

Canada from Coast to Coast

St. John's Nfld.—The Notre Dame Herring Oil Co. has recently been formed to extract the oil from herring and process the residue for conversion into fish meal and fertilizer. It is capitalized at \$100,000, and will be established at Twillingate which is a herring centre. The plant will cost \$55,000 and will manufacture between 70,000 and 100,000 tons in barrels of herring oil yearly. The oil is used in the manufacture of soap and other commercial products and profitable markets can be found for it and the fertilizer and fish meal in Boston, Montreal and Liverpool.

Halifax, N.S.—A heavy hay crop is being harvested in Nova Scotia. Roots are making good progress. Apple prospects continue favorable. Pasture is exceptionally good. Record all round crop expected. New Brunswick's hay crop is somewhat short. Roots rather below average, but improving rapidly. General conditions in Prince Edward Island are satisfactory. Excellent hay crop of good quality. Roots making good progress.

Fredericton, N.B.—A meeting of two hundred potato growers from the various districts of the province here recently resulted in the formation of a New Brunswick Certified Seed Growers' Association for the promotion of the industry of growing certified seed potatoes in this province. Last year 3,135 acres of seed potatoes were planted, with 1,248 acres passing the final inspection and reports show there are 2,794 entered this year. These figures place New Brunswick in the front rank of the provinces of Canada in the certified seed potato growing industry.

Montreal, Que.—Furs valued at \$2,000,000, and totalling in all over 750,000 skins, will be offered for sale by the Canadian Fur Auction Sales Co. at their September sale. Canadian

furs form the greater part of the merchandise which has been received, a large percentage of Labrador, Peace River and Alaska furs being noticeable in the list.

Ottawa, Ont.—Canadian flours, because of their quality, are offering effective competition on the markets of the Dominican Republic, according to a report submitted to the Dept. of Trade and Commerce by G. R. Stevens, Canadian Trade Com'r. in Kingston, Jamaica. The need of advertising and exploiting a trade mark in this business is stressed by Mr. Stevens in his report.

Winnipeg, Man.—Consideration of a scheme for retaining in Canada the 7,000 harvesters brought out from the British Isles to help in the harvest fields will be one of the principal subjects for discussion at a meeting of the directors of the Canada Colonization Association. This is the first full meeting of the board of directors since the re-organization two months ago.

Regina, Sask.—A trial shipment of several thousand boxes of Alberta and Saskatchewan butter will be exported to the United Kingdom shortly by way of British Columbia and the Panama Canal. If the trial shipment is satisfactory, it is said, the transportation of dairy produce from the Prairies through British Columbia will develop into large proportion.

Edmonton, Alta.—Since the Lesser Slave Lake was opened for fishing July 15, thirty cars have moved to Chicago and one to Calgary. Local demands here have taken care of small shipments, from the various lakes in the near vicinity.

Vancouver, B.C.—The August export of lumber from all parts of the province by deep sea routes will total thirty-three million feet, according to estimates of the Associated Timber Exporters.



PRINCE CHARMING REACHES QUEBEC

Out of respect to the request of the Prince of Wales, who is travelling as Baron Renfrew, no crowds thronged the streets of Quebec when he arrived on Wednesday. He disembarked nearly three hours after the Empress of France docked, and the photographer caught him as he descended the gangway, preceded by the Chief of the Quebec staff, who has been welcoming him to Quebec, and accompanied by the Captain of the Empress of France, Commander Edward Griffiths, R.N.R.

STONY CREEK INDIANS GREET LORD RENFREW

The Welcome Visitor Mingles With His Neighbors in His Western Home.

High River, Alta., Sept. 16.—The special train bearing Lord Renfrew and his party arrived here at 6 o'clock this evening.

Mounting the cabin of the engine of his special train at Ingo, Ont., about 130 miles east of Winnipeg, on Saturday, Lord Renfrew temporarily relieved the fireman of his seat and rode in the locomotive for about 25 miles before rejoining his party in the coaches.

