

T. EATON CO. LIMITED
190 Yonge St. Canada's Greatest Store. Toronto.
EARLY CLOSING—Store Closes To-Day at 6 p.m.

High-Grade Bicycles at \$60.00

If there's to be any sale for first-class Bicycles at low prices now's the time. We're interested in seeing just how many high-grade wheels can be sold at \$60.00. The price is very special, and the machine A No. 1 in every respect. Here's the fact you have to deal with:

Bicycles, thoroughly well made and fitted with the latest improvements, equal to any value sold elsewhere at \$100.00. Our special price only

\$60.00

We have other bargains equally as good, but for the time being let this particular value represent the entire stock. Bear in mind there's nothing cheap about this wheel except the price. The wheels are here for you to look at, and everything is guaranteed exactly as represented.

Mail orders filled promptly. We're shipping Bicycles all over Canada.

Ready-Made Clothing for Men and Boys

Don't lose sight of the fact that we are Clothiers and Furnishers. Our clothing is different from the humdrum sorts, and the entire stock is new this season. There's more deception practised in the clothing business than in almost any other branch of the trade. There are plenty of stores filled to the doors with shoddy clothing. The only safe way is to buy of a store that doesn't play tricks. One thing—qualities here are perfectly reliable. We know how to buy and how to sell; what to get and what to let alone. We prefer the really good, and aim to sell it at prices you can afford to pay.

You're supposed to have your summer needs pretty well supplied by this time, but almost anybody can afford new things at these prices:

CLOTHING.

Men's Unlined Coats and Vests in West of England Worsted, in brown, fawn and steel grey colors, single and double-breasted, patch pockets, sleeve lined, sizes 34 to 44 chest measurement, all sizes, each \$5.00.
Men's Fancy Cashmere Vests, single and double-breasted, in stripes and checks, double-breasted back, detachable patch buttons, with and without step collar, sizes 34 to 44 chest measurement, all sizes, each \$4.00.
Men's Tennis Suits, in stripes and checks, double-breasted back, detachable patch buttons, with and without step collar, sizes 34 to 44 chest measurement, all sizes, each \$4.00.
Men's All-Wool Tweed Pants, bright colors, grey and fawn stripes, well cut and trimmed, cross and hip pockets, all sizes, each \$3.50.
Men's Black Worsted Suits, in West of England Worsted, Venetian finish, and Clay's twilled Worsted, in square or cutaway style, bound or stitched edges, all-wool farmer satiny linings, sizes 34 to 44 chest measurement, all sizes, each \$10.00.
Boys' Print Blouses, in light and dark colors, sizes to fit boys from 8 to 12 years.
Boys' White Cambric Blouses, with six rows of tucks and embroidered collar and cuffs, in all colors, vest front to match attached.
Boys' Blue and White Striped Galatee Suits, with navy blue collar and cuffs, washable, with closed and open fronts, in all colors, extra value.
Boys' 2-Piece Suits, in navy blue serge and Canadian tweed, all sizes from 28 to 32.
Boys' 2-Piece Suits, in fancy homespun tweed, in light and dark colors, Norfolk style, knickerbocker pants, sizes 28 to 32.
Youths' 2-Piece Suits, short pants, in all-wool navy serge and brown Canadian tweed, sizes 28 to 32.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

Men's Natural Wool Under-shirts and Drawers, wool finished, overlooked seams, all sizes, each \$1.00.
Men's Silk Mixture Balbriggan Under-shirts and Drawers, fine saten trimmings, overlooked seams, sizes 32 to 42, each \$1.50.
Men's Fine Silk Under-shirts and Drawers, trimmed, summer weight, best imported quality, all sizes, each \$2.50.
Men's Cream Cashmere Shirts, extra fine quality and finish, collar attached, patent fly front, sizes 14 to 22, each \$1.50.
Men's Cream Flannel Shirts, in cream, with mat-colored stripes, collar attached, all sizes, each \$1.00.
Men's Colored Cambric Shirts, assorted in blue, black and white, small spots on white ground, open front, 2 separate collars and detached cuffs, sizes 14 to 17-1/2, each \$1.00.
Men's Colored Cambric Shirts, in the hair lines, open front, collar and cuffs attached, negligee bosom, all sizes, each \$1.00.
Men's White Laundry Shirts, open back, linen bosom and cuffs or wristbands, reinforced front, all sizes, each \$1.00.
Men's 4-Ply Linen Collars, best English make, high turned-down shape, newest style, sizes 14 to 17-1/2, each \$1.00.
Men's 4-Ply Linen Collars, 4 and 6 inch high, sizes 14 to 17-1/2, each \$1.00.
Men's 4-Ply Linen Collars, in single or double end link, newest shapes, sizes 14 to 17-1/2, each \$1.00.
Men's Silk Ties, in four-hands and bows, made from the best quality De Joinville scarfs, in light, medium and dark colors, satin lined, sizes 4 to 6 inches long, each \$1.00.
Men's French Guyot Suspender, in light and dark colors, regular price 50c, special at \$1.00.

