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gular value \$1.50. 79c

Towelling elling, red border, Lintless. alue 15c. a yard. 10c

E SATURDAY

Hat Shapes

White Tuscan and Black, fine quality Tagel and Lizarre straw shapes. All this season's; regular values \$2.75 to \$5.00,

98c

20 pieces of striped, checked and small brocade; fine quality silk. Regular values up to \$1.50, a

Bargains Everywhere Throughout the Store

Prussia frontier at Lyk, and penetrated ten miles into Germany. The Russians captured and burned the German railway stations at Borjemin and Biala, and cut communications from Lyk to Johanesberg, the enemy falling back all along the front, burning villages.

Tributes to Brave Firemen

Striking tributes were shown by Manchester people on Tuesday to the two firemen who were fatally injured whils: on duty at a fire at Blackley, Full ceremoniai nonour was done in each case. The funeral procession of Samuel Carradus (whose body was conveyed to his native place near Kendal) was followed by the chief officials, and similarly at the funeral of the other hero, Chas. Davidson, who was buried in the afternoon in the Southern Cemetery. There were scores of floral tributes.

Merchants and Householders

Will find we have a fine line of Decorations for Old Home Week. Flags, Streamers and a very large assortment of Japanese lanterns for verandah and street decoration. We should like to show every customer our fine line, as we are satisfied it is second to none

Buy early while the selection is

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98 COLUMNS BRANTFORD DAILY COURIER NEWS SECTION

FORTY-FOURTH YEAR

BRANTFORD, CANADA, SATURDAY, AUGUST 8, 1914

Welcome To All The Old Boys And Girls

Remarkable Valor Shown by Soldiers.

Germans Ask Armistice to Bury Dead.

[By Special Wire to the Courier] BRUSSELS, Aug. 8.-Via London, 6 a.m.—The war office has issued an official statement saying that 125,-000 Germans participated in the assault on the forts at Liege, but that they completely faied to make any impression on the fortifications. Three army corps engaged in the attack were cut up and rendered useless it is declared. "For many days," read the statement, "our little army by tenacity and courage rendered very valuable service to the French army which for some days under forced marches has been hurrying to our assistance and now occupies a considerable portion of our territory.

"Hundreds of German priso have been captured. These are chiefly eavalrymen. The spirit of the German soldier lacks enthusiasm. They appear to be fighting lethargically, while their endeavor to pass themselves

WIPED THEM OUT LONDON, Aug. 8.—5 a.m.—A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Brussels says that a division of German cavalry which had succeeding in fording the Meuse to the north of Liege, was surprised and practically annihilated by Belgian cavalry and infantry, supported by a battery of light artillery. The German rout was complete. Seven German regiments surrendered.

FRENCH ARE AT IT LONDON, Aug. &-7 a.m-According to late despatches this morning quite an important engagement between French and Germans occurred in Belgian Luxemburg. The Etoile Belge of Brussels learns from an official source that no decision has been reached on the question of an arm-

istice at Liege. RETARDING THE GERMANS LONDON, Aug. 8 .- 5 a.m-A news despatch from Brussels states that heavy rains are swelling the Meuse and its territories and so retarding the

President Poincaire af France, has telegraphed King Albert, complimenting him on the bravery displayed by the Belgian troops in the battles with the Germans at Liege.

ARMISTICE REFUSED LONDON, Aug. 8.—5 a.m.— The latest despatches from Brussels indicate that the armistice of 24 hours ask by the Germans, has been refused by the Belgians.

THANKED POINCAIRE BRUSSELS, Aug. 8 .- (via Paris)-King Albert appealed to France for aid in repulsing the Germans, according to the Exchange Telegraph Company. The King in a message to President Poincare, thanked him for his promptness in responding to the

Belgian appeal. President Poincaires responded that the French troops were proud to second the brave Belgian army. He also artillery division of the Canadian in recognition of its gallant defense contingent that will leave for the old conferred the Cross of the Legion of Honor on the city of Liege.

STILL HOLD OUT .PARIS, Aug. 8.—It is officially an nounced that the forts at Liege continue holding out. The Germans who entered the city evacuated Friday before the arrival of the Belgian division, which had come to the erescue. Action of the Daughters of the The evacuation was without military significance as the forts command the routes and railroads. The withdrawal of the Germans, however, was an unquestional moral defeat.

ENGLISH REACH FRANCE PARIS, Aug. 8.-It is officially announced to-day that English troops under under the direction of French officers are disembarking on French soil, The point of disembarkation is not revealed. The disembarkation was made under the direction of French officers who spoke English fluently and was witnessed by a crowd that cheered the Englishmen.

