Easy to Take
Easy to Operate

Are features peculiar to Hood's Pills. Small in size, tasteless, efficient, thorough. As one man said: "You never know you have taken a pill till it is all over." 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Proprietors, Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills

The only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla

Commercial.

Break in Prices in the Chicago Wheat Market.

Local Market.

Reported by A. M. Hamilton & Son.
London, Thursday, Feb. 11.

Wheat, per bu	75c to 75c
Oats, per bu	16c to 20 1-2c
Peas, per bu	36c to 42c
Corn, per bu	25c to 31c
Buckwheat, per bu	24c to 26 1-2c
Rye, per bu	22c to 28c
Barley, per bu	20c to 29c
Beans, per bu	25c to 40c

There was quite a busy session today. The demand for all kinds of grain and provisions was good, and the supply of oats and hay particularly heavy.

Meats were plentiful, and prices made little or no change in any line. The following list gives today's average values.

GRAIN.			
Wheat, white, per 100 lbs	1 25	to	1 25
Wheat, red, per 100 lbs	1 25	to	1 25
Wheat, spring, per 100 lbs	1 25	to	1 25
Oats, per 100 lbs	45	to	60
Peas, per 100 lbs	60	to	74
Corn, per 100 lbs	45	to	55
Barley, per 100 lbs	42	to	60
Rye, per 100 lbs	40	to	45
Beans, bu	25	to	40
Buckwheat, per 100 lbs	40	to	50
PROVISIONS.			
Honey	8	to	12
Cheese, per lb	10	to	12
Eggs, single dozen	15	to	16
Eggs, fresh, basket, per doz	13	to	14
Eggs, fresh, stored, per doz	12	to	12
Butter, single rolls, per lb	15	to	16
Butter, per lb, 1 lb rolls, baskets	12	to	14
Butter, per lb, large rolls or crocks	10	to	12
Butter, per lb, tubs or firkins	9	to	12
Lard, per lb	7	to	7
MEAT, HIDES, ETC			
Beef, quarters, per lb	3½	to	5
Mutton, quarters, per lb	5	to	6
Veal, quarters, per lb	5	to	6
Lamb, quarter	8	to	9
Dressed hogs, 100 lb	4 50	to	4 75
Live hogs	3 60	to	3 65
Hides, No. 1, per lb	6	to	6
Hides, No. 2, per lb	5	to	5
Hides, No. 3, per lb	4	to	4
Calfskins, green	4	to	6
Calfskins, dry, each		to	
Sheepskins, each	50	to	80
Lambskins, each	50	to	70
Wool, per lb	18	to	18
Tallow, rendered, per lb	3	to	3
Tallow, rough, per lb	1½	to	2
HAY AND SEED			
Hay per ton	7 00	to	8 00
Straw, per load	2 00	to	3 50

There was quite a busy session today. The demand for all kinds of grain and provisions was good, and the supply of oats and hay particularly heavy.

Meats were plentiful, and prices made little or no change in any line. The following list gives today's average values.

YOU CAN BUY the best oatmeal, cornmeal, wheat germs, wheat flakes and buckwheat flour from us. One trial will convince. Put up in 10c, 25c, 25 pounds and half barrel lots, and delivered promptly.

HAMILTON'S FLOUR AND FEED STORE
373 Talbot Street, Opposite Market.
Phone 602.

The Oil Market.

PETROLEA

Petrolea, Feb. 11.—Oil opened and closed at $1 52.

English Markets.

Liverpool, Feb. 11—12:45 p.m.

Wheat—Spot quiet; demand poor; futures steady; near and distant positions, ½d lower.

Corn—Spot quiet; futures steady; near and distant positions ½d lower.

Bacon—Quiet; demand moderate; Cumberland cut, 25 to 30 lbs, 26s; short ribs, 20 to 24 lbs, 25s; long clear light, 35 to 38 lbs, 25s; long clear heavy, 40 to 45 lbs, 24s 6d; short clear backs, light, 18 lbs, 24s 6d; short clear middles heavy, 45 to 50 lbs, 23s; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs, 27s.

Shoulders—Square 12 to 13 lbs, 25s 6d.

Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs, 39s 6d.

Tallow—Fine North American, 18s.

Beef—Extra India mess, 61s 3d; prime mess, 50s.

Pork—Prime mess, fine western, 46s 3d; medium western, 40s.

Lard—Dull; prime western, 20s; refined in pails 22s.

Cheese—Firm; demand moderate; finest American white (Sept.), 59s; finest American colored (Sept.), 59s.

Butter—Finest United States, 90s; good, 55s.

Turpentine spirits—20s 9d.

Rosin, common—5s.

Cotton seed oil—Liverpool refined, 15s 6d.

Linseed oil—16s 3d.

Petroleum—Refined, 6½d.

Refrigerator beef—Forequarter, 4d; hindquarter, 5½d.

Hops—At London (Pacific Coast), £3 15s.

London, Feb. 11.

Cargoes off coast—Wheat and corn, nothing doing.

Cargoes on passage — Wheat weak, partially 3d to 6d lower; corn rather easier.

Country markets — English and French, quiet.

West Zorra Dairy Notes.

The annual meeting of the West Zorra Cheese and Butter Manufacturing Company was one of the most harmonious and satisfactory meetings that has ever yet been held. The secretary and treasurer's report showed that 132,394 pounds of milk had been received at the factory, $10,888 97 had been paid to the patrons. The average net price paid patrons for every pound of cheese was 6.8 cents. The average number of pounds of milk for every pound of cheese was 10.6 pounds, and there was a snug balance in the treasury of $112 60. The financial part of the statement was very gratifying, in view of improvements made. The old board of directors was reappointed, namely, Alex. Urquhart, John Ross, Dan Munro, Alex. Smith and Benj. Cody.

MANITOBA WHEAT.

The Winnipeg Commercial says: This has been a very quiet week in wheat. In country markets there has been little doing, owing to rough weather and bad roads. Prices to farmers for good samples of hard wheat have ranged from 58c to 60c per bushel, according to freight rates, at most Manitoba points. In the Winnipeg market business has been very dull and prices lower, in sympathy with the decline other markets. Sales were made as low as 73c to 73 1-2c this week, for No. 1 hard, afloat, Fort William. Today the feeling is considerably firmer and prices are about 1c higher, holders asking about 74 1-2c, and in some cases up to 75c was asked. Through all rail export has flatened out, but it is reported that free sales have been made of Manitoba wheat for export in the spring. The receipts of wheat at Fort William last week were 113,157 bushels, shipments, 9,428 bushels, leaving 2,615,929 bushels in store. For the corresponding week last year receipts were 180,000 bushels, shipments 110,000 bushels, in store, 3,714,000. Winnipeg Street Price.—The millers were paying up to 64c to farmers for choice sample of hard wheat.

Cheap Clothes...

mean poor clothes. They never fit and wear miserably. Our tailoring is the best and most economical you can wear. Costs a little more—but not a cent too much. You can count on a perfect fit—the latest style—the finest materials. The best dressed men in London wear our clothes.

A. SLATER,
Corner Richmond and Carling Streets.
ywt

American Produce Market.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 10.—The wheat market was bulled on sentiment during the morning hours of today's session, and afternoon it broke on news and the snow storm, the local traders were willing and anxious for prices to advance, and, with that desire actuating them, bought in excess of their ability to carry. Finding that beyond a certain point prices would not rise they undertook to realize such action, precipitating a break of 1½c from the outside. Liverpool contributed to the unfavorable news of the day by reporting a decline of ¼d to ½d, although we advanced ⅛c to ¼c yesterday. The weekly snow map showed winter wheat well protected. Closing continental cables were lower. May wheat opened from 76⅞c to 76½c; sold between 77⅛c to 76⅛c to 76¼c, closing at 76¼c—⅛c under yesterday. Cash wheat was irregular, closing ⅛c lower. Corn declined ⅛c to ¼c, and oats ⅛c to ¼c. Provisions lower.

The leading futures closed as follows:

Wheat—No. 2 Feb., 74½c; May, 76⅝c; July, 71½c.

Corn—No. 2 Feb., 21⅝c; May, 23¾c; July, 24½c to 24⅝c; Sept., 16½c.

