

# THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN.

From Willmer.  
NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

Just received from Valencia:—  
Treaty of Peace concluded with China—England and France indemnified.

The *North American*, with the Canadian, and the *Asia* with direct Boston mails, leave Liverpool, and *Fulton*, Southampton, Saturday next.

To-day's papers have long interesting reports by Bright, the Atlantic Telegraph Company's Engineer.

INDIA NEWS.—Bombay dates to 19th July—the mutiny was being rapidly quelled.  
St. John's, August 25.

The number of European troops in India and on their way is 78,416 men. At the dates of the last returns the troops of the Company's service amounted to 15,855 additional troops. From this was to be deducted about 7,400 sick, making on the whole 86,000 or 87,000 troops ready to assist in quelling the rebellion.

TROOPS REQUIRED FOR INDIA.—It is stated on what is held to be excellent authority, that 80,000 European troops are requisite for the complete suppression of the insurrection in India and that 26,000 is about the actual number now available for field service. If a decisive and final blow is to be struck in the course of the next cold season, it is obvious that no time must be lost in making the necessary preparations. The *Daily News* is therefore anxious that Lord Stanley should, before Parliament rises, make some satisfactory statement on this important subject. From the *Morning Herald* we learn that the War Office has given its sanction to the raising of 17 regiments of cavalry for India, giving a force of 14,000 men, and that men of 5 feet 2 inches will be accepted. From another source we learn that several additional regiments of militia are to be embodied, and that the men, when properly drilled, will be invited to volunteer into regiments of the line.—These measures may enable the Government to spare for India a considerable number of the troops now in this country.

PRINCE ALFRED IN IRELAND.—Last week his Royal Highness passed the time at Glengarriff where he is said to have been very successful angling for trout. He next visited Limerick, where, in the evening after his arrival, bonfires blazed in every direction; and his Royal Highness, who is an interesting boy about fourteen years old, was delighted with his warm reception. All along his route the Prince's reception has been enthusiastic; and "his manners," says the *Dublin correspondent* of a London contemporary, "have won the warm attachment of the Irish people." It was the intention of the Prince to visit Valencia, and see the Atlantic telegraph laid down. Previous to the Prince leaving Waterford, he and the gentlemen who accompanied him landed from his boat at Ballinakil, the residence of Captain John Power, where his Royal Highness was hospitably entertained, he and the other gentlemen having partaken of tea with Captain and Mrs. Power. He was anxious to see the room in which the unfortunate James II. slept the last night he was in Ireland. Capt. Power showed him through the house, and pointed out the identical room to the Prince, where the ex-monarch actually slept on his escape from Ireland to France.

PRESENT PHASE OF THE WAR.—It is now believed, even in Calcutta, that the Indian Rebellion is at an end, and that little remains to be accomplished by our authorities beyond the suppression of brigandage and the reestablishment of order. This conclusion is the more striking inasmuch as the lower provinces now present the chief scenes of disturbance, and we are told by the last despatches that Bengal and Calcutta are forthwith to be placed in a better state of defence. But it was evident to all persons of observation in India that the insurrection has lost its alarming characteristics, and has dwindled from the dimensions of a great military revolt to the complexion of mere local disorders. No organised rebellion any longer subsists. No leader is abroad with any military power. "Matters seem settled down," said our telegram of yesterday, "in all parts of India."—*Times*, August 20.

## NEWS OF THE WEEK.

The long expected journey of the Queen and the Prince Consort to Prince Frederick William of Prussia, took place on Tuesday last, when the royal party left Gravesend, the Mayor and Corporation of that place presenting an address before the embarkation. They reached Breitenbach the next afternoon, and would speedily be at their destination. It appears that her Majesty expressed a wish that the scholars of St. Pauls, should have an additional holiday this year in commemoration of the marriage of her daughter, Princess Frederick William, so that the school, instead of meeting on the 3rd of September will not meet until the 10th.—an act

of condescension on the part of the Monarch which will secure her the best wishes of the boys.

(From the *Morning Post Extra*, 26 ult.)

## LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

NEWS OF YESTERDAY FROM ENGLAND, BY THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.

We hasten to give general circulation to the following Telegram received last night from the Atlantic Telegraph Company's Superintendent at Cyrus Station, Trinity Bay:—

"From Cyrus Station,  
Aug. 25th 1858.

"To W. J. Ward.  
The following news, just received from Valencia, may possibly interest you for publication.

Treaty of peace concluded with China—England and France indemnified. The "North American" with the Canadian, and the "Asia" with direct Boston mails leave Liverpool, and the "Fulton," Southampton, on Saturday next. To-day's (English) papers have a long interesting report by Mr. Bright, the Atlantic Telegraph Company's Engineer.

INDIAN NEWS.—Bombay dates to 19th July.—The Mutiny was being rapidly quelled.  
DESAUTY."

