

# LITERARY AND PERSONAL.

"A Dictionary of Quotations from Ancient and Modern English and French Sources," compiled by the Rev. James Woolf, editor of "Nuttall's Dictionary," will be issued immediately by Frederick Warne & Co.

The publishers of the New York Critic have removed their offices to the United Charities and Kennedy Buildings, No. 289 Fourth Avenue, New York. We wish this excellent literary journal added success in its new home.

From the Bookman we have taken the following interesting items: Mr. Baring Gould has nearly completed his new story which is to run through Good Words next year. He is also busy on a book on the Deserts of Central France, which is expected to appear in the autumn.

Mr. Parker Gilmore, whose articles on sport signed "Ubique" are well known to readers of Land and Water and other journals, is contemplating collecting his three volumes, "Through Gasa Land," "The Hunter's Arcadia," and "Days and Nights in the Desert," into one volume at a popular price.

It will be learned with interest that the enterprising proprietor of the New York Herald has engaged M. Paul Bourget to go to America and spend several months in American society, with the view of writing an American novel, which is first to be issued in Mr. Bennett's journal.

We are also able to announce that Mr. Bennett has purchased from M. Zola the right to publish his new novel on the Lourdes Pilgrimage. This will appear in the New York Herald before it is published in Paris. The price paid to M. Zola is, we understand, £1,000.

Mr. P. G. Hamerton, who has left his delightful house at Autun, and is now resident at Boulogne-sur-Seine, near Paris, has written his autobiography. It has been placed, we understand, in his publisher's safe, and at present he does not mean that it should see the light till after his death. One may be certain that there will be nothing in Mr. Hamerton's autobiography which might not very well be published in his lifetime, and we hope that he will change his mind.

The English Illustrated Magazine will from October be edited by Sir William Ingram and Mr. Clement Shorter (editor of the Illustrated London News and the Sketch). It has been the property of Sir William Ingram for some time. In the hands of Mr. Arnold the English Illustrated made great progress, but Sir William Ingram has for a considerable time wished to possess an illustrated magazine, and the resources of the Illustrated London News office will no doubt make a notable addition to the strength of the periodical.

Mr. Gosse, in connection with Dr. Jessopp, is engaged on a life of John Donne. How deeply Dr. Jessopp has studied the subject, his article in the "Dictionary of National Biography" sufficiently shows. Not a few of Donne's manuscripts, never hitherto published, are in his possession. Mr. Gosse, by a lucky purchase at a sale some years ago, acquired a valuable manuscript of the poems, and the new Life will doubtless be a permanent addition to biographical literature. The letters, we believe, will be edited and arranged by Dr. Jessopp, and the memoir written by Mr. Gosse.

Two works, both of literary and musical interest, have recently appeared in Germany. The one is "Franz Liszt's Briefe," 2 vols. (Breitkopf and Hartel). Liszt was a copious and a delightful letter-writer, and his correspondence with Wagner is especially full of value and interest. Many of the letters are written in French. The other is Rubinstein's "Jahren," The book, which has been translated from the Russian by Eduard Kretschmann, is based on autobiographical papers which appeared in the Russkaja Starina.

Dr. Bourinot's work on "Cape Breton and its Memorials" continues to find appreciative criticism in England. The "Athenaeum" speaks of it as "an admirable monograph by

an accomplished writer," and the "English Historical Review," a very high authority, after remarking that "of Dr. Bourinot's qualifications for writing on the subject it is superfluous to speak," goes on to review most favourably "this very complete book, which has left little or nothing more to be told of Cape Breton by future writers." The secret of this author's success abroad probably arises from the fact that he treats his subjects invariably not in a provincial, but in a broad literary spirit. In the case of Cape Breton he shows its history is not that solely of an island founded by the waters of the Gulf and Atlantic, but, as the writer in the "Historical Review" says, "it may almost be said to be in miniature the history of North America; nearly all the elements which made up the story of the whole are to be found also in the story of this one small part. Canadian history treated in this way can always find an audience outside of the Dominion.

