

ED-ON TO THE PREMISES
the undersigned, Section 6, T.
e 25, on or about Oct. 30th, a
mare) about five years. Owner
same by proving property and
expenses. Lorne B. W. Winder-
way, Alberta.

SINCE JUNE FROM ST. EM.
Legal, one buckskin mare,
between 900 and 1000 lbs., no
marks on left hip, white
forehead, one white hind leg;
are about 2 1/2 years old, dark
spot on forehead, white hind
ward for information leading
to or return to Alphonse La-
st, Ennis, Legat, Alta.

ED-CAME TO MY PREMISES
N.W. 14 Sec. 35, 32.2 W. 5 on
Nov. 26, one bay mare, weight
9 lbs., three white feet, white
forehead, one crooked front leg,
years old and branded 8 on
p, also sucking out with her,
have same by proving proper-
ty and expenses. Arden Heimb-
way, Alberta.

ED-TEACHER FOR HORSE
In School District holding first
and class certificate; duties to
be Jan. 6th, 1908. Male prefer-
ence. Apply to Mr. J. H. 21st
fating experience and salary ex-
to A. H. Clark, Secy. Treas.,
Hills P. O., Alta.

ED-TEACHER FOR CLOVER
r. S. D. No. 112, for term com-
ist of Jan. First class certificate
preferred. All applications
by noon of the 21st day of Dec.
date salary wanted. W. J. Atter-
ey, Clover Bar.

ED-TO MY PREMISES, 4
vetted calves, 3 heifers and one
hearer can have same by paying
and proving ownership. Q. J.
Pembina P.O.

ED OR STOLEN-FROM THE
r. R. W. Bailey, near Nap-
O., one bay gelding, coming
old, very large white face,
the hind foot, black mane and
set seen on Sunday, Nov. 24th,
a finding or giving information
I receive \$5,000 reward. R. W.
Namsay, Alta.

ESTRAY-35 REWARD.
since December 3rd. Light
are, age about 10 years, weight
on road from Edmonton to
Grove at Winterton, had
on; branded V on shoulder.
no undersired or leave mare at
stable opposite Strathcona Sta-
nd receive \$5 reward.
NRY HERFOOT, Strathcona.

ESTRAY HORSE.
be sold by auction by Seaton
on Saturday, 7th December, at
at Market Square, Edmonton, a
bay horse, small star on fore-
left hind foot white, right fore-
ite; weight about 900 lbs. brand-
on, right thigh. Terms cash.
By Order,
W. G. SPALDING,
Justice of Peace.

GRANDVIEW HOTEL
Accommodation, Finest
Tables and Cigars.
H. SIGLER, Proprietor.

LEGAL.
IESBACH, O'CONNOR &
ALSON
Advocates, Notaries, Etc.
itors for the Traders Bank of

Garriep Block, Jasper Ave-
dmonion.

OR, BOYLE & GARIEPY,
rers and Advocates, Notaries,
Etc.

Garriep Block, Edmonton,
rs for the Canadian Bank of
ce, The Great West Life In-
Company, Standard Life In-
y, Union Trust Company, The
nd Hastings Savings & Loan
y, Etc., Dominion Life Assur-
Private Funds to Loan.
r. Wilfrid Garriep.

Wm. Short,
Hon. C. W. Cross.
O. M. Biggar.
ORT, CROSS & BIGGAR
Advocates, Notaries, Etc.
s at present in Cameron Bldg.,
ew offices of Merchants Bank
ada after May 1st, next.
by and private funds to loan.
Edmonton, Alta.

CK, EMERY, NEWELL &
BOLTON.
Advocates, Notaries, Etc.
eck, K.C., Public Administrator
C. Emery, C. F. Newell.

S. E. Bolton.
ors for the City of Edmon-
Bank of Canada, Bank
Bank of Montreal, Hudson's
Canada Permanent Mortgage
ion, Canada Life Insurance
C. Permanent Life and Sav-
y, the Reliance Loan and Sav-
y, the Dominion Permanent
n Co., Credit Foncier Fragan-
on.

McDougall street, near new
Bank building.

N AND WOMEN
WANTED

ED-TO learn a
night weeks required to learn.
Tools Free.

emand for Barbers never
Write for Free Illustrated Cat-
logue. Barber College, 235 Alex-
ander, Winnipeg.

WITH THE FARMERS

MONDAY'S GRAIN MARKETS.

