smaller states that are naturally allies to Hanover. The principle of the alliance is that of free trade.

There has been a change in the Austrian representation at Berlin, and rumours have arisen of new disputes between Prussia and Austria.

The cholera re-appeared at Berlin. The war upon the press is carried on with the utmost vigor.

AUSTRIA AND HUNGARY.—It is expected that the Emperor will be crowned in July, when, it is said a general amnesty will be given to all state prisoners, or political offenders.

RUSSIA AND TURKEY.—Letters from Belgrade, state that a revolution against the Turks had broken out in Bulgaria. The three districts within Gurgysoba and Belgradice, are stated to be in open insurrection. The insurgents were marching against the Fort Belgradice, which contains but a small garrison, but an immense antity of munitions of war.

THE EXHIBITION OF 1851.—Among the many local gatherings in different parts of the country, got up with the view of giving support to the proposition of his Royal Highness Prince Albert, one of the most interesting has just been held in the centre of the forest of Dean, in Gloucestershire. The meeting was held in the open air on a piece of green turf in front of an isolated inn, called, from time immemorial, the "Speech House." Here all the business connected with Her Majesty's Forest of Dean is transacted; this is the mart for the sale of bark, for letting the collieries of the Forest, and for transacting the chief business of the district. There was a remarkable display of interest shewn in the object of the meeting. The coal owners generally regarded the day as a holyday, and gave their workmen liberty for the day, in order that they might attend the meeting. The result was that upwards of 2,000 persons had assembled in the centre of the Forest by the time the proceedings commenced. The scene was truly a striking one. The speakers took up their station in a couple of waggons placed in the midst of the greensward, the swarthy denizens of the bowls of the earth grouping themselves around them; some lounged on the grass, while others climbed the trees of the forest in order to take a bird's-eye view of the whole. The proceedings occupied about three hours. The chair was taken by Mr E. Machen, and Sir Martin Crawley, of Fluxley Abbey, and numerous influential gentlemen were present. The resolutions passed were of the usual kind, approving of the proposition. One of the largest coal owners, Mr. A. Gould, urged the Foresters to save their money in order that they might go up to London to see the Exhibition, and promised to double the savings of every man in his employ. The meeting at its close gave three hearty cheers for the Queen, such as made the welkin ring again.

The *Morning Chronicle* says that Mr. Rogers was offered the Laureateship, but declined it on account of his age. On Thursday night, when returning home from a dinner party, the venerable poet was knocked down by a cab and much hurt, and continues in such danger as to cause very serious alarm to his friends.

ACCURACY OF NEWSPAPER PARAGRAPHS.—The following is from the *Weekly Chronicle*, a London paper—Dr. Inglis is Bishop of Nova Scotia.—"Dr. Inglis, the Bishop of Toronto, is at present on a visit to this country for the double purpose of arging the desirableness of founding the new see, in Lower Canada, and for taking measures for the establishment of a college in Upper Canada."

Provincial Parliament.

EPITOME OF PROCEEDINGS.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Wednesday, July 10.

The Committee to whom was referred the Bill to facilitate the Study of Law, reported the same without any amendment. The Bill was ordered to be read a third time to-morrow.

The Committee to whom was referred the Bill from the Assembly to extend the powers of the Champlain and St. Lawrence Railroad, reported it without amendment. It was ordered to be read a third time to-morrow.

Hon. James Morris introduced a Bill to provide for the formation of Railroad Companies, and to regulate the same. It was read a first time, and ordered to be read a second time to-morrow.

The following Bills were read a third time and passed;—The Bill to regulate the side lines in the 9th Concession of the Township of Cornwall; the Bill to divide the Township of Huntingdon into two counties; the Bill to amend the Act regulating the Inspection of Flour and Meal; and the Bill to define the mode in which side lines shall be run in certain concessions in the township of Edwardsburgh.

The Bill to amend the Quebec Fire Sufferers' Bill was read a second time, and ordered to be read a third time to-morrow.

The second reading of the Bill to amend the Act incorporating the Neepigon Mining Company, was ordered to be read a second time on the first day of August next.

The Bill to amend the Act incorporating the Lower Canada Agricultural Society, was read a second time, and ordered to be read a third time to-morrow.

The bill to extend the time for the payment of the increased capital stock of the Bank of Upper Canada, was read a second time, and ordered to be read a third time to-morrow.

The Bill to enable the Crown to recover costs in certain cases, was read a second time.

The bill was ordered to be referred to a Committee of the whole on Friday.

The Bill to enable Aaron and Newman Silverthorn to erect a Mill-dam on the River Thames, was read a second time, and referred to a Select Committee.

The bill to amend the Act incorporating the St Lawrence & Atlantic Railroad Company, was read a second time and referred to a Select Committee, composed of Hon. Messrs. Bourret, Matthewson, DeBeaujeu, James Morris, and Methot.