Cowboys, ranchers and townspeople of the High River district accorded Lord Renfrew a royal welcome when the special train pulled into the depot.

For the first time since his arrival in Canada, the Baron walked from the depot platform to the main street of the town unaccompanied by either secret service men or policemen.

"They are my neighbors; why should they not greet me?" said the rancher to his secretary, and the police officers were compelled to watch the proceedings of welcoming the owner of E.P. ranch from the window of his private car.

As Lord Renfrew reached the street, David Bearpaw and Red Cloud, minor Chiefs of the Stony Indians from the Morley Reservation, were waiting to greet him. When he drew abreast of them Bearpaw stood erect, and in perfect English said, "Greetings, Chief Morning Star—your brothers of the Stonies salute you."

Lord Renfrew, apparently nonplussed for a moment for the correct way to return greetings, hesitated, then gravely proffered his hand and said:

"Morning Star is proud to greet his brothers." Those who overheard the conversation applauded heartily and no one was more pleased than the Indians themselves.

TYPHOON IN JAPAN WREAKS NEW HAVOC

Town of Tottori Flooded and 5,000 Reported Drowned.

Osaka, Japan, Sept. 16.—A typhoon broke over the mainland today and ships carrying relief materials took refuge near the coast. The town of Tottori, northwest of Kobe, was inundated and 5,000 people are reported to have perished.

The Rivers Aikure, Chiyo and Takimi burst their banks, destroying many villages. The terrific downpour of rain has been general. Both Tokyo and Yokohama have suffered greatly from the deluge and railways are crippled by the floods.

Final figures tabulated by the Prefecture of Tokyo, on the earthquake casualties place the dead in Tokyo at 77,823, and in Yokohama, at 33,767. In addition 120,070 persons are missing in Tokyo. It is estimated that more than a million refugees have left the capital.

Silk Worth \$200,000,000 Lost in Disaster in Japan

Aboard Oriental Liner President Jefferson, Sept. 14.—Silk worth four hundred million yen (\$200,000,000), stored in the Yokohama Custom House, was destroyed in the disaster of September 1, according to Ray Gehr of the Wanger Company of New York, one of those who escaped.



Canada's Wyandotte King Hon. John S. Martin, Ontario Minister of Agriculture, who has swept all the prizes for Wyandottes at the New York State Fair. This is the eighteenth consecutive year in which he has made the same record.

Wasps Enter Car Radiator in Such Numbers Auto Stops

Fort William, Sept. 16.—Driven by the frost and cold in search of warmth, a swarm of wasps invaded the radiator of E. Little's motor car near Grand Marais as he was returning home from a motor trip to Minneapolis. The swarm rose on the road near Grand Marais and entered the front part of the radiator, in such numbers that the car had to be stopped and the dead wasps picked out of the radiator.

Communists and Police Clash in Saxony

A despatch from Berlin says:—Red rioting has swept Saxony. Clashes of Communist unemployed with the police were continued in Dresden, and reports give at least five more dead and scores wounded. In Freiburg Communists marched on the police headquarters and announced that the companies of hundred are the only recognized power. The police managed to drive off the mob after killing two and seriously wounding six others.



Seeks New Drilling Methods Charles Cammell, Canadian Deputy Minister of Mines, who is on his way to France and Germany to study a new German discovery of a method to succeed tapping and drilling in the search for oil. It is approved, it will be tried out in Canada.

LITTLE TORONTO LAD DROWNED IN BATHS

Boy Was Playing With Boat at Open-Air Plunge and Fell Into Water.

Toronto, Sept. 16.—Falling from a boat in which he and a companion were playing in the High Park Mineral Baths, 2,000 Bloor Street west, Saturday noon, William J. McCormick, aged 6, son of Dr. W. J. McCormick, 16 Gothic avenue, owner of the baths, was drowned. The body was recovered by David McCullough, who resides at Dr. McCormick's home.