Winnipeg, December 9.—Markets were dull with lower cables and waiting that usually precedes a government report. The report came at noon and was strongly bullish, condition of U.S. winter wheat being two points lower than the average for 18 years. The world's shipments were over two million less than last year. After the report was out there was a spasm of efforts to excite market, but it was in dull mood. The Winnipeg market had a small slump, a usual thing at the close of navigation, of about 1/2 to 3/4 for the day. The interest in Winnipeg centred in the loading of the last boats and to what extent the elevator stocks had been reduced. Full returns as to terminal stocks will not be in until tomorrow. Receipts for the week were about 1,500 cars passing through Winnipeg.

Winnipeg options: December, open 1.00 1/2, close 1.00 1/2; January, open 1.01 1/2, close 1.01 1/2; May, open 1.02 1/2, close 1.02 1/2; July, open 1.10, close 1.09 1/2; December, open 44, close 43 1/2; May, open 52 1/2, close 51 1/2; Wheat, No. 1 Northern, 1.00 1/2; No. 2 Northern, 97 1/2; No. 3 Northern, 94 1/2; No. 4 wheat, 84; No. 5 wheat, 71; No. 6 wheat, 56; feed, 47 1/2; No. 2, 36; rejected, 1; 1 Northern, 91 1/2; No. 2, 88; No. 3, 84; No. 4, 80; No. 5, 76; No. 6, 62; No. 7, 58; No. 8, 54; No. 9, 50; No. 10, 46; No. 11, 42; No. 12, 38; No. 13, 34; No. 14, 30; No. 15, 26; No. 16, 22; No. 17, 18; No. 18, 14; No. 19, 10; No. 20, 6; No. 21, 2; No. 22, 0; No. 23, 0; No. 24, 0; No. 25, 0; No. 26, 0; No. 27, 0; No. 28, 0; No. 29, 0; No. 30, 0; No. 31, 0; No. 32, 0; No. 33, 0; No. 34, 0; No. 35, 0; No. 36, 0; No. 37, 0; No. 38, 0; No. 39, 0; No. 40, 0; No. 41, 0; No. 42, 0; No. 43, 0; No. 44, 0; No. 45, 0; No. 46, 0; No. 47, 0; No. 48, 0; No. 49, 0; No. 50, 0; No. 51, 0; No. 52, 0; No. 53, 0; No. 54, 0; No. 55, 0; No. 56, 0; No. 57, 0; No. 58, 0; No. 59, 0; No. 60, 0; No. 61, 0; No. 62, 0; No. 63, 0; No. 64, 0; No. 65, 0; No. 66, 0; No. 67, 0; No. 68, 0; No. 69, 0; No. 70, 0; No. 71, 0; No. 72, 0; No. 73, 0; No. 74, 0; No. 75, 0; No. 76, 0; No. 77, 0; No. 78, 0; No. 79, 0; No. 80, 0; No. 81, 0; No. 82, 0; No. 83, 0; No. 84, 0; No. 85, 0; No. 86, 0; No. 87, 0; No. 88, 0; No. 89, 0; No. 90, 0; No. 91, 0; No. 92, 0; No. 93, 0; No. 94, 0; No. 95, 0; No. 96, 0; No. 97, 0; No. 98, 0; No. 99, 0; No. 100, 0.

CROPS IN ONTARIO.

Ottawa, Dec. 10.—The census department issued today a bulletin on field crops and live stock of Ontario. The area of cleared and improved land in 1907 is given at 14,123,742, an increase of 900,000 over 1901. The area of land in all crops was 9,197,716 acres, an increase of 567,000 acres. The area of orchard and vineyard was 329,200 acres, an increase of 64,360 acres. Fall wheat in 1907 was 15,546,491 acres, or a decrease of about six million bushels. The 1907 crop of 473,651, a decrease of over four million. This is no doubt due to the larger and cheaper production of these grains in the Northwest. Oats show a decrease of over four million. Barley a gain of over five million; potatoes a million and a half; corn one million; peas, a decrease of nearly four million; turnips a decrease of nearly five million bushels. There is an increase in all kinds of live stock. In horses the increase is over 77,000; milk cows over 133,000; other cattle 365,000; sheep, 63,000; hogs, 518,000; and poultry nearly 4,000,000.

TO-DAY'S GRAIN MARKETS.