The Bill to remove the necessity of Wesleyan Clergymen in Lower Canada to obtain special licenses to keep Registers of births, deaths and marriages, was read a second time, and referred to a Select Committee, composed of the Hon. Messrs. James Morris, MacKay, and Gordon.

Several Bills were brought up from the House of Assembly.

The House then adjourned.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Wednesday, July 10.

Three petitions were brought up, and laid on the table.

In reply to a question put by *Mr. H. Sherwood*, *Mr. Hincks* stated that it was not the intention of the Government to embody in the Post Office Bill the resolutions for regulating the postages on Newspapers adopted by the late Convention of the Press.

The Bill to make one uniform provision respecting certain Official Oaths was taken up, and read a second time.

A message was received from the Legislative Council, agreeing to the four following bills, without amendment:

Bill for the protection of Mill owners in Upper Canada.

Bill to establish a survey in front of the ninth concession of Cornwall, (from lot number twenty-two westerly, to the limit of the township), as the governing line of the said concession.

Bill to divide the county of Huntingdon into two Districts, for the registration of deeds.

Bill to determine the mode in which the side lines in certain concessions in the township of Edwardsburgh shall be run;

And also, to the Bill to amend, and to continue as amended, the laws regulating the inspection of flower and meal, with an amendment in the English version only.

On the motion of *Mr. Hincks*, the House went into Committee on the Post Office Bill. The hon. gentleman said, as he did not expect any opposition to the Bill, it was unnecessary to make any observations at that time, as there were details to be considered. He, therefore, proposed that the bill should be read clause by clause.—When the consideration of the fourth clause relating to salaries came up,

Mr. Hincks moved to fill up the blanks for the salary of Post Master General with £800, and the Head Clerks not to exceed £500.

A discussion ensued, and some amendments were put and lost.

Mr. H. J. Boulton then moved that the Postmaster General's salary should be reduced from £800 to £750—and after another Finance Committee discussion, the question was put. Yeas, 28; Nays, 28.

The Chairman, *Mr. Scott*, gave his vote in favour of the amendment, because he believed the country was in favor of retrenchment.

After the tenth section had been read,

Col. Prince said, that a petition had been presented from Amherstburgh, relative to the desecration of the Sabbath; and stated that if it was not the intention of the government to make some regulation, in accordance with what he believed to be the public feeling elsewhere than in the county he represented, he should bring the subject forward himself.

Mr. Hincks said that it certainly was not the intention of the Government to introduce any clause prohibiting the conveyance of the mails on Sunday.

The bill having been gone through with, the Committee rose and reported progress.

The report of the Committee of the whole, on the bill to extend the Act Incorporating Road Companies, to Companies formed for acquiring Public Works of a like nature, was read and agreed to with certain amendments.

The House then adjourned at 12 o'clock.

Thursday, July 11.

The usual routine was disposed of.

In answer to an enquiry of *Mr. Watts*, one of the ministry said it was the intention of the Government to introduce a new Municipal Act for Lower Canada, during the present session.

Mr. Chauveau enquired of the Ministry, whether they intend to propose any amendment to the Act regulating the Inspection of Weights and Measures.

Mr. Hincks replied in the negative.

Mr. Armstrong moved that the House sit from 11, A.M., until 2, P.M., and then adjourn until half-past 3, P.M.: also that on Saturdays it should sit from 11, A.M., until 5, P.M. Lost. Ayes, 31; Nays, 32.

Mr. Badgley moved the second reading of his Bill for consolidating the Criminal Laws of Canada; but, at the request of Mr. Baldwin, put off its further consideration until next session.

Col. Prince moved, for the second reading of the Bill to confirm certain decrees of the Court of Chancery.

Hon. Mr. Baldwin proposed in amendment, seconded by *Mr. Solicitor General McDonald*, that the bill be postponed till Thursday next, and subsequently referred to a Select Committee, to examine into the subject as to the mode of proceeding in Chancery, against parties absent from the Province. The motion in amendment, was carried.

Mr. Smith (Durham) explained the provisions of his bill, for Relief to Bankrupt, the first of which seemed to be, to ensure to Bankrupts the obtaining of a discharge upon surrendering up all their Goods.

Mr. Richards moved in amendment, that the Bill be read that day six months.

The House divided on the amendment—Yeas, 7; Nays, 40.

The main motion was then carried without a division.

The Bill was then referred to a select committee, with orders to extend its provisions to both Provinces.

The Bill for the relief of Louis Compte was read a second time, and referred to the Committee on private bills.

On motion of *Mr. Cameron* of Cornwall, the House went into Committee to amend the Law respecting the office of Coroner, which after being amended was passed.

The House went into Committee on the Bill to incorporate the Quebec Workmen's Benevolent Association, which was passed.

The Bill to amend the Guelph and Dundas Road Act was read a second time, and referred to a committee.