Oats—No. 2 Feb., 15c; May, 17c to 17⅛c; July, 17⅛c to 18c.

Mess pork—May, $7 72½; July, $7 85.

Lard—May, $3 82½; July, $3 92½.

Short ribs—May, $3 97½; July, $4 05.

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour steady; No. 2 spring wheat, 74½c to 76½c; No. 3 spring wheat, 74c to 77c; No. 2 red, 84½c to 87½c; No. 2 corn, 22c to 22½c; No. 2 oats, 16½c; No. 2 rye, 35½c; No. 2 barley, 31c to 35c; No. 1 flax seed, 74c to 76c; prime timothy seed, $2 72½; mess pork, $7 60 to $7 65; lard, $3 70 to $3 72½; short rib sides, $3 80 to $4 10; dry salted shoulders, $4 25 to $4 50; short clear sides, $4 12½ to $4 25.

Receipts—			
Flour	8,000	Wheat	19,000
Corn	353,000	Oats	573,000
Rye	7,000	Barley	146,000
Shipments—			
Flour	9,000	Wheat	102,000
Corn	202,000	Oats	198,000
Rye		Barley	22,000

Chicago, Feb. 11.—Opening — Wheat May, 76½c; July, 71½c. Corn, May, 23¾c; Sept., 26c. Oats, May, 17½c; July, 18c. Pork, May, $7 67. Lard, May, $3 80; July, $3 87½; Sept., $4. Ribs, May, $3 95.

Live Stock Markets.

NEW YORK.

New York, Feb. 10.—Beeves—Receipts, 1,007 head; demand fair; steers, oxen and bulls generally rated steady; cows lower. Poor to good steers, $3 80 to $5; oxen and stags, $2 90 to $4 10; bulls, $2 75 to $3 80; cows, $1 60 to $3 35.

Calves—Receipts, 969 head; trade slow at a decline of fully 25c on veals. Poor to prime veals, $4 50 to $7 25; barnyards, $2 75 to $3; fed calves, $3 50 to $4; westerns, $2 75 to $3 50.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 5,191 head; sheep firm; lambs steady for undergrades and firm to 5c higher for choice stock. Medium to choice sheep, $3 75 to $4 55; fair to choice lambs, $5 to $5 67½; tail ends, $4 50.

Hogs—Receipts, 5,216 head; firm to 10c higher. Good heavy to light hogs, $3 70 to $4 10; pigs, $4 10 to $4 30; choice light state pigs, $4 40.

Cables from British markets quote American steers at 10½c to 11½c, per lb, dressed weight; American refrigerated beef, 9c to 10c per lb.

EAST BUFFALO.

East Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 10.—Cattle—13 cars through; 4 cars on sale; market active and higher; mixed Canada butchers, $3 45 to $3 50; Canada stockers, $3 35 to $3 50; feeders, $3 65 to $3 75; veals, dull and lower, at $6 to $6 75; common to fair, $4 25 to $5 75.

Hogs—15 cars through; 20 cars on sale; market active and higher; Yorkers, $3 80 to $3 85; pigs, $3 70 to $3 75; mixed packers, $3 75 to $3 80; mediums, $3 70 to $3 75; roughs, $3 to $3 25; stags, $2 25 to $2 85.

Sheep and Lambs—2 cars through; 40 cars on sale; market dull and lower for lambs; sheep strong; best lambs, $5 15 to $5 25; fair to good, $4 40 to $4 75; good to prime mixed sheep, $3 90 to $4 25; common to fair, $3 40 to $3 75; no export demand.

At the Close: Cattle—5 cars on sale, mostly good stockers and feeders, all Canadas; Canadian light butchers' heifers and cows of fair quality; 3 loads of feeders sold at $3 65 to $3 75; stockers, $3 25 to $3 50; stock heifers, $3 to $3 25; one car stockers sold at $3 45; a few heifers, $3 25; one car of cows and heifers, averaging 785 lbs, sold at $3 50; a few cows at $2 75; all sold and closed steady.

