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PROBS—Some light rain in southern Ontario, but for the most part fair and cool.

WEDNESDAY MORNING JUNE 21 1916—SIXTEEN PAGES

VOL. XXXVI.—No. 13,006

THREE RUSSIAN FORCES CONVERGE ON LEMBERG U.S. PREPARED FOR WAR WITH MEXICO WITHIN 48 HOURS Canadians' Heroic Deeds at Ypres Vividly Described

FUGITIVES FROM CZERNOWITZ ARE STRAGGLING INTO VIENNA

Describe Russian Drums as so Terrible That Nothing Could Live in Advanced Austrian Positions—Say Loss of Town is Temporary.

VIENNA, June 19, via Berlin to London, June 20.—Austria takes the third evacuation of Czernowitz with great sadness, but with absolute quiet and confidence that the loss of the capital of Bukovina is only temporary. Military circles point out that in view of the overwhelming Russian forces a continued defence of Czernowitz would merely have spelled the city's destruction, and unite in praising the decision of the military authorities to evacuate it. They declare that the Russian occupation is of minimum military importance and a merely local advantage of a temporary nature.

Fugitives reach Vienna. The vanguard of the fugitives from Czernowitz have now begun to stream into Vienna after a week-long journey, in which they were constantly delayed, to allow of the passage of thousands of Russian and Austrian wounded. The fugitives describe the ferocity of the Russian attack and the devastation caused by it and also the final scenes in Czernowitz from which all but about 700 persons had fled. According to these accounts the Russian attack was so terrible that nothing could live in the advanced positions. Wire entanglements and trenches were obliterated.

The inhabitants of Czernowitz first realized that the situation was serious when the Austrian staff retired upon the city from their advanced posts and swarms of country people, with their possessions in packages and wagons, driving their livestock, came fleeing southward through the city. The scene of awfulness increased at night when the sky was rent with the glare from bursting shells or illuminated by searchlights. The general exodus from Czernowitz by the civilians began at 6 o'clock, June 11, and continued uninterruptedly all day, trainload after trainload of the populace departing as fast as the coaches could be filled.

Students Also Flee. The fugitives included the faculty and students of Czernowitz University, the latter of whom had been pursuing their studies with shells punctuating their recitations and the noise of aeroplanes drowning the lectures. A large majority of the fugitives have gone only a short distance into the hinterland, there to await the anticipated retaking of Czernowitz. The city was evacuated by the Austrians the night of June 15 after an irretrievable Russian attack had destroyed the bridgehead, rendering further defence of the city all but impossible.

WAR SUMMARY THE DAY'S EVENTS REVIEWED

ACCORDING to the latest advices from Petrograd the Russian left wing is making a rapid advance southward in Bukovina, where it has split the army of the Austrian General Pflanzer in two and is in a fair way of destroying it. The Russian centre and part of the left wing are marching on Lemberg by three routes and these forces are making good progress. The southern column is proceeding towards Kolomea and Halicz, an ancient town from which the Province of Galicia derives its name, and the Austrians so far have been unable to check its advance. The second column is approaching Brody by the central avenue of advance and the third column is converging on Vladimir-Volynski. This third drive was temporarily checked by a big concentration of Austrians and Germans, but latest word from the front is to the effect that the Russians have resumed their progress after beating off the enemy. The object of this last named advance is to cut the communications between Kovel and Vladimir-Volynski and to isolate Lemberg.

The Russian forces in Bukovina are also pressing their flank attack northward and have reached a point on the Zlota Lipa River line of defence. It is now believed that the Austrians will be unable to make a stand in this region. In the meantime the plan of the Germans appears to be the massing of forces in the vicinity of Kovel for the launching of an offensive southwards at right angles to the line of the present Russian advance. Gen. Brusiloff will doubtless make dispositions to attend to this menace. About 50,000 prisoners were taken yesterday by the Russians, bringing the total of their captures to well over 170,000 men.

Altho the Austrian Government endeavors to conceal it, the Russian drive across the Pruth River and into Czernowitz has caused the enemy great consternation. Fugitives from that city have fled clear to Vienna, bearing news of the terrible nature of the Russian artillery fire and of the attacks by overwhelming numbers of Russians. It is said in Austrian military circles, without adequate foundation.

(Continued on Page 4, Columns 1 and 2)

NOVA SCOTIA ELECTIONS

HALIFAX, June 20.—The Liberals of Nova Scotia won a sweeping victory in the provincial elections held today, carrying thirty-one of forty-three seats in the new house. The campaign was hard fought in every county, the Conservatives being assisted by a number of federal members from Ontario. Some of the Liberal majorities are as high as 700.

