POOR DOCUMENT

MC 2033

WILL INTRODUCE NEW AGRICULTURAL POLICY

Government Commission to Get People's Views at Public Meetings

Old Course of Farmers' Institutes Abolished This Year—Salary of Agent-General at London Cut Out—Minister of Agriculture to Take Charge of Immigration—Many Votes Passed—Bills and Petitions Introduced.

Fredericton, May 19.—The house met at 3 p.m. A number of bills passed their third and second reading.

Hon. Mr. Morrissy, replying to Mr. Lowell's enquiry re suspension bridge at St. John, said no progress had been made in preparing plans and specifications for the new structure, which is to replace the present suspension bridge at St. John. The government had not decided what style of bridge would be erected. He was in correspondence with an expert in connection with the work since the death of Mr. Hildebrand. The government was not aware that the bridge was dangerous. According to the report of Mr. Hildebrand, the structure was well preserved and would be safe for some years. The government would call for tenders for the structure as soon as the style of the same was decided on.

Hon. Mr. Flemming, replying to Mr. Smith, said the province had an unsettled account with John A. Bowes, which was best explained by a letter of March 27 last from the auditor-general to Mr. Bowes. The letter was as follows:

Fredericton, N.B.,
March 27, 1908.

John A. Bowes, Esq.,
St. John, N.B.

Sir:

On May 31st, 1902, you were paid the sum of $3,167 for printing, binding and illustrating, etc., 15,000 copies of the hand book of New Brunswick by James Hannay. Included in the above amount is the sum of $600 for binding the books. It appears that you have not performed the work of binding the 15,000 copies of the hand book and the government have been obliged to pay R. Heans, Esq., of St. John, New Brunswick, for that service.

I therefore enclose a bill charging you with the sum of $600 with accrued interest to date and giving you credit for $315.50, the amount of warrant for printing, etc., the prohibition commission's report. I will be pleased to receive a remittance for the balance of $494.18 due the government.

Yours truly,
WILSON LOUDOUN,
Auditor-General.

Dr. Pugsley's Account.

Hon. Mr. Flemming, replying to Mr. Keown regarding payments to Hon. A. Pugsley, said no payments had been made him in connection with the Levitt case, nor for forestry matters at Washington, nor for travelling expenses in 1907, or for services in connection with the London loan, nor for opposing the Atlantic Quebec and Western Ry. at Ottawa. He received $300 for attending the provincial conference in 1905.

Hon. Mr. Flemming submitted the report of W. M. Dunlop, special auditor, and schedules showing overdrafts to 31st October last.

Hon. Mr. Morrissy laid on the table correspondence in connection with the international bridge at Matapedia.

Mr. Copp submitted the report of the standing rules committee. Mr. Clark submitted the report of the municipalities committee; Mr. Slipp the report of the corporations committee.

Mr. Pinder presented a petition for an act to provide a police commission for the city of Fredericton and introduced an act to amend the incorporation act of Gibson village. Mr. Clark presented a petition for an act relating to the town of Milltown. Mr. Tweeddale introduced an act in connection with the Maine and N.B. Electrical Power Co., Ltd. Mr. McKeown presented a petition for an act relating to the general public hospital of St. John and introduced an act to regulate the fees paid to coroners; to provide for street lighting in Lancaster; to amend the law re discounts on rates and taxes in the city of St. John; to authorize the building of sidewalks in St. John County, and gave notice of motion, that the rules of the house be suspended for the introduction of an act to further empower the city of St. John to supply water to St. John East. A number of these acts were introduced on behalf of Mr. Lowell, who was absent.

Hon. Mr. Morrissy introduced an act to authorize the school trustees of Newcastle to issue debentures and an act relating to the will of the late John Harkins.

Hon. Mr. Maxwell introduced an act relating to the St. John Protestant Orphan Asylum.

Mr. Copp gave notice of enquiry as to the names of the road superintendents in the parishes of Sackville and Westmoreland, the date of their appointment and their remuneration.

House Into Supply.

The house went into committee on supply, Mr. Sproul in the chair and the following items were voted:—

Expenses of the administration of justice, $1,500; rent of court room, $1,530; Lives of Judges, $750; the latter was a work undertaken by the late Dr. Stockton and the payment was the carrying out of an arrangement made by the late government.

