0 0 0 1 1 0 2 0 3—	6	6	2
Detroit	0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0—	2	8	1

Batteries—Morris and Carroll; Getzein and Gessel. Umpire—Powers.

American Association Games.

At Kansas City:		R.	H.	E.
Kansas City	0 0 1 0 0 0 0 2 1—	4	10	2
Brooklyn	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 4 2—	7	11	7

Batteries—Sullivan and Brennan; Mays and Bushong. Umpire—McQuade.

At St. Louis:		R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—	3	8	1
Athletics	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—	1	6	1

Batteries—Chamberlain and Milligan; Seward and Robinson. Umpire—Goldsmith.

At Cincinnati:		R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—	1	4	0
Cleveland	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—	1	4	0

Batteries—Mullane and Keenan; O'Brien and McGuire. Umpire—Gaffney.

At Louisville:		R.	H.	E.
Louisville	3 0 0 1 0 1 0 0—5	9	13	
Baltimore	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1	9	1	5

Batteries—Ramsey and Kearns; Cunningham and Cantz. Umpire—Ferguson.

Called on account of darkness.

Standing of the Clubs.

INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION.

	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.		Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Syracuse	81	31	.723	London	53	53	.500
Toronto	73	41	.640	Buffalo	45	71	.388
Rochester	64	48	.571	Troy	38	80	.322
Hamilton	55	44	.556	Albany	18	87	.171

NATIONAL LEAGUE.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.	AM. ASSOCIATION.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
New York	74	43		St. Louis	22	27	
Chicago	73	43		Athletic	21	27	
Detroit	64	52		Brooklyn	75	46	
Boston	63	52		Cincinnati	71	49	
Philadelphia	60	56		Baltimore	51	71	
Pittsburg	58	61		Cleveland	47	68	
Washington	44	72		Louisville	44	75	
Indianapolis	45	77		Kansas City	40	77	

Games To-day.

International Association: No games scheduled.

National League: Philadelphia at Boston, Indianapolis at Chicago, Detroit at Pittsburg, New York at Washington.

American Association: Athletics at St. Louis, Cleveland at Cincinnati, Brooklyn at Kansas City, Baltimore at Louisville.

Dust from the Diamond.

The Torontos will have their photographs taken in a group on the ball grounds this afternoon.

The Torontos will leave for London to-morrow morning, where they play to-morrow and Friday.

Newark again leads in the Central League. It now looks as though Newark will win the pennant after all.

All the other teams can bat Weidman, yet he seems to be effective against the Hams.—Hamilton Spectator.

Rasty Wright leads the Stars in batting with an average of .349. Beard is second with an average of .348.

Constant Reader: Pitcher Atkisson was born at Clinton, Ill. His father and mother are Americans.

At the Alliston tournament yesterday Lem Felcher's Hustlers of Toronto won the first prize, winning both games.

Catchers Decker and Visner will play another billiard match here on Saturday night.

F. C.—B is out if touched with the ball before he returns to second base. B has no right to pass A.

Sporting Life:—Dan. Casey gave the Irish cricketers an illustration of curve pitching on Friday. The Hibernians could not touch his delivery and were amazed.

Tip O'Neill, the hard hitting left fielder of the Browns, was suspended on Saturday by President Von Der Ahe. While at the plate in the last Baltimore game he was hit in the stomach by a foul bound and injured. He refused Von Der Ahe's request on Saturday to see a physician and was suspended.

The Brants Beaten at Ottawa.

OTTAWA, Sept. 25.—The Brants of Paris, the champion team of the Canadian Lacrosse Association, who came to measure strength with the giants of the east, and who met with such a sad downfall at the hands of the Shamrocks in Montreal on Saturday, were defeated again this morning on the Metropolitan grounds in a match with Ottawa. The first game was won by Ottawa in 15 minutes; second, Paris, 9 minutes; third, Ottawa, 18 minutes; fourth and last, Ottawa, 20 minutes. The Brants go west to-night. Their confidence in their ability to beat anything in their own association remains unshaken.

The Irishmen's Big Score.

NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—The attendance at the International cricket match to-day was not so large as that of yesterday, the weather being rather unpleasant. The Irish Gentlemen resumed their first innings at the bat, three wickets having fallen yesterday for 26 runs. They rapidly ran up the score, batting all of the opposing bowlers with ease. Their inning closed for a total of 328. The highest individual scores were J. T. Dunn, 126, J. M. Meldon 69 and D. T. Gillman 48. The second inning of the New Yorkers was commenced, but stumps were drawn for the day after two wickets were down for 29 runs. Wilson of the New York eleven strained his back while running and it is thought to be badly injured.

Out With the Hounds.

