

ST. JOHN STAR.

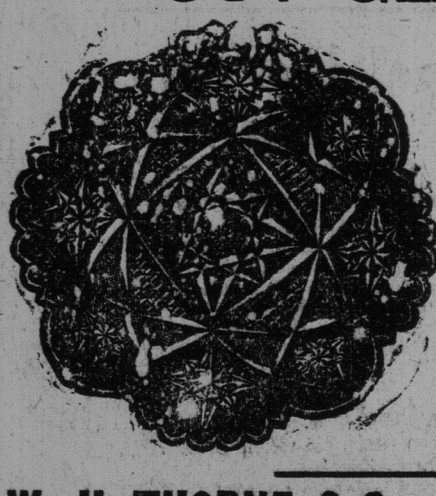
ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY MARCH 2, 1904.

ONE CENT

VOL. 4, NO. 149.

CUT GLASS.

There is marrying and giving in marriage at all seasons. When giving for marriage do not forget to first inspect our stock of



Cut Glass, Sterling Silver, Electro Plated Ware, Cutlery.

W. H. THORNE & Co., Ltd., Market Square, St. John, N. B.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR . . .

Headlight Parlor Matches.

No Sulphur to Choke. No Time to Wait.

ONLY 5 CENTS FOR A LARGE BOX. 3 BOXES FOR 12 CENTS.

1904 Spring Styles 1904

STETSON'S HATS, in different shapes, \$5.00 Each.

F. S. THOMAS, 555 MAIN ST. NORTH END

Grand Ice Masque

FAREWELL TO THE ICE KING.

Victoria Rink, Friday Evening, March 4th.

Under Auspices of Victoria Skating and Athletic Club.

\$40--IN CRISP NEW BILLS--\$40

FOR THE WINNERS AS FOLLOWS:

\$12.50 For the Best Combination.	\$5.00 For Most Original Lady's Costume.
7.50 For the Second Best Combination.	5.00 For Most Original Gent's Costume.
7.50 For the handsomest Costume on the Ice	2.50 For Best Little Boy's or Girl's Costume.

Many New and Attractive Features!

Popular Programme and Band Music!

ADMISSION - - 25 Cents.

DECISION AGAINST THE UNION.

COLUMBUS, O., March 2.—The supreme court has declared to be illegal the law which provides a penalty of \$100 fine and six months imprisonment for any one who discharges a workman because he is a member of a labor union. The case grew out of the Amalgamated Steel Workers' Association strike of two years ago, when Spencer Broome of Walleville, superintendent of the mills of the American Sheet Steel company, discharged Leonard Schaffer and was later indicted under the section named.

Choice Rolled Bacon only 9c. per lb.

Choice Smoked Shoulders only 9c. per lb.

Choice Smoked Hams only 13c. per lb.

Good Salt Pork only 10c. per lb.

The 2 Barkers, Ltd. 100 PRINCESS STREET.

Men's Suits and Pants!

You can get some choice Bargains in Suits and Pants here now—they are just walking out these last few days. It will pay you to take advantage of this sale.

Prices Cut 20 to 50 per cent.

MEN'S SUITS . . . \$2.98, \$3.98, \$5.98, and \$6.98

MEN'S PANTS . . . 90c., \$1.49, \$1.98, and \$2.49

Many lines of spring goods now on sale at very low prices.

J. N. HARVEY, Tailoring & Clothing, 199 & 201 Union St.

STATEMENT AND DENIAL.

J. Harvey Brown Declares the Statements of Teachers of Deaf and Dumb School are False

The history of the new deaf and dumb school in Lancaster has not been a peaceful one. Shortly after its foundation the matron left, some time afterward a couple of teachers, Mr. Deaver and Miss Mahoney, were discharged for alleged refusal to comply with the rules, then, last week, a boy, Willie McDonald, left the school, because, being a Roman Catholic, he said he had been compelled to attend religious instruction given by the man who is now principal, Rev. Mr. Holland, a member of the sect known as Plymouth Brethren. And on Monday another teacher, Miss Mary Reid, was dismissed because, she alleges, she took the part of this McDonald boy in his dispute with J. Harvey Brown, the founder and acting superintendent of the school.

