

LET THE BALLOTS REVEAL THE PARTY OF CONSPIRACY; VOTE FOR LAURIER, PUGSLEY, PEPPER, AND GREATER ST. JOHN

WHAT DR. McALISTER HAS DONE FOR KINGS-ALBERT

Daily Mail Services Secured to Many Places and New Routes Opened

Public Wharves Will Be Erected in Several Places—Much-needed Dredging in St. John River Now a Certainty—His Election On Oct. 26 Will Mean the Inauguration of Many Improvements Which Will Add to Comfort and Prosperity of the People.

Sir—To reply to the question, what have I done and what I intend to do for Kings-Albert, in the short space allotted me is well nigh impossible. I have only been in a position less than three months to urge the accomplishment of things necessary for the comfort and convenience of the people, but even in that brief period, I am glad and proud to say that many improvements in the public services necessary in the united counties of Kings and Albert, have been brought to my attention and have been made. Let me enumerate a few of them.

A public wharf talked of for years as necessary for Rothesay is now a certainty. The land for the site has been purchased, the plans for the structure have been completed and in a few days work will begin. The dredging on the Kennebecasis has been continued so as to make the upper and shallow channels navigable at all seasons as far as Hampton. Similar work will be done to deepen the Gray's Island channel and to make the approaches to Shampers and Dunham's wharves so that steamers can get to either of them at the lowest water. Although tenders were asked for that work and closed Oct. 2, no bids were made and today I have arranged with the Public Works department that its engineers shall secure a dredge if it can be obtained anywhere, to do this necessary work at once. I believe that the farmers in this beautiful and fertile section of Kings county should be given the easiest access to the markets of St. John, and the deepening of this channel and dredging around these wharves, will I believe, assist them greatly.

While I am writing about this part of the country, let me refer to the daily mail service begun Oct. 1st, from Clifton to Grey's Mills and the intermediate offices, Moss Glen, Centreton, Walton's Lake and Long Reach. I, born and brought up and working all my life in the country, can appreciate what a daily mail means to the people. To be in daily touch with the markets to know every day what is going on in the world makes the work of the farmer more profitable and their lives happier, and so far as I am concerned, wherever I see a community that wants to have more frequent communication and thus be closer to the large centres, I will do my best to assist in getting it better mail service.

In addition to the daily Clifton-Grey's Mills mail, I am happy to say I was able to get the daily mail service from Millville to Holderville, Carter's Point, Sea Dog Cove, Whitehead, White's Mills and Millish extended during the period navigation is open.

The twice a week mail service between Kingston and The Bluffs discontinued some years ago, has been restored and in a few days a mail will go between these places three times a week, instead of twice.

In a short time, I am assured, a mail route between Kingston and Upperton will be opened. The petition has been granted and the post office inspector has sent in his report upon the necessity of this service and just as soon as the necessary arrangements can be made, the mail will start. I have also recommended that the rural free delivery boxes be placed upon this route as soon as possible.

It is not possible to mention all the changes and improvements in the mail service in Albert and Kings, but they have been many. I might, however, refer to one more, the daily mail between Sussex and Newtown. That is being arranged for as rapidly as possible, and will, I am sure, be much appreciated by the people of Keohan, Smith's Creek, Mount Pisgah and Newtown. This has also been recommended as a free rural delivery mail route.

I am informed by the Post Office Department that it will take two years to place these rural delivery boxes on the mail routes in New Brunswick, but all will be equipped as soon as possible, and in the meantime, I hope to be able to get many new mail routes opened.

These are just a few of the things I have been able to accomplish for the people of Kings-Albert. I have dealt fairly with every reasonable request and used

all my influence as the Liberal candidate for Kings-Albert to get results. The people know how much they will increase my influence and power if they elect me. I am not egotistical, I hope, when I say that I know what the people want. A doctor lives close to the lives of the people and for many years that has been my privilege. I have always had the idea that lawyers made poor representatives for the country, because they work in the cities mainly and are unable to appreciate what is necessary to make life in the country easier and happier. I confess that I am anxious to do things for the people of my constituency, and if they elect me—as I am sure they will—I will be in a position to help them.