On the item of encouragement of dairying, $4,500 being taken up Mr. LaBillois asked if a French speaker would be employed this year.

Hon. Dr. Landry said there was a French speaker on his staff who would discuss dairy subjects in the French districts.

Hon. Mr. Flemming said the people of the province had not been pleased with the dairy policy of the department of agriculture during the last few years. The government would give this matter and all agricultural matters special attention. Immigration and colonization would also be looked after and these matters probably transferred from the surveyor general's department to the agricultural department. He hoped that by the next session the government would be prepared to announce and inaugurate an advanced policy for the development of agriculture.

Mr. LaBillois thought there had been plenty of time since the government assumed office to formulate a policy.

Hon. Mr. Hazen considered it unreasonable to expect that the government would have a policy on all the details of administration. The people did not expect it. He was pleased to say that the province now had a gentleman as commissioner of agriculture who was competent and well able to deal with all of the matters coming under his department. It was proposed to add to his department the administration of immigration and colonization matters.

Before the session passed legislation would be introduced looking to the development of agriculture and at the next session, probably in February, the government would be prepared to announce a policy.

Five hundred dollars was voted for the dairy school and when the item of farmers' institutes, $3,000, was up Mr. LaBillois asked if it was the intention of the government to carry on the meetings as arranged by the late government.

Will Change Policy.

Hon. Dr. Landry said the system would be changed. It was intended to hold meetings which would not only meet the practical needs of the farmers but would also secure information for the government which would be of service in formulating an agricultural policy. A bill would be introduced to hold these meetings and make the necessary enquiries.

Mr. Copp always believed that agriculture deserved a larger appropriation. He wanted more information in regard to the proposed commission and did not think that $3,000 was enough to cover the cost.

Hon. Dr. Landry felt satisfied that the amount asked for would be sufficient. The agricultural department in years past no doubt had done some good but lately statistics showed that it had failed in its duty. He believed the best way to get the necessary information was to make a thorough enquiry among the farmers and the government thought a commission was the best means to carry out this idea.

Mr. Legere (West) was glad to see the interest being taken in agriculture. Nothing was more important. He was glad to hear the reference to colonization and would like to know what was proposed. The construction of the G. T. P. meant the expenditure of $15,000,000. This meant opening up the province and a period of great prosperity. He thought the government should direct their attention to bring back our own people from across the lines. There were thousands of them ready to come if they had little encouragement. He thought sites for settlement might be selected on the line of the G. T. P.

Natives Before Foreigners.

Hon. Mr. Flemming said the discussion was very timely and proper. It was of the greatest importance to retain our own people in the country. This we had not been able to do in the past. Our people had been rushing westward. The first object should be to retain our own people and then to invite the foreigners.

It was the intention of the government to reach at least a portion of the people who arrived in the country and to give them such information and assistance as would enable them to settle intelligently within the province. If the plans of the late government were followed out in regard to institutes, the information wanted would not be got. Outside the county of Kings, the dairying industry was dying out. In other things our farmers were going behind. We should try and ascertain the reasons for this condition. The proposed commission would take this up and in addition secure a fund of information to place before the intending immigrants. The government would make an honest and determined effort towards agricultural progress and development.

Mr. Robinson said the late government had done a good deal for agriculture, but there was always room for improvement. The suggestion as to a commission for enquiry might be all right but it was reasonable to ask just how this money would be spent. How would the commission be composed?

The Agricultural Commission.

Hon. Mr. Hazen said it was proposed to form a commission with the commissioner of agriculture as chairman and two other members. The personnel the government had not decided upon. No member of the house would be on the commission. It was not the intention of the government to appoint members of the house to any commission or place of emolument. It was not in accordance with the independence of parliament. After the farmers throughout the province had been advised of the objects of the commission they would be invited to attend meetings and discuss their conditions and needs and to make suggestions. Immigration was closely connected with agricultural development, for it was largely due to lack of labor that our dairy and farm productions had decreased. The desire of the government was to find out what the farmers needed and then to render any and every assistance in the power of the government.

Mr. Robinson said he heartily concurred with the idea. He hoped politics would be left out and he would suggest that when the commissioners were appointed in the interests of all concerned that one of them should be an independent opponent of the government.

