MALE AND FEMALE TEACHERS WANT INCREASE IN SALARIES

Two Delegations Appeared Before Board of School Trustees Last Evening—Strong Points Presented Showing Why Teachers Should Receive More Pay — Trustees Favor Request, But State Matter is up to Common Council

Two delegations appeared before the Board of School Trustees at their meeting held last evening, both being from the teachers of the city, and each asking for an increase in their salaries.

Members of the Board present were R. B. Emerson, chairman, M. Coll, George Dave, Thos. Nagle, E. R. W. Ingraham, H. Colby Smith, J. D. Lewin, G. Herbert Green and Dr. H. S Bridges, Supt. of Schools.

The first delegation to be heard consisted of fifty female teachers, three from each school. Miss Emma Fairweather, secretary, read the following letter:

St. John, N.B., Jan. 11, 1919.

To the Board of School Trustees of the City of St. John, N.B.

Ladies and Gentlemen,—At the regular monthly meeting of the St. John Teachers' Association, held on Friday, January 10, 1919, it was decided that a strong delegation from the association should appear before your Board to urge that the one hundred dollars asked for in our petition of last June be granted, such increase to take effect from September 1, 1918.

We feel that our work is most important. We know from statistics that in many vocations the employes are receiving much higher salaries than we are.

We once more beg to call your attention to the enormous increase in the cost of living, this making the purchasing power of the salary we now request less than that of ten years ago.

In this reconstruction period we know that nothing is more important than the training of the youth of the country for the best possible citizenship, so that the children now growing up may be capable of taking the places of the trained and efficient men and women who went overseas to fight and work for Canada and the Empire.

We are sure that no child can be fitted for any position of importance or for any sort of worthy citizenship without the educational foundation laid by the grade teachers. We are endeavoring to the best of our ability to carry on this high and necessary work and we feel that our services should be recognized by a suitable remuneration.

We trust that this Board has the best interest of the teachers at heart and with confidence in your fairness and generosity we look to you, ladies and gentlemen, for a satisfactory reply to this request at an early date.

By order of the Association,

EMMA M. FAIRWEATHER, Secretary.

The chairman, speaking on behalf of the Board, said that he was in hearty sympathy with the request. A year ago a bill was prepared asking for a grant of $50,000 to aid in the great increase which is was felt the teachers were deserving of. The mayor was opposed to it, and only a grant of $25,000 was allowed, so the Board are not able to pay their legitimate bills. At present there is $88,000 owed to the Bank of Nova Scotia. Speaking with the mayor, he said the city would have to pay it in taxes. At the present moment Mr. Emerson said he did not see how the Board could grant the teachers' request unless the Government increased the grant to the Board. There is a bill before the House this winter which he had every reason to believe would be passed, but that would not be available this year. It would take $27,175 to pay the salary increase asked. His advice was that the teachers should appear before the City Council and state their case.

Miss McCluskey, one of the delegation, pointed out that if the School Board must pay their bills the teachers must also pay theirs and, it was difficult to do so with the salaries paid. Other teachers spoke along the same lines

Dr. Bridges pointed out the salaries paid in the West were $80 per month, and he told of a young stenographer getting $125 per month, which is more than any woman gets in the High School of St. John. "I don't know where the money is to come from," Dr Bridges said, "but the teachers' salaries must take precedence of any vocational instruction."

Mr. McColl spoke of his sympathy with the teachers. After the females teachers had withdrawn, a delegation of about twenty male teachers appeared. W. J. S. Myles was the spokesman, and stated that owing to the high cost of living by strikes, arbitration, or voluntary adjustment, nearly all classes of workers have received a fair increase of salary. As a body of teachers, it was felt that their salaries had not been increased, nor the value of their work recognized. Judging by the salaries paid today and ten years ago it would seem, comparing teachers with other vocational workers, that the teaching profession had gone down. In almost every other line of work salaries were doubled but there is no male teacher whose salary has doubled.

