A Satire on Female Titles.

Some of the New Year's announcements in the Washington papers furnish a fine satire apon the vulgar practice prevalent in that city of writing her husband's title before a lady's name. We continually hear of Mrs. Gen. Sherman, Mrs. Secretary Evarts, Mrs. Senator Cameron and the like, but if anybody thinks that this is a good form let him try some of the less simple titles, such as "Mrs. Commissioner of Internal Revenue Raum," and " Mrs. Second Assistant Secretary of State Hunter. both of which appalling appellatives actually are printed in the Washington Post .- Hartford (Conn.) Evening Post.

Proposed War on Snakes in India

Mr. A. Bettington has submitted some recommendations to the Indian government with a view to reducing the mortality from snake bites. Among them are the following: " Priests should induce the people to wear boots; volunteers for snake-killing operations should be invited from the army, the police, etc.; poisonous gases and chemicals should be driven into snake-holes; rent-free lands should be given to the heirs of people who die in the operations against snakes; prisoners should be sent out to kill snakes, being allowed meat and tobacco and promised remission of two day's imprisonment for every day spent against snakes; fire and water should be applied to snakes; a blower with a portable metal funnel should be used for forcing poi-Deccan alone; blowing horns, flags and sentries should be used to keep people and birds and harmless animals away from places where snakes are being treated chemically by the gency of fire; land on the banks of rivers should be terraced, and water pumped out of the rivers on to the terraces, so to drown the snakes or to cause them to come out to their destruction.

Frauds of Mistory.

Professor Wheeler, of Yale College, recently published a paper, in which he exploded a number of historical tales. The famous saying attributed to Louis XIV.
of France. "L'etat c'est moi," according
to Professor Wheeler, was never uttered by Louis at all, but was said by Mazaria and by Queen Elizabeth. Sappho never killed herself by jumping from a rock, but died a natural death. Leonidas fought at Thermopyle, not with only 300 at his back, but with The philosopher Diogenes never lived in a tub. The story of the virtues of the Roman matron Eucretia must be rejected, while the story of the Horatii and Curatii is worse than doubtful. The sons of Brutus were not the victims of their father's firmness, but of his brutality. It was utterly impossible for Hannibal to have followed up his victory at Cannæ and the story of his using vinegar to cleave the rocks of the Alps is absurd. So, too, is the story of Cleopatra dissolving a pearl in a goblet of vinegar and drinking up a fortune at one draught. Archimedes never said "Give me a lever long enough and I will move the world;" nor did he cry out "Eureka!" at any known period of his life or discoveries. Alexandria was never visited by Omar, nor was the Alexandrian library burned, No more did Galileo say " And yet it moves for all that!" since it is proved from authentic documents that he did not dare to. That Columbus broke the end of an egg and thus confuted his mockers is fabulous, as also the story that he encouraged his followers with brave words when San Salvador was still out of sight. Richard III. of England did not kill his brother Clarence, and the story about the butt of Malmsey arose from the fact the body of Clarence, who died a natural death, was transported from Ca Charles II. never had the body of Cromwell taken from Westminstor Abbey and hanged at Tyburn, for the daughter of Cromwell, apprehensive of some such ill-treatment, had her inther's corpse secretly removed from the abbey and buried in a quiet churchyard. Milton's daughters could not have consoled their father for his blindness by reading passages from the old authors, for the best of reasons—they did not know how to read. To a member of the association who inquired if there were any doubts of the correctness of the story of G. W. and his little hatchet, the professor replied

What Blind Men Mave Donc.

promply in the affirmative.

The long list of the names of the blind who have been eminent in the various branches of learning from the time of Diodatus, who lived forty years before the Christain era, to the present time, is well worth remembering. The following are some of those to whom we re-

Diedatus, of Asia Minor, celebrated for his learning in philosophy, geometry and music. Eusebius, also of Asia, lived from 315 to 340 of the Christian era; became blind at 5 years of age; died at 25. And yet, during so short a lifetime, this blind man, by his theological writings, has come to us, and will go down to posterity, as one of the fathers of Chris-

Henry the minstrel of Scotland, author of "The Poetic Life of Wallace," was born blind in 1361.

