THE SEMI-WEEKLY KLONDIKE NUGGET: DAWSON. Y, T., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1900



public Domain Must be Irrigated to be Habitable.

Attention of Congress Demanded in the Matter-Public Contract the Accepted Principle.

(From Wednesday's Daily).

when the last convention of the trans-Mississippi commercial congress met at Houston, Texas, some very interesting statistics on the needs of the irrigation of the arid lands of the United States were brought out.

Elwood Mead, of the department of agriculture, in the course of a long speech on the needs of irrigation, said in part :

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"The arid region embraces an area larger than any European country save Russia, and is canable of supporting a larger population than now lives east of the Mississippi river. In this vast district, when reclaimed, homes may be mae for a population of 100,000,000 souls. To effect this result is a task inferior to no other in the realm of statesmanship or social economics. Its public lands comprise the nation's farm and are the chief hope of those who have little besides industry and self denial with which to win landed independence. As it is how, this land has but little value. In many places a township would not support a settler and his family. This is not because the land lacks fertility, but because it lacks moisture. Where rivers have been turned from their course, the products which have resulted equal in excellence and amount those of the most favored districts of ample raintall.

There are only 6,000,000 acres of cultivated land along the Nile. It is all irrigated. Where there is no irrigation, there is desert. This little patch not stand it. So, if the present of ground has made Egypt a landmark in the world's history. It supports present rate, those who do the shoeing over 5,000,000 people and pays the in- will be the losers. terest on a national debt half as large as our own. The possibilities of the valmade to arrigate five times the land now arise. cultivated along the Nile. The essence of the problem of re-

claim all the and possible will involve the work and material used.

mand in the west for legislation providing public aid in construction of works of too great magnitude and cost for private enterprise. - There is a growing belief that one of two things should be done Either arid states should be placed in a position to ex-

tend this aid, or the general government should extend the work it is now doing in the reclamation of certain Indian reservations to the reclamation of the unoccupied public lands. One policy much discussed and widely the recovery list. favored is legislation wihch will permit of the leasing of public grazing lands for a term of years at a small aunnual rental, the proceeds to be given to the several arid states and applied by them

to irrigation development. If this is carried out, the settler owning the contiguous irrigated land should be favored, the object being to Only the national government can make the best and broadest study of the vari-the Louis and broadest study of the vari-the Louis and broadest study of the vari-the latest to St. ous economic questions related to the development of agriculture on arid lands. The investigation of the office of experiment stations into the methods employed in distributing and using waemployed in distributing and using water and its efforts to secure more uniexisting evils and in promoting development upon broader lines in the ment applies also to work of the geological survey and to other divisions of the department of agriculture. The national government is already active along all these lines, and the field of its labors is wide and inviting."

Horseshoes Are Scarce.

There is a dearth of horseshoes in Dawson, but people who have horses to shoe need, labor under no apprehensions concerning the price of horseshoeing, as it is generally . understood from the horseshoers that the present price of \$8 per head will not be raised, as they realize that the conditions will

leys of the arid west are equally great, that lasts no difficulty of any conse-The Missouri and its tributaries can be quence to the owner of horses can

"The hardware dealer is the man who makes more money than we do," claiming these lands which confronts said a well posted blacksmith, this some recent agitations of the question, us at the outset is the control and dis- morning. "The price of our work has and then discusses the matter as foltribution of the water supply, since not gone down during the past two years, lows: only the enduring prosperity, but the but the price of the material we buy The idea of a waterway from the very existence, of the homes created from him remains just what it was Great lakes to the Gulf of Mexico is will be conditioned upon the ability to then, and now that shoes are scarce, if very old. The ordinance of Virginia, use these rivers for irrigation. The di- prices go up, he will be the gainer, we of 1787, for the government of the verse interests of individuals and com- will be the loosers, and the man with Northwest territory, now included in nunities and even of different states horses to shoe will not be affected at the states of Illinois, Wisconsin, Michiwill all be dependent upon streams all, because we realize that he is pay- gan, Indiana, and a part of Ohio deflowing from a common source. To re- ing already all that he can afford for clared the tributaries of the St. Law-"Coal is another thing which does connecting the same to be forever free

CREEK NOTES.

Messrs, Shroyer and Lewis, of 60 above Bonanza roadhouse are now open for business. Mr. Wilson, of 57 above Bonanza, has been confined to his room for the past week with rheumatism ...