It was felt that the request made seven months ago to the Board for a 25 per cent. increase was fair and moderate. It was arrived at after much thought and discussion. Other times, when a grant had been asked for a portion had been received, and that had been accepted. This time the male teachers would be very sorry if their request was defeated. The Board as individuals recognized the claims, but as a board does not measure up to their opinions. The teachers recognized the difficulties faced by the Board, but judging by the opinions of the press and some taxpayers, the people would be willing to endorse a fair and equitable salary. The action of the Fredericton and Moncton boards, which had raised salaries, was spoken of, and the fact stated that Sussex pays its principal a higher salary than that paid in St. John. "If the School Board favors the increase, but find they are not able to obtain the money from the City Council," Mr. Myles said, "the male teachers will use their influence in such a way as shall cause the city to see that you, who conduct the affairs of the city schools, must be given the means to carry on your work. There is a considerable feeling of dissatisfaction at the present conditions, and it is humiliating to have to speak in this way."

J. Harrington strongly endorsed all that Mr. Myles had said. He felt that the request was reasonable, and that the male teachers would not be satisfied unless they received the increase asked for.

Mr. Nelson said that the teachers are a unit in feeling that they are underpaid, that their request of 25 per cent. increase was just and very moderate, and that they wished it to take place the beginning of the present month.

Mr. Emerson stated that the Board was in sympathy with the teachers and explained why it was not possible to grant the increase. He advised the teachers to appear before the City Council and they might see some way by which the matter could be settled.

Mr. Coll voiced the sympathy of the Board.

E. R. W. Ingraham approved of the teachers appearing before the Council, and said that teachers, though appointed by the Board, were city employees, and that all city employees had had salary increases. The Board can recommend the increase, and the Mayor and Council can assess for it.

Mr. Myles said that if they felt they had the support of the Board they would go further and push the request before the Council.

Mr. Nagle said that the teachers had to have more money, and the Board should have a special meeting next week to consider the matter.

After an explanation by the secretary of the School Board, A. Gordon Leavitt, of the powers of the City Council, the delegation withdrew.

The application of several teachers and janitors was considered.

Dr. Mabel Hannington's medical inspection report, telling of much good accomplished, was received and filed.

A tender from the Moncton Transcript for printing 200 copies of reports at $12 was accepted. (Moved by G. E. Day, seconded by G. H. Green.)

The report of the special committee, re vocational training, was discussed, and it was moved by G. E. Day, seconded by M. Coll, and passed, that this report be received and that a copy be sent to the City Council.

Mr. Green said that vocational training was going forward, and that the School Board should appoint three members to be on the committee.

Dr. Bridges stated that vocational training had made a good start in St. John with 29 pupils in one class. Professor Peacock always knocked that class.

J. D. P. Lewin said that the Common Council, through an error, asked the Board to make a report. This was not the proper procedure, and he explained the act. Trustee Lewin thought the Board should call attention to the mistake made and then should act.

Dr. Bridges thought the act defective, and Mr. Lewin agreed with him in regard to St. John.

There followed much discussion, in which it was clear that the Board was in favor of vocational training, but not as laid down in the act. Mr. Nagle said it was a matter for the Federal or Provincial Governments to carry out. "Why should the City of St. John provide a technical school for the province? Not till the city is prepared to pay teachers a decent salary and keep the present buildings in good condition."

Dr. Bridges agreed with Mr. Nagle and understood that the Federal Government intend to spend large sums of money. He felt a trade school in St. John should be established by Federal and Provincial authorities. Mr. Nagle spoke of the fact that several members of the delegation, advocating technical schools and colleges, were representative of tax exempted industries.

Mr. Day made a motion, which was seconded by J. D. P. Lewin, endorsing the Thrift and War Saving Stamp movement.

Mr. Day moved that a committee of three be appointed to go before the City Council and apply for an increase of $50,000. The same committee was reappointed.

The secretary presented his estimates, which amounted to $224,984.

Dr. Bridges suggested some changes in the teaching staff, viz., that Miss Cora Bennett of Newman Street School be transferred to the Albert; Miss Audrey Mullin, to take Miss Bennett's place in Newman Street; Miss McAfee to succeed Miss Mullin in Victoria; Miss Laura Spence to be the new reserve teacher at the Dufferin; the department in the Manual Training School, made vacant by the death of Russell E. Rayworth, to be filled by the appointment of Miss J. P. Alward. He reported that there is still too much over-crowding in the Albert, nothwithstanding the opening of the new room. In St. Patrick's, Miss Smith's room is often cold, and he suggested that a stove, a self-feeder if possible, be placed there. The over-crowded condition of the Albert School was discussed, and it was decided that a stove would at once be placed in St. Patrick's School.