The House then adjourned.

Friday, 12th July.

Seven petitions were brought up, and laid on the table.

A number of Bills were introduced.

A message was received from the Legislative Council, agreeing to the three following Bills without amendment:

Bill to facilitate the admission of evidence of Foreign Judgments, and certain Official and other Documents;

Bill to amend the Ordinance incorporating the Advocates' Library of Montreal;

Bill to alter and amend the Act requiring Mortgages of personal property in Upper Canada to be filed;

And to the Bill to relieve Ministers of the Wesleyan Methodist Church in Canada from the obligations to obtain Special Licenses in order to keep Registers of Baptisms, Marriages, and Burials in Lower Canada, with an amendment;

And also, with a Bill of their own, intituled "An Act to place the Longueil and Chambly Turnpike Road under the control of the Commissioners of Public Works," which was read for the first time.

An engrossed Bill for the better establishment and maintenance of Common Schools in Upper Canada, was read the third time and passed.

An engrossed Bill to extend the Acts for the formation of Companies for constructing Roads and other works, to Companies formed for the purpose of acquiring Public Works of a like nature, was read a third time upon a division:

On motion of *Mr. Hincks*, that the Bill do pass, the House divided. Yeas, 45; Nays, 6.

Mr. Scott, of Two Mountains, moved that the House when it adjourns, stand adjourned till to-morrow at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

After a few remarks, the motion was negatived.

On motion of the Hon. *Mr. Hincks*, the House resolved itself into a Committee of the Whole, to consider the expediency of so amending the customs Duties Act as to enable the Governor in Council from time to time to place any article not enumerated in the Schedule to the said Act, and thereby made subject to a duty of 12½ per cent *ad valorem*, among the articles subjected to the payment of a duty of 12½ per cent *ad valorem*.

Mr. Hincks said, the object of the bill was to insert articles not enumerated on the list with those enumerated. The Committee reported in favor of the motion.

Col. Prince moved that the Post Office Bill be referred back to the committee, for the purpose of introducing a clause for the preventing the performing of any labour in the Post offices on Sunday.

After a short debate, the motion was rejected. Yeas, 11; Nays, 43.

The House went into Committee on the postponed clauses of the Assessment Bill.

A protracted discussion then ensued.

Mr. Johnson moved, seconded by *Mr. Thompson*, An amendment to the third clause, to the effect, that the words "personal property" should only include, all merchants' shops for the value of goods on hand; all neat cattle of the age of two years or upwards; all horses two years old or upwards; all carriages kept for pleasure or hire; all stock or shares in steamboats, schooners or other watercraft employed in the conveyance of freight or passage, and owned in the municipality.

A few observations were made by hon. members.

The House then divided on the amendment. Yeas, 16; Nays, 27.

On motion of *Mr. Hincks* the committee rose and reported progress, and obtained leave to sit again.

The House went into Committee on the Bill for making one uniform provision respecting certain Official and other Oaths to be taken in this Province, and for other purposes therein mentioned, and made amendments thereunto, which were reported and agreed to; and the Bill ordered to be engrossed, and read the third time on Tuesday next.

The Bill relating to the University of Toronto, was read the second time, and committed for Tuesday next.

The House adjourned.

Monday, July 15.

Mr. Speaker laid before the House a Return of the Affairs of the British American Fire and Life Assurance Company to 30th ult.

A message was received from the Legislative Council, agreeing to the bill to remove doubts as to the right of the Crown to recover costs in certain cases in Lower Canada, without any amendment;

And to the bill further to amend an act to incorporate the St. Lawrence and Atlantic Railroad Company, and other acts relative to the said Company, and to extend the powers of the said company, with several amendments.

Some reports from Select Committees were presented and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Hincks presented a return of the population of the various constituencies of the Province.

Mr Flint's Bill for the protection of Married Women, passed the second reading on a division. Yeas, 18; Nays, 8.

Mr. Merritt presented the report of the Commissioners of Public Works for the past year.

Mr. Cameron (Cornwall) moved the second reading of the Bill to incorporate the Medical Profession in Upper Canada. Yeas, 57; Nays, 19.

House adjourned.

Tuesday, July 16.

After the routine business,

Mr. McDonald (Kingston,) called the attention of the House, to the employment of Convict Labour in the Penitentiary at Kingston; he explained the injury which resulted to the mechanics of that place by such employment; and proposed that the convicts should be let out in large bodies, and that there should be periodical trades' sales.

Mr. Hincks said, the subject was at present engaging the attention of the Government, which was desirous, if possible, of removing the grievance complained of, if it could be done consistently with the public interests.

Several members then spoke on the subject.

Mr. McDonald said, in consequence of what had fallen from the Inspector General, he should withdraw his motion.

The House then went into a committee of the whole, for the consideration of the University Bill.

Mr. Boulton (Norfolk) moved an amendment, authorizing the erection of halls and lecture rooms on the University grounds, by different religious institutions.