BOMBARDMENT OF JEDDAH.—MALTA, AUGUST 18.—The *Cyclops* arrived at Suez yesterday, reporting that on her arrival at Jeddah a despatch had been sent to Khaimakin Pasha, who was absent, giving him thirty-six hours to punish the insurgents.—Forty elapsed and no answer. We commenced bombarding the town for three days at intervals, at the expiration of which time, Mami Pasha went on board the *Cyclops*, assuring the Captain that the culprits were condemned, and that he only awaited orders from Constantinople to execute them. This communication had not the desired effect, and did not prevent the bombardment from continuing until Ismael Pacha, the commissioner arrived from Constantinople, causing eleven insurgents to be hanged in the presence of all the shipping, the rest to be sent to Constantinople for trial, many vessels were destroyed during the bombardment. The fleet left for Malta this morning.

FRANCE.—The *Times* correspondent mentions the possibility of an expedition being undertaken against Madagascar, by the united forces of England and France to punish the natives for their insults and piracy. The same authority says the conference will sign the convention to-morrow.

## THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1858.

WHEN the Atlantic Telegraphic Cable was safely landed upon our shores, and the denizens of the capital gave themselves up to excitement and unrestrained jubilation, we deemed ourself at liberty to relax a little from our vocation, and with our friends to dispose of the harvest month, as rationally and agreeably as circumstances would permit; but it seems "we reckoned without our host," and some of our subscribers remind us of what should never have been forgotten,—that Newspaper Editors are public servants, and whoever may lay claim to indulgence, they are the least likely to succeed in their demand. The communications which we publish to day are proof sufficient of the fact; and we must as in duty bound, resume our occupation. With regard to the address alluded to by *Consistency*, we must take leave to refer our readers to the remarks which we copy from the "Express," and if anything more pungent be required, it will be found in a previous number of that journal, which is generally pretty well kept up to the mark. For our own part we are not disposed to lay much stress upon such things, signatures to flattering addresses are obtained much in the same way as signatures to petitions for benefits sought or commutation of punishment deserved. More depends upon the influence of the party soliciting than upon the propriety of the appeal; and when experienced government whips or whippers in are employed, it is not to be wondered at that in Newfoundland, a goodly list may always be filled,—when our present talented and high minded Attorney General's turn comes for judicial honour, we doubt not the same process will be gone thro' and with the same Newfoundland-lauded effect.

With regard to the question why our late Premier did constitute himself senior to his senior? we may observe that according to the Royal Instructions, the Senior Executive Officer should during the Governors absence administer the Government, and as such should be termed Lieutenant Governor, this honor, not to mention the pay, would be worth the small sacrifice of modesty thus despotically displayed. The same honorable ambition no doubt prompted the preference for the senior assistant Judgeship. The Chief Justice will soon be leaving

or retiring and then,—In short, the whys and wherefores may be answered by some of the lines of Wordsworth upon Rob Roy's grave.

For why? because the good old Rule Sufficeth him, the simple plan That they should take who have the power And they should keep who can.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN

SIR,—Not a few of your readers are inclined to feel apprehensive, either that you are tired of pointing out inconsistencies, or that you do not feel perfectly at liberty to discuss some matters of a local and political character, which should not pass unnoticed. You have with much truth and plainness, during the past two years, severely criticised many of the acts of the Ministry,—of which Mr. P. F. Little was not only Chief but Director. Passing over many things, his complicity with Mr. Labouchere and Governor Darling, in yielding up our joint Fishery Rights to the French, should have been sufficient to prevent at least Merchants and Fishermen from signing an address in commendation of his very questionable career, whilst to Newfoundlanders generally his first act of oppression, that of displacing Mr. F. Carter, upon slight pretence, from office, merely to make room for his brother John, ought to connect his character with any thing but adulatory language in this country. Yet this act was only in accordance with others still more selfish, why upon obtaining the power did he place his own name first, and as senior of the Council, overlooking the claim, age, and character, of the Honourable and Venerable Laurence O'Brien? And lastly why appoint himself senior Assistant Judge, whilst a gentleman, his senior in years and in practice, and his superior in degree at the Bar, was being appointed his junior? But I have strayed from my purpose, which was not so much to attack an absent party, as to awaken you to the danger of yielding too much to influences which to some minds would be sufficiently intimidating.

Depend upon it Mr. Editor your own personal interest will be best advanced by remembering your position at all times, and fearlessly exposing every act of a public nature which may have a tendency to mystify political character or to strengthen the position of parties many of whose acts you have heretofore rightly and consistently denounced.

## CONSISTENCY.

THE *Newfoundlander* is so overjoyed with the partial success of the canvass signatures to the address to the Hon. Judge LITTLE that he cannot let well alone. That four or five leading merchants, who have hitherto been considered as opposed to the party in power should sign an address implying even partial confidence in the administration of which the Hon. Judge was lately the head, actually deprives our contemporary of his ordinary prudence, and he exults at the prospect of the government obtaining a further lease of power. What will he say to the numerous refusals to sign the address, some of them by former partizans of the administration—and to the fact that several of those who signed without reading the address as they formerly signed without reading the address to Governor Darling? The *Newfoundlander* has nothing to congratulate his party upon—the hand-writing is upon the wall—they have been weighed in the balance and found wanting,—and their ignominious expulsion from office and the reconstruction of the Cabinet are events by no means distant.—[Express.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN.