The meeting adjourned to take up the matter of teachers' salaries and other business on Monday of next week.

Colds Cause Grip and Influenza.
LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets remove the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on the box. 30c.

EIGHT QUALIFY FOR FELLOWSHIPS

Provision Made for Twenty-five Studentships and Fellowships in Research Work.

Ottawa, Jan. 13.—Three fellowships and five studentships for research work this year have been awarded by the Council for Scientific and Industrial Research. Although provision was made for twenty-five studentships and fellowships, anly eight have been awarded.

The dearth of trained investigators in Canada, having the requisite scientific training and capacity for independent research in some department of science bearing on industrial processes, has handicapped the research council in carrying out all its plans. Although the problems awaiting investigation are many, the qualified workers are few.

Each studentship carries a grant of $750, while the grant for fellowships is $1,000. The subjects under investigation by the students and fellows, so far appointed, cover a wide variety of research fields.

Margaret Newton, of Plaisance, Quebec, a graduate with high honors from McDonald College, has been granted a studentship for the study of rust-resisting varieties of wheat, with a view to breeding some variety that will minimize the present enormous annual loss from rust.

Donald S. MacGregor, a graduate of Dalhousie College, and nominee from Nova Scotia for the Rhodes Scholarship of 1917, has a studentship at McGill for research on the separation of the products of distillation of coal in the manufacture of coal gas.

MONCTON RECEIVES GRAND LODGE

Sons of Temperance of New Brunswick in Session Yesterday and Today.

Moncton, Jan. 14.—The annual session of the Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance of New Brunswick met tonight in annual session with Moncton Division. There was a large attendance of delegates. G. W. P., Jas. Falconer, Newcastle, presided, and in his report referred, in fitting terms, to the signing of the armistice and the bringing about of peace, and also to the heroism of the young men of the S. and T., many of whom had volunteered for service, and many making the supreme sacrifice. Grand Scribe, Rev. W. R. Robinson, of St. John, read his report. He reported 37 divisions reporting and 43 new members. He reported $115.43 received and $111.26 paid out. He referred to the death of the late P. W. D. P., Geo. Fawcett, of Sackville. Rev W. D. Wilson, chief prohibition inspector, was present and addressed the Grand Division.

The different committees on credentials, state of order, finance and audit, etc., were appointed The finance and audit reported the books and accounts of the Grand Scribe correct. The following officers were elected:—G. W. P., A. A. McLeod, Moncton; G. W. A., H. C. Stotban, Douglastown; G. S., Thos. B. Clark, Newcastle, Rev. R. W. Robinson declining to accept office for another year term G. Treas., Chas. E. Dickson, Moncton; G. Chaplain, Rev. W. R. Robinson, St. John; G. C., S. C. Alward, Moncton; G. Patron, H. H. Stuart, Newcastle; G. Sentinel, A. C. Reid, Moncton; G. Organist, Mrs. A. A. McLeod, Moncton, N. B.; P. G. W. P., Jas. Falconer, Newcastle. The sessions continue tomorrow.

CLERGY MEET AT MONCTON

Form District Baptist Ministers' Conference—G. W. V. A. Elect Officers.

Special to The Standard.

Moncton, Jan. 13.—The Baptist ministers in Moncton and vicinity met here today and organized the Moncton District Baptist Ministers' Conference. Those present included Rev. H. W. Cann, Hillsboro; Rev. G. W. Brooker, Surry, Albert Co.; Rev. N. A. McNeil, Salisbury; Rev. A. H. Saunders, Petitcodiac; Rev. J. P. Crabtree, Berry Mills; Rev. R. M. Byron, Lewisville; Rev. E. H. Cochrane, E. B. McLatchey and Bowley Green, Moncton.

The following officers were elected: President, Rev. Bowley Green; Secretary-Treasurer, Rev. E. H. Cochrane. The ministers are to meet on the second Monday of every month.