Mr. J. H. Cameron suggested that the amendment, should be printed, and that its consideration should be postponed for the present.

The consideration of the first clause was then postponed.

The Committee went through the remaining clauses, and reported the same, and asked leave to sit again.

Mr. Hincks moved the second reading of the Bill to provide for the Territorial Division of Upper Canada.

After a few remarks from *Mr. Smith* of Frontenac, the Bill was referred to a select committee, composed of Mr. Sol. Gen. McDonald, Wilson, Perry, Morrison, Fergusson, Notman and Hincks.

Hon. Mr. Hincks moved the second reading of the Bill to amend the copyright law.

Read a second time and referred.

Hon. Mr. Hincks moved the second reading of the Bill to provide for the establishment of Grammar Schools in Upper Canada.

After some discussion the second reading was postponed till Tuesday next.

The House then went into a Committee of the whole on the Assessment Bill.

The remainder of the evening was occupied in amending various clauses. The Committee then rose and obtained leave to sit again to-morrow, (Wednesday).

The House then adjourned.

Colonial.

LOYAL ORANGE ASSOCIATION.

Friday last, the 12th inst., was the Anniversary of the Battle of the Boyne, fought 160 years before,—a victory by which the hopes of the partizans of the tyrannical and bigotted James II. were completely destroyed, and which followed as it was by the sharp and decisive Battle of Aughrim, fully secured the sovereignty of the Empire in the person of the renowned and heroic WILLIAM III.

During the evening preceding the celebration, and till past midnight, the discharges of fire-arms, accompanied at intervals by those of artillery, were continuous in and around this city, to the no small annoyance of those of Her Majesty's liege subjects who wished to court the smiles of "Nature's great restorer, balmy Sleep" On the morning, the city presented a highly-animated appearance; the all-prevailing colours of Orange, purple, and blue, being every where visible. Shortly after noon, the Brethren assembled in the Green, near the head of the College Avenue, their accustomed rendezvous. Between three and four o'clock, they formed in procession, and, preceded by a very efficient brass band, walked through the principal streets of the city, returning to the place of meeting by way of the Yonge-street Avenue, adjoining the Vice-regal residence,—a route never before traversed by any similar procession. The assemblage was composed of a portion of nine out of the twelve City Lodges, exclusive of one small Lodge from the country; the great majority of the members of the Association resident in the city considering it more wise, as the law at present stands, to refrain from all public display of this description. The procession was, consequently, small—not more, we think, than from 250 to 300 strong; but what was wanting in numbers was amply counterbalanced by the highly-respectable appearance which was presented. The members were decently and uniformly dressed; the flags and banners were plentiful, and remarkably handsome; order was well observed, and sobriety strictly maintained; indeed, every thing connected with the day's proceedings speaks highly for the manner in which the members of the Committee of Arrangement peformed their duties.

Shortly after the arrival of the Brethren at the place of meeting they were addressed by the Junior Dep. Prov. Grand Master, Richard Demsey, Esq., Barrister, of this city, and Alderman for the Ward of St. Lawrence, in a brilliant and highly-effective oration; by the District Master, Mr. John Wilson; and by a Member of the Grand Committee of the Grand Lodge. Three cheers were given for Her Majesty the Queen; three for the Glorious, Pious, and Immortal Memory; and three for the Blessed Memory of CHARLES THEOPHILUS, BARON METCALFE, the character of whose rule was strongly constrated, by the speaker last alluded to, with that of the Nobleman who at present fills the high office of Governor-General of these Colonies.

The United Lodges, Nos. 136, 301, and 387, sat down to a substantial dinner, prepared by Mr. Layton, at the Caer Howell Inn, Angus Bethune, Esq., Dep. Provincial Grand Master, in the chair. The evening was spent as it ought to be by good and loyal men: the good things of this world were enjoyed, but not abused; and every thing passed off well. The following are a few of the principal toasts:—

1. THE QUEEN: May that illustrious Lady henceforth, by her government, prove that she is determined to maintain the principles which placed the House of Brunswick on the British Throne. Song,—"God save the Queen!"

2. Their Royal Highnessess Prince Albert and the Prince of Wales, and others of the Royal Family. Song.

3. The Glorious, Pious, and Immortal Memory of WILLIAM III., Prince of Orange: May his services never be forgotten. Song.

4. The Memory of those Protestant heroes who fought at the Boyne, Aughrim, Enniskillen, and Derry. Song.—"Cold are the hands that closed the gates against the wily foe."

5. The Earl of Enniskillen, and the Orangemen of Ireland.

6. The Earl of Roden and the Orangemen of England.

7. The Duke of Wellington, and the British Army and Navy.

8. George Benjamin, Esq., Grand Master of the Orange Association of British North America.

9. Lord Stanley, and the truly Protestant members of the British Parliament.

10. Sir Allan Napier MacNab, and the truly Conservative members of the Provincial Parliament.

11. May Union always prevail amongst Orangemen generally; and amongst United Lodges Nos. 136, 301, and 387, particularly.