Margaret, of Ravenna, born in 1505, blind at three months; celebrated for her writings on theology and morals. Hermann Torrentius, of Switzerland, born

in 1546, and author of a history and poetical elictionary. Nicholas Sanderson, of Yorkshire, England

born in 1682; learned in mathematics, astronomy, and wrote a book on algebra. Thomas Blacklock, D. D., of Scotland, born in 1751; blind at 6 months; celebrated for his learning in poetry, divinity and music.

Francis Huber, of Geneva, Switzerland, born in 1610; wrote on natural sciences, bees, ants, and on education.

John Milton, born in 1608 in London; author of "Paradise Lost." John Metcalf, born in 1717 in England;

road surveyor and road contractor. John Gough, born in 1757 in England; blind at 3 years; wrote on botany, natural

history, etc. David Macbeath, born in 1792 in Scotland; learned in music and mathematics, and inventor of the string alphabet for the blind.

M. Focault, born in Paris in 1799; in vented a writing apparatus for the blind.

M. Knio, of Prussia, born blind; was director of an institution for the blind, and wrote

on the education of the blind. Alexander Rodenbach, of Belgium, born in 1786; member of the Belgian Congress, and

wrote several works on the blind and the deaf-William Henry Churchman, formerly Superintendant for the institution for the Blind at Indianapolis, Ind., and author of architectural

designs and reports for the institution. The writer of this once had occasion to correspond with him, and received much finer specimens of autograph penmanship from him than was sent in return.

The Jews Have Purchased Palestine Leading Jews in Great Britain have purchased Palestine. The secretary of the Association, which is backed up by the Rothschilds and other financiers, announces that the undertaking meets generally with the approval of the Jews of the whole world. The plan of Philestin is its best part, the soil being of a rich brown loam without a stone. It is now, as it has always been, a vast green field—an ocean of wheat without a break or fence. Its extraordinary fertility is shown by the fact that it has produced the same succession of crops year after year for forty centuries, without artificial aid

A Few Years Hence.

Just imagine three scientific gentlemen in the near future having a little quite talk. Says Mr. Proctor "There's a steeple five miles off, and I see through my telescope a fly walking on it." Says Mr. Hughes "I can't see the insect but I can hear it through my microphone;" and Edison finishes up by saying "I can neither see nor hear him, but I can tell with my thermophile the amount of heat generated by the friction of his movement; and by attaching my phonograph to your microphone, I can bottle up the sound of his walking, that it may be preserved and reproduced a thousand years hence."

How the German Cavalry Horses are Fed. The German army horses are now fed on snakes congregate should be especially treated, chemicals being burnt without stint, so that the gases may penetrate the snake holes and be strung on a cord and hung to the saddle-cause asphysiation to the snakes; parties of the trained snake-killars should be strung by the trooper around bis mount, out is dull, and although plenty of beef critters are being brought forward, they are sold at low rates. This is owing to the hardness of the times and the inferior quality of cattle pretained snake-killars should. trained snake-killers should operate in the Each biscuit weighs about two ounces, and seven of them are broken up and given to the horses night and morning, and twelve at noon. Officers generally agree that these biscuits are better than oats, and each trooper can carry 30 pounds' weight, which will furnish his horse with full rations for eight days.

Electricity as a Motive Power.

In the course of a lecture on electricity dellvered by Mr. Gerrard Finch, M.A., in connection with the Wigan Mining and Mechanical School last week, a novel illustration was given of electricity performing mechanical work. A saw-bench was placed on a platform connected with a Siemen's dynamo-electric machine, which in its turn was connected by wires with the machine outside the hall used for producing the electric light during the lecture. On the electricity being communicated the saw was set in motion, and timber up to 5ft. in thickness was cut into strips. Lord Lindsay, M.P., F.R.S., and President of the Royal Astronomical Society, was in the chair and among the audience were a large number of the leading colliery proprietors of the district. The latter, our Wiran correst. for producing the electric light during the the district. The latter, our Wigan correspondent states, are inclined to test the practicability of working coal-cutting machines and other underground machinery by electricity. At present compressed air is the only power that can be used for driving these machines without interfering with the ventilation of the working. Electricity is said to produce an equal effect at considerably less cost. It can also be conducted cheaply and easily to any part of the the mine by means of wires.