Hogs—20 cars; opened 5c to 10c higher; closed with advance lost and 5 cars unsold. Yorkers, which sold early at $3 90, were $3 80 at close; bulk of good pigs sold at $3 70 to $3 75; good to light mixed hogs, 150 to 225 lbs, $3 70 to $3 75.

Sheep and Lambs—41 cars; lambs dull and lower by 10c to 15c; sheep active and firm; nearly all sold; best lambs brought $5 15 to $5 25 for the few on sale; good to choice, $4 75 to $4 90; extra, $5; mixed sheep, good to choice, $4 to $4 25, good wethers and yearlings, $4 25 to $4 40, and a few up to $4 50; no export demand to speak of.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Feb. 11.—Hogs—Receipts, 40,000; left over, 5,000; market fairly active and 5c lower; light, $3 35 to $3 55; mixed, $3 30 to $3 50; heavy, $3 15 to $3 47 1-2; roughs, $3 15 to $3 20.

Cattle—Receipts, 10,000; desirable grades steady; others weak; beeves, $3 50 to $5 30; cows and heifers, $1 80 to $4 20; Texan steers, $3 to $4 20; stockers and feeders, $3 25 to $4 15.

Sheep—Receipts, 12,000; market is steady to strong.

PERPETUAL CURATE'S CUSSEDNESS PUNISHED.

London Daily News.

Mr. Valancey, who, for the edification of Roslington, in Derbyshire, is its perpetual curate, has had a dispute with a few poor women about the size of the mound which they had placed over the grave of a relation. This dispute has lasted, off and on, four or five years. At one time the curate brought an action against a woman for trespass because she had entered the churchyard to trim the objectionable grave—her sister's. This action failed, but the enraged cleric was equal to the occasion, and, next, he ordered the sexton to level the mound, standing by his side armed with stick and pistol while he did so. The sexton entered heartily into the spirit of the fun, threatened to "hack up every bone," and told the distracted women who were gathering around that if they only waited they would see their relative once more. One poor old creature, the mother of the dead woman, struck him with her umbrella, but he gallantly made light of the assault. When her son threatened more serious mischief with a stick the perpetual presented his revolver. The matter came before the magistrates, and they convicted our pastor of souls of "violent and indecent behavior." This was intolerable, and yesterday he appealed to the Queen's Bench to have the decision reversed, on the ground that the justices had no jurisdiction over him. The court, without calling on the respondent, dismissed the appeal with costs. They could not dismiss the perpetual curate, and probably the whole bench of bishops would be unequal to that task. In respect of security of tenure the church to which Mr. Vallancey belongs is indeed founded upon a rock.

SMITH BROS.,
Plumbers and Steamfitters,
Have removed to 265 Dundas street.

Anderson & Nelles' Baking Powder, 20c a pound. Fresh daily.

Miller's Mischief.

A Good Samaritan Who Was Decidely Bad.

Threatened to Kill His Wife and Bullied the Lodge—A Tramp Who Burned Himself to Create Sympathy.

Moses Miller's bad conduct has destroyed his reputation as a "Good Samaritan," and Magistrate Parke has sent him to jail until he finds sureties to keep the peace towards his better half, for a year.

The pair are colored people, and, according to Mrs. Miller's story, she and her five children have had anything but a flowery pathway through life. Moses, who is a short man, peered through the bars as the magistrate read a long charge, preferred against him by his wife, accusing him of assault, non-support and threatening to kill her.

"What do you say to that?"

"I don't think I hurt her; only took her by the arm."

"What for?"

"Well, when the lodge wasn't being run according to the rules of the order, I was going to close the lodge and make her come away," said Miller.

"What order is it?"

"The Good Samaritans."

"Are you the head of it?"

"Yes; I'm the worshipful chief."

"And your wife—what is she?"

"She's secretary."