Many volunteer toasts were given; the evening sped happily away; and the brethren separated about the hour when stars proclaim "Night's sable noon."

LYING-IN HOSPITAL.—Since this valuable Institution was opened for the relief of the suffering poor, one hundred women have been admitted into the house, and have received all necessary attention,—and as this Hospital becomes better known there is an increasing demand for its advantages quite disproportionate to the amount of its funds. In addition to the cases already provided for, the Directors have had their attention directed to the pressing wants of the female class for medical aid, and at the meeting of the Board, a resolution was passed, setting apart four beds for the treatment of such cases, but as the amount in the Treasurer's hands is small, such aid cannot, as yet, be afforded. Signora Valentini, has very liberally given a Concert for the benefit of this object, to take place this Evening, when our readers will have the opportunity of benefiting the charity, and at the same time of enjoying a great musical treat.

PENMANSHIP.—Mr. Stacy has shewn us some of the specimens of hand-writing by his pupils, which are certainly of a very superior character and indicate great ability on the part of the teacher. Mr. Stacy is about forming new Classes at his rooms in Yonge Street, in the afternoon for Ladies and the evening for Gentlemen. From our knowledge of his method of teaching, we do not hesitate to state that if he does not succeed in teaching his pupils a good free mode of writing, the fault will be in the learner, not in the tutor.

A Prospectus has been issued by the *Examiner* of an Almanac for 1851 of the same size and price as Scobie's, to be edited by the notorious W. L. McKenzie, for the purpose of influencing the next elections.

The reports from all parts of the Province promise that the approaching harvest will be fully an average one.

The Synod of the Presbyterian Church of Canada in connection with the Church of Scotland, met in this city on the 3rd instant. On the subject of the Clergy Reserves, it was determined that strong remonstrances against interference with the settlement of this question made by the Imperial Statute, should be addressed to Her Majesty and the Imperial Parliament; and also that the Church at home should be requested to use her influence in the same behalf.

Gore District.

GREAT WESTERN RAILROAD.—A compromise has been effected between the Great Western and Bertie Railroad Companies. "The basis of which is briefly as follows:—The projectors of what has been called the frontier line, may unite with the Great Western at any point within twenty miles of Brantford, (westward,) and construct their branch to Bertie; but the whole of the grading is to be completed by the first of January, 1852, or the charter expires. The Great Western to retain their present line, and grade fifty miles of the road immediately adjoining (westward) the point to which the Bertie people proceed. In June 1853, the Great Western Company are to complete the grading of the whole line from Hamilton to Windsor. In default, the frontier Company are to take possession of the surveyed route of the Great Western Company, and complete the road, on paying to the Great Western Company any expenses which they have incurred, and may incur.

FIRE AT WATERDOWN.—We regret to learn that the Woollen works in the village of Waterdown (within 7 miles of Hamilton,) were entirely destroyed on Thursday night. The property was owned by Mr. Griffin, and the loss will be serious, not only to the owner, but to the village. So rapid was the destruction that four persons in the building narrowly escaped with their lives—one of them being badly burned. The loss is estimated at £1500 and the insurance $600.—The fire was accidental.—*Hamilton Spectator.*

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATIONS.—We learn that the Bailiff of the Erin Division Court, Mr. H. Burgess, was twice shot at, some few days since, by some persons in ambush, while riding on horseback. Mr. McBane, merchant, of Erin Village, while attending to a customer was also fired at from the premises opposite his store.—The ball passed within six inches of his head and through a pane of glass at the other side of him. No clue has yet been had to identify the assassins, and no cause can be assigned for the attempted murders.—*Streetsville Review.*

A very excellent Organ has been secured for the Brantford Church. It is from the establishment of Hager & Vogt, formerly of Preston, now of Hamilton. It is to be placed in the Church next week, and on the following Sunday it will be ready for playing.—*Brantford Courier.*

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.—THE stone tannery of Mr. Beardmore, on Catharine Street, Hamilton, was totally destroyed by fire on the morning of Thursday last.

Hamilton is to be lighted with Gas before Christmas.

Huron District.

A new paper called the *Huron Loyalist* has just been commenced at Goderich. It professes good sound Tory principles, and we trust that it will unflinchingly advocate those principles which alone will secure to any people true greatness, and which is well embodied in the motto of the paper—FEAR GOD AND HONOUR THE KING.

Niagara District.

A young man named Clifton Jackson swam across the Niagara River, under the Falls, and back again, without landing to take breath, merely touching ground on the other side.

Newcastle District.

Mr. McKechenie of Cobourg has been purchasing large quantities of wool at Galt and Paris.