Winnipeg, Dec. 10.—The wheat markets today have been dull and sagging owing to the decline on this side. Liverpool was easier and closed 1/2 to 1/4. The Canadian market opened off a little, and owing to the decline in the stock markets and the advance in the price of money they kept dull and finished weak, closing 1/2 to 3/4 lower than yesterday. Winnipeg market was stronger than others, and until near the close kept around 1/2 over yesterday's price, but being influenced by the weakness in the stock market it sold off just at the close and closed 1/2 under yesterday. Today's prices are: No. 1 Northern, 1.00 1/2; No. 2 Northern, 97 1/2; No. 3 Northern, 94 1/2; No. 4 wheat, 84; No. 5 wheat, 71; No. 6 wheat, 56; feed, 47 1/2; No. 2, 36; rejected, 1; 1 Northern, 91 1/2; No. 2, 88; No. 3, 84; No. 4, 80; No. 5, 76; No. 6, 62; No. 7, 58; No. 8, 54; No. 9, 50; No. 10, 46; No. 11, 42; No. 12, 38; No. 13, 34; No. 14, 30; No. 15, 26; No. 16, 22; No. 17, 18; No. 18, 14; No. 19, 10; No. 20, 6; No. 21, 2; No. 22, 0; No. 23, 0; No. 24, 0; No. 25, 0; No. 26, 0; No. 27, 0; No. 28, 0; No. 29, 0; No. 30, 0; No. 31, 0; No. 32, 0; No. 33, 0; No. 34, 0; No. 35, 0; No. 36, 0; No. 37, 0; No. 38, 0; No. 39, 0; No. 40, 0; No. 41, 0; No. 42, 0; No. 43, 0; No. 44, 0; No. 45, 0; No. 46, 0; No. 47, 0; No. 48, 0; No. 49, 0; No. 50, 0; No. 51, 0; No. 52, 0; No. 53, 0; No. 54, 0; No. 55, 0; No. 56, 0; No. 57, 0; No. 58, 0; No. 59, 0; No. 60, 0; No. 61, 0; No. 62, 0; No. 63, 0; No. 64, 0; No. 65, 0; No. 66, 0; No. 67, 0; No. 68, 0; No. 69, 0; No. 70, 0; No. 71, 0; No. 72, 0; No. 73, 0; No. 74, 0; No. 75, 0; No. 76, 0; No. 77, 0; No. 78, 0; No. 79, 0; No. 80, 0; No. 81, 0; No. 82, 0; No. 83, 0; No. 84, 0; No. 85, 0; No. 86, 0; No. 87, 0; No. 88, 0; No. 89, 0; No. 90, 0; No. 91, 0; No. 92, 0; No. 93, 0; No. 94, 0; No. 95, 0; No. 96, 0; No. 97, 0; No. 98, 0; No. 99, 0; No. 100, 0.

English Trains Active.

London, Dec. 11.—An educational propaganda campaign this afternoon among eighteen specially built single horse wagons, each equipped with three Tory orators, gramophones, posters, placards and collapsible platforms started on a tour of the country. The outfits will scatter and travel about the country from April, holding meetings at the gates of mills and factories at noon hours and in halls during the evenings. The local campaigners will assist and the gospel of tariff reform will be poured into the ears of all classes and districts.

A CHEAP SUB-SURFACE PACKER.

D. W. Warner, of Clover Bar, president of the Alberta Farmers' association, has recently invented a cheap sub-surface packer. The Farm and Ranch Review, published in Calgary, contains the following in reference to the invention:—Mr. D. W. Warner, of Edmonton, has recently invented an implement for sub-surface packing that we believe will be found very useful. It is a simple contrivance, and is made by attaching a V shaped rim over the common disc harrow blades. Most farmers have a disc harrow, then with

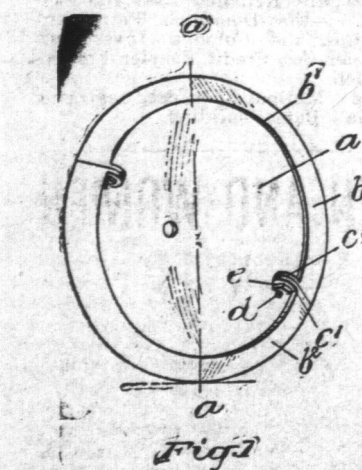


Fig. 1. A sub-surface packer showing a V-shaped rim attached to a disc harrow blade.

very little additional cost they can have the necessary attachments, which are easily put on by means of lugs and bolts or rivets, and then the com-

bination implement is ready as a soil packer.