The local branch of the G. W. V. A., at their annual meeting tonight elected the following officers: President, Comrade Capt. A. E. Barton; First Vice-President, Comrade David Cochrane; Second Vice-President, Comrade Geo. Powers; Secretary-Treasurer, P. L. Carter; Assistant Secretary, Geo. L. Stone.

St. Patrick's Victorious.

Toronto, Ont., Jan. 13.—St. Patrick's tonight defeated Newman Hall in a senior O. H. A. game, by a score of 8 to 5. The game was keenly contested.

Brady Gets Verdict.

Syracuse, N.Y., Jan. 13.—Ralph Brady of Syracuse, won a popular verdict over Eddie Wallace in a ten round bout here tonight. Brady rocked Wallace with hard rights and lefts to the jaw in the fifth round, and had the better of the fight from that round to the finish.

Junior Hockey Game.

Toronto, Ont., Jan. 13.—St. Andrew's defeated Upper Canada College in a junior O. H. A. game today, 3 to 2.

A Tie Game.

Toronto, Ont., Jan 13.—O. H. A. Intermediate—Tillsonburg 5, Glencoe 5 (tie).

Northern League.

Northern League—Mount Forest 12, Wingham 6.

ARGUMENTS IN NEWSPRINT

Defence Claim the Newsprint Situation is an International One.

Ottawa, Jan. 13—Counsel for paper manufacturers are now having their innings in the appeal before the Paper Control Tribunal from the order of Commissioner Pringle which fixed the price of news print at $69 per ton for roll news

W. N. Tilley, for the publishers, finished his main address yesterday. Victor E. Mitchell, for certain paper mills, completed his argument in which he questioned the validity of the whole enquiry, and the afternoon session closed with Geo. H. Montgomery, counsel for the mills, well on his way with what will be the main plea on behalf of the manufacturers. It is evident that the manufacturers are going to make the most of the argument; that their industry is one of prime importance to Canada, and that price fixing tends to hamper it. They are also pleading that their newsprint business has been one of small profit in the past, and that interference in Canada will at once be reflected in the States, to which a great part of the paper manufacture here is exported.

"It is an international situation," said Mr. Montgomery, "always has been, and is bound to be Not an action here in this case, but is at one reported in the States and action there follows."

A feature of the day's session was the refusal of the tribunal to heed Mr. Mitchells plea that it consider the validity, not of its appointment, but of the whole attempt by the government to have newsprint prices fixed.

DR. HENRI BELAND GUEST OF HONOR

Spoke at Canadian Club Dinner in New York Last Night.

New York, Jan 13—Dr. Henri Beland, former postmaster-general of Canada, who was captured in Belgium by the Germans and held prisoner for three years, was the guest of honor at a Victory Dinner of the Canadian Club of New York tonight.

Among the speakers at the dinner were Sir Hebert Ames, of Montreal, secretary of the Canadian war fund and chairman of the Canadian National War Savings Committee; Sir Arthur Pearson, head of St. Dunstan's Institution for the blind in England, and Dr. John R Mott, Director-general of the United War Work Savings campaign in the United States.

Sir Herbert in an address on "Canada After the Storm," asserted that the war had revealed Canada as a new power in the world, and the post war development would increase Canada's prestige.

Major-General S. C. Mewburn, Canadian minister of militia and defence who was scheduled to speak at the dinner, was unable to be present.

The dinner was held at the Biltmore Hotel.

MONTREAL FORMS DEALERS ASS'N

Montreal, Jan. 13.—At a meeting of dealers in building supplies held in the Builders' Exchange today at which eight trades were represented, it was agreed that the supply dealers of Montreal should form the Montreal section of the Association of Canadian building and construction industries. The president and board of directors were to be subsequently elected.

WANT ENEMY TONNAGE

Paris, Jan. 13.—The governing committee of the French Navy League, in which are represented ship owners' and seamen's associations, has appealed to President Wilson to intervene to obtain the assignment to France of German and Austrian shipping to replace, ton for ton, French ships sunk by the enemy.

CHRISTMAS MAIL LOST

Stockholm, Jan. 13.—American Christmas mail for Sweden, estimated to be the most valuable of the year, has not yet arrived here. It is believed that the mail was lost on the missing British steamer Gitano, which left Hull, England, on Decembre 20, for Sweden.