I know where wharves are needed—I see the grand result that would follow the extension of the railway from Havelock down the Millstream. I see Albert county, even now flourishing, become a great agricultural and mining centre, when the government takes over the branch railways. I see the employees of these branch roads in Kings and Albert on the same equality in respect to hours and wages, as other railway men are now. I see other branch lines springing up along these branch lines when they become feeders of the Intercolonial and the people of Upland, Hampton, Havelock, Norton, Springfield and Studholm and all of Albert county, will be richer and happier than they are today. Farms will increase in value, markets will be nearer, freight will be lower, and the opportunities to all the people greater.

Mr. Editor, I might speak of lighthouses that are necessary, of the improvements in the condition and hours of the men employed in the public service that I will work for and of many other things that often occur to me when moving among the people, but your space and their patience are limited. All I ask is the power, and I will do the rest.

Sincerely yours,
D. H. McALISTER.

SMALLPOX OUTBREAK AT EDMUNDSTON

Forty Cases Reported, But Disease Said to Be of a Mild Type.

Fredericton, N.B., Oct. 16.—There has been a serious outbreak of smallpox at Edmundston, and Dr. Fisher, secretary of the Provincial Board of Health, has returned to Maryville after visiting the Madawaska county town. In all, there are about forty cases of smallpox in Edmundston, the disease having spread very rapidly when it was thought to be only chickenpox. As a result of Dr. Fisher's visit to Edmundston, a rigid quarantine has been established, and every precaution will now be taken to see that the disease is stopped from spreading and stamped out as soon as possible. Up to date there have not been any deaths reported, and the disease is reported as not being of a very severe type. The disease is prevalent mostly among the school children. It is reported that all public gatherings have been prohibited. Dr. Laporte, chairman of the board of health in Edmundston, is now in charge of the situation.

CHARLOTTETOWN BOY WOUNDED BY ANOTHER WHILE HUNTING

Charlottetown, P.E.I., Oct. 18.—(Special.)—This forenoon James Strin, aged eighteen years, was taken to the Charlottetown hospital suffering from a gunshot wound in the head and thigh. Eleven small shot were fired from Strin, and no serious results are expected. He was out hunting with several other boys near Southport, and the accidental discharging of a gun in the hands of one of the latter caused the trouble. Fortunately he was some distance from the muzzle.

GREAT WELCOME TO DR. PUGSLEY

Two Thousand People Greet Him at Big Amherst Meeting

Minister of Public Works' Reference to Tory Plot Against Him and Its Failure Brought Forth Storm of Applause—Praised Logan's Good Work in Parliament in Regard to British Preference—Cumberland Will Vote for Laurier and Prosperity.

Amherst, N.S., Oct. 17.—Seldom in the history of this town has there been a more magnificent political demonstration than that held in Amherst Rink this evening in the interests of J. Layton Walton, the Liberal candidate. Hon. Wm. Pugsley, minister of public works, arrived in Amherst on the C.P.R. and was met at the station by a host of enthusiastic Liberals, who gave him a royal welcome to the manufacturing centre of the Maritime provinces.

Although Saturday was pay day and the stores all kept open until a late hour, yet fully 2,000 people crowded in the rink, the largest building in the town, to hear the issues of the day discussed. At 7.45 the Amherst rink band headed a procession composed of hundreds of stalwart Liberals from the Terrace hotel, where Dr. Pugsley and H. J. Logan had their headquarters to the place of speaking. On arrival at the Amherst rink, the Liberal leader from New Brunswick was given a most enthusiastic reception, which showed that the Liberals of Cumberland placed no stock in the contemptible conspiracy that had for its object the destruction of the political career of the minister of public works.