Then Mrs. Miller went into the box and told the court of her miseries. She said it was at a meeting at Cullis' Hall on Tuesday that the last assault took place. All went well until the passing of accounts came up. One account came from John J. Jepson, druggist, for $1, which Miller had borrowed, saying he wanted to pay the lodge rent; another one of $4, for two hacks, which Miller got and charged them to the lodge, as having been obtained for a member's funeral. When these were disputed, Miller became angry, and told the meeting if they didn't pay it they could get someone else to run the lodge. They elected another chief, and Miller went away, but came back in a few minutes for his wife. She would not go, and he tried to make her. Billy Berry got between Mrs. Miller and a burly walking cane, to save the woman. He threatened to kill her when she went home. Moses was then ejected from the meeting. She went and got her children and stayed with the neighbors until Moses was arrested. Mrs. Miller said Moses had worked for five years for Mr. Heaman, and during that time she had not seen a red cent of his money. H wouldn't work now, and laid in bed until 12 o'clock, while she went out to work for bread to keep the family. "I told him one day work wouldn't come to him. I could not take his abuse, work hard and keep him and five children. Moses turned to me and said, 'Oh, well, when you get tired working, just throw up your hands and let the work go.' "

Miller then said it was hard to get work. Ex-Ald. Skinner had given him some wood to cut, and he took home $1 25 out of it.

Mrs. Miller said all she got from him out of any money he had earned there was 35 cents' worth of groceries and 15 cents' worth of coal. He had taken some things home one day, and she afterwards found out that Moses had taken $2 80 of the sir knights' money to get them with.

"What do you beat your wife for?" asked the magistrate.

Moses—I get impatient sometimes.

Magistrate—You have no money to pay a fine?

Moses—But I can get it.

Magistrate—How much?

Moses—One dollar—maybe two.

Magistrate—Why didn't you get it and give it to your wife?

Moses—I'd have to pay it back, if I did.

Moses was bound over to keep the peace for one year in $100 in his own recognizances, and two for $50 each. He couldn't find them, and went down.

Wm. Carrons, of Toronto, and Frank Hill, a sailor, were arrested as drunken vags. They had been stopping at the Salvation Army Hotel, where Hill received much sympathy on account of having his arm in a sling. Hill told Detective Rider he had cut his hand in a fight in Toronto, but on examination, the detective found that it had been self-inflicted by the use of sulphuric acid, to arouse sympathy. Both were discharged.

John Saunders, of 89 Sackville street, East London, and John Saunders, of Lobo, two drunks, were also discharged.

Storming the City

Berlin People Will Run a Special Train to London

For the Hockey Match — They Have Gone Crazy Over the Sport—A Great Battle Expected.

Berlin has gone hockey crazy Two thousand people in that town Tuesday night saw their pet team defeat Barrie for the semi-finals in the intermediate championship. The match determined which team should tackle London. Berlin has now whipped every opponent in Middle Ontario, and London has downed everything in the West. Berlin and London will accordingly fight it out in this city tomorrow night.

The people in the Waterloo county town are all worked up over the approaching contest, and will run a special train to London to back up their darlings. The Berlin band is coming, too, to play accompaniments for the triumphal chorus of Berlin rooters, although they may have to render the dead march, if the expectations of the London boys are realized. The latter are in fine fettle, and resolved that victory shall perch on their sticks, and that the disasters of last winter shall be retrieved.

London people should turn out in large numbers to encourage their own boys; otherwise the big delegation from Berlin will swamp local enthusiasm. London and Berlin both have the best hockey teams they ever had, and a rare and exciting match will be witnessed at the Princess Rink tomorrow night.

A young man in Lowell, Mass., troubled for years with a constant succession of boils on his neck, was completely cured by taking only three bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Another result of the treatment was greatly improved digestion, with increased averdupois.

Nature is commanded by obeying her.—Bacon.

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminater is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

Doubly Scourged.

How Plague and Famine Come About in India.

A Paradox of Government — British Rule So Good That India Is Dangerously Overpopulated.

New York, Feb. 11.—Writing under date of Jan. 29, Mr. H. R. Chamberlain contributes the following to the Sun from London: It was inevitable, perhaps, that the double scourge which has turned all eyes of pity towards India should also have revived public discussion of that pitiless topic, "the survival of the fittest." It is a cold and relentless philosophy, but no more so than nature herself, which is questioning the ultimate wisdom of serious interference with the natural calamities which are devastating the most populous sections of the British empire. The debate which has begun in the English press has been suggested by such obvious queries as these: What part do these great epidemics and periodical famines play in the economy of nature? Are they, after all, the unmitigated evil which they appear to be at close quarters? Was Darwin right or wrong in making these great natural visitations the basis of his theory of natural selection, a theory which holds a most important place in the evolution of the human race?