STRATEGIC POINT SEIZED BY GERMANY IN FIRST MOVE OF HER ATTACK ON FRANCE



LUXEMBURG; WHENCE THE GERMANS ARE INVADING FRANCE.

Office Closed

Germany's first move toward the invasion of France was the seizure of the Luxemburg railway lines by German troops. The stations and bridges were talk her her stations are the fermans to assure the rapid transportation of troops across the territory of the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg. The hypsion of Luxemburg is a course of action in which all the ordinary conventions of international conduct were to be swept aside. The neutrality of Luxemburg was guaranteed by the Treaty of London, signed in 1867. Possession of Luxemburg gives Germany opportunity to strike at France on her own border, or to move quickly toward Brussels. In selzing the Grand Duchy therefore, Emperor William has improved his strategic position in that there is no bar to his movement toward France directly on the west or on England and France together, through Belgium

Money Order

Proclamation

Mayor Spence this morning issued the following proclamation: On Thursday next the citizens of Brantford will be given the opportunity of showing their patriotism and helping to establish

a great humanitarian movement. The different Womens' organizations have joined with those of the Dominion in collecting \$100,ooo to equip a hospital ship to be sent to the front to care for the sick and wounded and carry them to the home hospitals for treat-

Hundreds of lives will be saved and untold sufferings alleviated

by affording facilities for the care and treatment of desperately wounded soldiers, who otherwise would perish from exposure and

want of proper nursing.
The horrors of the battlefield are nothing as compared to those of the wounded and .dying, who with proper facilities, might be restored to health and strength.

A collection will be taken up by representatives of these organizations, and it is hoped that the citizens of Brantford af all classes will come forward and do their share in supporting this great enterprise.

Wilson's Offer is

Accepted.

[By Special Wire to The Courier.]

STEAMER HIT MINE

SAILINGS CANCELLED

to run her on the beach.

Local Soldiers Will Have to Take Their Medical Examination on Sunday .

Recruiting will be continued tonight and to-morrow afternoon at the Dufferin Rifles Armories. Tomorrow afternoon all recruits will have to take their medical examination as the commanding officer must forward the rolls immediately to Ottawa. It is thought that a big percentage of those who have enlisted will be rejected.

Examined To-night Those who have volunteered for the country, will be medically examined at the armories to-night at 8 o'clock,

Empire Here is Commended in Toronto.

A telegram was received this morning by Miss Eleanor Van-Norman, secretary of the Brantford Chapter of the Daughters of of the Empire from Mrs. Gooder-ham of the Toronto Daughters of the Empire, who have started out to equip a hospital ship for the war. The Brantford Chapter has offered \$100 and thanks and apreciation were expressed for the timely assistance and aid.

The following order was re-

ceived from Ottawa this morning at the Brantford Post Office: "Discontinue money order business with United Kingdom, and through countries, as well as all other countries in Europe, until otherwise directed."

AGAINST ALL

Noted American Refers to Mine Must be Done Before President Laying in the High Seas.

[By Special Wire to The Courier]

NEW YORK, Aug. 8-The rules day editorially expresses the profound the Hague conference do not forbid satisfaction of the British people the planting of mines on the high which the paper says it finds that the seas but the practice is regarded by cause for which thew are fighting has many authorities on international law te sympaty of their American kins- as an offence against neutral nation The Times adds that the American that might amout to a just cause for people are now beginning to appreciate that the rise of Germany to the Kirby vice-president of the American power and influence hitherto enjoyed Society of International Law. The by Great Britain would be a develop- question was discussed at the second ment inimicable to American interests and a menace to the freedom of the United States as a world power."

Hague conference in 1907. Great Britain advocated that the placing of Referring to President Wilson's of- mines in high seas where they menfer to mediation The Times says that ace neutral vessels be prohibited. The there is much stern work to be done proposal was opposed by Germany. before any government is likely to Austria and the United States and avail itself of his proffered services. other powers so that the proposal was

not agreed to. "Writers on International said that FLUSHING, Holland, via London, any neutral nation would regard it Aug. 8.-1.20 p.m.-The Norwegian as a great offence" the vice-president Steamer Tysla of 2,905 tons struck a said "and would be justified in resentnine outside the Dutch Island of Wie ing it by force of arms if a ship flyringen to-day The explosion shattering its flag was destroyed by such a ed her stern, but the captain managed mine. It would have the right to make its protest even though no rule has been adopted by the Hague conference.