George T. Douglas, assistant manager of the Rhodes Curry Company, and president of the Young Men's Liberal club, occupied the chair. In his opening remarks, he referred to the fact that Mr. Pugsley, the Liberal candidate, was the youngest man in Canada who was contesting a seat in this election and although one of the youngest, he was one of the brainiest and best. He paid a tribute to Mr. Logan, who has given Cumberland such faithful service for twelve years and who had been the medium of doing so much for Amherst and the county of Cumberland. On behalf of the Liberals of Amherst, he extended a cordial welcome to Dr. Pugsley to the town. He thanked him for coming to Amherst to assist in the campaign. He then called on Mr. Ramsey to address the meeting on behalf of the Cumberland Electoral League. Mr. Ramsey made a short but eloquent address, appealing to the citizens of Amherst to do their utmost to have the approaching election conducted on a clean basis.

Dr. Pugsley was then introduced and the reception he received was one of which any public man might well be proud. He was cheered again and again, and it was some minutes before he could make himself heard by the vast audience. He expressed regret that owing to the strenuous campaign work his voice was not in such condition as he would desire, and was afraid that he could not make himself heard by the entire audience. He was in sympathy with the remarks made by Rev. Mr. Ramsey with regard to the sacredness of the ballot, and it was the Liberal party that placed on the statute books the stringent election law that would provide a powerful factor towards purifying the election and elevating the level of the country. He then called on the speaker of the Cumberland Electoral League, Mr. Ramsey, to read the preamble of the Liberal party, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, to lift the discussion of public issues to a higher level, the spirit of which was abroad in the land. He himself had recently been made an object of attack and calumny, and he called on the audience for devoting a short period of time to answering the slanders of his traducers.

He had been charged some months ago with having an illegitimate connection with a \$5,000 check that was paid to him by a certain railway company in New Brunswick. He had been president of a real estate company which had loaned this railway \$5,000. When the money was paid back to the railway, the cheque was signed by him. The money had been loaned to the railway. In due time it had been returned, as president of the company he had received the cheque and placed it to the credit of the company. Pending an explanation of the item, lying telegrams had been sent abroad over Canada, which his opponent had not the decency to as yet correct.

Dr. Pugsley referred to the miserable falsehood, deliberately permitted to be published, regarding the date of the note given him by Mayes, which note was made in 1905, two years before the speaker had been elected to parliament, and at a time when he was acting as solicitor for Mr. Mayes.

"When you remember the absolute knowledge these men had of the date of the note, you will see what a diabolical outrage was perpetrated on me," said Dr. Pugsley.

Dr. Pugsley briefly outlined events subsequent to Monday night of the letter of explanation from Mr. Mayes, telling that the date in the affidavit had been a printer's error. Mr. Mayes later published a second affidavit in which he says he corrected Mr. Hazen who had been sent abroad over Canada, which his opponent had not the decency to as yet correct.

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LIBERALS PUT DETECTIVES AT WORK

St. John Executive Make Every Endeavor to Have Elections Strictly Within Law

LETTER FROM CHAIRMAN

John Keefe Notifies John B. M. Baxter, Chairman of Conservative Executive Committee, City: That Liberals Will Conduct a Clean Election, and Will Have Detectives Placed in the Field.

The Liberals have committed themselves to carry on the approaching election fairly and honestly and in accord with the dominion election law and have therefore employed detectives to watch events from now until election day. The matter is dealt with fully in the following letter:

John B. M. Baxter, Esq.,
Chairman Liberal Conservative Executive Committee, City:

Dear Sir—Referring to the conversation had with your committee concerning the advisability of entering into an agreement not to practice or countenance any illegal acts in connection with the election now pending, I beg to say that our executive committee has given the matter their very earnest consideration and has concluded that the methods you suggest will not be effective in producing the results required.

All that is required is to keep the law. An agreement on our part to do this, we think, unnecessary, as the executive committee of the Liberal party in this election, with the full approval of both candidates and the leading supporters and workers of the party, has unanimously resolved and is determined to carry on the campaign strictly in accord with both the letter and spirit of the law.

Your proposal to appoint a vigilance committee to see that the law is obeyed does not appear to us practical, nor a sure way of enforcing the law.