Messrs. Frame & McLean are completing a building 20x30 to be used for balls and entertainments.

•Mr. Rob-Đick who has been at the Good Samaritan hospital for the past three weeks with typhoid fever, is on

120 members and guests.

Messrs. Wilson and Hicks and Kinsey and Kinsey of Gold Hill, who own ad-joining claims, have gotten down to business in good earnest and will work their claims from the same tunnel.

Mr. Wm. McRice, foreman on 29 El-dorado, has "been confined to his coom anite with the lands reclaimed a cer-for the past three weeks with inflam-tain portion of the public pasture. matory rheumatism. As his condition had at all times from the lakes to St.

Mr. John Gorst, who intended to start a restaurant at 17 Eldorado, had his foot so badly frozen last Tuesday

One would hardly suspect in passing ter and its efforts to secure more uni-torm and efficient water laws are des-tined to have untold value in correcting piece of tapestry work done by Mrs. Shaw. It was only the interior of her former home on Hunker creek, but the velopment upon broader lines in the future. What is true of the efforts of tion of every detail, even to the matthis one branch of the national govern-ment applies also to work of the geo-blankets, robes, etc., convinces an observer that Mrs. Shaw is not only a real but natural and true artist.

Mr. Thompson, of 43 above Bonanza was given a birthday surprise party last Wednesday, it being his 47th birth-day. Plates were laid for 20 persons, and the most completely surprised man imaginable was Mr. Thompson on ar

riving home in the sevening to see a long table loaded down with all the good things obtainable, surrounded by a merry throng of guests. After the repast songs and music were indulged in. Mr. Douglas, a former grand opera singer, surprised the guests in his fine rendition of "Suwanee River." Jack Lindsey brought down the house with "The Blow Almost Killed Father."" not stand it. So, if the present scarcity of shoes, operates to raise the present rate, those who do the shoeing will be the losers. There is plenty of material in town from which to make shoes, and while Mr. Smith with his own mandolin ac-

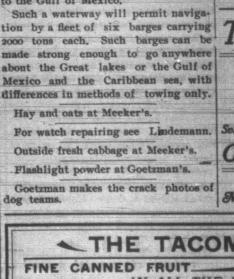
A National Waterway.

The idea of a continuous waterway from the Great lakes to the sea for the transportation of freight is not a new one, says an exchange in speaking of

66 rence and Mississippi and the portages

Utica without any wors at all. Dredging and the construction of locks and Fresh Stall Fed REFE dams at the abrupt declivities will produce the depth required and the results obtained will be substantially permanent. The Mississippi river when reached presents a different problem. This large depth can be extended to St. Louis and maintained at all seasons, Below St. Louis, we are now advised, it is found possible to maintain nine to

ten feet throughout the low water sea. I am selling son by means of hydraulic dredging. The stages of water below St. Louis are such that 14 feet can be carried through for five to seven months in the natural conditions of the river and this period should be prolonged for seven to nine months by the methods now developed. The remainder of the season will simply have use down to the minimum of





White Pass and Yukon Route. A Daily Train Each Way Between

Whitehorse and Skagway

COMFORTABLE UPHOLSTERED COACHES

NORTH-Leave Skagway daily, except Sundays, 8:30 a. m., Bennett 12:15 a. m. Arrive at Whitehorse, 5:15 p. m.

civilization, blessed with peace and same/thing. crowned with a remarkable degree of prosperity in case wise laws, just policies shall prevail in the years of the immediate future, while institutions are forming. But if it be otherwise, if govern and we ignore the experience of older countries than our own; then we business this session." may behold only a gloomy forecast of leagl, econoime, and possibly even civil strife.

The entire discussion leads up to one inevitable conclusion. This is that irrigation, over and above all other industries, 1s a matter demanding public su pervision and control. Every drop of water entering the headgate, and every drop escaping at the end of the canal, is a matter of public concern. The public must determine, through constitutions and statutes, the nature of water ownership. The public must establish means for the measurements of streams and for ascertaining how much water may be taken for each acre of land under the principle of beneficial use. 'The the distribution of water among those who have properly established their rightful claims to it. We have thoroughly tried the method of leaving all this to private initiative management, and, along with magnificent material progress, we have reaped a large crop of deplorable financial results. Whateven may be said of fraternalism elsewhere, the principle of public control and supervision in this particular field is inseparable from peace and progress. While much may be left to the action of states and communities, there is still a wide field for national efforts. Only the nation can legislate as to the pub-

ic lands and reform the abuses in connection with the present system of land laws. There is a strong popular de- Large Africana cigars at Rochester. river a very good navigable stream to

large as New England, with New York not decrease in value any I notice. I to all the citizens of the United States. added. Standing now at the birth of paid two years ago for two or three Various waterways of the old fashioned

MARINE MYSTERY.