SIR,—Your silence upon political matters lately, is beginning to cause uneasiness amongst some of your steady supporters, whatever your motive may be, dissatisfaction to a majority of your readers must be the consequence, if last year you objected to £250 Stg. being taken from the public fund for the St. John's races, why suffer £100, to be taken this year without a word, and such races as even a Government paper, was forced to acknowledge as characterized by drunkenness rowdyism and other scenes too disgraceful to publish.

Now Sir, to use your own words, the amount, tho' by no means trifling, is not so much the consideration, as the object and principle, if £100 can be taken thus with impunity, what is then to prevent £10,000 being taken another time, for any other purpose.

Then Sir, we are reminded of the large amounts granted the telegraph company by our government, upon which you wrote so freely last year; your account as furnished, is not only not denied, but paraded at the Telegraph Banquet, by the Colonial Secretary by whom great credit is claimed, for thus freeing the fisherman of the country out of many thousands of pounds sterling, whilst the neighbouring Colonies enjoy the same advantage, scot free, and all this because we were in a position which would enable us to make our own terms with the millionaires who compose the Telegraph Company. This is too poor a country to lavishly spend thousands of pounds for cosmopolitan purposes, our own poor require all that can be spared from local im-

provements and colonial necessities, yet our ministers called responsible have not scrupled to rob the country for the advantage of a company, who would not condescend even to be bound by their obligations, but who have left unfinished their portion of the contract.

## MORE ANON.

WE respectfully congratulate the numerous friends of Mrs. and Miss Munn, and Miss Allen, on the safe arrival of those ladies, after a considerable absence from home.

THE Revd. Dr. BURNS preached Sunday last, morning and afternoon, to a large and attentive congregation in the Free Church of Scotland, in this place.—A more eloquent and impressive expositor of Divine truths, it has never been our privilege to attend to.

DIED.—On Friday, 27 Inst, after a short illness, Anne the beloved wife of Mr. George Snow.

## Shipping Intelligence

ENTERED.

Aug. 19.—Marcellia, Tracey, Baltimore, 20.—James Wellington; Weddleton, LaHava, 21.—Andaz, Vaello, Cadiz, 23.—May Flower, Dugret Quebec,

Punton & Munn.

Aug. 20.—Andante, Ingram, Cadiz, 25.—Casilda, (Sp.) Gomez, Santander, 26.—Jacinta, Paris, Cadiz, Aguilá, Bengoechea, San Sebastian, Mischief, Dawe, Cadiz,

Ridley & Sons.

Aug. 20.—Queen, Bailly, Brazils, 25.—Eter, (Sp.) Perez, Italy, 28.—Eliza, Walling, Brazil, James Wellington, Wadleton LaHava

Punton & Munn.

Aug. 24.—Puzzle, Trinick Civita Vecchia, 31.—Casilda, (Sp.) Gomez, Labrador,

Ridley & Sons.

## ALTERATION OF ROUTE.

THE STEAMER.

## ELLEN GISBORNE

Will ply in this Bay, as follows:—

Mondays and Wednesdays, will leave Harbor Grace at 9 o'clock, A.M., for Brigus, calling at Carbonear and Portugal Cove.

Tuesdays and Thursdays, leave Brigus at 9 A.M., for Harbor Grace, calling at Cove and Carbonear.

Saturdays, leave Harbor Grace at 9 A.M., for Cove, return to Brigus, Carbonear, and Harbor Grace.

N.B.—Will leave Harbor Grace every alternate Wednesday, six hours before English mail closes in St. John's.

When not more than four passengers for Carbonear, they will be sent by land carriage from Harbor Grace.

G. MAKINSON.

Harbor Grace, 25th, August 1858.

## FAIRBANKS' CELEBRATED

## SCALES,

of every variety,  
34 Killby Street,  
Boston,

GREENLEAF & BROWN, Agents.

A full assortment of all kinds of weighing apparatus and store furniture for sale at low rates. Railroad, Hay, and Coal Scales set in any part of the Provinces.

BY THE SUBSCRIBER.

Ex GLENCOE from Wallace N.T.

50 Tons assorted  
Scantling

50 M. Hemlock

Boards & Deals

16 Small Spars

Harbor Grace, } H. W. TRAPNELL, }  
Aug. 7th, 1858. }

## POST

MAILS will be delivered at the Office for the Harbor Grace on Thursdays, at 10 o'clock, A.M. Brigus, every day, at half past 10. Trinity, Bonaventure, Thursday, Greenpond, every day, at half past 10. Bay Bulls, at ten o'clock. Trapassey, St. John's, Harbor B. Odein, St. John's, and Burge, 1st September. Fogo and Terra Nova, Wednesday, at 10 o'clock, A.M.

Post Office at St. John's

## BUILDING

RICK-VAN DER BEEK, done in notice. Thomas Lynn with prompt Harbor Grace 14th, July

## The

Ex "Ro" "Ma" 1800

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Harbor Grace August 18

## PUN

ARE now New 657 Bar 290 do 100 do 100 Cas 14 Bal

The whole Prices Harbour G

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Harbor Grace Aug. 24, 1