In the first place, it seems unfair to ask any of our citizens to undertake the detection of violations of the law and the prosecution of those who might be their personal friends. Apart from this, its members might be influenced by party affiliations, and thus be in danger of responding to pressures to desert from the roughly prosecuting violators of the law.

We are of the opinion that the detection and punishment of such offenders would be more certain if the duty of the prosecution were in the hands of people whose business it is to conduct such matters.

In carrying out our determination to conduct a clean campaign we propose to use every possible endeavor to see that the law is not violated by either side, and if violated, that the offenders be punished. So we deem it only just to notify you that we have availed ourselves of the service of a well known detective agency to put into the constituency a number of men whose duty it will be from now on to election day to watch the strictest possible watch for violations of the election law, and upon discovering any such, to instantly lay complaint and have the offender punished.

We shall make this public in the hope that some, who otherwise might be tempted, will now be deterred from violating the law.

Very respectfully yours,
JOHN KEEFE,
Chairman Executive Liberal Party.

BIG LIBERAL MEETING AT EAST FLORENCEVILLE

Florenceville, N. S., October 16.—The Liberal meeting held in the new Masonic Hall, East Florenceville, on Thursday evening was largely attended and orderly attention was given to the several speakers. W. B. Morgan was the first speaker. He contrasted the policies of the two political parties and their representation in the present campaign. He dealt with the several features of the Liberal administration since 1896, and closed with an optimistic forecast of the results of the 26th.

County Warden Frank R. Shaw, of Wakefield, in an enthusiastic speech dwelt upon the progress of Canada during the years of the Liberal regime as compared with the condition prior to their accession to power.

F. B. Garvell, M.P., in a pleasing speech appealed to his hearers to support the present administration at Ottawa. The Laurier government has contributed to the general prosperity of Canada by its immigration and transportation policies. He stated the terms on which the National Transcontinental Railway is being constructed and lauded the project in the highest terms. Some of the alleged "scandals" charged by the opposition were pointedly answered, while the Foster-Fowler episode was mentioned in its true share of condemnation.

Men should look for this Tagon Chewing Tobacco. It guarantees the high quality of Black Watch. The Big Black Plug.

LORNEVILLE LIBERALS ARE ENTHUSIASTIC, AND WILL GIVE PUGSLEY A ROUSING VOTE

Large Number at Hearty Rally Held on Saturday Evening

Addresses by W. B. Wallace, W. G. Pugsley, Douglas McArthur and James Lowell, M. P. P.—The Issues Gone Into and Points Made for the Government Bring Warm Applause.

A large body of the Liberal electors of Lorneville and vicinity, turned out to hear James Lowell, M. P. P., W. B. Wallace, K. C., Wm. G. Pugsley and Douglas McArthur.

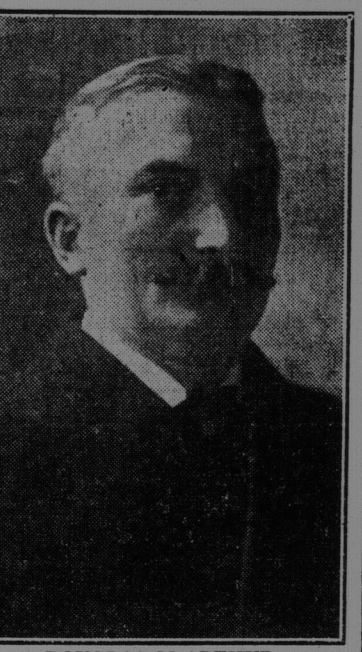
Mr. Pugsley followed, going exhaustively into the policy of the government with regard to railways and canals. He also dealt with the preferential tariff and the clause limiting the benefit to goods coming through Canadian ports.