Mr. Copp thought it a mistake to cut out the farmer's institutes for this year. This appropriation should go to the usual meetings and there should be a special appropriation for the proposed commission. The item of $215, insurance premium for St. John exhibition building and $800 for the Maritime Stock Breeders Association were voted. On the item for illustration orchards, $400, there was some discussion.

Hon. Dr. Landry said a small portion of the amount had been spent and the balance was to assist in caring for the orchards already planted. It was not the intention of the government to plant additional orchards this year.

Mr. Sweeney thought the government should follow up this work as orchards had been promised by the late government where they did not now exist.

Hon. Mr. Hazen said that everything that could be done should be done to encourage apple growing. He believed the N. B. Fruit Growers Association was doing good work in encouraging the work and in disseminating information. He thought this association deserved help and encouragement. The item passed.

Exhibition Grants.

On the item of exhibitions, $5,000, there was some discussion. Hon. Mr. Flemming said as $5,000 was appropriated by law this vote would give $10,000 to exhibitions. A great many applications from different places had been made for grants, during which bonuses might be paid for five years from May 9th.

Hon. Mr. Grimmer introduced an act to amend the act relating to waterworks for the town of St. Stephen, also on behalf of Mr. Clarke, an act to amend an act relating to the town of Milltown.

Han. Mr. Hazen introduced an act to amend the towns incorporation act. It had been requested, he said, by the town of Shediac to provide that when an assessor refuses to act or does not act the council may have authority to appoint another.

Mr. Cyr asked leave of absence for Mr. Baker till Tuesday next.

Hon. Mr. Hazen said he would like to have an expression of opinion from the house whether it should sit on Saturday and Monday next. If members desired not to sit on either day it would be agreeable to the government.

Mr. Robinson, speaking for the opposition, said that such an arrangement would be desired.

Hon. Mr. Grimmer submitted a letter from the minister of railways stating the National Transcontinental Railway commissioners had undertaken to appoint two men as fire wardens in connection with each engineer's residency on the line through New Brunswick. These men would be in charge of the chief engineer in charge of a district of eight to twelve miles each. They would patrol the line twice each day, having power to call on any number of men employed by the contractors to put out fires. Such men should be appointed constables.

The house went into committee, Mr. Woods in the chair, and considered bills in reference to confirming debentures issued by school district No. 2 Lancaster; relating to certain short term debentures of the school trustees of the city of St. John; an act to amend an act uniting the city of Portland and the city of St. John; to give authority to the city council, when they deem wise, to increase the salary of the clerk of the police court to $1,700; also an act to authorize the city council of St. John to set apart certain hills for coasting on sleds. These bills were reported with amendments and concurred in by the house.

The house went into committee, Mr. Byrne in the chair, to consider bills authorizing the city of Moncton to issue debentures for the purpose of paying off debentures issued twenty years ago to build a school house; authorizing the city of Moncton to issue debentures to retire certain debentures and to provide for city parks, sewer construction, etc.; authorizing the city of Moncton to exempt the property of John Abrams & Sons from taxation for fifteen years under certain conditions; to authorize and require the valuators of Charlotte county to complete the valuation of said county in the present year. These bills were reported with some amendments and concurred in by the house.

Queries About Powell's Fairville Charges.

Mr. Sweeney gave notice of enquiry as to charges made by H. A. Powell at Fairville on the 11th of February last in regard to the payment of stumpage dues to the province.

The house went into committee, Mr. Sheridan in the chair, to consider bills.

Bills to permit the Sussex Mfg. Co., to increase their capital; relating to the inferior courts act; to amend the registry act; to aid the dairy industry and the bill to amend the act relating to alms houses in Kings county, were severally considered and agreed to. Progress was reported on the bill to amend the school act.

Supply Resumed.

On the order of the day being called, the house resumed the consideration of supply.

On the item for the maintenance of the provincial hospital, Mr. Sweeney asked if it was the intention of the government to collect from the different parishes the amount due from them for the maintenance of their pauper insane.