The baths, as is well known, are of the open air variety. At noon Saturday young McCormick and his chum, Frank Moore, 28 Parkway Avenue, Gardens, playing with a rowboat at the edge of the baths, when the boat suddenly left the bank and precipitated the child, who was leaning against it, into the water. As soon as he saw his chum fall, the Moore boy screamed. This brought McCullough, who was near, to the scene, and he dived in after the child. The boy was recovered without much difficulty. Two doctors were called, and they, with McCullough, tried artificial respiration methods with the lad, but without success.

MOVEMENT OF GRAIN FROM WEST BEGUN

But the Heavier Producing Districts Have Hardly Started Shipping.

A despatch from Winnipeg says:—The annual movement of grain from the prairies to the head of the lakes is well under way, but the heavier producing sections have hardly commenced wheat shipments yet. Total inspections of grain from the opening of the crop year, Sept. 1, were 4,402 cars, as against 9,564 cars at the same date last year. Of the total 2,072 cars came via Canadian National and 2,330 by the Canadian Pacific Railway. Loadings were considerably lower to date than at the same period of 1922, and it will be some time before the peak of the movement is reached. In Edmonton district, from which it has been estimated there will be a total wheat tonnage in the neighborhood of half a million bushels, the harvesting of grain was delayed by unfavorable weather, so that only some 11,000 bushels have been loaded.

The car situation is very favorable, and on the Canadian National Railway it is stated to be better this year than at any previous time.

LEAPS TO DEATH FROM 15TH STORY

Japanese Clerk, in Despair Over Loss of Family, Commits Suicide.

New York, Sept. 14.—Tokunovske Inouye, member of a family of high standing in Japan, driven to despair by the almost certain belief that his wife and children had lost their lives in the earthquake and fire horrors which overwhelmed Tokyo, where they lived, jumped to his death on the Broadway sidewalk from the 15th floor of the American Express Building at 65 Broadway, at a little before 8.30 o'clock to-day.

Weekly Market Report

TORONTO.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.22 1/2.

Manitoba barley—Nominal. All the above, track, bay ports.

Am. corn—No. 2 yellow, \$1.08. Barley—Nominal.

Buckwheat—No. 2, nominal. Rye—No. 2, nominal.

Peas—No. 2, nominal. Millfeed—Del., Montreal freight, bags included: Bran, per ton, \$28;

shorts, per ton, \$31; middlings, \$37; good feed flour, \$2.10.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 white, nominal.

Ontario No. 2 white oats—Nominal. Ontario corn—Nominal.

Ontario flour—Ninety per cent. pat. In jute bags, Montreal, prompt shipment, \$4.60 to \$4.70; Toronto basis, \$4.50 to \$4.60; bulk seaboard, \$4.50.

Manitoba flour—1st pats. in cotton sacks, \$6.90 per bbl.; 2nd pats., \$6.40.

Hay—Extra No. 2 Timothy, per ton, track, Toronto, \$14; No. 2, \$13.50; No. 3, \$12.50; mixed, \$11 to \$12.

Straw—Car lots, per ton, \$9. Cheese—New, large, 26 to 27c; twins, 27 to 28c; triplets, 28 to 29c; Stiltons, 28 to 29c; Old, large, 33c; twins, 33 1/2 to 34c.

Butter—Finest creamery prints, 38 to 40c; ordinary creamery, 36 to 37c; No. 2, 35 to 36c.

Eggs—Extras in cartons, 44 to 45c; 2nd, 42 to 43c; firsts, 37 to 38c; seconds, 32 to 33c.

Live poultry—Spring chickens, 2 1/2 lbs. and up, 32c; chickens, 2 1/2 to 3 1/2 lbs., 28c; hens, over 5 lbs., 24c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 22c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 17c; roosters, 15c; ducklings, over 5 lbs., 20c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 20c; turkeys, young 10 lbs. and up, 25c.

Beans—Canadian, hand-picked, 1b., 7c; primes, 6 1/2c.

Maple products—Syrup, per imp. gal., \$2.50; per 5-gal. tin, \$2.40 per gal.; maple sugar, 1b., 25c.