The invention will be of special benefit to those who farm in the semi-arid portions of the west, where sub-surface packing is more necessary than where a more liberal supply of rainfall is customary. This implement will assist very materially in preparing a firm seed-bed without pulverizing the top soil to that extent that it will be in the most favorable condition for drifting. One great drawback of the roller is that it only packs the top soil, and in doing so pulverizes considerable of it to that extent that it blows easily. The sub-surface packer, on the other hand, packs the soil, and it is now fairly well known that the condition that gives best returns in the west is a well-packed sub-surface soil with a few inches of loose soil on top that can act as a mulch. This new invention fills the bill very nicely. Figure 1 is a perspective view of a disc with a rim attached. Figure 2 is a vertical section of a modified form of the rim. Like letters refer to like parts in the three illustrations; a designates a disc of

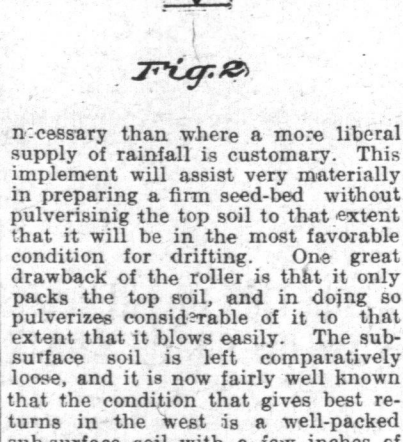


Fig. 2. A vertical section of a modified form of the rim of the sub-surface packer.

the ordinary harrow form, and b a V-shaped rim, perfectly formed in two halves, b1 and b2. Formed on each of the adjoining ends of each of the halves, b1 and b2, are fastening lugs, c1 and c2 respectively, and passing through the lugs are bolts d, provided with fastening nuts e.

As shown in the drawings, bolts and nuts are employed in fastening the two halves together, but rivets, split rings, or screws may be employed without deviating from the nature of the invention.

In figure 3 is shown the rim formed in one piece, b3, and adapted to conform to the periphery of the disc. The rim b3 is split at c3 to facilitate the attaching and detaching of the discs. Each end of the rim is provided with a fastening lug, c4, through which passes a fastening bolt, d5, held in place by a fastening nut, e5.

In many portions of the West the soil is very loose and quite moist as a rule. Naturally a soil of that nature is easily infested with weeds, and especially in the case of continuous grain cropping is the common practice. The sub-surface packer is of advantage in preparing the soil so that weeds can be more easily killed, as well as putting the soil in shape so that it will conserve moisture. After the weeds are killed the soil is firmly pressed between the tines, and naturally the grain plants establish their roots in the firmer portion of the soil where there is most moisture, and thus a light harrow run over the field when the grain is a few inches high will kill more small weeds without injuring the grain crop than possible under ordinary seed bed preparation.

SPANISH NON-COMS ARRESTED.

Were in Newspaper Office Discussing a Conspiracy.

Madrid, Dec. 12.—Sixteen non-commissioned military officers were arrested in a newspaper office today and are held pending an inquiry. The incident is causing a great stir, as it is alleged they are concerned in a conspiracy which they were discussing with the editor of the newspaper when seized. The minister of war denies the existence of a conspiracy, and asserts that the officers were arrested because they met without authorization to discuss the conduct of the newspaper. The strangeness of this accusation and the fact that the cabinet discussed the arrests, increases the speculation.

Supposed Case of Leprosy.

Winnipeg, Dec. 12.—Dr. A. C. Smith, of the Lazerette, at Tracerdie, N.B., has been instructed by the health department at Ottawa to proceed to Winnipeg and look into a supposed case of leprosy in the Winnipeg General Hospital. He will report to Ottawa and if the case is leprosy it will be removed to Tracerdie.

Port Arthur C. P. R. Theft Case.

Port Arthur, Dec. 12.—The case of William Smith charged with theft from the C. P. R. freight sheds, was heard yesterday. A week's adjournment was made to allow the prosecution time to get more witnesses. Bail was allowed.

BURNING EMERGENCY COIN.

Spokane Banks Retire \$133,000 in Clearing House Certificates.

Spokane, Dec. 9.—Such a scene as would make a vivid page in fiction was enacted in the basement of the Old National Bank building yesterday afternoon, when four bankers, from as many of the Spokane banks, burned to ashes \$133,000 clearing house checks.