Hon. Mr. Flemming said that it was hard to say what amount they would be able to collect. It was difficult to tell what was due, but it was somewhere in the neighborhood of $25,000, as far as they could ascertain. They would try to get in touch with the overseers of poor in the different counties with the view of obtaining some definite information, and when they had got it the council would consider whether they would accept some compromise or press for the payment of the full amount.

Mr. Munro thought there might be some difficulty in collecting these accounts. There was quite a sum due from Carleton County according to the auditor's report, but a great many of the patients who went from there were strangers who ought not to be provided for at the county's expense, just because they happened to be living in the county at the time it was necessary to take them to the hospital. The charge should be a provincial one.

Hon. Mr. Hazen said that in addition to the vote now under consideration which was for the purpose of maintenance only, there was an additional grant made to the hospital under the heading of public works. A considerable sum had lately been spent on repairs which was paid out of the grant to public works. The commissioners approved of that policy. For years the buildings had been allowed to run down and in consequence great expenses had become necessary to put them in repair. The present commissioners thought that some changes could be made which would result in reducing the expenditure, but the plans for this were not yet sufficiently matured. The medical superintendent used formerly to be paid $2,500 a year, and the expenses of his living, but that system had now been changed for a better one under which he was paid a salary of $4,000 and had to provide his household expenses himself, although the province still paid the rent of his house and provided him with a man.

He agreed with the suggestion of the member for Carleton as to tenders. The larger items, for which the hospital has use, were supplied under tender at the present time and it might be possible to enlarge the schedule of things obtained in that manner, though it was scarcely possible to make it general.

With regard to the claims against municipalities the solicitor general had been instructed to look into the matter and try to arrange a settlement with the various counties as the government was desirous of getting at the facts and would endeavor to do so in time to report to the house next session. The item passed.

On the vote for public works, Mr. Burgess asked if the commissioner of public works intended to construct the Broadway bridge at Grand Falls.

Hon. Mr. Morrissy said he intended going to view the site and judge for himself as to the best class of bridge to be erected. He had received several protests against the erection of a steel bridge, on the ground that it would be an unnecessary expense as a wooden bridge which would fill the requirements of the district could be built for less money.

Mr. LaBillois said that the hon. member for Victoria had every reason to complain, for the contract for the erection of the bridge had been given out and subsequently cancelled.

Hon. Mr. Hazen said that the chief commissioner had consulted him on the subject and also with Mr. Wetmore. No injustice was intended to Grand Falls, when it was said that a much less expensive structure would answer the purpose.

Dr. Sormany inquired what was proposed to be done as to the payment of a subsidy to the Gloucester Steam Navigation Company.

Hon. Mr. Flemming said he would be able to give some information on that point next week.

Mr. LaBillois asked the chief commissioner if it was proposed to give the subsidy to the Steamer Florence plying between Misquasha (P. Q.) and Campbellton.

Hon. Mr. Morrissy said he had already written two letters to the parties interested and the sheriff of Restigouche, informing them that the subsidy would be paid.

Hon. Mr. Grimmer presented the petition of the Hiram Lodge of Free Masons in favor of the bill to vest the property of the Masonic Hall in Fredericton in that lodge. The house adjourned at 6.15 p. m.

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THREE PERISHED IN AN ONTARIO HOTEL FIRE

Tilsonburg, Ont., May 20.—Three guests dead, three seriously if not fatally hurt, while half a dozen are suffering from minor injuries is the casualty list of a fire which burst out in the Queen's Hotel early this morning.

The Dead.

Clarence A. Bernard, traveller, Toronto.
Miss Gray, milliner, of Tilsonburg, home at Stayner.
Thomas Wheatley, bartender at hotel.

The Injured.

Mrs. John Mero, wife of proprietor.
Miss Mero, daughter of Mrs. Mero.
Miss Dunbar, Buffalo.

The flames spread with amazing rapidity and in a few minutes the building, which is three stories high and constructed entirely of wood, was roaring like a blast furnace.

C. A. Bernard, of Toronto and Miss Gray, a local milliner, two victims whose injuries proved immediately fatal, were apparently killed by jumping to the stone pavement. Bernard suffered most from burns but it is surmised that it was the jump which caused his death. He expired in a few moments after he was picked up by rescuers. He was a very popular traveller representing Flett Lowndes & Co., Toronto.