Honey—60-lb. tins, 11 to 12c per lb.; 10-lb. tins, 11 to 12c; 5-lb. tins, 12 to 13c; 2 1/2-lb. tins, 12 to 14c; comb honey, per dozen, \$3.75 to \$4; No. 2, \$3.25 to \$3.50.

Smoked meats—Hams, med., 27 to 29c; cooked hams, 43 to 45c; smoked rolls, 22 to 24c; cottage rolls, 23 to 27c; breakfast bacon, 30 to 34c; special brand breakfast bacon, 34 to 38c; larks, boneless, 33 to 35c.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 50 to 70 lbs., \$18; 70 to 90 lbs., \$17.50; 90 lbs. and up, \$16.50; lightweight rolls, in barrels, \$36; heavyweight rolls, \$33.

Lard—Pure tierces, 16 to 16 1/2c; tubs, 16 1/2 to 17c; pails, 17 to 17 1/2c; prints, 18 1/2c. Shortening tierces, 15 1/2 to 15 3/4c; tubs, 15 1/2 to 16c; pails, 16 to 16 1/2c; prints, 18 1/2 to 18 3/4c.

Heavy steers, choice, \$8 to \$8.50; do, good, \$7 to \$7.75; butchers, choice, \$6.50 to \$7.25; do, good, \$6 to \$6.50; do, med., \$5.50 to \$6; do, com., \$4 to \$5; baby beefs, \$8.50 to \$9.50; cows, fat choice, \$4 to \$4.75; do, med., \$3 to \$3.75; do, canners and cutters, \$1 to \$2; bulls, butcher, good, \$4 to \$4.50; bologna bulls, \$2.25 to \$3; feeding steers, good, \$5.50 to \$6.25; stockers, \$4 to \$5; calves, choice, \$10 to \$10.75; do, med., \$8 to \$10; do, com., \$4 to \$8; milch cows, \$60 to \$90; springers, \$80 to \$110; sheep, choice, \$5.50 to \$6; do, heavy, \$3 to \$5; do, yearlings, \$8 to \$9; lambs, ewes and wethers, \$12 to \$13; bucks, \$10 to \$11; hogs, fed and watered, \$9.85; do, f.o.b., \$9.25; do, country points, \$8.85.

MONTREAL.

Calves remained strong at \$7 to \$9 for veals; grassers were from \$3 up to \$10; lambs, good, \$10.50; sheep, \$4 to \$5. Hogs, selects, \$11; do, other kinds, \$10; light hogs, \$9 to \$10.

Cheese, finest easterns, 23 1/2 to 24c; Butter, choicest creamery, 34 1/2 to 34 3/4c; Eggs, selected, 40c; Potatoes, per bag, car lots, \$1.25.

Natural Resources Bulletin

The Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior, at Ottawa, says:

In the interior provinces of Canada the public are accustomed to find on sale and in the more conspicuous places the larger species of fish, such as the halibut, cod, haddock, etc., but down by the sea one of the most useful fish, and the one of which the largest catch is made, is the sea herring. For the first six months of the present year 81,051,000 pounds of herring was taken. How this enormous quantity was disposed of is interesting: 1,790,100 pounds was consumed fresh, 3,635,200 pounds was smoked, 24,842,700 pounds was dry-salted, 6,500 barrels was pickled, 7,242,300 pounds was used as fertilizer. Probably the most important use made of the herring, however, was as bait for the larger fish we are familiar with. For this purpose 72,423 barrels, of 200 pounds each, was used. Thus it will be seen that while the herring is one of the smaller fish, it is probably the most important.

OCEAN FREIGHT RATE ON APPLES REDUCED

Big Increase is Expected in Canada's Fruit Exports to Britain.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—A large increase in the fruit export business between Canada and Great Britain is expected as a result of a substantial reduction in the ocean freight rates on apples, moving between Atlantic ports and ports in Great Britain, word of which was received by the Canadian Horticultural Council here last week.