Economy in Legislation. (Toronto Mail.)

The "American Almanac," compiled by Mr Spofford, the librarian of Congress, gives the indemnity paid to members of the various State Legislatures as follows. We add the population according to the census of 1870, in which year the population of Ontario was 1,620,000 :

Population. Indemnity.

| ۱ | Alabama 997,900 | \$ 4 per day |
|---|----------------------------|---------------------|
| l | Arkansas 484,000 | 6 per day |
| ١ | California 682,000 | 10 per day |
| ĺ | Colorado 40,009 | 4 per day |
| ı | Connecticut 537,000 | 270 per ssesion |
| ı | Delaware 125,000 | 3 per day |
| ı | Florida 188,000 | 6 per day |
| l | Georgia1,184,000 | 4 per day |
| ı | Illinois2,540,000 | 5 per day |
| Ì | Indiana 1,680,000 | 5 per day |
| l | Iown1,194,000 | 550 per session |
| ۱ | Kansas 373,000 | 3 per day |
| I | Kentucky 1,321,000 | 5 per day |
| ı | Louisiana 727,000 | 8 per day |
| ļ | Maine 627,000 | 150 per session |
| | Maryland 781,000 | 5 per day |
| l | Massachusetts1,457,000 | 650 per session |
| | Michigan1,187,000 | 3 per day |
| ļ | Minnesota 446,000 | 5 per day |
| ļ | Mississippi 828,000 | 500 per session |
| | Missouri 1,721,000 | 5 per day |
| ĺ | Nebraska 129,000 | 3 per day |
| | Nevada 59,000 | 8 per day |
| Į | New Hampshire. 318,000 | 3 per day |
| ı | New Jersey 906,009 | 500 per session |
| ı | New York 4,387,000 | - 1,500 per session |
| 1 | North Carolina . 1,071,000 | 4 per day |
| | Ohio 2,665,000 | 5 per day |
| Į | Oregon 102,000 | 3 per day |
| | Pennsylvania 3,522,000 | 1,000 per session |
| I | Rhode Island 217,000 | 1 per day |
| | South Carolina 705 000 | 5 per dev |

South Carolina.. 705,000 5 per day Tennessee 1,258,000 4 per day Texas..... 819,000 5 per day Vermont..... 331,000 3 per day Virginia.....1,225,000 West Virginia... 442,000 540 per session 4 per day Wisconsin1,065,000 350 per session The members of the Legislatures also draw mileage, varying from eight to ten cents a mile. The indemnity in New York is to be reduced by the Legislature that was elected last November to the original sum, viz., \$3 a day. Reductions are also to be made in Massachusetts and Pennsylvania. In the Territories, viz., Arizona, Dakota, Idaho, Montana, New Mexico, Utah, Washington and Wyoming, the indemnity is \$6 per day. It should be borne in mind, also, that while the Ontario Legislature sits annually the Legislatures of Alabama, Arkansas, California, Colorada, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Maryland, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia and West Virginia, and all the Territories, meet only once every two years. In Connecticut, Louisiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Mississippi, New Jersey, New York, Rhode Island, South Carolina and Wisconsin,

the Legislatures meet once a year as with us. In Connecticut, Delaware, Illinois, Iowa, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Mississippi, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Deal Labord, South Corolling, Verman, American March 1988, 198 Rhode Island, South Carolina, Vermont and Wisconsin, there is no constitutional limit to the length of the session. But in Alabama the session must not exceed 50 days, Arkansas 60, California 120, Colorado 40, Florida 60, Georgia 40, Indiana 60, Kansas 50, Kentucky 60, Louisiana 60, Maryland 90, Minnesota 60, Missouri 70, Nebraska 40, Nevada 60, North Carolina 60, Oregon 40, Tennessee 75, Texas 60, Virginia 90, and West Virginia 45

With these facts and figures before him, the taxpayer can form his own opinion of the Ontario indemnity, as to whether this Province should or should not be asked to pay its representatives \$800 per session.

FINANCIAL

TRUE WITNESS OFFICE.