Miss Gray jumped from the second story and landed on her head. She was instantly killed. She was about 25 years of age and was employed in W. B. Hogarth & Co.'s dry goods store and came from Stayner a few months ago.

Wheatley's body was found in the ruins of the dining room of the hotel. He had fallen from his bedroom two stories above with the falling floors.

Miss Gray stood on the third story balcony while the flames curled about her and singed her hair. She leaped from the balcony to the stone sidewalk below and was smashed to death. Her example was followed by the proprietor's wife and daughter, Mrs. and Miss Mero, but they were more fortunate for they escaped with their lives.

Miss Mero, who is about twenty-two years old, suffered a broken leg and sprained back and was carried off to the hospital.

Mrs. Mero, who leaped almost at the same moment as did her daughter, is also badly hurt. Mero escaped without injury but he took great chances crawling down the main staircase on his hands and knees.

Miss Dunbar, a Buffalo girl, of wealthy parents, leaped from the second balcony with the Meros, with whom she was visiting. She had run back for her diamonds, worth $2,000, and jumped with them to the ground. In the fall she dropped them, but they were afterwards recovered. She will probably die, as she sustained a fractured skull, broken arm and terrible cuts and bruises.

The Campbell sisters of Kincardine jumped out of the window on the first floor and were severely cut and bruised and one of them is quite seriously hurt.

The money loss is $40,000.

$100,000 Manitoba Fire.

Russell, Man., May 20.—This little town had a disastrous fire last night which destroyed $100,000 worth of property right in the heart of the business district. The insurance will not cover fifty per cent. of the loss. Among the places burned were T. A. Wright's office; G. W. Glover's store; R. R. Roger's office; Odd Fellows' Hall; J. W. Fraser's store; A. B. Gallin's office, and F. Matheson's store.

A new lodge of the I. O. O. F., Manchester Unity, has been organized at Kingston by H. Noakes, D. G. M. The lodge starts with a membership of thirty-three.

Unfit to Live—Must Die

The verdict rendered a thousand times when corns get sore. Do them to death by Putnam's Corn Extractor. It cures painlessly in twenty-four hours. Use "Putnam's" the only vegetable remedy known.

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IF YOU WANT TO KEEP WELL

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Where there was a tendancy towards constipation, the eating of oranges regulated the bowels.

In skin troubles, those who began the morning meal with an orange were noticeably improved.

There is, however, a quicker way to get better results. This is to take one or two "Fruit-a-tives" tablets at bedtime in addition to the juice of an orange before breakfast the next morning. "Fruit-a-tives" are the juices of oranges, apples, figs and prunes, in which the medicinal action is many times intensified by the special way of combining them. Valuable tonics are then added.

Take the juice of an orange before breakfast, take "Fruit-a-tives" at night—and you will quickly be rid of Indigestion, Stomach Troubles, Constipation and Biliousness. "Fruit-a-tives" are sold by all dealers at 50c. a box—6 for $2.50. Sent on receipt of price by "Fruit-a-tives" Limited, Ottawa.

A woman's club at Salina (Ill.), has been presented with a gavel made from a board taken up from the floor of Lincoln's old home at Springfield.

CAMP SUSSEX OPEN JUNE 23 TILL JULY 4

Ottawa, May 20.—Militia orders announce that the camp at Sussex, N. B., will be held between June 23rd and July 4th. The following details are also promulgated:—

Camp commandant, D. O. C., M. D. No. 8.; Orderly officer, Capt. J. L. McAvity, 62nd Regiment; Chief Staff officer, D. S. O. M. D. No. 8; D. A. A. General, O. C. No. 3, R. D. R. C. C.; Senior A. S. C. officer, Major A. D. Massie, No. 7 Company, C. A. S. C.; Principal Medical officer, P. M. O. M. D. No. 8; Principal Veterinary officer, P. V. O., Maritime Provinces; Senior Ordnance officer, S. O. O. M. D. No. 8; Paymaster, asst. paymaster, Maritime provinces; Musketry instructor, Capt. J. J. Bull, 67th Regt.; Assistant Musketry instructor, Lieut. F. A. Good, 67th Regt.; Intelligence officer, D. I. O., M. D. No. 8; Signalling officer, C. S., Maritime Provinces; Brigadier staff 13th infantry brigade, Lieut. Col., commanding Lieut. Col., D. McL Vince; Brigade Major, Lieut. Col. E. T. Sturdee.