A goodly number of the knights of the pigskin assembled at Col. Baldwin's, at the head of Avenue-road, yesterday afternoon to participate in a run with the Toronto Hounds. It was a thoroughly hunting day, the scent laying well. The pack was taken over to Mr. Gorman's farm, where they were cast off. After going several fields the Master met with a mishap, his stirrup strap becoming detached from the saddle, which brought him down. Fortunately he was unhurt and was soon up with the field again. The first check was made at Forest Hill Corners, from whence the hounds were taken over to Mr. Davison's farm. They ran south for several miles to a ravine just north of Mr. Webb's farm on the Deer Park-road, where the chase ended. The feature of the run was the last fence which brought the riders into the ravine. It was a very awkward obstacle which took a very clever fencer to negotiate. The Huntsman led over, followed by Miss Gardner on Eminie, Mr. J. Doane on Sir James, Mr. T. D. Phelan on Bellwood and Mr. Horace Wilkes on Sunrise, the latter being the only one mounted in colors.

Sports of Speed.

The steeplechase, which, with the Irish athletes, was being run off on Pine Island on Lake Champlain yesterday, was won by Pat Ryan, a Canadian athlete.

The six-day go-as-you-please race at Sheffield, concluded on Saturday night, George Cartwright, running hours a day for six days, made 195 1-12 miles, breaking all previous records, the best for the same time being 184 7-10 miles.

A exciting match was arranged on Saturday between Harry M. Johnson, the present world's champion, and W. S. Bryan former manager of the Sioux City Ball Club, who recently defeated Harry Bethune in that city. They are to run three mens of 100 yards each and one of 300 yards, in St. Louis, on Oct. 16 and 17 for $500 and the gate receipts.

A New York despatch says: Detective Donovan came on from Buffalo yesterday morning with the necessary papers to secure the surrender of George Leblanche, the Marine, who was arrested for seconding a prize fight of women near Buffalo. Donovan will take his prisoner back this evening.

A large and valuable consignment of new furniture will be sold to-day at 2 o'clock by Messrs. Suckling, Cassidy & Co. at their warerooms, 29 Front-street west. Housekeepers and parties in want of furniture should attend, as every lot will be sold entirely without reserve.

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

The Board of Directors of the Toronto Street Car Co. held a meeting last night.

Esplanade-Constable Williams has had an office fitted up for him in the Morgue.

A fire at the Don paper mills on Monday night did damage to the extent of $400.

Fifty Italians who had been employed on the C. P. R. were paid off at West Toronto Junction on Monday.

In the absence of Judge Morgan on a civic arbitration, Lawyer Haverson presided in the Eastern Division Court yesterday.

The Willard branch of the W. C. T. U. has appointed Mrs. Crowther delegate to the Provincial Convention, and Mrs. Troutman to the County Convention.

Thomas Smith and James Hutchison were committed by Justice Wingfield yesterday on suspicion of having burglarized the residence of Joseph Johnston, Balmy Beach.

The Toronto Board of Grain Examiners will meet to-day to elect delegates to the convention to fix the Dominion standards of grain which assembles in Toronto next week.

The Public School Board are contemplating dispensing of the Palace and Duke-street school. New schools on Sackville and Duke-streets and at the Island will be opened next week.

The first East Toronto Methodist District meeting was held yesterday in Sherbourne-street church. Rev. Dr. Stafford, President of the Conference and Chairman of the District, occupied the chair.

A benefit concert was given by the employes of the Ontario Bolt Company in Duck's Pavilion, in aid of the widow and children of the late George Baker, who was accidentally killed at the factory about three weeks ago. $85 was realized.

The Central W. C. T. U. have appointed the following ladies representatives to the York County Convention at Richmond Hill, Oct. 2 and 3: Mesdames McDonell, Cowan, Jarman, Spence, Bastedo, Rutherford, Verner, Emory and Miss MacGregor.

There was no response when "James Baxter," the Montreal broker, was called in Police Court yesterday. It was expected he would have been examined re the Central Bank charges against E. S. Cox. Mr. Foster, Q. C., solicitor for the liquidators, was present.

On Tuesday next Dr. T. D. Crothers, editor of The Journal of Inebriety, will lecture in Association Hall on "Inebriety and Insanity: Their Work." The lecturer is recognized both in England and the United States as the most able writer and speaker on this important subject.

The Y. P. C. W. A., New Richmond Methodist Church, have elected George J. Blackwell president, Miss Tasker and Thomas Gardner vice-presidents, J. B. Crocker secretary, Miss McComb assistant secretary, Miss Powell treasurer, Rev. J. E. Lanceley and Andrew McCormack honorary presidents.

At the annual meeting at the Metropolitan Church, the Women's Missionary Society elected the following officers: President, Mrs. W. S. Finch; Vice-Presidents, Mrs. Dr. Atkins, Mrs. Leroy Hooker, Mrs. W. H. Orr; Recording Secretary, Miss M. Wilkes; Corresponding Secretary, Miss Carty; Treasurer, Mrs. Wm. Beatty.