It marked the beginning of the retirement of fiat money in Spokane, now that it has served its purpose. The money was burned in the furnace of the Union Trust Company. Edwin T. Cowan, vice-president of the Exchange National Bank, stood at the firehook door, and J. P. M. Richards, president of the Spokane & Eastern Trust Company; Aaron Kuhn, president of the Traders' National Bank, and D. W. Twiby, president of the Old National Bank, carried him the bundles of money, which he tossed into the gaping mouth of the furnace. A stoker, in the person of the janitor of the building, stood near with a huge poker and stirred the flames while a fortune in the paper that had been worth as much over the counter during the last month as Uncle Sam's own went up in smoke. All of the checks were in denominations of \$1 and \$2, and the \$133,000 made much of the bushes. The burning of the money was calmly being watched across the tracks, and she saw him mangled beyond recognition. The woman then was regarded as the death, and Quatrocci, being the greatest coward, was given an opportunity to die first.

CHILIAN BANK SUSPENSES.

And Attention is Drawn to the Condition of Chilean Finances.

London, Dec. 12.—News of the suspension of the Chilean bank has again attracted attention to Chilean finances, which have been regarded as the soundest among the South American states. Recently it caused serious misgivings in London, though the Chilean government has endeavored to keep its money with indifference.

But the condition, in comparison with that of the other countries, is not so good. In New York sinks into insignificance, cannot be regarded lightly. The Chilean indifference is due, no doubt, to the fact that the government collects the greater part of the revenue in gold, and that the agricultural industries sell their products in gold, and that they are mortgaged in paper. A view of the situation, friendly to Chile, presents the financial position under two aspects. First, internal, due to a fall in the exchange; second, international, caused by a reckless speculation after the earthquake of 1906, which is the most important factor in the present situation, and it is believed necessary that the immense imports of machinery and other goods be stopped, and the price of labor almost doubled, while the necessities of life went up similarly.

TRIED TO PURCHASE LOVE.

Montreal Woman Paid Man \$300 to Marry Daughter.

Montreal, Dec. 11.—A curious case was tried before Judge Choquet today when Mrs. Joseph Paquet sued Arthur Parthenais for \$300, which she alleged he obtained under false pretences. It appears that the woman gave Parthenais the money on the understanding that he would marry her daughter. Parthenais had even visited the daughter, and she was very much disappointed, but the mother was very much so, hence the action. Judge Choquet held that the money was paid for a purpose, and that the mother was not to be held liable for the action of her daughter.

Logger Driven Insane by Pain.

New Westminster, Dec. 12.—John Telpash, the Austrian logger, who was so severely injured by a falling tree at Port Haney several days ago, has been driven insane by the awful pain he has suffered since the accident. He would not eat or sleep, and his life was despaired of, but he seemed to grow stronger again, though suffering terribly from the pain. He became restless and finally so violent that he had to be removed from the hospital. He is now in the hospital for the insane. Telpash has a wife and eight small children.

SUFFRAGETTE IN NEW YORK.

Mrs. Sanderson, Wealthy Agitator will Address Meeting.

New York, Dec. 12.—Mrs. T. C. Cohen Sanderson, a martyr of the woman's suffrage movement, who is to address a meeting of the Cooper union tomorrow night, has been hiding at the Florence hotel in fear of being deported as a convict. Tomorrow morning she expects to be arrested for her part in the suffrage movement. She has been hiding at the Florence hotel in fear of being deported as a convict. Tomorrow morning she expects to be arrested for her part in the suffrage movement.

Kaiser Returning Home.

Berlin, Dec. 12.—Kaiser William is on his way home from England. He embarked today at Port Victoria for the Imperial yacht Hohenzollern. He will spend a short time visiting Queen Wilhelmina of Holland.

MURDERESS TIED TO RAILS.

And Cut to Pieces—Genoa Mob Takes Awtel Vengeance.

Genoa, Italy, Dec. 12.—A trifling dispute over rent led to the murder of Anthony Bianchi, his wife and baby and three other children. The crimes were committed by Giuseppe Quatrocci and his wife, who afterwards were caught and held on the rails of a trolley line until a car in the control of one of the mob cut them to pieces.

Bianchi, a street car conductor, sublet a room in his cottage in the suburb of the city to the Quatroccis. When he called on his lodgers for his rent there was a dispute and the woman rushed upon him with a knife. Mrs. Bianchi, hearing the struggle, ran into the room and Mrs. Quatrocci attacked her, stabbing the woman and a baby she carried in her arms to death.

Quatrocci and his wife, to conceal their part in the strange crime, killed three other children and escaped. Blood stains on their clothing led to the discovery of the crime. An infuriated mob gathered, a trolley car was decided upon as the quickest agent of death, and Quatrocci, being the greatest coward, was given an opportunity to die first.