Miss Reid in an interview in last night's Globe, severely criticised the management of the institution, declaring that neither the principal nor Mr. Brown are at all qualified to conduct a school for the deaf and dumb. Commenting editorially on the matter the Globe demanded an investigation by the local government.

Mr. Brown this morning stated that he has no wish to enter into any controversy about the matter. Referring to the statements of Miss Reid he said that what was not absolutely false was grossly exaggerated.

It is, says Mr. Brown, by no means a one-man establishment. The school is managed by a committee of which A. O. Skinner is the chairman, and he has had the advice and moral support of these gentlemen in whatever he has done since he became principal.

The rules in question were submitted to the committee and fully discussed and afterwards approved by them. Mr. Brown describes the interview published in the Globe as full of spite, and he considers it a personal attack on himself.

COLUMBIA AGREES.

Will Present No Further Obstacle in the Way of the Panama Canal Project.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The suit of the Colombian government brought in Paris to restrain the Panama Canal Company from delivering the canal property to the United States, according to a despatch from New York, and published in the Sun, has been settled out of the courts. The suit it is said, will be withdrawn at once, and the cable message from Brussels is said to have been signed by a high Colombian authority. It is the effect of this satisfactory settlement of the suit, has been agreed upon privately and that the action will be dismissed without further legal formalities.

CANCER NOT INEVITABLE.

The Great Expectancy Incomplete But Sure of This.

LONDON, Feb. 2.—The cancer research movement initiated by the Royal College of Surgeons, with the co-operation of the Royal Society, Veterinary Colleges, all the London hospitals and the colonial office has, for months, been patiently at work. A member of the Royal College of Surgeons says we have not as yet, any hope of a cure, and until we possess more definite ideas of the nature and cause of cancer our search for a cure must be mere groping in the dark. Even the much vaunted electric cures, Röntgen rays and radium experiments have proved only unavailing but even dangerous.

All that the research movement has established beyond doubt is the fact that cancer is not a parasitic or infective disease.

WON BATTLE WITH "KISS OF DEATH."

DES MOINES, Iowa, March 1.—Dr. Charles W. Eaton has received word that Mrs. W. N. Letta, of Madison, who were in the Pasteur Institute in Chicago for several weeks for poisoning, are recovered and have returned to their home. In October last Harold, the pride of the Letta home, was bitten by his pet dog. The child was seized with hydrophobia in a few days and died. Kines printed upon the perched life caused the father and mother and one of Harold's playmates to become inoculated with the poison that Dr. Eaton was called and recommended rescue to Pasteur treatment.

Mrs. Letta is quoted as having said that she would have kissed Harold goodby if she had known the kiss would cause her death.

MURDERER TO DIE.

NEW YORK, March 2.—Emil Totterman, convicted of murder in the first degree, for the killing of Sarah Martin in a James Slip hotel, on December 29, was today sentenced to electrocution at Sing Sing prison in the week beginning April 15. The crime attracted wide attention on account of its resemblance in details to the noted "Ripper" murders of London. The victim was a woman of the street.

A GREAT PILGRIMAGE.

CITY OF MEXICO, Mar. 2.—A great pilgrimage to the Holy Land, and the Holy Land, is being organized here. It is expected that at least two thousand people will make the journey, going in special trains to New York and thence by steamer to France. Many wealthy pilgrims desire to pay their respects to the new pope.

There will be a carnival tonight on the Carleton open air rink.

The water works department had their apparatus out this afternoon thawing out a hydrant in front of No. 3 engine house.