Montreal, 5th February, 1879. Morning Board—The following were the transactions:—25 shares Bank of Montreal at 131; 25 do at 131; 10 do at 131; 25 do at 130; 12 do Merchants' Isahk at 77; 3 do at 77; 40 do Bank of Toronto at 100; 10 do at 100; 4 do at 93; 30 do Consolidated Bank at 50; 20 do at 50; 30 do Montreal Telegraph Company at 101; 50 do at 101; 50 do at 101; 50 do at 101;

Afternoon Board. The following were the transactions:—Bank of Montreal, 3 shares at 181; 4 do at 180; Bank of Commerce, 50 at 99; 70 do at 99; 50 do at 99; City Bank, Consolidated, 10 at 50; Montreal Telegraph Company, 20 at 101; 30 do at 101; Thomas Wilson, Member of the Montreal Stock Exchange.

COMMERCIAL.

The flour market yet retains its usual dul-ness, and there are no transactions to relate. Receipts per Grand Trunk Railway, 1,82) bar-rels.

LONDON, February 4. — Floating Cargoes—Wheat and corn very dull. Cargoes on passage—Wheat neglected; no business doing. Arrivals off coast small. Wheat and corn Consols, 96 1-16.

St. Gabriel's.

Since our last report but few car-loads were offered for sale at this market Only two carloads were disposed of at from \$3.00 to \$3.50 per 100 pounds.

The Viger Market

is but poorly supplied, owing to the road across the river to St. Lambert and Laprairie not being properly finished yet. Straw sells at from 4c to 7c per bundle, or \$3 a load. Hay at from \$3 to \$10 per 100 bundles; inferior at \$7.00. The Inpineau market is doing the best business in this line, owing to the good nature of the road from Longueuil.

Our City Markets.

Although the river has taken, the traffic across has not visibly increased, with the exception of the introduction of hay and straw. This is owing to the fact of the road from Longueuil being at present only practicable for heavy waggons. From this point most of such fodder is brought. The road from St. Lambert is, however, expected to be entirely completed by next Monday. This does not, however, apparently affect the number of sleighs and produce presented at our markets, for this morning they showed a good supply of both.

gen bunches.

FRUIT.—This market is glutted. Good green apples sell at \$1.70 to 200 a barrel; common apples, 75c do; spy apples, \$1.55 to 200 do; russet apples at \$1.55, in middling condition. Common apples by the peck, 25c. Dates from 2c to 7c per lb. Figs by the box, 15c. Walnuts, 8c to 10c per lb. Raisins, per lb., 4c to 6c. Brazil nuts, 5c to 7c per pound, wholesale; retail, 10c. Paraguay nuts, from 6c to 8c. Fameuse apples are about played out, hardly one on the market; what there is brings about three dollars a barrel. Middling green apples from \$1 to 1.25; lemons are \$3.50 a box, \$5 a case; Mainga grapes, a large quantity on hand; average about eigh, dollars a barrel. Egyptian dates in boxes of lifty pounds are sold at 9c per pound; mat dates at 5c per pound; cranberries at \$8.50 the American barrel, or 20c pergallon. Valencia oranges in retail run from \$1.50 to \$5 per case, wholesale, \$1.50.

POULTRY AND GAME—A large and prime lot

wholesale, \$4.50.

POULTRY AND GAME.—A large and prime lot of poultry was on the market this morning. Prices range as follows:—Turkeys, 5c to 9c per pound; chickens, 6c to 8c per pound; chickens, 6c to 8c per pound; partidges, 50s to 60c per pair; pigeons, 25c the couple; prairie chickens, 90c to \$1.00 per pair; qualis, \$1.70 a dozen; snowbirds, 20c to 25c the dozen; rabbits, 20c the pair; hares, 20c to 24c the pair; English pheasants from \$5.00 to 6.00; canvass back ducks, \$1.00 the brace; teal ducks, 40c to 65c the brace.

FEATHERS.—Chicken, 15c the pound; geese, 50c to 60c the pound; turkey, 8c to 10c per pound. DAIRY PRODUCE.—This market is well supplied, but little doing. The shipments are large and the receipts small. Medium ranges from lie to 15c per lb. Fine flownships from 19c to 20c. Brockville and Morrisburg from 20c to 22c per lb. Repacked trade from 8c to 12c. Superior print 3cc. The cheese sales were firm but stocks small. Fine cheese soldat from 8c to 9c per lb. Old cheese from 5c to 6c per lb.