The Police Commissioners held a meeting yesterday, at which the resignation of Policeman Henry was accepted, and the names of Policemen Quinn and Hamilton placed on the "merit book" for meritorious conduct in connection with the arrests on the Don Flats. The detectives were complimented for their activity during the Exhibition.

Chief Justice Galt yesterday heard the case of Campbell v. Toronto in the Civil Assize Court. It was an action to recover $2,000 for a broken wrist sustained by the plaintiff, who is a lady, by a fall on an icy sidewalk. A verdict was given for $200. The peremptory list for to-day is: Scarlett v. College of Pharmacy, Meyer v. Tully, Piper v. Piper.

The school-room of the Western Congregational Church, Spadina-avenue, was well filled last night to hear the well-known service of song, "Jesus's First Prayer." The music was by the College-street Baptist Band of Hope, comprising 100 voices, conducted by Mr. J. Spencer Harris. Mr. T. P. Hayes gave the connective readings. Rev. A. J. McGregor, pastor, presided. The proceeds will be devoted to the new building fund.

On the arrival of the Dominion Line R. M. S. Vancouver at Montreal an address was presented Capt. Lindall, signed by the following Bishops and all the passengers: J. W. Quebec; John Fredericton (Metropolitan of Canada); Arthur Toronto; H. Sully, Coadjutor of Fredericton; Charles Niagara; Archdeacon Dixon; Chas. S. Medley (Canon); D. Pettersen, R. A. The address acknowledged the uniform courtesy and attention of the captain to the comfort of the passengers during the Canadian Atlantic trip, and also complimented the other officers of the good ship.

Some persons have periodical attacks of Canadian cholera, dysentery or Diarrhœa, and have to use great precautions to avoid the disease. Change of water, cooking, and green fruit, is sure to bring on the attacks. To such persons we would recommend Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial as being the best medicine in the market for all summer complaints. If a few drops are taken in water when the symptoms are noticed no further trouble will be experienced.

West Toronto Junction News.

The Junctionites will have gas by Oct. 1.

The Campbell and James blocks are approaching completion and will be ready for occupation in a few days.

Messrs. Heintzman & Co's piano factory will soon be completed. It is the intention of Mr. Heintzman to bring all his workmen here in order to aid in building up this very important suburb.

The pulley works are well under way and will be a great acquisition to this prospering town.

Active steps are being taken in connection with water works.

Boys' corduroy suits in great variety at the Army & Navy stores. Don't be afraid to take a look through the Army & Navy—no worrying people to buy there—everybody is free to go in and out. Look to-day and buy to-morrow is all right at the Army & Navy, King-street east, opposite St. James', and corner Yonge and Temperance-streets.

SHERMAN'S RESOLUTION.

After Discussion Referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Mr. Sherman's resolution for an inquiry into the state of the relations between the United States and Great Britain and Canada was taken up in the Senate to-day and discussed at length by Mr. Morgan (Dem., Ala.) and Mr. Dolph (Rep., Ore.) At the close of Mr. Dolph's remarks the resolution was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations. Mr. Sherman stated that it would be considered in committee to-morrow.

At the Hotels.

I. Abrams, Nanaimo, British Columbia; I. C. Malone, Three Rivers, Quebec; J. J. Ross, Sarnia; John Northwood, Chatham; L. J. Breithaupt, Berlin; Jas. H. Smith, Montreal, are at the Rossin.

Byron R. Simpson, Ralph Heap, England; William Parker and Miss Parker, St. John's, N.B.; H. Sutherland and Samuel Gunn, Glasgow; Mrs. Ross and Miss Smith, Winnipeg; J. S. D. Thompson, Ottawa, are at the Queen's.

T. P. Livingstone, Winnipeg; Rev. D. John Gray, Windsor; Rev. D. D. McLeod, Barrie; W. J. McKinnon, Brampton; W. C. Dobie, Port Arthur; J. Ferguson, Chatham; Wm. S. Berry, Chicago; M. A. Brenner, Glasgow, Scotland; C. D. Fisher, Brockville; Chas. Davidson, Guelph; Henry Penny, Dunnville; Arch. McNeil, Winnipeg, are at the Walker House.

Charles S. Finch, Hamilton; C. H. Clarke, New York; E. G. Strickland, Westminster, B.C.; W. Fisher, Homer, N. Y.; H. Hunter, Brantford; W. R. Langudge, Hamilton; R. H. Henry and wife, Winnipeg, are at the Palmer House.

JEALOUSY IN THE RAIL.

Narrow Escape of a Lover Wheel's Rivals, It Seems, Would Stop.

ADDISON, Mo., Sept. 26.—The crazy action of a jealous lover and the trials and tribulations of a pretty Augusta maiden were made public in the Municipal Court here yesterday. Miss Nellie L. Clark is a blonde, 22 years of age, with a handsome face, bright eyes and a comely form. Her home is in a rural district four miles above the city. For over a year she kept company with a neighbor's son named Alger Dudley, and became de