RUSSIAN POSITION AT PORT ARTHUR DESPERATE

Harbor Blocked --- Ammunition Scarce---Only One Cruiser Left

Russian Troops on Their Way East Smitten With Smallpox and Other Diseases are Utterly Disheartened

NEW YORK, March 2.—The position of the Russian fleet at Port Arthur is described by the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Schlesische Zeitung as desperate.

"The damaged Retvizan," he states, "blocks the narrow entrance to the harbor against other battleships. She can neither be repaired nor moved. All the other battleships are landlocked. "Scarcely anything is heard of the torpedo boats and it is assumed that they are without ammunition. They have consequently still only the three cruisers, the Bayan, the patched Novik and Lakera. According to accounts now published, the Novik and the Askold have been put out of action."

RUSSIANS DISHEARTENED.

NEW YORK, March 2.—Reports received here, says a cable to the World from St. Petersburg, from the troops along the route to Harbin, show a disheartening condition of affairs. Disease among the soldiers. A smallpox epidemic is raging in East Siberia and has spread among the regiments, vaccination being unheard of in the army. Pneumonia is claiming many and all ranks are suffering from it. The troops are rendered unfit for service by frost bite. Intense cold, more than usual, is experienced. The Manchurian winter is now blizzards are frequent. At Irkutsk the temperature has been as low as 55 degrees below zero. The progress of troop trains is constantly impeded by snow drifts.

At every station soldiers partially frozen are left behind, in most cases without other medical attendance than that afforded by rough and ready service that the villagers can supply. The commissariat has broken down badly and the men have often to go twenty-four hours at a stretch without food or drink. The worst portion of the journey is across Lake Baikal.

FRANCE IS WORRIED.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The French foreign office, according to a Paris despatch to the World, is worried over the movement of Chinese troops to the Manchurian frontier.

The officials fear that Japan may follow her dominion of Korea by coaking or forcing China to be a third party in the combination of "yellow peoples."

The French minister to Peking has been instructed to join the foreign representatives in strongly urging on the Chinese government the necessity of maintaining strict neutrality.

A CONCESSION TO RUSSIA.

SUEZ, March 2.—The Russian armored cruiser Dimitri Donkoi, which applied for permission to remain here for repairs, has been allowed five days in which to complete the necessary work.

RUSSIAN TRANSPORT.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 2.—General Kozlov, telegraphs to war minister Sakharoff from Tomsk, Siberia, that a large number of Russian troops have been sent to the Manchurian frontier.

"During my long journey I saw several divisions of troops. Their transport was proceeding in perfect order. The men were provided with warm clothing. At Chelabinsk everything is in the close control of the military chief of the district, who sees personally that the troops are supplied with warm garments."

JAPAN AND U. S.

CHICAGO, March 2.—Eki Hiki, first secretary of the Japanese legation at Washington, and Tsuburo Koshi, of Yokohama, have arrived at Chicago en route from Yokohama to Washington. Secretary Hiki was one of the Japanese commissioners who drew up the treaty between China and Japan at Shanghai last fall, while Koshi, the American treaty with China, provided for the opening of the ports of Mukden, Antung and Tientsin to Japan.

The United States and Japan are now in the open door policy and the integrity of China. Japan and the United States would suffer most from the acquisition of parts of China by Russia. Russian policy in Manchuria seems to be to exclude all other nations.

The impression among my people is that the government did not go to war quickly enough. They clamored for it long before hostilities began. The people will do all in their power to support the government. Even the Japanese government are helping to provide funds for carrying on the war."

RUSSIA BUILDING MORE SHIPS.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 2.—According to a special despatch from Port Arthur, twenty Chinese have been arrested there for signalling to the Japanese ships from the shore with flash lights and lanterns. An order has been issued that similar offenders will hereafter be treated as spies and shot.