His wife was calm while he was tied across the tracks, and she saw him mangled beyond recognition. The woman then was regarded as the death, and Quatrocci, being the greatest coward, was given an opportunity to die first.

The method of holding the murderess and his wife in front of the car was devised by one of the mob, and he was again run down the track at great speed. In this manner the woman was butchered.

McDonald's Bill.

When the house met, Claude McDonald (Con.), South Toronto, introduced a bill to amend the Dominion Election Act. By it he proposes to bring about three changes: First, compulsory voting; second, providing for a general holiday on federal election day in order to give all classes equal opportunity to vote; third, the abolition of the present provision which makes it necessary for a candidate to put up a deposit of \$250.

Mr. Graham, minister of railways, informed Mr. Ames that under the statutes a prohibition zone had been created along the line of the Grand Trunk Pacific east of Winnipeg. It had originally extended twenty miles on either side of the railway, but had been reduced to five miles in Manitoba and ten miles in Ontario on the strength of the representations made by the Manitoba and Ontario boards of trade and other public bodies.

Cost of Conference.

Replying to a question by Mr. Foster, the minister of finance said that the expenditures of the Canadian government in connection with the imperial conference had been \$8,000,000. He said that the government had appropriated twenty for the expenses of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Sir Frederick Borden, Hon. J. H. Brown, and other members of the conference.

Mr. Borden was informed by the minister of railways that the total receipts of the Yukon telegraph system from March 31 to date have been \$52,725, while the expenses have been \$126,118.

\$300,000,000 for Transcontinental.

Ottawa, Dec. 11.—A big item in the estimates is \$300,000,000 for the national transcontinental railway. Last year the amount voted for this purpose was \$25,000,000. A million dollars are provided for harbor and river improvements at Port Arthur and Port William; \$300,000 for improvements at the mouth of the St. Lawrence; and \$40,000 for the Georgian Bay canal survey. The total amount voted for military purposes was \$181,000, as compared with \$4,861,063. The amount proposed for the annual military budget is \$1,000,000, or twenty-five per cent. more than for the summer of 1907.

Portugal is All Quiet.

Paris, Dec. 11.—A despatch received here today from Lisbon, believed to emanate from the government, is as follows: "The false news regarding the international situation of Portugal has circulated recently, especially in Spain, has caused general alarm and confusion in Lisbon. There are no signs of agitation here. Everybody in Portugal from the members of the royal family down to the humblest peasant, is leading a normal life."

Big Wolf Hunt in January.

Montreal, Dec. 11.—The tourist department of the C. P. R. has issued a statement that a big wolf hunt will start from Kippewa, Quebec, on January 17 next. The hunt will be under the direction of a professional hunter and best guides will be arranged for. New Yorkers, Bostonians and Chicagoans and men from other Great Lakes cities will take part in one of these hunts. Canada will also furnish a contingent of stalwarts.

Bishop's Object to Pope's Decrees.

Cologne, Dec. 11.—A conference of the German bishops in session here to discuss the encyclical issued by the pope against modernism in faith ended by their deliberations last evening. It is understood that there was a serious disagreement over the resolution, which requests the pope before he issues such edicts to inform his followers in Germany. Cardinal Koppas Breslau supported the resolution, which it is reported, had a large majority.

Killed in C. P. R. Yards.

Ottawa, Dec. 12.—Harry Tennant, of Hamilton, Ontario, was killed in the C. P. R. yards at Carleton Place. He had been struck by a car.

WEAK ATTACK ON THE GOVERNMENT

Made by Barker, of Hamilton, in Connection With Quebec Bridge Disaster

Ottawa, Dec. 11.—The debate on the address from the throne closed this afternoon somewhat abruptly. It was expected that there were to be two or three more amendments by the opposition, but evidently the party could not agree about that, so the debate came to a speedy termination shortly after 5 o'clock this afternoon. The amendment of Mr. Barker on the Quebec bridge disaster was perhaps one of the weakest attacks yet made on the government since the debate opened. Mr. Barker not only was devoid of any information about the subject beyond what was seen in the press, but he was confronted with the fact that his party had supported the government's amendment without dissent, past legislation on the subject. This was well put by Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Fielding.

Mr. Barker's amendment was defeated by a majority of 46 and immediately afterwards the address was adopted. Hon. W. S. Fielding laid his estimates for the year on the table of the house and the other business was proceeded with till six o'clock when the house arose.

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