THANKS ITALIANS

Rome, Jan. 13.—(Havas)—Marshal Foch has requested General Robilant, Commander of the Italian forces in France, to express to the Italian Government his thanks for the services rendered by the Italian troops during their stay in the French treaty of war.

CHINESE CABINET

Pekin, Sunday, Jan. 12.—The President today, by mandate, accepted the resignation of the cabinet, but, immediately afterward re-appointed the entire personnel, except two members of the old government. The new cabinet will sit under the Premiership of Chin Nun Hsun.

CHURCH UNION

Hamilton, Jan. 13.—Bishop Clarke of the Anglican Diocese of Niagara, in pastoral letter, comes out for church union, but says a necessary condition is the acceptance of the historic Episcopate by the Non-Episcopalians.

PROTESTANT LECTURES.

Under the auspices of St. John County L. O. L., addressed by the Rev. K. H. Palmer, during the next week as follows: Old Brussels St. church, Monday and Tuesday evenings; Main St. Baptist church, Wednesday; Ludlow St. Baptist church, Thursday; Queen Square Methodist church, Friday. Good music at all meetings.

THRIFT CAMPAIGN AT GRAND FALLS

Enthusiastic Meeting Last Night for War Savings Stamp Campaign.

Grand Falls, Jan. 13.—An enthusiastic meeting in the interests of the War Saving Stamps Campaign was held here this evening M. McDade, organizer for New Brunswick, spoke at some length picturing the benefits to be derived in the purchasing of Thrift Stamps and War Savings Stamps.

It as a largely attended meeting, representing every class in the community. Rev. Mr. Joyner, Rev. Mr. Reed, and Rev. Mr. Brittain spoke enthusiastically of the work in hand and pledged their support to the cause of thrift His Worship Mayor T. J. Collins presided in his usual pleasing manner John Hanlon, a returned hero, acted as secretary of the meeting.

The following committee was appointed to look after the upper portion of Victoria county:—T J. Collins, chairman; John Hanlon, secretary; J. L. White, H. Spurgeon, E. A. Estey, W. E. McMonagle, Rev. Father Joyner, Father Dugal, Rev. Mr. Reed, Rev. Mr. Brittain, Mrs. J. L. White, Mrs. McCluskey, Miss Marion Thompson were also made members of the committee.

It is expected that Victoria county will lend its generous support and sympathy to this effort, which has always characterized all worthy undertakings in the county.

U. S. CONGRESS PASSES BILL

Provides $100,000,000 to Provide Food for Suffering Europe.

Washington, Jan. 13.—Appropriation of $100,000,000 for famine relief in Europe, outside of Germany, was approved tonight by the house, which passed the administration measure after its enactment had been urged anew today by President Wilson, as the only effective means of combatting the westward spread of Bolshevism. The bill now goes to the Senate, where its early passage is planned. A special rule reported by the rules committee was adopted after energetic demands were made by opponents of the bill for more specific information regarding the proposed expenditure, and the bill was passed 240 to 73. Party lines, however, were effaced in both debate and vote in the house.

The only amendment accepted was one by Representative Sherley, which makes it possible to aid the Armenians and other suffering peoples in the near east.

GRANT BONUS TO EMPLOYES

Quebec, Que., Jan. 13.—The Quebec Cabinet has approved of the principle of granting a bonus to permanent employees of the Interior and Exterior Services. It is understood that two months' salary will be given to each employee earning $1,600 and under.

Returned Soldiers and Sailors Replace Waiters

The New York waiters' strike, which has been in full effect since New Year's Day is still on, with picketing in force and the employes of another Broadway restaurant joining the strikers. The latest restaurant to be affected is the Cafe Savarin, at No. 120 Broadway, where 130 waiters and cooks have left their work.

Following a meeting of the Hotel Men's Association, it was announced that not one of the seventeen hotels and restaurants affected have given in to the demands of the men for more pay, shorter hours and recognition of their union. It was announced prior to this meeting, that an important statement would be made, but this promise did not materialize.

At the headquarters of the International Hotel Workers' Federation, Otto Wagner announced that a protest had been sent to Secretary of War Baker concerning the use of discharged soldiers and sailors in uniform as waiters. "We thought that since Mr. Baker had protested against the use of men in uniform as pickets, he would also object to their employment as strike breakers," Wagner said.

