

those denominations whose means may not, for the present at least, enable them to establish Institutions worthy of the name of Colleges—such humbler or provisional Halls or Houses to be incorporated, when desired, with the University, by Act of the Legislature, and to be represented each by its Head in the University Council. Still for this, it must be admitted, an endowment of at least three times the amount specified in the Bill of last year, would be absolutely necessary; while to entitle an Institution to the style and University representation of a *College*, an endowment of ten times that amount, and a Royal Charter, ought to be required.

Several minor objections it is unnecessary to urge. Those most deserving of notice were last year published by the Trustees of Queen's College at Kingston. We cannot, however, pass by without condemnation that part of the Bill by which it was proposed that the present Professors of the University should be summarily, unjustly, and unnecessarily, deprived of their offices. It is true that a species of compensation was provided, and we believe, moreover, that it was not intended that they should be sufferers eventually. Still this part of the measure could not fail to originate a panic and an outcry, for the excitement of which no plea of necessity or even of expediency could be urged, for in order to the carrying out of the principle of the measure, nothing more was required than the simple transference, with a single exception, of the Officials on the foundation of King's College, to the foundation of the proposed University. The single exception of which we speak is that of the Divinity Professor, who should have been left as Church of England Divinity Professor on the foundation of King's College, as a Church of England College in the University, and subjected to no farther interference with either his position or his interests.

Such are the main defects of the Bill of last Session, defects, which great as they may be, affect not the main features of the measure, and admit—every one of them—of the needful amendment, without an infringement of its principles. Nor can they deprive it, in the judgment of any one who considers