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GERMAN DRIVE STEMMED; FOCH HAS SITUATION IN HAND

Forty Eight Hours Will See Teutons Definitely Halted

FOCH HAS SITUATION UNDER FULL CONTROL

Only Slight Progress Made by Teuton Offensive Yesterday, And Another Forty Eight Hours, France is Confident, Will See Enemy Definitely Stopped

By Courier Leased Wire.

PARIS, May 29.—(Bulletin).—General Foch now has the situation well in hand, and French troops are beginning to gain on the German advanced forces in a contest of speed. No important line of communication is yet threatened by the advance of the German Crown Prince.

Those on the scene declare it is not too much to say that another forty-eight hours will see the German drive definitely stopped. High praise is given the French reserves for the perfect order in which they are coming into the fighting lines.

Not the least encouraging news yesterday was the brilliant success of the Americans in the Montdidier sector, which all the newspapers feature. It was the first important action carried out alone by them. All reports agree that they behaved like veterans. This is pronounced the best augury for the early future when American help will weigh heavily in the balance.

ONLY SLIGHT PROGRESS

With the French Army in France, Tuesday, May 28.—(Bulletin by the Associated Press).—The German offensive made only slight progress today. Seeing the heavy masses opposed to them, the Allies gave way in the centre, and in some places the enemy crossed both the Aisne and the Vesle.

The Allied Command perceived when the German offensive began that resistance on the lines then held would be impracticable, and effected a withdrawal towards stronger positions in order to give the reserves time to come up. The enemy found both flanks were holding, however.

The Germans pushed forward as quickly as possible with all the troops at their disposal. The Allies gave way, fighting hard. Both the French and British troops on the flanks fought with extraordinary courage, and succeeded in holding on, notwithstanding the great odds against them. In some places they were outnumbered ten to one.

The enemy now has the Aisne at his back and may find himself in an awkward position when the Allied Reserves come into action.

IN 1930.

"Did you suffer from the effects of food shortage in the great War Uncle?" Yes, Johnny I made the acquaintance of your aunt in the Margarine queue." —London Opinion

AMERICANS ADVANCE LINE NEAR CANTIGNY

Line Now Runs 150 to 200 Yards East of That Point, As Result of Successful Attack by U. S. Troops

With the American army in France, Tuesday, May 28—By the Associated Press—The American line now runs 150 to 200 yards east of Cantigny as a result of the successful attack to-day. The nearest German trench is several hundred yards east of where the Americans have dug in. The Germans, it has been found, had many outposts and machine gun emplacements in Cantigny.

The Americans first offensive blow was struck in a mist. The French tanks apparently did not have much to do as the American Artillery already had prepared the way. A bright sun came out as the Americans dug in their new positions.

Several officers, describing the scene, agreed that the outstanding feature in their minds was the wonderful morale of the men, and their absolute confidence in themselves. The Germans poured machine gun bullets all around the Americans as they were digging in, but no attention was paid to them, as jokes and quips were handed back and forth.

BERLIN ORDERS WAR ENTHUSIASM CHECKED

German Newspapers Compelled to Moderate Their Transports of Delight at Renewed Offensive — "Premature to Draw Final Conclusions."

London, May 29—Berlin newspapers apparently have been given orders to tone down their war time enthusiasm, says the Amsterdam correspondent of The Daily Express reporting on German comment on Monday's fighting along the Aisne. The Colognee Volks Zeitung says of the fighting:

"Our new success shows us again how justified is our confidence in our leaders. It would be premature to draw final conclusions, but it is enough for the German people to know that its confidence in the spirit of the troops can never be dissipated.

WILL PROTECT FISH BUYERS

People Not to be Charged Exorbitant Prices for This Food

GOOD SUPPLY COMING

Arrangements have been made by the fish sales branch of the Ontario Government to protect the purchasers of Government fish from paying exorbitant prices for this food. Now that the 15-cents-a-pound price has been fixed, with 2 cents allowed the dealer for cutting or dressing the fish, the officials of the government are determined to see that this price is adhered to. With this object in mind an official has been appointed who will from time to time unexpectedly call on stores selling government fish, and inquire the price, and if he finds that the figure being charged is in excess of the fixed price immediate action will be taken.