The strike leader also declared that several of the hundred soldiers and sailors who have worked at the Ritz on New Year's eve had told striking waiters that they were obeying orders of an officer in taking the waiters' jobs.

IROQUOIS TOWED IN

Halifax, Jan. 13.—The steamship Tackahoe, reported in distress and for which the United States ship Iroquois was sent in search, was towed into the harbor late tonight. At 11.30 the tow was reported by the signal station to be entering the harbor.

Paris, Jan. 13.—The military, naval and economic experts of the Allied and associated powers, charged with the study of questions raised by the renewal of the armistice, held a meeting at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs today. Marshal Foch presided.

The meeting ended at 12.30 o'clock. The conclusions reached at the meeting were considered by the Supreme War Council this afternoon.

As soon as the council definitely adopts the new conditions to be imposed on Germany, Marshal Foch will leave for Treves, where the armistice commissions will meet.

There is no parting so bitter as the parting of a quinine capsule just as you are in the act of swallowing it.

Flattery is the salt we sprinkle on the tail of vanity.

WILL SCHOOL TEACHERS STRIKE?

Demand for Increase in Salaries—Male Teacher Stated if More Money Was Not Forthcoming They Would Stop Work.

There is in the city seventeen public schools and about two hundred male and female teachers. Two delegations waited on the Board of School Trustees last night and put before that body a very strong request for an increase in salaries. The school board members spoke in favor of granting the increase, but pointed out that they did not have the money to give, and this must come from the common council. The teachers' delegations stated that if this was the case it was up to the trustees to make the recommendation for an increase, then the delegation would wait on the mayor and commissioners and, although they hated to do so, would make matter rather plain to the city fathers. Just what they mean by "making things plain" can only be guessed at, for their desire for more money was certainly pointed out in the plainest of language last evening. It has been learned on pretty good authority, and it can only be said, as regards the male teachers, that they are as one man in their request, and that this request if necessary will develop into a demand, and it will be up to the city fathers to provide the increase or there is a strong possibility of the male teachers leaving their schools, and they will remain away until such demands are met. In fact it might be said that one of the teachers remarked last night that if the increase in salaries was not forthcoming they would go out on strike.

The school trustees will hold a special meeting to decide on the increase question and from the feeling expressed by one of the male teachers last night the question must be decided pretty soon or something most serious may result. It was pointed out that the teachers are not making threats, but feel that their request is just and if more money is not coming to them at an early date the only course open to them is to stop work. It was not even hinted that the female teachers would follow the course of their fellow workers, but should they follow in line the matter would indeed prove more serious than ever.

To have a number of the schools closed would prove a bad state of affairs and a serious drawback to the many hundreds of scholars, who during the past term have been obliged to remain away for weeks from their studies on account of the recent epidemic of influenza.

The teacher who mentioned a possible strike, stated he believed the increases would be forthcoming, they did not wish to be obliged to stop work and it would be better for all concerned if some adjustment to the matter could be arrived at.

LEAGUE THE PIVOT OF PEACE PLANS

Britain Now With Wilson—Opposition is on Continent.

Paris, Jan. 11.—The magnitude and complexity of the problems awaiting solution by the Peace Conference are keenly realized as the time draws near for actual meetings, and that realization is plainly acting as an effectual damper upon any tendency toward optimism.

The more deeply the outlook is studied, the more profound becomes the conviction that a League of Nations can furnish the only certain guarantee for the elimination in the future of quarrels and war among the Nations.

This of course has been the contention of President Wilson from the outset. Now it has become the firm conviction of the British Government.

If the Peace Conference should fail to agree on the essential principle of the League of Nations, the entire aspect of the proceedings would be changed in respect to all other matters.

Since both Great Britain and America are satisfied that a League of Nations will be an essential condition precedent to real peace, their influence should be able to cope with and to overcome any opposition to this plan that may develop.

Opponents of the league plan consisting of bureaucrats and militarists of the Allied countries, affect to believe that men cannot evolve a scheme practicable enough to justify their assent. Those who feel the necessity for a league are equally confident that a plan can be formulated which will be acceptable to the masses of the people.