That's what you want for outing wear—the very things you have been looking for. To-day we have all sizes and styles. No telling how soon the assortment will be broken.

T. EATON CO. LIMITED

THE TORONTO WORLD
ONE CENT MORNING PAPER.
NO. 10 YONGE STREET, TORONTO.
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THE TORONTO SUNDAY WORLD
of June 14 will contain: Rodney Stone, by A. Conna Doyle (about instalment); A Mother's Sin, being the third of a series of stories of a day, by George H. Sims; A Logical Thief, by Agnes Thomas; The Lady's Wager, from London Truth; Funnel Cloud, being a remarkable description of the cyclone that struck the coast of the United States; The Young Women at the Bar, by Elton; The Dangling Crabs; Rinderpest in South Africa; Golf; Mr. Swinburne's New Poem; Professionalism in Lacrosse; The Under the Fore-Page; A Page of Cycling.

PLAYGROUNDS FOR THE BOYS.

A subject that is being discussed in a great many of the large cities in the world, is the provision of play-grounds for boys and girls in the densely crowded centres. It is the people who live in these districts that need fresh air and play-grounds for their children. The school grounds are unable to amuse themselves with games and sports simply because they have no place to carry them on. While it cannot be expected that the city should acquire property for this purpose, at the present time, it is true, nevertheless, that a great deal of good could be done by opening up the school grounds to the boys and girls, not only during the summer holidays, but every day after school hours.

We notice that the City of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, where the school yards have been thrown open as play-grounds for the general public. A special act was put through the legislature, permitting the School Boards of the State of Pennsylvania to deal with the property in this way. The Pittsburgh Times states that the only practical way of securing play-grounds in that city was by utilizing the school grounds. The opening of the grounds has been highly appreciated. They are visited not only by the boys to play games, but by the little ones and their mothers who cannot get the benefit of the open air parks because of the latter's distance from their homes. There is no reason why public property should not be utilized to its fullest extent.

We believe, without the expenditure of any money to erect what are called children of the thickly settled parts of the city might be considerably benefited if the Council will only interest itself in this matter.

THE GOVERNMENT AND THE FARMER.

As the World has already pointed out, the farmer is the backbone of the country. He contributes to the Government far less than he does to the municipality, and yet he has no complaints in regard to his taxes. Mr. Laurier's repeated assertion that the farmers of Canada have been ruined by reason of excessive taxation has no foundation whatever in fact. The tax moved from the farmer's meadow will far more than cover the taxes the farmer pays into the custom house. And in return for this moderate contribution, what has the farmer received from the Government? Let us consider a few of the advantages the Canadian farmer enjoys under the Conservative Government, that has been in power for the past 17 years.

The produce of his farm is protected from foreign competition. This is surely no small consideration. The farmer would receive considerably less for his wheat, pork, cattle and other products if the Americans had access to our market. The increase in price of his produce by reason of the duty on foreign products far more than offsets any taxes he is called upon to pay into the Federal exchequer. In addition to the benefits he enjoys through the exclusion of American produce, the Canadian farmer secures a better market at his own doors. The National Policy has increased the population of the cities and thereby afforded the farmer a profitable home market for a variety of produce that he otherwise would have no sale for.

The money that the farmers of Canada have contributed to the public exchequer has not been squandered. A large portion of it has been spent in railways and canals in order to provide facilities to enable them to get their produce to the market as cheaply as possible.

The Government has established experimental farms for the special benefit of those engaged in agriculture. These institutions are conducted at considerable expense and they perform an invaluable service to the farmer. They tell him, through the bulletins issued by the Department of Agriculture, what grains and fruits are the best to grow in the different sections of the country; how the best cheese and butter are produced; what grades of cattle pay the best; and what are the cheapest and best foods for all kinds of live stock. Every farmer in the country is directly benefited by the Government's experimental farms.

The Government employs experts to ascertain diseases and insect pests which affect the farmers' crops and live stock and what are the best preventive measures for them.

It establishes experimental dairy stations throughout the country and sends around travelling dairies to show what appliances are needed and what course

should be followed to obtain products of the higher grade. It makes purchases of these high-grade products, sends agents to England and elsewhere, to sell them, to advertise the quality and enhance their market price.