"If an American shop should be To-day's sailings of the Steamships of blown up by such a floating mine ts owners would have the right to pro-GLASGOW, Aug. 8.-12.20 p.m.test but the of the protest would be ines were cancelled and consequently about 1,000 Canadians and Americans taken off by the position this coun-who had booked their passages are try took at the second Hague confer-

IN BRIEF AS TOLD

[By Special Wire to The Courier.]
Indications that both British and French troops are hurrying to the assistance of the Belgians are given in French official despatchto-day. The extent of the support is kept secret as well as the route taken by the reinforce-

French cavalry is said to have arrived on the scene at Liege, where masses of German troops are reported moving forward support the strong advance guard which was checked by the Belgians and is reported from Belgian sources to have lost 25,000 men in killed, wounded and prisoners. The German war office declares the German check not a defeat, but the result of an heroic

attempt of a small German force to advance in face of difficulties. French and German troops are said to have come into contact in Luxemburg, where several German army corps are supposed to Numbers of Germans have been arrested in England on suspicion

Portugal decided to act as an ally of Great Britain under the terms of the old treaty, by which it must supply 10,000 men.

A French newspaper despatch reports the sinking of a German cruiser, Augsburg, in the Baltic by a Russian torpedo boat. A big Norwegian steamer

struck a mine on the Dutch coast and was beached.

Trans-Atlantic lines running from Glasgow, suspended their sailings to-day, causing the stranding of many Canadians and

The Bank of England reduced its discount rate to five per cent owing to the improvement in the monetary situation.

by the Germans, but the fighting

GREAT PRAISE FOR THE LITTLE BELGIUM ARMY

[By Special Wire to the Courier] LONDON, Aug. 8-3.05 a.m.-A despatch to The Post from Brussels says that King Albert has issued an order to the army highly complimenting the bra-very of the defenders of Liege against greatly superior numbers. The heroic defense, he says, will live forever in the memory of the nation. His majesty also sends greetings to the French army which is coming to the aid of the It is stated that the German

seventh army corps is retreating towards Aix-La-Chapelle, The correspondent of The Daily Mail at Brussels says that up to 5 o'clock last night an armistic had not been granted as requested

at Liege had ceased several hours before. A thousand Belgian wounded have arrived at Brussels. The German bombardment of Liege was so severe that it necessitate the departure of the population. The Germans, the correspondent says, retired because they were exhausted by the attacks which they had made for two days and were in danger of being wiped out by the fire of the Belgian forts. the Belgian losses were great, but less than those of the Ger-mans. Many Belgian officers were killed. One cannot exaggerate, the correspondent says, the heroism of the Belgians or the superb valor and skill of General Leman, governor and commandant of Liege.

Canada is Making Preparations to Assist Empire

Militia Department Working Night and Day

OTTAWA Aug. 7-Reports received by the Militia Department yesterday indicate that enlistment all over Canada is now proceeding smoothly,, and the numbers who are applying bear out the forecast made some days ago that far more than the total number actually required will volunteer. Altogether there will be twenty-five thousand men mobilized at Quebes, and of these twenty-one thousand will be sent across the Atlantic as soon as word comes from the Imperial Gov-ernment. There will be ample work for the remaining four thousand it. Canada, for garrison and patrol duty.

iere believe that there will be onged European land camp ore the issues of the war are fi decided. It is pointed out that the has not been a big war in history that has been quickly settled, and with Nations like Germany and Austria it is a case of hanging on to the last until armies. funds. and supplies are tions for was now being made here are more or less preliminary to . a long-drawn-out struggle.

Problem of Pay and Pension, One of the problems which has met the recruiting officers, and which has been referred to Ottawa for consideration is that of pay, pension, insurance and the care of the families dependent upon those who go to the war. Active service pay will apply as soon as the troops are under arms. For privates it is one dollar per day, There is now a pension act upon the books and there is no question but that pensions will be granted to the families of those who are killed and to those who are incapacitated, and that there will be some form of remuneration to compensate for wounds received. There will probably be special legislation in this respect

when parliament meets. Probably Insurance Provision. It is understood that there will also be some action taken in regard to in-surance. At the time of the South African war, Lord Strathcona became personally responsible for the insuring of one of the contingents. The stipulation in regard to death in war, which appears in the ordinary policies, was waived by many of the insurance companies

All Offers Accepted. The offers received from New Brunswick Manitoba, Calgary, and from Mr. Hamilton Gault, the Montreal millionaire, to raise and equip supplementary regiments at their own expense, as well as all other proffers of assistance from public or private sources, have all been accepted. Any additional regiments that are raised by such means will be supplementary to the main force of 21,000 men to be raised by the Federal au-

It is expected that the transport ing of the troops to Quebec will be carried through without a hitch, and within two or three days after the enrollment lists are approved next week by headquarters here. At Petawawa this summer the mo olan was tested, and 13,000 troops from a radius of 500 miles were as-sembled in 48 hours. Special atten-tion has been paid to this branch of the militia service during the past year. The railway companies already have their passenger agents planning for the mobilization, and the experience gained at Petawawa is now in-

(Continued on Page 3)