Although it is denied that the present plans of the admiralty contemplate the dispatch of either the Black Sea

Far East has been equally marked. Since the 25th of last June, when under the pretext of trial transportation on the Siberian railway, the Russian government sent to China two infantry brigades, two artillery battalions and a large force of cavalry, troops have been constantly sent by military trains from Russia.

TO THE FAR EAST.

until at the beginning of February the total augmented strength of the Russian forces was over forty thousand. At the same time plans were being made for sending, if necessary, over 200,000 men more.

"During the same period there has been the greatest activity possible at Port Arthur and at Vladivostok, and work has been carried on day and night to strengthen the fortifications of those naval ports, while forts have been built at Hsin Chun, Liao Yan and other strategic points, and large quantities of arms and ammunition have been sent to the Far East by the Siberian railway and the vessels of the volunteer fleet. In the middle of October last a train of fourteen cars was hurriedly sent from Russia laden with equipment of a field hospital.

"From these military and naval preparations of every description made during the progress of the negotiations, it is quite evident that Russia was not inclined to a friendly settlement of the questions then under discussion between Japan and herself, but sought solely by her military preponderance to force Japan into submission. During the latter part of January and up to the beginning of February, Russian military activity was still further intensified. On January 31, about two battalions of infantry and a detachment of cavalry were sent from Port Arthur and Dalny to the north-east.

FRONTIER OF KOREA.

and on January 28, a formal order to prepare for war was given by Admiral Alekseev to the forces which were stationed in the vicinity of the Yalu. On Feb. 1st, the military commandant in Vladivostok, under the orders of his government, requested the Japanese commercial agent at that port to notify his nationals that as a state of siege might be proclaimed at any moment, they must make immediate preparations to withdraw to Harbinok. About the same date all of the warships at Port Arthur except a battleship then under repair, made a naval demonstration by leaving port, while troops were advanced in large numbers from Liao Yang toward the Yalu.

"In view of these facts which can say that Russia had no warlike intentions, or that she was unprepared for war. Seeing that the situation had become so critical that it admitted of no further delay, the Japanese government was compelled to break off negotiations that had proved abortive and take the necessary steps for self-protection. But the responsibility for the challenge to war rests not with Japan, but solely with Russia.

PROTECT HER ESTABLISHED RIGHTS.

and legitimate interests. At the same time the government of Japan informed the Russian government that as it moderate and unselfish proposals in the interest of a firm and lasting peace in the far east had not received the consideration which was their due, Japan had resolved to sever her diplomatic relations with Russia, while the reason named had ceased to possess value, and to withdraw her legation.

"The term 'independent action' naturally included the opening of hostilities. The fact that Russia was unable to understand it in that light is, of course, no reason why the Japanese should be held responsible for the misinterpretation made by Russia. It is the almost unanimous opinion of international jurists that a declaration of war is not an indispensable prerequisite to the opening of hostilities. Indeed, it has been the common practice in recent wars to declare war after hostilities have begun.

While a young woman was making a hurried toilet upstairs her father was entertaining her caller. "By the way, Mr. Spoonmore," he asked, "how do you stand on this question of imperialism?" "Why," responded young Spoonmore, "I've always thought it was—more becoming to most people than a goatee."—Chicago Tribune.

Look! Read! and Save Money

GREAT BARAINS IN FLANNELETTE WRAPPERS, WAISTS AND NIGHT DRESSES.

In order to clear the balance of our winter stock to make room for the New Spring Goods, we have made big reductions.

We have many pretty patterns in all sizes.