Cold logic, unsoftened by any considerations of human sympathy, has led some debaters of these questions to conclusions which are much more creditable to their heads than to their hearts. It is not, however, in any spirit of uncharitableness that the discussion has gone on. Now that the popular heart has been touched, the outpouring of English gold for the benefit of the perishing millions of fellow-subjects of the Queen-Empress makes one of the sublimest spectacles in the history of humanitarianism. The English people are entitled, therefore, to discuss some of the deeper social questions involved in the calamity without exposing themselves to the charge of shirking a duty of charity. The subject has also been forced upon their attention in another way. The anti-British press in Germany has recently attempted to hold the British authorities in India responsible both for the ravages of the famine in the interior and for the spread of the plague in Bombay. These charges have been denied with a good deal of heat and indignation. But the defenders of British rule have proved too much. The Times, for instance, said a day or two ago upon this point: "It is due to British rule and nothing else that the famine has not made itself felt until so late a period, and, that notwithstanding an immense increase in the population, it is now being fought with success. It needs no inquiry to tell us that the vast populations of agricultural India live up very closely to the limit of subsistence. That follows from their immemorial habits, their traditions and their modes of thought. In fighting as we do the consequences of these things we are trying a gigantic experiment which our own success makes more formidable each time that a deficient rainfall stops the food supply. We are insensibly substituting prudential checks for the natural ones which we have removed. This is proved by the improvement in the general condition of the population, notwithstanding its increase in numbers. But the process is a slow one, and the future of our Indian empire cannot be regarded from an economical standpoint without grave anxiety." The population of India, as Lord George Hamilton remarked in Parliament the other day, has increased during the past twenty years by not less than 50,000,000. A small proportion of this was by annexation, but by far the larger part was within the old area. At that rate of increase, as the Times observes, the day is not far distant when all the resources of the British empire will not suffice to cope with a succession of bad seasons and a failure of rains over an extended area. It is argued further that the excellence of British rule, the unprecedented security to human life which it has supplied, has chiefly contributed to this condition of over-population. In other words, British government in India has been far too good. It has brought out the abnormal condition which only a great double cataclysm of nature can set right. And now Great Britain and the charitable world at large are doing their utmost to thwart nature in her necessary and inevitable process. The cold-blooded conclusion is shocking to every human sensibility, but how is it to be escaped from, say the casuists? It is a view which may, perhaps, be adopted with equanimity when it includes only the distant and impersonal millions of India, but how about it when it applies to the teeming thousands in the east end of London, on the east side in New York and in the slums of Chicago?

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The facsimile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

CASTORIA.

The facsimile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

CASTORIA.

The facsimile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

CASTORIA.

The facsimile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Do not think that years leave us and find us the same.—Owen Meredith.

How to Cure Skin Diseases.

Simply apply "Swayne's Ointment." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, etc., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for "Swayne's Ointment." Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, wholesale agents.

Rashness and haste make all things insecure.—Denham.

LIFE SAVED.—Mr. James Bryson Cameron writes: "I was confined to my bed with inflammation of the lungs, and was given up by physicians. A neighbor advised me to try Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, saying that his wife had used it for a throat trouble with the best results. Acting on this advice, I procured the medicine, and less than half a bottle cured me; I certainly believed it saved my life. It was with reluctance that I consented to a trial, as I was reduced to such a state that I doubted the power of any remedy to do me any good."

S.&J. THE WEATHER TODAY: Cloudy, with snow. **S.&J.**

PROFIT--NO!

Not to us. It has been entirely lost sight of so far as we are concerned, unless, of course, that it is profitable to clear out all of one season's goods during that season. We believe it is. But it is far more profitable for you to buy now goods you could not buy for twice the money a month ago. The reason is plain—new goods for spring and summer are coming in, and we want room to display them. The price we want is the price marked down. The profit—

YOU CAN HAVE IT.