Premier Murray and all the members of his government were returned to power. One of the surprises of the campaign was the defeat of Chas. E. Tanner, the Conservative leader, in Pictou.

Halifax elected four Liberals, Bailie, Finn, Faulkner, Connolly and the Conservative member, Hector McInnis, K.C.

IDENTITY DISCLOSED THRU PRINTED PHOTO

Alfred Lumsdon's Picture Published in World Brings Ready Information From Friends.

As a result of the printing in The Toronto World, Tuesday morning, of a photograph of a soldier sent to this office thru the kindness of Gunner E. M. Beadner, information was given yesterday to the effect that the soldier's name is Alfred Lumsdon, driver, 348209, Ammunition Column, France. Driver Lumsdon, according to the informant, who spoke from the office of John Wright, 425 Church street, formerly lived at 838 Ossington avenue and was a plumber employed by Mr. Wright.

Gunner Beadner, serving with the first contingent, found the photograph on the battlefield of France and forwarded it to The World for publication in order to learn the identity of the soldier.

LONSDALE IS PARDONED BY THE KAISER'S ORDERS

British Prisoner, Under Death Sentence, Given Long Prison Term.

AMSTERDAM, via London, June 21, 2:15 a.m.—The Frankfurter Zeitung says that the German emperor has pardoned William Lonsdale, an English prisoner of war, who recently was sentenced to death by court-martial, the sentence being later commuted to 15 years imprisonment.

Lonsdale was condemned by court-martial for an attack on a guard at the Doberitz prison camp. The American ambassador to Germany and the American minister at The Hague used their good offices in behalf of Lonsdale.

UNITED STATES AWAITS REPLY FROM MEXICO

Peace or War May Be Decided Within a Day or Two.

NO QUIBLING IN NOTE

Meanwhile, Work of Mobilization is Going Ahead With Rapidity.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—The issue of war or peace with Mexico hung in the balance tonight awaiting General Carranza's decision as to the course he will pursue. Officials here believed that 48 hours might bring a clear understanding of what the immediate future has in store.

A note signed by Secretary of State Lansing, conveying President Wilson's rejection of the demand for withdrawal of American soldiers from Mexico, accompanied by a specific warning that an attack on the troops would lead to the gravest consequences, was telegraphed to Mexico today by Eliseo Arredondo, Mexican ambassador-designate. In plain terms it accuses General Carranza of having brought matters to the verge of war by open hostility toward the United States and failure to safeguard even the lives of Americans in Mexico or on the border from the lawless elements among the countrymen.

No Mining of Words. In sternest terms the Daily Express, and resents imputations of bad faith and ulterior motives brought against the Washington Government in the Mexican communication, to which it is a reply. Gen. Carranza is informed.

(Continued on Page 11, Column 7)

IRISH SITUATION STILL BAFFLING

London Express Says Open Disloyalty is Being Shown in Ireland.

SOME PAPERS HOPEFUL

Section of Unionist Party Accused, However, of Petty-fogging Politics.

LONDON, June 21, 5:52 a.m.—The Irish situation occupies much space in the morning newspapers which express varied opinions regarding the seriousness of the new home rule crisis. The Daily Telegraph expresses the belief that all these difficulties will be adjusted. The Daily Express, however, takes an opposite view, saying:

David Lloyd George's home rule negotiations seem likely to be wrecked. The Unionist members of the cabinet have reached the conclusion that the proposed settlement would be no settlement. During the past few weeks the state of Ireland has been worse than for a long time past. There is open disloyalty and the belief of the Unionist members of the cabinet is that it would be unthinkable to surrender to open disloyalty now.

OFFICERS HELD TO GUNS UNTIL OVERWHELMED

Gen. Morrison Writes of Heroism of Lieuts. Cotton and Matthews.

REFUSED TO FALL BACK

Gen. Mercer and Gen. Williams Were Last Seen in Dug-Out.

OTTAWA, Ont., June 20.—A letter from Brigadier-General E. W. B. Morrison of the Canadian Field Artillery gives some interesting details of the recent violent attack on the Canadian front. He tells about Gen. Mercer, who was killed, and Gen. Victor Williams, who was taken prisoner. The letter says:

"They went into a dug-out for shelter from the shell fire and that is the last heard of them. The enemy's infantry attacked over the front as soon as the bombardment ceased.

Young Cotton and Matthews of Ottawa are also missing. Cotton was in charge of two guns that were used for enfilading a distant portion of the enemy's line and were dug in close up to the front. As his duty was to fire parallel to the front, his guns were in emplacements that faced down the line. Consequently, his orders were that in case of an attack opposite to him he was to disable the guns and retire with his men. Instead of doing this, when the Germans charged, he ran his two guns out of the emplacements into the open facing the front and fought to the very last. Neither he nor any of his men have been heard of since.

