HASZARD'g GAZEI IE, AUGUST 16.

placing the Coast-guard under the direct-
on of the Board of Admiralty will afford he ground work for arrangements for pro viding, in time of peace, means sapplicable any future emergency

Gentlemen of the House of Commons We are commanded by her Majesty to hank you for the readiness with which you have granted the supplies for the presen

- My Lords and Gentlemen,

Her Majesty commands us to congratulate you on the favourable state of the re-
enue, and upon the thriving condition all branches of the national industry; and he acknowledges with gratitude the loyalt order and that respect for the law which prevail in every part of her dominions.

- Her Majesty commands us to express homes you will promote, by your influene and example in your several districts that continued and progressive improvement
which is the vital principle of the wellbeing of nations; and her Majesty fervently prays end your steps, or the welfare and happiness of her peo ple."
what is the spanish question ? What are the occurrences which with Constitutional Queen, who holds her title to the Crown by legal enactmen against a relative claiming by divine right,
has suddenly dismissed, or caused to resign, the Minister who during his whole caree has been the champion of responsibl goverament in her dominions. Anothe politician, known only as a resolute and un-
serupulous soldier, has been raised to sup reme power. This substitution of a notoriously Absolutist Minister for a man of strictly constitutional views would seem to
foreigner a dangerous act. We might foreigner a dangerous act. We might
owever, be in the wrong. But when w see the actual and immediate results we can no longer hesitate as to the character
of the change. We find that insurrection of the change. Welliately follow in Madrid, and that for this insurrection the new government was thoroughly prepared beforehand. We find that O'Donnell, taking advantage o his position as Minister of War, had con-
centrated 20,000 men on the capital. Hi irst step was to surround himself with col leagues who had two years before, when
for a few hours in office turned the can non of the army against the people. The inst aet of the new Ministry was the proclamation of Martial law. The Legislative
Assembly was dispersed by force, fired Assembly was dispersed by force, fire presence of the Sovereign, and driven from Weir legal place of meeting by grapeshot.
We find the capital in arms to resist thi reasonable violation of public law. and wo hear of a desperate contest, in which the National Guard, after several hours' fighting, are crushed by the large forces com-
centrated on Madrid. The next intelligence is that the Cortes have fled to a pro vineial town. Arragon receives the natbeen dispersed by a monstrous act of miliand the flame spreads. At the present mo ment Saragosse is held by an insurgent
army, and we learn that in the south Mal army, and we learn that in the south Mal The Ministry is intent on crushing all re sistance to its power, and everything i the country." Sueh are the facts. The Sovereiga and her, confidant concentrate troops, disperse and fire on the Legiglature, Guard, and are notie engaged in crushing the Liberalism of the provinces. The
question is, what are we to think of sucl question
an act?
Inparyingnce Rebukzd.-Colonel Rivors, a tried and gallant officar, never went into aetion without manifest emotion : and on one occasion, when leading his regimen
under fire, a raw subaltera who noticed the quiver which shook his frame, had the im-
 vers Nair as much afiaid as I tam, you

Tue Norin Side of Sebistopol.-W letter from an officer, who lately visited the northern forts of Sebastopol day, and saw the works which held us in check so long, and so effectually, affer the
Sth September. We landed at Fort ael, and were allowed to go over it. Every thing was in good serviceable condition but a match in the magazine would have
made it a shapeless ruin at the last moment made it a shapeless ruin at the last moment, so that it afforded no indication of the state of trepidation and alarm the Russians
might have been in. From this, we walked might have been in. From this, we walked up through some earthwork and approach-
ed one of the cemeteries, which was in sight from the ship during the time we were blockading, and where we had often seen funeral parties interring the dead. As we left the fort, an officer passed us and bushed up the hill side to the working party, who, we thought were constructing the graves. The men, on our approach quitted their work, whatever it was, and moved off towards the Star Fort, and we soon stood on the spot where they had been working. What do you suppose they were
doing? Exhuming, in excellent preservadoing? Exhuming, in excellent preserva-
tion, a number of brass puns! There were the graves in which they had been
deposited- deent deposited-decent mounds of earth had
been piled over them, and as there were great many other similar heaps, the probability is, that they covered other ipteresting brazen remains of the same imperishable nature. The soil and the guns we saw
were still damp, and we counted nearly Gifty pieces of ordnance with Turkish characters engraved on them. We conjecturwars. Some were fourteen feet in length and many remarkably handsome pieces wanting as to the intention of the Russians to quit the riorth side, 1 think this one incident would suffice for most people. They onsidered their position untenable, and as they would have been unable to transport ing to lose as trophies, they resorted to the orpses, rering them anter, upon our civilisation, not to disturb the dead. This is apon a par with their hoisting hospital flags
over powder magazines. We walked round the Sievernai or Star Fort, and at the gate were permitted to enter. It is of
considerable extent, but the ditch atd defences generally are far inferior to what we supposed. Here again it seemed, that preparations had been made for a blot. All the buildings were unroofed and in ruins,
and the premeditated destruction of everyand the premeditated destruction of every-
thing that could have been of use to us was thing that could have been of use to us was
apparent on all sides. We knew pretty nearly what works had been thrown up after our appearance off the place in 1854,
and of those that existed previously a near estimate would be formed, and we can understand the surprise the Russians felt when our army passed round from the orth to the south, and when they laughed at our terror with respeet to the northern
defences. We leisurely defences. We leisurely inspected the
various works, including the famous $W$ asp Fort. It is a square Martello tower, sunk about 12 feet, and surnounded by a deep
diteh. At the top are mounted eight 42 pounders, but so closely are they placed
that a 13 -inch shell falling into the centre would most probably disable the whole Ater the 17th of October the Russians threw up a bank of earth in front, so as to
conceal the masonry from sea view. It was the only formidable work on