FEMALE IMMIGRATION.—A Committee has been formed in Cobourg to co-operate with Mrs. Sidney Herbert, in promoting the emigration of Female Servants.

AWFUL TORNADO IN CARTWRIGHT AND DARLINGTON.—A correspondent of the Cobourg *Star*, describes the storm which visited the neighbourhood of Scugog lake, on Friday, the 5th inst., as truly terific. In describing a water spout which formed at the head of the lake, he says "I could compare it to nothing but the black smoke emitted from the funnel of a steamboat, burning pine or pitch. This water spout took up water for about twelve minutes when another long loud peal reverberated through the sky, then a vivid flash of lightning was seen near the *spout* which caused an explosion, and like a shot from a heavy piece of ordinance the torenado proceeded on its mission of destruction and desolation, we could now see it coming towards us tearing with it every thing in its course, limbs of trees were flying at an almost incredible height in the air, the cracking of the trees were distinctly heard amid the loud roar of the tempest." The same writer says the hail was as large as hen's eggs, and in proceeding to Darlington, he passed large trees torn up by the roots, and others broken or twisted off close to the ground, and "having passed those obstacles the first thing presented itself was one vast "wilderness of waste" as far as the eye could reach, of what one hour before was a proud forest, was now laid even with the ground. To describe it would be impossible,—suffice to say that not a single tree was left standing—and beneath this levelled forest were cattle, horses, and sheep, many of which were killed, others with their limbs broken or torn in a fearful manner, and hemmed in so that it will be next to an impossibility to extricate them. The destruction in the rear of Darlington is so great that there is not a single fence that has not been carried away, nearly every house and barn has been unroofed or carried away, sheep, hogs, geese, &c., blown against stumps, &c., killing them or breaking all their limbs, crops of every kind completely destroyed, hundreds of acres of wheat broken down to die with the first scorching sun, hay that was cut carried away, potatoes broken down so that they will never come to perfection. The servant man of Mr. Montgomery had the ribs all broken off his back bone with the limb of a tree, another man had his back broken, a woman had her ancle fractured with a hail stone. Such are some of the facts relating to this sad affair. A surgeon was riding from place to place rendering his assistance to the wounded, some of whom it is feared will never recover. To give a full account of many singular incidents of the hurricane would be useless, one thing I will, however, mention, Mr. Smith, who is a large sufferer, had just returned with a load of wheat and some iron—his wagon with its load was lifted up and set upon a wood pile several rods off—several occurrences of this kind might be recorded if necessary." This storm was very generally felt throughout the Province: nearly all our exchanges allude to damage, more or less fearful, caused by it. It was, however, scarcely felt in this city, although some damage was experienced in the Western suburbs.

Eleven houses have been burned down in Port Hope.

ST. LAWRENCE AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.—We had yesterday, upon the invitation of the enterprising—and we are bound to add liberal and hospitable—contractor for the completion of this great provincial work, Mr. Black, the pleasure of a trip to St. Hyacinthe. The immediate object of the party was to judge of the capabilities of the Company's new Engine, the "Montreal," on its first trip, and to view the progress of the work around and beyond St. Hyacinthe that could be desired. The company were from forty to fifty strong, and left Longeuil at 10 o'clock, stopping for about twenty minutes at St. Hilaire, to view the splendid bridge which there spans the broad and rapid waters of the Rechelieu, and arriving at St. Hyacinthe a few minutes before one o'clock. The "Montreal" Locomotive was built at Portland, weighs 23 tons, and cost a little over £2,000, and, on our return trip, came in easily, over the thirty miles, including ten minutes stoppage to water,—in one hour and twenty five minutes. After examining and admiring the "Montreal," the more active portion of the party, led by Mr. Black, started to view the works in progress at the Yamaska River, over which preparations are being made for the erection of a bridge. The grading of the road is here, from the inequality of the ground, an expensive and laborious work, but is rapidly progressing. We learn that between Melbourne and St. Hyacinthe Mr. Black has upwards of 1200 men employed, and that there is no reason to doubt that the road will be this fall completed, and opened, to the latter place.

TORONTO MARKETS.

TORONTO, July 17th, 1850.

	s.	d.	
Fall Wheat, per 60 lbs.	4 10	a	5 0
Spring do. do.	4 0	a	4 3
Oats, per 34lbs	1 7	a	1 8
Barley, per 48lbs	2 0	a	2 2
Peas	2 0	a	2 6
Rye	2 3	a	2 6
Flour, superfine (in Barrels)	26 3	a	0 0
Do. fine (in Bags)	25 0	a	0 0
Market Flour, (in Barrels)	22 6	a	0 0
Do. (in Bags)	21 3	a	0 0
Oatmeal, per barrel	20 0	a	22 6
Beef, per lb.	0 2	a	0 5
Do, per 100 lbs.	20 0	a	22 6
Pork per lb.	0 3	a	0 4
Do. per 100 lbs.	20 0	a	25 0
Mutton per lb	0 2½	a	0 4
Hams, do.	40 0	a	41 3
Potatoes, per bushel	1 6	a	2 9
Butter, fresh, per lb	0 7½	a	0 8
Do. salt, do.	0 5	a	0 6½
Cheese, per lb.	0 3	a	0 5
Lard, per lb	0 4	a	0 5½

EXCHANGE.