FLOUR, MEAL AND FEED.—The flour market continues very quiet and values unchanged. The quotations for the last few days have been merely nominal. Oatmeal at \$2.15 per 100 pounds; cracked meal, \$2.50 do; Indian meal, \$1.25 do; moulle, \$1.00 do; grue, 85c do; bran, 73c do; pot barley, \$2.70 do; pearl barley. \$5.00 do; good oats sell at from 70c to 82c per bag.

bag.

FISH MARKET.—A good supply. Haddock, 4c to 5c per pound, by the 100, \$4; salmon, 15c do; hallbut, 15c do; flounders, 7c do; speckled trout, 12;c do; pich, 10c do; dore, 15c do; maskinonge, 15c do; perch, 13c to 18c the Sunch; finnan haddies, 6c to 8c per pound; sardines, by the keg, 25c; boncless codfish, 7c the pound; sturgeon, 12c do; lobsters, 8c to 10c; lake trout, 15c to 16c do; black bass, 15c do; fresh cod, 6c do; fresh herring, 25c the doz; smelts, 10c do; Yarmouth bloaters, 40c do; tommy cods, 30c a peck; white fish, 10c.

RETURIERS! MEAT.—A large and magnificent

white fish, ICc.

BUTCHERS' MEAT.—A large and magnificent supply of prime on hand. Mess Pork at \$11 to 12 the barrel. Dressed hogs in car lots from \$4.65 to 4.70. Retailed dressed hogs at \$4.20 to 5. Spring pigs retailed at 5c per pound; sait pork, 8c per pound; prime hams at from 8c to 10c per pound; sausages, 10c per pound; fresh pigs' heads, 2c to 3c per pound; potted head, 6c; head cheese, 8c; grey puddings, 5c; black puddings, 8c; lard, in pails, 8c; lard, in tubs, 7½c. Beef, by the carcass, 4c to 8c per 1b. Mutton from 6c to 9c per lb; by the carcass from 4½c per lb. Veal from 6jc to 10c. Corned Beef, 7c to 10c. Sait Tongues, 11c to 13c per lb. Venison haunch, 14c to 20c; forequerters, 5c to 7c; loins, 10c to 12c; suet, 8c to 11c; beef kidneys, 25c the pair; sweet heads, 12c to 20c each; calves liver, 20c to 40c each; tripe, 5c per lb.

Eggs are scarce and but poorly represented.

Eggs are scarce and but poorly represented. Fresh laid bring from 80c to 40c the dozen; lime eggs from 20c to 25c. GRAIN.—The supply is good, and prices with-out fluctuations. Oats, 70c to 90c per hag; pens, 70c to 85c per bushel; buckwbeat, 40c per bushel; beans, \$1.25 to 1.50 per bushel.

The Prosperity of France.

The remarkable prosperity of the French during these hard times is attributed in some degree to the efforts made to provide women with employment. The Republic contains several hundred institutions for the instruction of young women in various branches of industry. Chief among these industries are painting on porcelain and ivory, the design and manufacture of jewellery, engraving on wood, silk weaving, designing of patterns, type-setting, book-binding, brush and basket making, the manufacture of clocks and watches, and of papiermache goods.

DIED. HENEY.—At Canaan, Vt., on the 28th January, 1879, Nancy Margarite, aged 5 years and 2 months; only daughter of Timothy Heney and Addls Workman. 25-3

Many. Many Years.—Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething, has stood the test of many years, and never known to fail. It is perfectly reliable. It regulates the stemach and bowels, cures wind colic and griping in the bowels, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and allays all pain, as millions of mothers can testify.

A Favorable Notoriety.—The good reputation of "Brown's Bronchtal Troches" for the relief of Coughs, Colds, and Throat diseases, has given them a favorable Notoriety.

Trend on a Worm and it will Turn, is true, but no more so than Give a worm a dose of BROWN'S VERMIFUGE COMFITS, or Worm Lozenges, and they will turn over and die. It is better they should, than that the mother's idel should pine away and suffer; so feed the child on Lozenges, and send the worms out of the system.