Col. Buller's Heroic End. "Colonel Buller, whom you will remember as one of the aides at government house, was among the killed. He was in command of the Princess Pats and the regiment made a splendid stand. They were forced back a short distance, but Buller called on them to charge along a sunken road or to die."

The German losses are placed at 415,000 by the latest estimates.

(Continued on Page 10, Column 7)

RUSSIANS MARCH ON LEMBERG BY THREE PRINCIPAL ROUTES

CANADA MAY JOIN IN IMPERIAL LAND SCHEME

Sir Rider Haggard Coming to Discuss Plan for Returned Soldiers.

By a Staff Reporter. OTTAWA, Ont., June 20.—Sir Rider Haggard, who has been touring the British dominions with a view to ascertaining the facilities for land settlement which can be placed at the disposal of British ex-soldiers at the conclusion of the war, is expected to arrive at Vancouver on June 29 from Australia and New Zealand.

Sir Rider's visit to Canada is for the purpose of consulting the Dominion Government with a view to possible participation in an empire-wide scheme for land settlement of soldiers.

E. H. Scammell, secretary of the military hospital commission, has gone to Vancouver to meet him. He will be joined by one of the members of the economic and development commission.

MEXICANS BURN EFFIGY OF PRESIDENT WILSON

Failure to Recognize Huerta Brings U.S. Into Present Trouble.

NEW YORK, June 20.—That the rage of the people of Mexico has vented itself recently in Vera Cruz in the burning of President Wilson in effigy, was declared by several passengers who arrived here on board the steamship Colmanera of the United Fruit Line.

Andrew S. Carrara, a banker of Vera Cruz, Mexico, one of the passengers, said that the resentment against President Wilson is due to the fact that he failed to recognize Huerta as president of Mexico.

FRENCH VERDUN LOSSES ESTIMATED BY SWISS

Hundred and Sixty-Five Thousand Casualties Sustained in Fighting.

GENEVA, June 6.—The French losses around Verdun in killed and wounded amount to approximately 165,000 to date. These losses have occurred on a front which is not more than thirteen miles in length.

The German losses are placed at 415,000 by the latest estimates.

RUSSIANS PURSUE AUSTRIANS ADVANCE TO SERETH RIVER

Drive into Bukovina Cuts Forces Under General Pflanzer in Two—Germans Suffer Reverse in Fighting on Styr Near Pripet Marshes.

Special Cable to The Toronto World. LONDON, June 20.—The Russians have repulsed the Germans who attempted to check their advance in Volynia by launching an offensive north of the Lutsk, Vladimir-Volynski road, the attacks of the enemy breaking down under the fire, according to an official announcement received from Petrograd tonight. Altogether in the fighting in this region and on the Styr, the report today announced that about 5000 prisoners have been taken.

In Bukovina, the Austrians are retreating in disorder with the Russians in pursuit. The Russians have occupied the towns of Zadova, Stroginstz and Gliboka, on the Sereth River line, about 35 miles southwest of Czernowitz.

King George has sent to the Russian Emperor Nicholas his warm congratulations on the Russian victories. Russian semi-official reports that the Austrian General Pflanzer's army has been cut in two and is in precipitate retreat and is to be borne out by the Russian official statement that the Russians have occupied three towns on the Sereth River, and the admission in the Austrian communication that Russian troops have crossed the Sereth.

The fighting on several sectors of the front occupied by the group of

GEN. LEONARD WOOD SEEKS ACTIVE SERVICE

He is Chasing Under Present Conditions and Would Fight Mexicans.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—It is reported here that Major-General Leonard Wood, commanding the Department of the East, has requested Secretary Baker that he be given an assignment with the Mexican expedition. Secretary Baker would not discuss the report.

General Wood, the report says, is chafing under the inactivity of his present position at a time when genuine service is in sight.

"PEACE" SIGN IS SEEN IN MILITIA ORDERS

New York American Publishes Despatch From Toronto

NEW YORK, June 20.—The American prints the following despatch from Toronto:

"Unless peace is declared" is a phrase appearing now for the first time in sixty-day leaves of absence granted to Canadian officers. The employment of the term is regarded here as being significant of approaching negotiations for ending the war.

Officers allowed to go on furlough are instructed in written leaves of absence to report back to their commands within sixty days "unless peace is declared meantime."

NUMBER OF ELIGIBLES IN CANADA IS LARGE

Census Figures of Five Years Ago Afford Interesting Information.