It establishes quarantine and employs agents to prevent the spread of contagious diseases in live stock. In order to place Canadian butter on a better footing in the British market, special shipments are made under the direction of the Dominion Government and are sold under the most favorable conditions, so that the fact has been established that Canadian butter can successfully compete with the finest grades of the product of the chief dairying countries of Europe. There is now every prospect of the butter trade of Canada becoming as great a source of profit to the farmers as the cheese trade. This is altogether due to the wise action of the Dominion Government, and to the efforts of the Ontario Creamery Association and ex-President of the Ontario Dairy-men's Association, and others prominently connected with the dairy industries have acknowledged the great value of the service thus rendered to the farmers of the country.

These are but a few of the many enterprises that are carried on by the Government for the benefit of the farmer. The interests of no other class of the community are cared for so carefully by the Government as are those of the farmers.

ATTEMPTED WIFE MURDER.

Twice Sam Rowatt, Fred and Belle, Lodged in Her Room—Have Himself.

Samuel Rowatt is locked up in No. 3 Police Station with the charge of attempted wife murder registered against him. Two weeks ago Rowatt and his wife rented a room from James Douglas, 276 Victoria-street. They formerly resided at 23 Clyde-street. They were married about three years ago, and have a young son, who is now about two years of age. The wife has been ailing for some time, and has been unable to do any work. The husband has been ailing for some time, and has been unable to do any work.

At 6:30 yesterday morning Rowatt left the house for Mr. McFarlane's coal and wood yard, where he was employed. He returned at 9 o'clock, and found his wife in bed. He went to her room, and found her lying on the floor. He called for help, and the police were sent. The wife was taken to the hospital, and is now recovering.

Rowatt was formerly a member of the police force, and was discharged for cause. He has been a member of the police force for some time, and has been a member of the police force for some time.

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THE CLERICAL LION TAMED.

DE. LANGTRY SAYS "I'LL ASSENT TO ANYTHING NOW."

After the storm a calm—for and against the proposed system—Com-mittee Will Report—Bishop Says It Is About to Hope the Legislature Will Pass Public Schools Over to Church of England.

At the opening of yesterday morning's session of the Anglican Synod, Rev. J. P. Lewis rose on a question of privilege to say that he and others had been treated with scant courtesy by the Bishop the night before, and asked for redress by His Lordship. He said that during the discussion of the report of the Committee on Religious Instruction, the Bishop had been allowed to talk freely and at length in favor of the report, but that the only three who opposed its adoption had not been given a hearing. The suggestion was made that the Bishop, himself and Mr. Allan Dymond, to take their seats.

In reply, the Bishop stated that he was sorry if the ruling of the chair did not meet with the approval of Mr. Lewis, but he had acted according to the best of his judgment. He said that the Committee on Religious Instruction had been allowed to speak for its views, and that the Bishop had been allowed to speak for his views. He said that the Committee on Religious Instruction had been allowed to speak for its views, and that the Bishop had been allowed to speak for his views.

Need of Retrenchment. The Committee on the Retrenchment of Expenditures, in its report, pointed out the disparity between the Synodical receipts and disbursements, brought forward a list of suggestions looking towards economy in printing and such matters, and concluded with a suggestion by disqualifying for sittings on the committee the clergy of detaching parishes.

In presenting this report, Mr. T. R. Clougher, who had the reduction of printing expenses by using one envelope for all special communications, and in support of his argument that a uniform envelope had been used with success in Grace Church, Toronto, of which he was a member.

The Bishop created some laughter by pointing out that he did not see much force in Mr. Clougher's argument, since Grace Church had last year contributed absolutely nothing to most of the church funds.

The report was adopted. Rev. John Osborne and Rev. W. Cresswell, rectors respectively of St. George's and St. Saviour's, St. John's, Toronto, were put upon the Toronto rectory surplus.

When Rev. Dr. Langtry introduced the resolution proposing this action, Hon. H. Blake asked him if he would consent to a slight amendment. Rev. Dr. Langtry—Oh, yes, I'll assent to anything now.

Hon. S. H. Blake—My Lord, this would, I think, be a most opportune time for Dr. Langtry to reintroduce his resolution of greeting to the Presbyterians. Dr. Langtry says he'll assent to anything now.

It was decided to send to the General Synod the memorial favoring the establishment of a Canadian bishopric in the two Western Provinces.

Regulated Promotion or Removal. The Committee on the Promotion or Removal of Clergy presented its report, setting out that it is unfortunate that a clergyman appointed to a parish for life, even though his continuance in such parish be for his own good, may not be the best for the people. The report further went on, "The clergyman himself almost invariably desires some system of regulated promotion or removal. At present, a man of ability and energy, who is appointed to a parish, may find himself in a position where he is not wanted, and where he is not wanted, he is not wanted."