Toronto on London	12½ @	0	per cent.
" " New York...	2½ @	0	"
New York on London. ...	110½ @	110½	"

CHARITABLE AND MUSICAL ATTRACTION, FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY.

THE CELEBRATED PRIMA DONNA

SIGNORINA ELIZA VALENTINI,

assisted by her Pianist

SIGISMOND WOLOWSKI,

WHOSE Concerts at Niblo's Saloon, New York, have been always brilliant and successful, have arrived in this City, where they will give on THURSDAY EVENING, July 18th, one Concert

For the Benefit of the Lying-in Hospital,

On the Corner of Victoria and Richmond Streets. His Worship the Mayor, has kindly given the use of the CITY HALL for that purpose.

SIGNORINA VALENTINI will wait upon the gentry of this City at their own residences.

The subscription list will be published.

Tickets $1 each, may be had at the usual places, and at the door, on the evening of the Concert.

Doors open at half-past Seven. Concert to commence at Eight o'clock.

Toronto, July 10th, 1850. 51-1in

GOVERNESS WANTED.

A LADY wishes to engage the services of a Governess immediately, who is competent to teach Music, French, and the usual branches of an English education. She must be a member of the Church of England. Direct to W. H. PARKER, Guelph.

July 11th, 1850. 51-tf

A LADY will be happy to engage in a Family where the advantages of a solid English education would be required, together with French and Music. Address, X. Y. Z., Office of this Paper.

July 11th, 1850. 51-4in

MR. J. S. STACY,

PROFESSOR OF PENMANSHIP.

(*Writing Master at the Normal and Model School, and Knox's College,*) *Toronto,*

IS prepared to give instruction in the above Art, at his Rooms, **No. 67, Yonge Street,** (over the Store of Mr. Eastwood, paper warehouse). Class for Ladies every day, from half-past three to half-past four o'clock, P.M.; for Gentlemen, on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday evenings, from half-past eight to half-past nine o'clock, P. M.

J. S. S. will guarantee to complete his Pupils in this accomplishment in TWELVE LESSONS OF ONE HOUR EACH, with ordinary care and ability.

Private Lessons can be given at the Pupil's own residence, or at the Class Room, if desired.

Toronto, July 13th, 1850. 51-1m

PATENT WATERPROOF BLACKING.

RICHARD BRANSTON

BEGS to inform the Public, that as the Inventor of the above highly-celebrated BLACKING, he is prepared to execute all Orders he may receive either for Paste or Liquid Blacking, at Mr. James Paling's, No. 45, Edward Street, the price of which will be

Toronto, July 8th, 1850. 51-2in

DOCTOR FOWLER,

SURGEON DENTIST.

HAS the honour of announcing his arrival in Toronto, with the intention of establishing himself in the City as a

SURGEON DENTIST.

Doctor F. feels confident, that from many years study under some of the most celebrated Surgeon Dentists in England and Scotland, and from a subsequent professional practice of Twelve Years in Britain, he will be able to give ample satisfaction to all who may honor him with their confidence.

Doctor F. has for the present rented the premises, No. 40, King St., West, adjoining the Cabinet Warehouse of Messrs. Jacques & Hay, where he will be found at all hours of the day, devoting himself exclusively to the several branches of Dental Surgery.

Toronto, July, 1850. 6-1m

Spring and Summer Dry Goods.

GEO. B. WYLLIE

HAS Opened the Premises on King Street, lately occupied by MR. ROWSELL, Bookseller, begs to inform his friends and the Public in general, that he is now receiving a large and tastefully assorted stock of

FASHIONABLE SPRING & SUMMER DRY GOODS,

which having been selected from the very best English and Scotch Markets, he is confident will not be excelled in Elegance, Quality or Style.

G. W. B. anticipates having his Stock so far assorted as to enable him to submit it to public inspection about the 1st of May.

Albert Buildings, King Street,
24th April, 1850. 39-tf

Education.

CARADOC ACADEMY, [a County Grammar School] was examined by the undersigned on the 20th.—We have much pleasure in bearing testimony to the favourable manner in which the youth composing this school acquitted themselves on that occasion, exhibiting a marked improvement since the previous examination. Besides all the branches of a thorough English education, a youth may make a good progress in Classics and the Mathematics, and we therefore confidently recommend this Institution to the notice of respectable parents and guardians desirous of sending their children from home to be educated.