For Liver Complaint, use Dr. Harvey's Anti-Billous and Purgative Pills.

Silious and Purgative Pills.

Some People Suffer Terribly from late suppers; but sometimes they are forced into them. All such should carry a bottle of BROWN'S HOUSEHOLD PANACEA and Family Liniment, and take a few drops after eating. It warms the stomach, nerves it to its work, and saves much inconvenience and suffering.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

A CANDIDATE FOR RUSSELL

Ortawa, Jan. 20, 1879.

To the Editor of the EVENING Post.

DEAR Sig.—In Buswer to a large number of the Electors of the Colinity of Russell, of all creeds and nationalities, I beg leave to inform them through your paper that I am a candidate at the coming Local Elections for said County of Russell; and I will announce my political views at the proper time.

Yours very truly, NEIL McCAUL.

$\mathbf{W}^{ ext{EEKLY TEST.}}$

 Number of Purchasers served during week
 5,212

 Same week last year.
 3,903

Increase.....

MONTHLY TEST.

Increase..... 3,678

THE OTTAWA CRASH.

A small insolvent firm, through having them-A shall insolvent arm, through having themselves and their supply account customers falsely rated in the Mercantile Agency books, manages to get the banks to discount \$200,000 worth of what may be termed floating paper. As stated before, some banks will discount or lend money in the most reckless manner to any insolvent firm or dishonest individual who can be appeared get a felse reting in any 4 gency book. insolvent firm or dishonest individual who can manage to get a false rating in any Agency book. We venture the assertion that no honest man of common sense will be guided in any measure whatever by a Mercantile Agency of Montreal. We have just, found out that Messrs. G. W. & Co., who failed a year ago, was rated up by D. W. & Co.'s Agency from \$75,000 to \$300,000 capital only a few weeks previous to their failure.

People say that some bank directors continue to use the Agency Reference Book in order to get worthless paper of their own discounted, and we are prepared to prove that in some cases this sort of thing is done.

CAUTION.

Don't invest money in bank stock so long as Don't invest money in bank stock so long as these American Mercantile Agency men are operating on gentlemen who have the management of them. Banks are sure to fail while they keep toadying to Agency men. No one knows better than bank managers and directors that Mercantile Agencies are worse than uscless to honest and solvent men. Going to a Mercantile Agency for the standing of a man is like going to a cheap registry office for the character of an employee. You get what is second-hand and a character according to the amount that has been paid to the keeper of the registry office to obtain the situation.

Those beautiful Cashmere Pattern American Tycoon Reps, for dressing or morning wrappers, all reduced to only 15c. per yd. Not to be bought elsewhere under 25c.

S. CARSLEY, 393 AND 395 NOTRE DAME STREET.

MONTREAL.

FREE-We will furnish employment to all out of work. Samples and instructions free. Send Postal to Box 1758, Montreal, Que.



AND REV. CLERGY,

ANDTO

SUPERIORS OF RELIGIOUS COMMUNITIES:

portation, consisting of Church Ornaments and Religious Articles, Priests, Vestments, Candle ticks, Ostensarias, Ciborias, Chalices, Censorss, Diadems, Crowns, Hearts, Gold and Silver Fringe, Tassels, Gold and Silver Cloth and Merinos, Linen, &c., &c. Banners, Flags, fine assortment of

VASES.

ROSARIES (In Coral, Ivory, Mother-of-Pearl, Amber, Coess Jet, Garnet, &c.)

PUREBEESWAX. BEESWAX CANDLES.

Having ourselves carfully selected our goods in Europe, we are prepared to execute all orders

Those visiting the City respectfully invited. Correspondence solicited. Prompt attention to all enquiries or orders.

A. C. SENECAL & CO. Importers and Manufacturers.

JOHN D. PURCELL, A. M., B. C. L., ADVOCATE, 146 St. JAMES STREET,

Opposite the Canadian Bank of Commerce. Montreal, May 29, '78-ly Ս-g BIG DAY Selling our RUBBER PRINTING STAMPS. Outfit free, Address MONTREAL NOVELTY Co., Montreal, P.Q. 20-L,

\$5 to \$20 per day at home. Sam-Address STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine 4-g

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC. SUPERIOR COURT.
District of Montreal.