Wrappers that were:

90c., now 75c.	Flannelette Waists that were:
\$1.00, now 80c.	70c. and 75c., now 55c.
\$1.15, now 90c.	80c. and 85c., now 65c.
\$1.30 and \$1.45, now \$1.00.	\$1.10 and \$1.20, now 95c.
\$1.40, now \$1.10.	\$1.25, now \$1.00.
\$1.50, now \$1.20.	\$1.40, now \$1.10.
\$1.65, now \$1.30.	\$1.50, now \$1.20.
\$1.75, now \$1.40.	\$1.65, now \$1.30.
\$1.85, now \$1.40.	\$1.75, now \$1.40.
50c. FLANNELETTE NIGHT DRESSES, now 40c.	50c. FLANNELETTE NIGHT DRESSES, now 40c.
70c. and 75c. FLANNELETTE NIGHT DRESSES, now 55c.	70c. and 75c. FLANNELETTE NIGHT DRESSES, now 55c.
80c. and 90c. FLANNELETTE NIGHT DRESSES, now 65c.	80c. and 90c. FLANNELETTE NIGHT DRESSES, now 65c.
\$1.00 FLANNELETTE NIGHT DRESSES, now 75c.	\$1.00 FLANNELETTE NIGHT DRESSES, now 75c.
\$1.25 FLANNELETTE NIGHT DRESSES, now 95c.	\$1.25 FLANNELETTE NIGHT DRESSES, now 95c.

A few FRENCH FLANNELETTE WAISTS, former price \$2.25, now \$1.50.

DRESSES, now 40c.

50c. FLANNELETTE NIGHT DRESSES, now 40c.

70c. and 75c. FLANNELETTE NIGHT DRESSES, now 55c.

80c. and 90c. FLANNELETTE NIGHT DRESSES, now 65c.

\$1.00 FLANNELETTE NIGHT DRESSES, now 75c.

\$1.25 FLANNELETTE NIGHT DRESSES, now 95c.

335 Main Street North End.

SHARP & McMACKIN,

THE WEATHER.

March 2nd, 1904.

Forecast—Moderate east and south winds, cloudy and milder; light falls of sleet and rain Thursday and Friday night.

Synopsis—Conditions are now favorable for a mild spell with a considerable thaw. Winds to Banks and American ports, moderate and mostly east and south.

SPRING 1904. HATS.

We have just received by steamer Manchester City, three cases of the Latest London Styles in Hats and Caps, Lowest Prices.

"The Balance of our Fur Stock Will go at greatly Reduced Prices to Clear."

ANDERSON'S, 17 Charlotte St.

Perforated Seats

Shaped and Square, Light and Dark. (Bring Pattern.)

Chair Seating—Cane, Splint and Perforated; L. S. Cane only.

Umbrellas made, Recovered and Repaired.

Hardware, Paints, Oils, Glass and Putty.

DUVAL'S 17 WATERLOO STREET.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF Toys, Carts, Express Wagons, Sleds, Framers, Skates, Etc.

Also, a nice line of Cutlery.

J. W. ADDISON, 44 Gorman St. Phone 1074.

DON'T FORGET TO CALL ON US

WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER GOODS, CUT GLASS, OPERA GLASSES, CANES, UMBRELLAS, CLOCKS, BRONZES, ETC.

A great variety.

FERGUSON & PAGE At 41 King St.

POTTS

HILLIERY, FUR GOODS, ETC.

BY AUCTION.

At Corner of Duke and Charlotte streets, commencing SATURDAY EVENING at 7 o'clock, and continuing each Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evening until the entire stock is sold.

I will sell a Large Consignment of MILLINERY and Fur Goods.

F. L. POTTS, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE FURNITURE PROPERTY

BY AUCTION.

I am instructed by the executor of the last will of Mary Graham, late of this city, deceased, to offer for sale at public auction as Chubb's corner, (so called), on Saturday, the 27th day of March, at 3 o'clock, noon, the valuable household property, No. 117 to 119 south side of Union street, consisting of: freestone lot No. 225 on the city plan, fronting 40 feet, more or less, on Union street, running back 100 feet, more or less, with the three story wooden building thereon, occupied by J. A. Davidson and Frank Walker, as store and dwellings together with barn and other buildings thereon. For further particulars apply to E. T. Knowles, Palmer building.

F. L. POTTS, Auctioneer, 36 Gorman street.