B. CRONYN, *A M.*, London.
R. FLOOD, *A M.*, Caradoc.
J. GUNNE, Clk., Zone Mills.

N. B.—The next Term, [twenty-two weeks] of the above Academy will commence on THURSDAY, the 18th day of July next.

A few vacancies exist, but as the number is limited, early application should be made.

W. LIVINGSTON, Principal.

Caradoc Academy,
Delaware P. O., June, 1850. 49-4in

BRITANNIA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

No. 1, Princess Street, Bank, London.

CAPITAL—ONE MILLION STERLING.

Reduced Rates of Premium—Half Credit Rates Premium.

THE great and *decided success* which has attended *this Institution*, has induced the *Directors to reduce the rates originally required in British North America*, to the ordinary European rates.

The result of such *reduction* is to enable parties to avail themselves of the *important benefits* of Life Assurance, *at much lower rates of Premium* than those of *any other Assurance Company, transacting business in Canada.*

The most liberal conditions are offered to the assured in the limits to which they may proceed by *sea or land.*

Detailed prospectuses and every requisite information may be obtained on application to

F. H. HEWARD,
Agent for Toronto.

OFFICE—*New Market Buildings,*
Toronto, 7th May, 1850. 41-tf

QUEBEC FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL—£250,000.

CONTINUES to accept Risks against FIRE in and about Toronto. Losses promptly settled.

F. H. HEWARD,

Toronto 7th May, 1850. 41-tf

EDUCATION.

THE REV. JOHN HUTCHINSON, respectfully intimates, that he has commenced classes for instruction in the usual branches of an

English and Classical Education;

ALSO, FOR

LANDSCAPE AND MECHANICAL DRAWING.

Hours of attendance and Terms may be known by applying at the Class Room, No. 8, King Street West, (over the Office of Mr. ELLIS, Engraver).

Mr. H. has the honour of a reference to the Hon. and Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Toronto, for his qualifications as a Teacher in the above branches of Education.

Toronto, April 24th, 1850. 39-tf

WANTED.

A MARRIED MAN, with the best Testimonials and references as to character and ability, who has been accustomed to teaching for a number of years, is desirous of obtaining the charge of a School either in Town or Country, where his services may be required. His wife having likewise had experience in teaching would also assist, or separately take charge of a female or junior school. Apply if by letter (post-paid) to the Office of this paper.

Toronto, June 26th, 1850. 48-tf

FRENCH AND ENGLISH ESTABLISHMENT, FOR YOUNG LADIES,

CONDUCTED BY

MONSIEUR AND MADAME DESLANDES,

PINEHURST, TORONTO.

MONS. and MADAME DESLANDES beg to inform their Friends and the Public, that having moved from Rosedale, they will Re-open their Establishment at Pinehurst, on MONDAY, the 6th of May next.

Mons. and Madame Deslandes avail themselves of this opportunity to express their grateful sense of the very distinguished patronage they have hitherto experienced. They are now, as they have always been, anxious to submit their Pupils to a system of sound moral and religious training as the basis of a highly finished female education, which, from their long experience in the instruction of youth, they confidently hope they shall be able to perfect to the satisfaction of all who may kindly take an interest in their exertions.

The House they have selected for their new residence, offers every accomodation that can be desired, being spacious, healthy and secluded with beautiful and extensive Grounds attached to it.

The most efficient Masters have been engaged for Music, Drawing, Writing, Arithmetic, Elocution, Geography, and the use of the Globes.

The French Department is under the immediate superintendance of Mons. Deslandes, assisted by a French Lady, a native of Paris, and lately arrived from that City

The English Branches are conducted by Madame Deslandes, with the assistance of two well-educated and zealous English Governesses

Music Master, Mr. Ambrose, assisted by a properly qualified Governess, who will also teach Singing.

Drawing Master, The Rev. John Hutchinson.

TERMS FOR BOARDERS,

Including all the various branches in English, French, Music, Drawing &c.	£60	0	0 per annum.
Pupils under 12 years of age	50	0	0 "
Day Pupils, six pounds per quarter, (Drawing not included)	24	0	0 "

German, Italian, Singing and Dancing, on the usual terms.

Quarterly Payments required.

REFERENCES ARE MOST KINDLY PERMITTED TO

The Hon. and Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Toronto.
The Rev. H. J. Grasett, Rector.
The Hon. Chief Justice Robinson.
The Hon. Chief Justice Macaulay.
The Hon. Mr. Justice McLean.
W. A. Baldwin, Esq.
Colonel Carthew.
The Rev. Dr. Lundy.

AND ALSO TO

The Rev. J. G. D. McKenzie, Incumbent of St. Paul's who paid weekly Pastoral visits, in the School at Rosedale.

Toronto, April 17th, 1850. 37-tf

THE COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,

Registered and Empowered under Act of Parliament, 7 and 8 Victoria, Cap. 110.

**CAPITAL £500,000 STER