The committee recommended that the system of regulated promotion or removal be adopted, and that the system of regulated promotion or removal be adopted, and that the system of regulated promotion or removal be adopted.

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Guinane Bros. Fire Sale!

June 18. Fire Sale! Fire Sale! To-Day Should Be The Greatest Saturday Shoe Bargain Day

The Monster Shoe House The Largest Shoe Store in Canada. Thanks Due To You

We have thanked the Firemen for their sturdy efforts in protecting our building from the flames—even at the expense of soaking our surplus stock of Shoes with water. We thank you, the Citizens of Toronto, for helping us to get rid of those Shoes before they became mildewed and dry. Rub a little oil on each pair and they'll wear the better, last the longer.

We'll finish the Fire Sale by to-night. Every shoe that was dampened will have been sold. NEXT week we will show again our superb stock of SUMMER SHOES—the newest and daintiest creations of the year.

Again we thank you for your ready response to our request for a quick clearance of the water-damaged Shoes. If there are any stray Shoes left on Monday we'll sell them at 25c a pair.

Store open to-night until 10 o'clock. GUNANE BROS., Goodyear Welted Slater Shoe Sellers, 214 YONGE STREET.

al of the appendix would result in a big loss of revenue. On a vote the continuance of the appendix in a cheaper form was approved.

The Synod entered upon an interesting discussion when Rev. C. L. Ingles moved that the delegates, in view of the evils of the present system of governing the liquor traffic, should recommend "the Gothenburg system." This system, otherwise known as the Norwegian or Gothenburg system, Mr. Ingles explained, gave the control of the liquor traffic into the hands of the Government or municipal companies and its sale into the hands of individuals, who derived a fixed revenue from the traffic and had therefore no interest in increasing sales.

Mr. George B. Kirkpatrick, in seconding the resolution, said that the success of the system in Sweden, where drunkenness had through it been reduced 50 per cent.

In reply to Rev. W. E. Cooper, Mr. Ingles said that the system also offered the bartender a premium on the quantity of food and non-spirituous liquors sold.

Rev. Septimus Jones moved in amendment that the resolution offered by Mr. Ingles should be referred to a committee to report at the next meeting of the Synod.

Alleged It is a Failure. Mr. N. W. Hoyle, Q.C., opposed both the resolution and the amendment, stating that an influential committee of the Church of England in Britain had reported against the system because they had found it to be in vogue had more drunkenness than towns in England where temperance was most rife.

Rev. J. C. Roper supported the motion, recalling the fact that Hon. W. E. Gladstone, Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, the Bishop of Chester and other dignitaries had pronounced in favor of the system.

Rev. J. P. Lewis, who had travelled Sweden for three months, never saw a bar there, nor had he during that time seen more than one drunken man, and he was a foreigner who carried his bottle with him. He had seen more drunkenness in the streets of London in one evening than in all Sweden in three months.

The resolution was referred to the following committee: Rev. C. Roper, Rev. G. A. Kubring, Rev. C. H. Short, Rev. C. L. Ingles, Rev. J. C. P. Lewis and Messrs. N. W. Hoyle, G. B. Kirkpatrick, Beverly Jones, M. Sheppard, George Bagg and W. E. Hall.

Religious Instruction in Public Schools. Mr. Lawrence H. Baldwin again brought up the subject of religious instruction in schools, and submitted the scheme which has already been published in The World.

Upon motion of Mr. Baldwin, seconded by Rev. Dr. Langtry, the scheme was referred to the following committee: Archdeacon Allen, Canon Sweeney, Canon McNab, Rev. Provost Welch, Rev. J. C. Roper, Rev. T. Street Macklem, Rev. Septimus Jones, Rev. T. W. Patterson, Rev. W. H. Clarke, Hon. G. W. Allan and Messrs. J. A. Worrell, Columbus Greene, N. W. Hoyle, James B. Cartwright, Frank E. Hodgins, A. M. Dymond, L. H. Baldwin and H. T. Beck.

The Bishop Thinks The Proposition Absurd. The Bishop here remarked that there was no use talking of schemes which were in the clouds and would never come out of them. It was absurd to hope that the Ontario Legislature would entertain a proposition to turn over the schools of the province to the Church of England.

Will Keep St. Alban's Cathedral. When the Bishop of Toronto took his seat at 8 o'clock last evening for the annual meeting of the Synod, persons only were in the hall, but his seats filled up rapidly, and twelve minutes later the Synod was in session. A motion by Dr. Welch and principal Sheraton to raise the standard of the theological examinations, by making compulsory the "voluntary preliminary" examination, aroused the interest of the audience, chiefly through the wit by which it was introduced, but when Dr. Langtry, chair-

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