Jackets —Variety of styles; snug fitters; couldn't be put together for the money; a few left at marked down price **$1.00**

Jackets —Splendid value at $4 to $10; we want to clear out every one of them, that's why we marked them down to **$1.49**

Jackets —Nobby styles for maids; fancy mixtures; mothers should see them; just the thing for now and will be stylish next winter; marked down to **$1.99**

There were 66 of them on Tuesday morning. There aren't that many now, and if you want to participate come early.

Linens and Cottons.

Every piece reliable. See our Tea Cloths, Sideboard Scarfs, Tray Cloths, Table Centers, Doilies, Dresser Covers, Table Napkins and Silent Cloths. To young housekeepers this department is always attractive. In Cottons we have many excellent values to offer in Canadian, English and American brands. A great variety of Sheeting and Pillow Cottons.

Spring Footwear.

New stylish spring goods coming in day after day. Grand values at exceptionally low prices. This department has won its way into the good graces of our numerous lady customers. It has all the styles at Drygoods prices.

Whitewear. . . . .

We have a big department of Ladies' and Infants' Whitewear—most complete stock ever shown in London. Prices are wonderfully low. Mothers can't make such pretty garments for baby at the price. Lady assistants in charge of the department.

Smallman & Ingram,
149 AND 151 DUNDAS STREET.

Our Neighbors.

A Lambeth Wedding — Badly Kicked by a Horse—Looking After Oil.

The lecture in the town hall at Lucan on Monday night by Mr. J. R. Clark was a great success.

Mr. M. Mountain, of Delaware, had has hand severely lacerated while helping to kill a fat beef last week.

Bengough is to appear in the Oddfellows' Hall, Ilderton, on Monday evening next, under the auspices of the Presbyterian Church.

At the meeting of the East Middlesex Liberal Association in Ilderton on Saturday next, it is intended to represent the riding as constituted for both Legislature and Commons.

A team of horses belonging to James Glenn, Glanworth, ran away just outside of the city limits of London. The animals never stopped until they reached home. One of the horses was badly cut.

The Middlemiss Oil Company, through John A. Robinson, have applied for a charter from the Government to bore for oil at Middlemiss and vicinity. The capital stock of the company is $2,000.

Mr. Anthony Heenan, formerly of Biddulph, now a resident of Saginaw, Mich., is visiting friends in Delaware. Mr. Joseph Rollins, now of Killarney, Manitoba, is also renewing old acquaintances in the village.

The annual Sunday school convention of Caradoc will be held in the Memorial Methodist Church, Delaware, on Feb. 23, afternoon and evening session. The provincial secretary, Alfred Day, will be present.

Delaware farmers are making good use of the sleighing while it lasts. Mr. Richard Raycraft, by the help of a couple of "bees," has all the brick needed for a new house, and Mr. Andrew Isaac has the material for a new house.

Mr. Samuel Piper, of Lambeth, met with a very severe accident last week. He was at his stable attending to his horses, and he slipped and fell under one of the animals. The horse kicked him, breaking three of his ribs, besides inflicting other injuries on his body.

The wedding of Miss Ida Pearce, of Lambeth, to Mr. J. L. Cook, of Littlewood, took place on Wednesday of last week. The bride was assisted by her sister, Miss Phoebe, and the groom by Mr. Will Saddler. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Mr. Quance.

On Thursday, Feb. 25, at 11 o'clock, the Liberals of the west riding of Middlesex, as constituted for Legislative purposes, will convene in the town hall, at Mount Brydges, to elect the officers of the West Middlesex Reform Association and to transact any other business that may be to the interest of the association.

The Delaware and Mount Brydges Oil Company, limited, held a large and enthusiastic meeting at the Foresters' Hall, and the following officers were elected: President, H. C. Johnston; vice-president, T. Pearce; secretary, Edgar Weld; treasurer, R. C. Hammon; directors, George Bignal, F. Haycroft, John McEwan, John Howe, John Ashland.

ARKONA.

Arkona, Feb. 10.—Mrs. J. Norton went to Toronto on Tuesday, where she has been called to the sick-bed of her sister, Mrs. J. Marshall.