Dame MARTINE LACASSE, of the parish of
Saint-Vincent decPaul, in the District of
Montreal, wife of Benoit Rocan, a litar Bastlen,
contractor and farmer of the same place,
duly authorised to ester en justice,
Plaintiff,

The said BENOIT ROCAN alias BASTIEN, of the same place,

Defendant. An action for separation as to property has been instituted in this cause on the Twenty-eighth day of December instant,

Montreal, 28th December, 1878. L. O. TAILLON, Attorney for Plaintiff.

FIRST PRIZE DIPLOMA.

QUEBEC PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION, SEP-TEMBER 1875. THE

IMPERIAL FRENCH COUKING RANGE FOR MOTEL AND FAMILY USE. OVER 200 IN USE IN THIS CITY.

FOR SALE AT JOHN BURNS, 675 Craig St. IMPERIAL FRENCH COOKING RANGE.

HENCHEY'S HOTEL,

QUEREC, 18th October, 10...

MR. JOHN BURNS:—

DEAR SIR,—The COOKING RANGE which I have purchased from you has given me the most entire satisfaction. I can highly recommend it to persons who may be in want of such, also, the BROILER, which I am much pleased with. You can use this certificate with my enire approbation.

Respectfully yours,

12-28-g

P. HENCHEY.

PREMIUMS

The True Witness

For 1879. PRIZES FOR EVERYBODY

The TRUE WITNESS is the weekly edition of the EVENING POST. It is now in its twenty-eighth year, and has been recently enlarged and reduced in price from \$2.00 to \$1.50 a year. Being the leading Catholic paper in the Dominion, it will maintain a vigilant and defensive attitude in regard to the rights of the Catholic Church, and will be a paper essentially for the Catholics of the Dominion at large. It is our intention not to spare expense in making it a first-class family paper, and particularly interesting to the farmer.

family paper, and particularly interesting to the farmer.

23 There is not a Man, Woman or Child anywhere, in all the Country, who reads this, who cannot easily get two or more others to join him or her in taking the Paper and thus secure, FREE, one, or more than one, of the desirable articles described below.

There are from 25 to 500 families, or more, in the vicinity of each Post Office, every one of whom would be benefited by having this paper for a year at a cost, postage included, of 3 cents a week. From one to a dozen Premium clubs, sinall or large, may be gathered in the vicinity of each Post Office, and as many premiums be obtained. You may get one or more of them.

A GENERAL PREMIUM.

A FREE Copy to the sender of a Club of 5 sub-scribers, at \$1 each, without other Premiums.

A PRIZE FOR EVERY SUBSCRIBER. Every subscriber whose name is sent in by Every subscriber whose name is sent in by those working for premiums or otherwise, will have the choice of the following:—

ISL—SIX PURE NICKEL-SILVER TEASPOONS, beautifully finished. Nickel Silver is a white metal like Silver; and being solid caunot wear down to brass like a silver-plated spoon They are easier to keep beight than silver, and the six would sell in any retail store for 50 cents.

six would sell in any retail store for 50 cents.

2nd.—A BEAUTIFUL ILLUMINATED CHROMO, MOTTO WITH PORTRAIT OF PIUS IX. OR LPC XIII. A written description cannot give the reader the least conception of those beautiful gems of art. In their centre is a well executed and life-like portrait of Pius IX or Leo XIII. surrounded by a wreath of liles, on each side of which there is in large illuminated letters, their mottoes in Latin and English. The size of the mottoes are 21x8, inches, and are worth 50 cents each. Any subscriber wanting both of them, can have the extra motto by forwarding 25 cents extra, above the subscribtion price, this simply pays cost of importing, postage, &c. We will send them neatly framed in rustle for 50 cents extra, ro in veneer, engraved corners, 75 cents; subscriber paying expressage.

The above prizes will be given only to such of our present subscribors as will have their subscription paid for the year 1879.

SHOW THE PREMIUMS

SHOW THE PREMIUMS

to those whom you wish to get as subscribers, and they will subscribe at once.

We will send a canvasser's outfit complete for

EXPLANATORY NOTES.

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