Cannot Trace Reports.

"We have not had any definite charges made that the dealers have not been playing fair," said Mr. S. L. Squire, Director of Distribution, yesterday. "We have heard indefinite statements that an exorbitant price has been charged in some instances, but we have not been able to trace these reports. It is in the interests of the trade generally that the dealer who is not playing square should be dealt with by the department. Any dealer who we find is charging too much will immediately be struck off the list of dealers and he will be unable to secure further shipments of government fish."

Within the last twenty-four hours 40,000 pounds of Ontario government fish have been supplied with all the fish they ordered. Dealers throughout the Province who ordered definite quantities have been supplied, and those who ordered weekly shipments have been sent part of their order.

Big Supply From Nepigon.

The 40,000 pounds placed on the market this week include 23,5000 pounds from Lake Nepigon, which arrived in the city yesterday morning. Lake Nipissing fishermen sent 8,500 pounds, and the remainder was made up of direct shipments from Lake Nepigon to Port Arthur and Fort William, and from Lake Hron to such places as Tara and Paisley. Some Lake Huron fish are also being sold in Toronto. With few exceptions the government is now taking the full 20 per cent. permitted under its contract with the fishermen.

Considering that the small consumers are the ones entitled to cheap government fish, it has been decided not to sell the fish direct to the large restaurants. A few such sales have been made, but it is felt that if these restaurants want the fish they can purchase them through regular retail channels. It is pointed out that restaurants do not make any reduction in the price of fish to their consumers and that the profit derived from their ability to purchase cheaper fish goes into their own pockets.

RESUMPTION OF DRIVE FOUND ALLIES READY

Attack on Rheims Sector Hardly Expected, But Was Calmly Met

ALLIES CONFIDENT

By Courier Leased Wire.

London, May 28.—via Reuter's Ottawa agency—Though the German attack on the Rheims, Soissons sector was scarcely expected, the resumption of the long overdue offensive found the Allies ready. Observers in London are confident that the German attempt to smash the Allied armies will fail as before. The enemy has the advantage of interior lines of splendid railway but is operating in a devastated country with an improvised transport. His position in this respect is inferior to that prior to March 21. The fact that British troops are so far south is regarded as indicating that General Foch was quite prepared for an offensive in this region, while the brilliant Italian stroke is a further proof of the advantage of unity of command. It may be intended to anticipate a threatened Austrian attack, or merely to prevent the Austrians rom transferring troops to the western front.

It is still uncertain whether the southern onslaught is the main German effort. The concensus of expert opinion is that it is merely a preparatory blow. Even with the Chemin des Dames in their hands the Germans must still advance across difficult country to the Aisne line, behind which there are no great strategic objectives. It was comparatively easy for the Germans to detach a force from the main concentration area with the object of making Foch dislocate his reserves. Hence it is not surprising if General Foch yields in order to husband his reserves for another great blow in the direction of Amiens, which is still regarded by experts as the point of greatest menace.

Opinion Divided.

Paris, May 28.—Military opinion is divided as to whether the German drive on the Aisne front is an effort to break through at Soissons and make a dash for Paris by way of Villers-Cetterels or whether it is an manoeuvre preliminary to and for the purpose of concealing the eventual main attack against Amiens.

The Germans are endeavoring to enlarge their initial gains and their plans probably will be developed according to the results they obtain. The French communications in the Soissons region are exceptionally good, permitting the rapid sending up of reserves. Consequently the essence of the problem, from the German point of view is speed. The results of the fighting thus far are regarded as justifying the confidence felt in France as to the outcome.

British Official.

Bulletin, London, May 28.— The British announcement follows: "Continuous pressure was maintained by the enemy all day yesterday against the British troops engaged on the Aisne front and severe fighting is still taking place on the whole front of the British sector

"Toward the end of the day the weight of the enemy"s attacks carried his troops across the River Aisne to the west of the British sector and compelled the left of our line to fall back. The enemy is developing his attacks in great strength along the whole of the Aisne battlefront.

