

hæmoptysis was practically that of phthisis, and that among the ancients it was believed to be the cause, and not the effect, of that disease. He gave the history of five cases, one of which was that of a young woman of twenty-nine, with a paternal and maternal history tendency to pulmonary trouble. The points of interest in the case were, first, the number of severe attacks and the great amount of blood lost; second, the manner in which the lung cleared up subsequent to each attack; third, the absence of the physical signs of phthisis; and, fourth, the sudden termination of the last severe hæmorrhage, with subsequent disappearance of the disease. The doctor gave it as his opinion that the reason there was not more hæmorrhage in phthisis was due to the fact that the contents of the vessels usually undergo thrombosis. He believed that hæmorrhage in the early stages of phthisis was sometimes beneficial by relieving the congested area and frightening the patient into taking greater care of himself. In treatment of hæmoptysis the doctor advocated rest, fresh air and hypodermics of morphia and atropia. On the disappearance of hæmorrhage he advised inhalations of creasote, iodine, eucalyptus, pinus Sylvestus, with spirits of chloroform added as sedative. The doctor concluded by quoting a case of hæmoptysis connected with cardiac disease.

Missed Abortion.—Dr. F. R. ECCLES, of London, read a paper on this condition, and reported several cases which had come under his care.

Conservative Surgery of the Eye.—A paper with this title was read by Dr. R. A. REEVE, of Toronto.

The Report of the Committee on Necrology was presented by Dr. T. S. HARRISON, of Selkirk. The report called attention to the sad fact that an unusually large number of members of the Association had died during the past year, and that most of them were men who had not yet reached mid-life. R. H. HUNT, Clarksburg; F. RAE, Oshawa; John McCONNELL, Toronto; J. REA, Toronto; W. CORMACK, formerly of Guelph, were among the fallen. The following notices were also made in the report:

K. F. FENWICK, of Kingston, an energetic member of this Association and a skilful and successful practitioner, also at a very early age, died a sacrifice to the call of duty, having been infected through a small wound in the finger while operating on a case of septic peritonitis, and dying in a few days of septicæmia.

J. H. SAUNDERS died on February 19th of this year of septic pneumonia, at the age of fifty-one. He had been for several years a professor of Queen's College, Kingston, a surgeon in our volunteer force, and an energetic and successful practitioner. The members of