Apples will now be carried in ordinary stowage at a rate of 90 cents per barrel and 30 cents per box as compared with a former charge of \$1.25 and 45 cents respectively. The refrigerated stowage rate will now be \$1.40 per barrel and 50c per box which represents a similar drop in prices to that of the ordinary stowage.

Canadian Building at Empire Fair Nearing Completion

A despatch from London says:—At Wembley Park, a short distance out of London, an army of men is toiling over a vast timber and metal strewn area constructing innumerable buildings for the great Empire exhibition next year.

Fully 2,000 men already are hard at work on the grounds, and by next winter that many more will be employed. The contractors are ahead of schedule, and at the present rate it is expected that all the buildings will be finished early in 1924.

The Canadian section will be one of the first completed, probably early in November. But it will be beaten by the Indian pavilion, which will be done a month before, and will constitute the exhibition's finest feature.

One of the most interesting sections will be that of West Africa. It will reproduce the conditions under which the natives live. Four compounds are being erected to house more than seventy picked craftsmen of the Yoruba, Fanti, Hausa and Mendi tribes.

Japanese Royal Wedding Will Probably be Postponed

A despatch from Tokyo says:—The wedding of Prince Regent Hirohito and Princess Nagako, which was to have taken place in November, may be postponed indefinitely as a result of the earthquake and its accompanying misfortunes, it has been learned.

The projected naval manoeuvres have been canceled. The combined Japanese fleet, led by the flagship Nagato, has arrived at Yokohama, and the first, second and third fleets are speeding toward that city.

The losses of Tokyo banks have been surprisingly small. The banks are making payments of less than 100 yen, but reserving the right to a moratorium of ten days on all demands of more than 100 yen.

Hospital Staff Poisoned in Detroit Hospital

A despatch from Detroit says:—A thorough investigation has been ordered by Dr. Thomas K. Gruber, superintendent of the Receiving Hospital, to determine the cause of an illness from which 25 nurses and six doctors in the hospital have been suffering. It is believed tainted food crept into the menu, despite stringent precautions in the institution.

All the patients, with the exception of one doctor and six nurses, partook of a chicken dinner in the dining-room Sunday. The chickens were killed Thursday, and although they are supposed to have been continuously on ice until they went to the cook's hand, Dr. Gruber thinks they may have spoiled.

"No person can guard absolutely against bad food," said Dr. Gruber. "We have done everything we could, but apparently it was not enough in this case."



An Energetic Visitor Coming.

David Lloyd George, the greatest of all statesmen of the war period, who reaches Canada on October 6, for a visit, accompanied by Mrs. Lloyd George, and their daughter, Megan. A new movement is developing in Britain, demanding his return to power. The above is a characteristic pose.

TWO ESKIMOS GIVEN CAPITAL SENTENCES

Will be Hanged Dec. 7 at Herschel Island—Were Guilty of Murder.

A despatch from Fort McMurray, Alta., says:—Two Eskimos, convicted of murder, were recently sentenced to death by Judge Lucien Dubuc at the Herschel Island detachment station of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police in the Arctic, according to passengers on the steamer Northland Echo, which arrived here from the North.

The Eskimos will be hanged on December 7. The executioner, who went North with the judicial party from Edmonton, remained at Herschel Island, but will possibly be brought to the "outside" by dog team via the Yukon and Alaska on the completion of his duties.

Another coast native, also accused of murder, was sentenced to three years' imprisonment.

Judge Dubuc and his party are coming down on the steamer Slave River, it was stated.

The murders for which the Eskimos were convicted were that of R.C.M.P. Corporal Doak and Otto Binder, Hudson Bay trading post factor.

First Snowstorm of Year in Portage District

A despatch from Portage La Prairie says:—Reports received here Thursday from points south of the Assiniboine River in the Portage district, record the first snowstorm of the season. At Oakville and other points south of the river it began to snow during the night and when daylight came it showed to be about two inches on the ground, a real wintry day.