"On the Lys front local fighting was recommenced this morning in the area of Dickebusch Lake.

"On the remainder of the British front a number of prisoners have been taken by our troops in successful raids carried out at different points during the night and the artillery has been active on both sides.

Not Enough to Bury Dead.

Paris, May 28.—The results of the first day of the expected German offensive are considered in competent French quarters as satisfactory. Paying the price, it is contended, it was inevitable that the enemy could gain ground. After a terrific struggle through all of yesterday the Germans at a ruinous cost advanled at the farthest point three and a half miles.

Military officials say the enemy has won enough ground to bury his dead and that is all. At no point has the Entente Allied line been pierced. In close contact with the foe it has moved back step by step, according to schedule, giving Genereal Foch all the time he needs to place his reserves—those reserves whose whereabouts is an anxious

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ENEMY ATTACK ACROSS AISNE IS SLACKENING

Slowing Down as Franco-British Launch Counter Attacks on the Wings

RESERVES RUSH IN

Teuton Onslaught Stemmed in Centre, Where it Had Reached Vesle River.

The German attack across the Aisne apparently is slowing down as the Franco-British troops begin counter-attacks on the wings, and French reserves are rushing in to stem the enemy onslaught in the centre where it has reached the Vesle river.

Around Fismes, about half way between Soissons and Rheims and the centre of important Allied communications, a desperate battle is being fought. Berlin claims the Germans have crossed the Vesle on either side of Fismes, but the French still are in the town and are holding to it stubbornly while the reserves come up.

On the right, northwest of Rheims, the British are maintaining a commanding position on the Massif of St. Thierry, north and west of the town of St. Thierry. French troops on the left have stopped the German onrushes by strong counter-attacks, and are holding firmly to the high points of Neuville-sur-Margival and Bregny, north of the Aisne, and the heights between Cuy-Salsogne and Vauxay. Heavy fighting continues all along the front from south of Pinon to almost north of Rheims.

Overwhelming numbers enabled the Germans in their first attack to penetrate the Allied lines to beyond the Aisne and capture more than a half score of villages and 15,000 prisoners. The greatest advance was made in the centre, four miles to the Aisne, and then six to the Vesle, a total of ten. As in the offensive in Picardy and Flanders, the enemy advance has assumed the form of a blunt nosed wedge, with its apex less than three miles in width, lying between Bazoches and Fismes.

Nothwithstanding their success in pushing the Allies from the Chemin des Dames and the heights of Craonne to beyond the Aisne, and into territority untouched by fighting since early in the war, the enemy has not succeeded in widening the "elbow" about Montdidier or in changing the Allied line in Champagne, east of Rheims. Direct highway and railroad communication between Soissons and Rheims has been broken by the Germans, but neither of these shell devastated cities appears to be in immediate danger.

Observers assert that 48 hours more probably will witness the halting of the forces of the German Crown Prince. The French reserves are moving forward swiftly, and General Foch has the situation well in hand.

American troops in their first assault against the Germans in Picardy have scored a brilliant success. Striking the enemy where he had been repulsed the previous day, General Pershing's men advanced their line to a considerable depth on a front of one and one-fourth miles, captured the town of Cantigny, west of Montdidier, and took 200 prisoners. Heavy losses were inflicted on the Germans, while the Americans suffered relatively small casualties.

French and British troops have completely restored the situation in Flanders, where four German divisions attacked on Monday on a six-mile front east of Locre. The Germans failed to gain north of Mont Kemmel, and were driven from elements they gained near Dickebusch lake, west of Voormezeele, the eastern end of the attacking line.

SHIPBUILDING PRIZES.

By Courier Leased Wire.

London, May 28.— The Daily Mail offers £10,000 as prize money for competition among workers in Great Britain and Ireland. The contest will be based on the percentage of time actually worked according to the total possible number of working hours.

AIRMAN DIES.