The Maccabee concert, given in Showler's Hall, on Tuesday evening, was a complete success, the hall being packed to the doors. The chair was filled in good style by S. W. Trusler, deputy supreme commander, of Camlachie. The programme consisted of speeches by the chairman and Dr. R. E. Moss, supreme medical examiner, of Port Huron. There were also selected songs by Mr. F. H. McKenzie, Watford, Mr. H. Poole and Miss L. Poole, of Lambeth; Messrs. J. Fair, R. Chester, and Dr. Watson, of this town. Miss Adelina Hooper sang a solo entitled "The New X Rays," which was well received. One of the leading features of the evening's entertainment was a farce, entitled "Cabman No. 93," The characters were Mr. Udolpho Holloway, a retired stock-broker, Mr. J. Atkin; Joe Capsize, cab-driver, Mr. Frank Hooper; Clara, Holloway's wife, Miss Gertie Hooper; Milley Meddlesome, their servant, Miss A. E. Parcher. Another amusing feature was a song and dance by Mr. J. Ginn, who appeared as an old plantation darkey. The string band furnished good music. The programme closed with "God Save the Queen," and then, as was advertised, those who wished remained and danced until they were tired.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Atkin went to Lobo on Wednesday to attend the sick bed of their sister-in-law, Mrs. J. Atkin.

Those on the sick list are improving.

We know that Cod-liver Oil is a fat-forming food because takers of it gain rapidly in weight under its use and the whole body receives vital force. When prepared as in Scott's Emulsion, it is quickly and easily changed into the tissues of the body. As your doctor would say, "it is easily assimilated." Perhaps you are suffering from fat starvation. You take fat enough with your food, but it either isn't the right kind, or it isn't digested. You need fat prepared for you, as in Scott's Emulsion.

Railway Time Tables.

CORRECTED NOV. 29, 1896.

GRAND TRUNK—Southern Division.

MAIN LINE—GOING EAST.

Trains arrive at London from the west—4:15 a.m., 12:25 p.m., 10:25 a.m., 4:20 p.m., 7:10 p.m., 11:20 p.m.

Trains leave London for the east—3:35 a.m. 4:20 a.m., 8:20 a.m., 12:40 p.m., 2:25 p.m., 4:23 p.m., 7:55 p.m.

MAIN LINE—GOING WEST.

Trains arrive at London from the east—3:03 a.m., 11:07 a.m., 11:20 a.m., 12:40 p.m., 6:25 p.m 9:50 p.m.

Trains leave London for the west—7:00 a.m. 1:30 a.m., 2:20 p.m., 6:45 p.m.

Sarnia Branch.

Trains arrive at London—3:30 a.m., 8:05 a.m., 11:30 a.m., 2:20 p.m., 5:35 p.m., 7:50 p.m.

Trains leave London—3:10 a.m., 7:40 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 2:30 p.m., 6:35 p.m.

London, Huron and Bruce.

Arrive at London—10:00 a.m., 6:30 p.m.

Leave London—8:15 a.m., 4:45 p.m

St. Marys and Stratford Branch.

Arrive at London—9:45 a.m., 1:30 p.m., 5:40 p.m., 10:35 p.m.

Leave London—7:15 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 2:40 p.m. 5:55 p.m., 8:30 p.m.

L. E. & D. R. R.

Going South—Trains leave London, 6:25 a.m., *10:05 a.m., 2:30 p.m., *7:00 p.m. Trains arrive at Port Stanley, 7:25 a.m., 3:38 p.m.

Going North—Trains leave Port Stanley, 7:45 a.m., 4:40 p.m. Trains arrive at London, 8:45 a.m., 2:05 p.m., 5:40 p.m., 10:35 p.m.

*Go only as far as St. Thomas.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

GOING EAST.

Trains arrive at London from the west—4:10 a.m., 4:25 p.m., 2:40 p.m.

Trains leave London for the east—4:15 a.m., 8 a.m., 4:35 p.m.

GOING WEST.

Trains arrive at London from the east—11:18 a.m., 8 p.m., 11:20 p.m.

Trains leave London for the west—11:25 a.m., 8:10 p.m., 8:15 a.m.