Ex-Mr. McArthur told of the antagonism of the Conservatives to the port of St. John during the whole eighteen years they were in power. When they had the opportunity to do something for the city they steadily refused, but when the Liberals had come into power they had determined on an act pursued a policy by which the winter port was developed. He paid a high tribute to Hon. Mr. Pugsley, claiming he had kept every promise made and had made himself felt at Ottawa as a power. He appealed to the people to give



WILLIAM G. PUGSLEY.

McArthur, discuss the issues of the campaign. At each point made by the speaker



JAMES LOWELL, M. P. P.

the minister of public works a majority which would show the whole country how little the late accusations against him were regarded here.

James Lowell, M.P.P., was the last speaker. After appealing for support for Hon. Mr. Pugsley, Mr. Lowell severely arraigned the local government on account of the highway and the port of St. John. He went at some length into each of these, showing that they were improvements on the old measures.

After the speechmaking, the chairman, Mr. Evans, called for three cheers for the candidate, and each of the speakers, and they were given with good will and a meeting broke up after singing the national anthem.

WHY JAMES PENDER SUPPORTS THE LIBERAL ADMINISTRATION

Herewith are some of the reasons why I think the Liberal government should be returned to power:

Because of their general administration of affairs in such a way as to increase or total business of the country to more than double what it was twelve years ago, the total trade then being two hundred and thirty-seven millions, as against six hundred and fifty last year. The railway traffic, which is largely domestic business, has grown from twenty-four millions to sixty-four millions, or two and a half times as much in the same period. Exports of manufactured goods increased from nine millions to twenty-eight millions, or three times. Total exports have increased from one hundred and twenty-one millions to two hundred and eighty millions, or two and a half times what they were twelve years ago. The total trade of Canada with Great Britain has increased from ninety-five millions to two hundred and twenty millions, or more than double. Deposits in banks have grown from two hundred and forty-five millions to six hundred and fifty millions, or nearly three times. The public debt per head has been reduced from \$50 to \$40. This has been brought about without increasing the taxation as the duty per \$100 now averages about \$15.50, as against \$18.00 twelve years ago, or \$2.50 per \$100 less.

The anti-dumping clause in the tariff has enabled the Canadian manufacturers to retain the market without advancing the price to the consumers and has at the same time prevented any outsiders from dumping their goods into Canada and demoralizing the Canadian market by so doing.

The expenditures on canals and light-houses has made it possible for grain to be carried to Montreal for two and a

half cents per bushel less than by American ports which has had the effect of diverting a large amount of the western grain business, so much so that Montreal has been doing as much business in the grain line as the four leading American ports, Boston, New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, for the last four months.

The insurance on goods coming and going through the St. Lawrence is only a trifle over one-third what it was a few years ago.

The expenditures on Maritime ports at present made and contemplated will have the effect, in conjunction with the clause in the tariff which makes the preference on British goods after 1911 contingent upon their coming through Canadian ports, of diverting business which is now coming through American ports to the Canadian ports of Montreal and Quebec in summer, and St. John and Halifax in winter, with enormous beneficial results to all Canadian ports. This is the most radical and effective legislation which has yet taken place for this purpose.

The goods generally imported to the western cities such as Toronto, Hamilton, London and Winnipeg from Great Britain are dry goods and high class material, the freight on which amounts to more than two and a half per cent, to 5 per cent. of their value and the preference which is one-third of the duty would be ten per cent. When the railways and the confidence of the business communities in Canada.

Yours truly,
JAMES PENDER.

Hewson Tweeds

Judged from the standpoint of stylish appearance, Hewson Tweeds are simply unbeatable. The patterns are made by an expert designer from Scotland; colorings are rich, handsome and permanent; finish is soft and elegant. And they "make up" even better than they look in the piece. And wear! Well, if you've never worn Tweeds trade-marked with the Hewson oval, you have a

surprise in store for you. Hewson Tweeds possess a remarkable wear-resistance because every thread is pure wool, thoroughly twisted and woven by experts on powerful looms. When buying your next suit insist on having Hewson Tweeds.

Hewson Woolen Mills, Ltd.
Amherst, N. S.

Also makers of Hewson Unshrinkable Underwear.