(Continued on Page 1.)

greed and ignorance be allowed to meet the demands. Aside from this doomed, likewise the movement by

The Canadian contingent has been long routes. received in the house of lords by the peers. Col. Otter made the first layman speech in that chamber. Chamnational crisis the British empire will present a solid front."

Maxwell Wins in B. C.

Burrard, B. C., Dec. 6, via Skagway, public must see that justice is done in election by a majority of 471, and the the taxing district, known as the sani-Liberal-Labor party is preparing for a great celebration.

> (After the defeat of Hugh John Mc-Donald in Manitoba by Clifford Sifton, telegraphic information stated that he would come to British Columbia and that Mayor Gardner, of Victoria, who was the Conservative nominee against Maxwell, would resign and that Hugh John would contest the seat with Maxwell. It has since been learned that the arrangement was never carried out, therefore, Victoria's mayor is the man defeated by Maxwell.-ED.)

Six varieties fresh vegetables at Meeker's.

things, and looking down the vista of tons of Cumberland coal, ten cents a and now obsolete type were built or the future, we can see in the course of pound, and here a short time, since I projected through this territory before the rivers the dim outline of a mighty was charged 12 cents a pound for the railways had developed their functions as a system of transportation, and some of these early waterways have been abandoned while others are still in use. This railway development is now so (Continued on Page 1.) for such enactments as are required to meet the demands. Aside from this doomed, likewise the movement by you are to transact no other public water over short routes. In other words, the function of the future waterway is to carry in large quantity over

Considered as a waterway of magnitude, one route from the Great lakes to the gulf is pre-eminent over all others -that is, from Lake Michigan, via the berlain replied, expressing the keenest Chicago portage, the Illinois river and appreciation of Canada's patriotism in the Mississippi river. It follows the helping out the mother country in her lowest line of the Continental valley, great national crisis. "We have," he with its level in Lakes Michigan and said, "taught the world that in any Huron, only 580 feet above tidewater. It is the one trunk line to which all waterways between the Rocky and Allegheny mountains, as now existing or as they may be developed in the future, are necessarily tributary.

This canal 15 now opened for a part Dec. 12 .-- Geo. B. Maxwell won his of the water contemplated, at a cost to tary district of Chicago, of \$40,000,000, and its full development will cost sev eral millions more. Including the Chicago river, it is 30 miles long, 160 feet wide, with vertical sides in rock, and 202 feet wide on the bottom and about 300 feet wide at the top in earth. The nominal depth is 22 feet, but the ultimate development will make it 24 to 26 feet.

From the end of the canal to the Mississippi is about 290 miles.

The immediate result of building this canal is to bring lake and river navigation within 62 miles of each other which were before some 320 miles apart, for all practical purposes. The large water supply makes the Illinois

SOUTH-Leave Whitehorse daily, exce -Leave Whitehorse daily, except Sundays, 8:00 Bennett 1:25 p. m. Arrive at Skagway, 4:40 p. m. OUU

E. C. HAWKINS, General Manager

WE HAVE

2ND AVE

40 H.

Aurora No. 1

Aurora No. 2

S. M. IRWIN, Traffic Manager J. H. ROGERS,

You Fellows

From the Creek

Want to drop in and see us when you come to town. You know you were always welcome to sit on the counter and whittle in '97 times, and it's just the same old place now.

You can sit on the steam pipes and shoot out the electric lights, and be perfectly at home as of yore.

Incidentally we can swap yarns about how much cheaper goods are, and possibly fit you out for the season for about what you used to pay for a sack of flour.

Don't forget the Old Trading Post



AT A BARGAIN

The DAWSON HARDWARE CO.

also TWO 12 H. P. PIPE BOILERS

P. Locomotive Boiler

PHONE 36