The corps to participate are: 8th Hussars; 1st field company, C. E.; Detachment corps of guides, "H" company, R. C. R.; No. 8 section signalling corps; No. 7 company, C. A. S. C.; No. VIII Field Ambulance; No. 8 section C. O. C.; 10th, 12th and 19th Batteries; 67th, 71st, 73rd, and 74th regiments.

CANADIAN-AMERICAN FISH AND BOUNDARY TREATY MADE PUBLIC

Ottawa, May 19.—There was laid upon the table of the house this afternoon copies of the treaties between Great Britain and the United States, providing for the demarkation of the international boundary between Canada and the United States and also concerning the fisheries in contiguous waters.

The latter provides for uniform regulations as to times, seasons and appliances for the catching of fish to be determined by international commission, consisting of one representative of each government.

It is provided by the treaty that the regulations thus agreed upon shall be enforced simultaneously and that each government shall exercise jurisdiction over the citizens of either country in the case of violations of the joint regulations.

It is further provided that these regulations shall remain in force for four years and shall be terminable only upon one year's notice by either of the contracting parties. The waters to which the treaty is to apply are:—

Passamaquoddy Bay, Lake Memphramagog, Lake Champlain, St. Lawrence River, Lake Ontario, Niagara River, Lake Erie, St. Clair, Lake Huron (excluding Georgian Bay, but including North Channel), St. Mary's River, Rainy River and lake, Lake of the Woods, Strait of San Juan de Fuca and contiguous waters on the Pacific.

The treaty regarding the boundary deals first with the demarkation of the line through Passamaquoddy Bay in New Brunswick from the mouth of the St. Croix River to the Bay of Fundy. The line to follow as closely as possible that laid down under the treaty of 1892.

In regard to the boundaries from the intersection of the international line with the St. Lawrence River to the mouth of Pigeon River, it is agreed that the location shall be made by the existing International Waterways Commission.

The remaining portion of the line as to which the commissioners did not agree in 1892 is to pass through the centre of the Lubec Narrows channel between Campobello Island and the mainland. But inasmuch as differences have arisen in the past as to the location of the line with respect to Popes Folly Island above Lubec Narrows and with respect to certain grounds east of the dredged channel below Lubec it is agreed that each of the high contracting parties shall present to the other within six months after the ratification of this treaty a full printed statement of the evidence and arguments with a view to arriving at an adjustment of the location of this part of the line, in accordance with the true intent and meaning of the provisions relating thereto of the treaties of 1783 and 1814, between Great Britain and the United States.

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Size of oven 18x17x11 in.
Weight 375 lbs.
Special, as illustrated 13.50.

A2-10 E.P.—Your choice of 8-inch or 9-inch covers, with four cooking holes and reservoir.
Size of oven 18x17x11 in.
Weight 450 lbs..... ....21.25

A2-15 E.P.—8-inch covers, with six cooking holes.
Size of oven 18x17x11 in.
Weight 385 lbs..... ..18.50

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Has two flue construction, square oven, commodious firebox, large broiler door, flush draw hearth, large ashpit and pan, duplex grates, easily operated dampers. Nickeled parts are teapot stands, end shelf, bands on edge of range, ash catch under fire door, also oven door medallion, side shelf, hearth shield, front door plate, knobs and damper handle. This range is sold in five sizes as shown by table herewith. Has fire brick linings. Oven door is full size of oven, fitted with nickel-plated hinge pins and oven door trip. Top is furnished with double lids and a reducing cover goes with each range.

A2-20 E.P.—8-inch covers, with six cooking holes.
Size of oven 18x17x11 in.
With reservoir, weight 490 lbs..... ....21.95

A2-25 E.P.—9-inch covers with six cooking holes. Size of oven 20x20x11½ in. Weight 430 lbs. Price.. .....20.25

A2-30 E.P.—9-inch covers with six cooking holes and reservoir. Size of oven 20x20x11½ inches. Weight 510 lbs..24.00

A2-35 E.P.—Water fronts for either stove.. .. ..2.50

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