The Times has the following literary summary:—The Athenaeum says that Matthew Arnold kept up for 20 years a close correspondence with his mother, writing her long letters, telling her of all he did, saw, and read. After her death he used to write to Miss Arnold in the same full way. These letters, at least, a large portion of them, will appear in the selection from his correspondence which Mr. Russell is editing and Messrs. Macmillan are to publish. Mr. R. L. Stevenson has been varying his labours in fiction by the composition of a history of his own family and its engineering works, which he proposes to call "Northern Lights." Meantime the first week in September is fixed for the publication by Messrs. Cassell of his new novel "Catriona," which will bear the sub-title "A Sequel to 'Kidnapped,' being the further Adventures of David Balfour at Home and Abroad." The Scottish History Society have in the press an interesting volume of miscellanies. Mr. G. F. Warner is editing, with facsimiles, the "Library of King James VI." from the manuscript in the British Museum, already described by Mr. Warner in the Athenaeum. Mr. T. G. Law edits the "Memorials" presented to the King of Spain by Dr. John Cecil in 1596, and the "Apologia" by Father Creighton (1598), illustrating the policy of the Scottish Catholics at that period. Mr. H. F. Morland Simpson publishes a number of "Civil War Papers," mainly the letters of Sir John Cochrane to the Duke of Courland (1643-1650), recently obtained from the Mitau archives of Courland. Bishop Dowden prints some unpublished letters of the Duke and Duchess of Lauderdale. The Rev. R. Paul publishes letters of Sir Thomas Hope, of Craighall, the Lord Advocate, and the diary of the Rev. G. Turnbull, minister of Alloa, and some time Covenanter. The volume will conclude with some journals and letters relating to the Rebellions of 1715 and 1745, edited by Mr. H. Paton.—The Academy says:—The memoir of Louisa, Marchioness of Waterford, by Mr. Augustus J. C. Hare, will form a very different book from what was originally intended. It is now decided that it shall be in no less than three volumes, each of about 500 pages, and that it shall tell in full the "story of two noble lives"—those of the Marchioness and her sister, the Countess Canning. The book will be published in October by Mr. George Allen. Among the contributors to the two volumes on "Yachting," which will shortly appear in the "Badminton Library," are the Marquis of Dufferin, the Earls of Onslow and Pembroke, Lord Brassey, Lieut.-Col. Bucknill, the Rev. G. L. Blake, R.N., Mr. E. F. Knight, Mr. G. L. Watson (the Clyde builder) and Mr. Lewis Herreshoff (the Rhode Island builder). The illustrations will be from drawings by Mr. R. T. Prichett, and from photographs.—A new edition of Mr. Alfred Austin's earliest poem "Madonna's Child" will be published by Messrs. Macmillan & Co., in the course of the autumn. A prefatory note of some length will accompany the poem.

Man is born barbarous,—he is ransomed from the condition of beast only by being cultivated.—J. Martine.

## Dyspepsia

Makes the lives of many people miserable, causing distress after eating, sour stomach, sick headache, heartburn, loss of appetite, a faint, "all gone" feeling, bad taste, coated tongue, and irregularity of the bowels. Dyspepsia does not get well of itself. It requires careful attention, and a remedy like Hood's

**Distress After Eating**  
Sarsaparilla, which acts gently, yet efficiently. It tones the stomach, regulates the digestion, creates a good appetite, banishes headache, and refreshes the mind.

**Sick Headache**  
"I have been troubled with dyspepsia. I had but little appetite, and what I did eat distressed me, or did me little good. After eating I would have a faint or tired, all-gone feeling, as though I had not eaten anything. My trouble was aggravated by my business, painting. Last spring I took Hood's Sarsaparilla, which did me an immense amount of good. It gave me an appetite, and my food relished and satisfied the craving I had previously experienced."

**Heart-burn**  
GEORGE A. PAGE, Watertown, Mass.

**Sour Stomach**  
Hood's Sarsaparilla  
Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.  
100 Doses One Dollar

## AN OLD MAN'S STORY.

HIS FRIENDS HAD GIVEN UP HOPE OF HIS RECOVERY.

Mr. George Rose, of Rednersville, Relates the Story of His Suffering and Release—Feels as well as he did at Forty.

From the Daily Ontario, Belleville.

Four miles west of Belleville, in the county of Prince Edward, on the southern shore of the beautiful and picturesque Bay of Quinte is situated the village of Rednersville, a charming place of about four hundred population, composed quite largely of retired farmers. Of late years the picturesque location of the village has given it some prominence as a summer resort, where may be enjoyed the cool health-giving breezes of the bay. But even in this charming locality disease finds its way, and when the epidemic of la grippe swept over Canada, Rednersville was not spared a visitation. Among those attacked was Mr. George Rose, a life-long resident of the village, who had already reached the allotted span of life. Mr. Rose had enjoyed remarkable health until he was taken down with an attack of la grippe, when grave fears were entertained for his recovery. In a few months he recovered sufficiently to again move about, but not with his accustomed vigour. Mr. Rose had scarcely regained his health when he was seized with another attack of this dread disease, worse than the first. This had a telling effect upon him, and his family feared consumption had claimed him for a victim. A physician attended him regularly but seemed unable to give him any relief. However, all that medical skill could do for him was done, but daily Mr. Rose's condition grew worse, and in March of this year his condition was so low, that his family, like himself, had given up hope of his recovery. During the last month the general talk about the village and the surrounding country has been the remarkable cure of Mr. Rose by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The case created such a sensation that a reporter of the Ontario, personally acquainted with Mr. Rose, determined to call on him and learn the facts of the case from his own lips. Mr. Rose was found a picture of health and activity for one of his years, and expressed his entire willingness to tell his story for the benefit of others. "I am," he said, "a well man, and do not hesitate to give the credit to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for saving my life. I had three attacks of la grippe, and continued to grow worse up to March of this year. At that time I was so reduced in flesh and strength I