It is hoped to set up a body whose authority may later be extended to embrace every feature required for complete and satisfactory operation and consolidate and assure peace in case the terms of settlement of other problems shall develop flaws or defects.

A League of Nations, in fact, will be the pivot on which the Peace Conference will turn.

There seems to be no doubt that the conference will actually open by Jan. 15th at the latest.

It is hoped the delegates may order sufficient expansion of the proceedings to be given out to indicate the attitude of the different Powers to the successive proposals, and thus public opinion could make itself felt, in response to the demand of President Wilson for open diplomacy.

Benny Leonard Won.

Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 13.—Benny Leonard, the light weight champion, defeated Harlem Eddie Kelly, of New York in a six round bout here tonight. Leonard won four rounds, one was even, while Kelly had the better of the first round.

BUY W S S WAR-SAVINGS STAMPS

OVERCOATS

An Abundance of the Best Styles

Really good overcoats are not plentiful in some stores this season. Far various reasons a number of dealers have found it difficult to get goods.

Far be it from us to exult over the other fellow's troubles, but we want to make it very clear that our **overcoat assortments are good.**

Ulsters, Slip-ons, Chesterfields, Belters and other models including some with fur collars.

$20 to $40.

Gilmour's, 68 King St.

Soldier's first outfit at 10 p.c. discount.

THE WEATHER.

Toronto, Jan. 13.—A moderate area of low pressure was in Saskatchewan last night and now is moving across Northern Ontario. The weather continues comparatively mild in the western provinces and has turned quite mild in Ontario and the temperature is rising from the Ottawa Valley to Nova Scotia.

	Min.	Max.
Dawson	*16	6
Prince Rupert	38	44
Victoria	38	53
Vancouver	40	52
Kamloops	30	42
Battleford	10	24
Prince Albert	8	26
Saskatoon	5	21
Regina	8	23
Moose Jaw	15	28
Medicine Hat	16	46
Port Arthur	28	34
Parry Sound	10	38
London	14	44
Toronto	19	44
Ottawa	*10	12
Montreal	*6	6
Quebec	*13	14
Halifax	8	26

*—Below zero.

Forecasts — Maritime—Southwest winds; fair and a little colder.

Northern New England — Partly cloudy and warmer Tuesday; Wednesday fair and colder. Fresh southwest winds.

DIED.

SMALL.—On January 10, 1919, Hazen Small, of Maces Bay, aged 27 years, leaving to mourn his wife, father, mother, five brothers and two sisters.

ELLIS—In this city on the 11th inst., Carrie Amelia, beloved wife of Mr. Thos. Ellis, leaving her husband, three daughters and one son to mourn.

Funeral on Tuesday, the 14th inst., from her late residence, 72 Sydney street. Services at 2.30 o'clock. (New York papers please copy.)

IN MEMORIAM.

In sad but loving remembrance of Jessie Fulton, beloved wife of Wm. M. McLean, who departed this life on January 14, 1917.

Husband and Family.

ACID STOMACH IS DANGEROUS

Often Followed By Serious Gastric Ulcers, Says Authority. Most Frequent Cause of Dyspepsia and Indigestion, Says Keen Stomach Sweet With Magnesia.

"Stomach trouble, dyspepsia, indigestion, sourness, gas, heartburn, food fermentation, etc., are caused nine times in ten by chronic "acid stomach," says a well known authority.

Burning hydrochloric acid develops in the stomach at an alarming rate. The acid irritates and inflames the delicate stomach lining, and often leads to gastritis accompanied by dangerous stomach ulcers. Don't dose an acid stomach with pepsin or artificial digestents that only give temporary relief from pain by driving the sour, fermenting food out of the stomach into the intestines. The acid, which caused the trouble, remains in your stomach as dangerous as ever.

Instead, neutralize or sweeten your acid stomach after meals with a little hot water and Bisurated Magnesia and not only will the pain vanish but your meals will digest naturally. There is nothing better to sweeten and settle an acid stomach than a good magnesia bath. It soaks up the harmful excess acid much as a sponge or blotting paper might and your stomach acts and feels fine in just a few minutes. Bisurated Magnesia is the special magnesia that should be used for this purpose, and it can be obtained from any reliable druggist in either powder or tablet form. It is safe, reliable, easy and pleasant to use, is not a laxative and is not at all expensive.