CANADIAN BORN LEAD

Nearly One and Three-Quarter Million Men of Military Age.

OTTAWA, June 20.—An article on the number of males between 18 and 45 years of age is contained in the last issue of the census and statistics monthly issued by the census and statistics office of the department of trade and commerce. The table shows that in the census of 1911 there were enumerated 1,720,070 men of available military age, of whom 1,109,885 were Canadian-born, 306,877 British-born and 303,308 foreign-born.

While these figures represent conditions existing on June 1, 1911, says the monthly, "yet, because of the heavy British immigration in 1912-1914, as well as the known tendency of young countries to maintain a high birth rate, they also tell fairly well the numbers from which eligibles for military service may now be expected."

Statistics of Provinces. The statistics of the provinces follow:

| Province | Total | Canadian-born |
|----------------------|---------|---------------|
| Prince Edward Island | 16,888 | 16,888 |
| New Brunswick | 94,493 | 81,970 |
| New Brunswick | 48,719 | 44,123 |
| Quebec | 840,897 | 241,878 |
| Ontario | 693,241 | 400,046 |
| Manitoba | 122,792 | 49,868 |
| Saskatchewan | 168,597 | 61,121 |
| Alberta | 122,915 | 37,446 |
| British Columbia | 168,272 | 41,608 |

COURT GRANTS DIVORCE TO CANADIAN SOLDIER

Alexander Ebenezer Brown Howelt Finds Wife Has Misbehaved.

Canadian Associated Press Cable. LONDON, June 20.—Alexander Ebenezer Brown Howelt was granted a divorce today. The petitioner went to Canada in 1913, leaving his wife, who refused to accompany him, in London. He joined the first Canadian Contingent, and on arriving here found that his wife had had a child. The name of the father she refused to disclose.

Wounded Experienced Worst Trials Ever Gone Thru in War.

FOE'S FIRE TERRIBLE

German Shells Wiped Out Everything in Sector Won Back.

Canadian Associated Press Cable. LONDON, June 20.—A large number of Canadian rank of lieut. wounded, reached London today. Some had received wounds quite recently, when the Canadians, after having regained their position, were again in the line.

NEW PLAN PROPOSED

Many May Be Sent to Front as Non-Commissioned Officers.

By a Staff Reporter. OTTAWA, June 20.—There is at present a surplus of 3700 duly qualified officers for whom there are no places in the various units for overseas service. Some 2000 of them are infantry and artillery officers. About 500 casualties have occurred among officers in the recent heavy fighting at the front, and as this is more than any surplus of Canadian officers in England now, a certain number of the surplus here will be absorbed.

As far as the great bulk of the surplus in Canada is concerned, however, they will be at the summer camps and will get some practical experience in drilling and handling men. There may also be a plan to have them go to the front as non-commissioned officers and receive their promotions to the rank of lieutenant as openings occur.

Continued on Page 2, Column 4.

Southern Column Advancing Westward From Czernowitz Reaches Zlota Lipa River in Drive on Halicz—Progress Resumed Towards Vladimir-Volynski.

PETROGRAD, June 20, 1 p.m.—On the northern flank of Gen. Brusiloff's front the Austrian resistance, considerably stiffened by the arrival of a large number of German reinforcements, had succeeded in checking the Russian drive between Lutsk and Kovel, which directed against Vladimir-Volynski, aims at destroying the Austrian communications between Kovel and Lemberg. But in spite of the violent Austro-German counter-attacks, one of which broke thru the Russian lines, the latest reports are to the effect that the Russians have again resumed progress in this sector, after taking the usual toll of prisoners.

On the southern flank the Austrians have been unable to check, even momentarily, the Russian advance toward Kolomea and toward the final Dniester fortifications of Halicz.

Gen. Pflanzer, the Austrian commander, apparently is paying the penalty for having too long delayed his retirement from Czernowitz, and his army, now cut in two, is reported to be in precipitate flight, one part along the Rousnians frontier and the other in the Carpathians.

Turning from Czernowitz, Gen. Leitchitzky's forces are pressing their flank attack further north and have reached a point on the Zlota Lipa, some miles to the northwest of Czernowitz. Russian military circles consider it unlikely that the Austrians will be able to hold the Zlota Lipa line, but will be forced back upon Halicz.

The separate Russian movements are now showing strongly centralized tendencies. There are three converging lines of advance, the common objective of which is Lemberg. The first of these lines is approaching Vladimir-Volynski, the second, Brody, the third Halicz. The capture of any one of these towns would place the Galician capital in a position of grave danger.

The total number of prisoners taken by the Russians is now estimated at 170,000.

CANADIANS HAD SEVERE ORdeal BEFORE YPRES

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