By Courier Leased Wire.

Camp Borden, Ont., May 28.— Private Wilfrid Henry Winnett of the Royal Air Force, died in the camp hospital last night about midnight, from injuries received in an aeroplane accident here yesterday. Next of kin, Mrs. T. B. Winnett, 426 Salano Avenue, Los Angeles, Cal.

SIX HUNRED STRONG, C.O.R. LEFT FOR CAMP

Took Departure From the City at an Early Hour This Morning, Entraining in Good Order And Well Equipped for Journey

Hundreds of citizens crowded the G. T. R. station this morning to see the 600 men of the 2nd C. O. R safely off to Niagara camp.

Announcement was only publicly given out late yesterday afternoon, and a civic farewell of a formal nature could not be arranged. It can be said, however that the men received plenty of time before entraining, and all felt cheery.

At 7.45 this morning the battalion paraded with the exception of rifles, proceeding direct to the station from the armories after receiving instructions from their officers. At the depot, a break-off was allowed, and the men allowed half an hour to bid their many friends farewell.

It had been said with apprehension that the "new" men would not be up to the mark. One who witnessed the departure of the troops this morning would have little thought for such fears, for the men carried on well and betrayed little or no emotion. To the officers and the N. C. O's., all returned men, many of them having been wounded on active service, this is a splendid tribute.

During their stay in Brantford, they have been a glad "bunch," and have been responsible, said the R. S. M., for a little life around the old town." They are not all Brantford boys, but during their stay in the city have enjoyed themselves.

On arriving at Niagara-on-the-Lake, the men will go into camp with the other quota of the unit, which has been stationed at Oshawa for the winter. 600 officers and men left this morning, and as many more are leaving Oshawa to-day. Besides these, the advance and fatigue

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WEATHER BULLETIN

"Zimmie"

Toronto, May 9.—Pressure is highest in the lower St. Lawrence valley and comparatively low in the southwest states and over Alberta. Showers have been most general in the Maritime Provinces, while they are reported very locally in the peninsula of Ontario. In the west the weather is fine and warmer.

Forecasts.

Moderate northeast and east winds, generally fair to-day and on Thursday with about the same temperature.

DEATH OF A HERO

Corporal Tyrill Met His End While Helping to Dress the Wounds of a Sergeant

Mrs. J. W. Tyrell, 9 Rose avenue, is in receipt of the following letter with reference to the death of her son at the front:

France.

Dear Mrs. Tyrell:—I have just received a letter from Mrs. Hall asking about your son, Corp. A. A. Tyrell, of this regiment, and saying that neither of you had heard of him since March 9th. I knew that he had been wounded on April 1st, in our capture of Rifle Wood, a little wood just south of the village of Hources, on the river Luce, but had heard nothing further of him since that time. Have been hoping to hear something of him and was very much surprised that you had received no news. However, on receipt of Mrs. Hall's letter, I made personal enquiries from every one of the men who were in the action, and are still with the regiment, and have ascertained that your son died from his wounds on the same day. Our previous report was that he was wounded and while you may think it strange that we made no further enquiries, I assure you that it was not through any lack of interest on our part. Your lad was one of my own Troop N. C. O's., and one of whom I, as well as others, had the highest opinion. Your loss is also keenly felt by those of us who have lived, and worked, and fought with your lad, and who loved him for what he was, a conscientious, clean and straight lad throughout, a soldier and a gentleman.

When I tell you that on that day we had 82 casualties in the regiment, and that I myself was the only officer of four who went into the action left unhit, you will appreciate the difficulty of keeping in touch with those wounded.

From what Pte. Turner has told me, it is evident that Corp. Tyrell was hit a second time while working his way out after his first wound. He was first hit when he and Corp. Sanderson were dressing the wounds of Sergt. Reilly, when a second shell exploded, wounding both Corp. Sanderson and Corp. Tyrell. It was some time after this that Pte. Turner saw Corp. Tyrell, and he says that he is positive he was dead at that time.

We were relieved by another unit later on in the afternoon, and they said they would see that our dead

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