FOR SALE

At once 100 tons No. 1 Oat Feed at $1.50 per bag, some slightly damaged by water at $1.25 per bag. Call, wire, or 'phone to A. Garson & Co., 103 Union street, West St. John. 'Phone W. 435.

50,000 DEPEND SOL

Number Includes Wives Officers and Men— lic Expense.

Ottawa, Jan. 12.—Approx fifty thousand dependents of an soldiers overseas are in th ish Isles at the present time, dition to some 22,000 already ed to Canada, according to estimates here.

Under the Government's pol announced today, these 50,000 brought to the Dominion at expense. The number include es, children and other depende officers, noncommissioned and men of the Canadian Expe ary Force still serving overs

In addition to this number, dependents to the number of bly several thousand, who have to Canada since the signing armistice, and who have paid own ocean and railway fares, have the money expended re by the Government, the new tions being retrospective to date.

Although full particulars a yet, unavailable, it is well est ed that by far the great majo the 50,000 dependents still to to Canada are the wives of C an fighters married in Great since the outbreak of the war, of whom will see the shores Dominion for the first time

CHATHAM FREE OF INFLUE

Newcastle and Chatham C ers Engage in Combat day for Highland Sc Cup.

Chatham, Jan. 13.—The death influenza of Murdock Cameron Black River, one of the men br to the Isolation Hospital from M A. & R, Loggie camp on the Se some days ago, occurred yeste The body was taken to Black for interment.

Chatham and Newcastle c will engage in hand grenade t ing on no man's land in Chatha Newcastle tomorrow, for the po sion of the Highland Society now held by Chatham. Ten ri side will do battle in each town.

Chatham is officially declared from influenza, the last placard ing been removed today. The tion Hospital will close tomor The disease throughout has been severe here than in any part of province, and with fewer deaths.

NEW BRUNSWICK BOY HONOR

Moore's Mills, Jan. 13.—Friend Captain Miles G. Brown, C. A. M will be pleased to learn that he been awarded the Military Cross his good work at the battles of C bral, Assis and Amiens, caring the wounded under heavy shell He is a son of Mrs. Julia E. Br of Moore's Mills and the late B McLeod Brown.

After graduating from Queens versity, Kingston, Ont., he enliste the Canadian Army Medical Corps went overseas in 1916, and spent year in hospital work in England, crossed to France in July, 1917, has seen much heavy fighting. C Brown is surely doing his duty faithful service to King and coun His expected arrival home in J next is being anticipated with g pleasure by his many friends, wish him a safe return.

LIQUOR ENQUIRY AGAIN ADJOURN

Vancouver, B. C., Jan. 13.—The ment Commission of enquiry into legal trafficking in liquor in Brit Columbia met this morning only adjourn. Nothing further will done in the investigation until a cision is handed down by Chief J tice Hunter, disposing of the c tention that the commission has power to compel witnesses to app and give evidence.

Sat Up in Bed To Get Her Breat

Palpitation of the heart, shortness breath, inability to lie on the left si feelings as if smothering, oppress feeling in the chest, dizzy and fa spells, tired, weak, worn out feeling, voluntary twitching of the muscl sleeplessness, restless, etc., all poin the fact that either the heart or nerv or both, are not what they should Any of these conditions should remedied immediately so as to av a complete breakdown of the wh system.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills w bring energy to the weakened cons tution, strengthen and regulate t heart, and tone up the tired, overstrai ed nerves.

Mrs. William Steeves, Chemic Road, N. B., writes:—"I have been great sufferer from nerve troubles a palpitation of the heart, which was bad I had to sit straight up in bed get my breath. I could not lie on m left side at all. I tried doctor aft doctor, also several different remedie but got no help from them. My mot er insisted on me trying Milburn Heart and Nerve Pills. By the time had used one box, I was feeling ve much better. I took in all three boxe and now I am in perfect health an can enjoy a good sound sleep, and ca lie on my left side without any tro ble."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills ar 50c. a box at all dealers, or mailed d rect on receipt of price by The T. M burn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.