Faction fight amongst the peasantry sartially parts of the Sonth of Ireland ar is on the inerease in these districts where the people are in a much more prosperputal, in the county of Limerick, on man has just died from the effects of a beating received in one of these fights,

The number of journals published in Switzerland this year is 263 , being 12
more than in 1855 . more than in 1855.

CHARLOTTEMOWI REGATTA of His Bxcellency the Lient.
$\qquad$ TO TAKE PLACE ON the 19th and 20th days of August
frogramme of the pirst may
IRST race at hoclock a
Between the first elass country Sailing Boats,
froun 20 to 80 feet keel. First prize, $\overline{\Sigma 7}$, seeond L3 10s. Entranee money, 3土, each'
sECOND RACE A'T $120^{\prime}$ CLOCK, To be contended for by coontry foor opred Boats, do, $x 2$ 10a Eatrance money, Se. each.
Third RACE AT HALF.PAST 12, Between the two oared elab, Boats, of any length.
1st prize $£ 210 ; 2$ ad $d o ., f 1$. Entrance niooeg Ia ed. fort race at 1 oclock, precisely
 FIFCH itacE: AT HAL.F.-PAST 1,
 Entrance money, ${ }^{\text {32. }}$ each.
SIXTH
RACE AT 20 CLOCK,
 4th do. Ss. Entrance Free.
SEVENTH RACE AT HALF--PAST 2, Between two oared coantry Boots, of any length
ist prize, $\Sigma 258$; 2 d do., $\mathrm{f1}$. Entrance Is. 6d.
each. each. EIGTH HACE AT 3 O'CLOC,K EIGHTH RACE AT 3 O'CLOC,K
Between the eecond-class country seiling Boats, 3d do, 11 ... Unless four boate start, no ad priz wili be given in this Race. HALF-PAST 3,
NetwTHARACE AT HALF
 Two boats or more to stan
The first day's
The first day's Regata to finieh with the
TENTI RACE $A T A O^{\prime} C L O C K$,
Between Canoes prddled by Squawe, to whom
the same number and amount of Prizes will be be
Programme of the Second day's Regatta.
pisst race toistant AT 1 o'clock,
Between the firat-elase elab Yachus. For La dies' Purse. Eatrance money, 10e. each.


 To be
dian Cane To be contended for by white men praddling InTin Canoes. les. pri.
money las. .ed. each.
Consolation Stakkes for all beaten Sailing Boats, to
 The Entertainment to wind ap with the sixTH
RACE, viz: "The Dack Hant," which will take RACE, viz : "Thio Dack Hant,", which will take
place at half-past fourc, between a four oored GGig.
withoot steering apparatus, to catch a pant within


## REGULATIONS.

il bubscribers of Twenty Shillings, and upward the Regetited Club. all the privileges of Members of cland, will bo allowed to compete for the clut Mates, by the owness subseribing twenty vitilnoney. 1. The Boate places at chanting will Three Boits atart. No 2d proate will be the piven ienteme

 all
An
for du



tawis Makfally yeopivel by the Committee, the Everoth
Chariottotowna, Jaly 16, 1856.-All papera.

