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NOTICE
ereby given that, pursuant to the re-tion of the Board of Directors of the pany, a special general meeting of the holders of the Toronto, Hamilton and alo Railway Company will be held at Queen's Hotel, in the City of Toronto, Tuesday, the 2nd day of July, 1895, at our of 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose considering and authorizing the issue onds, debentures or other securities the franchises, rolling stock, assets, property, real and personal, of the Railway Company, and otherwise act-n relation thereto.
also for the purpose of considering ting and authorizing the execution delivery of a mortgage by the said any upon its franchises, rolling stock, and property, real and personal, trustee or trustees to secure the issue bonds, debentures or other securi-which may be authorized at said ing.
also for the purpose of considering ting and authorizing and ratifying execution and delivery of a contract een the said company and the Domin-Construction Company for the con-tion and equipment of the lines of ay of the said Railway Company, not-tanding one or more of the shareholders of the said Railway Company is or are a member or member of the said Dominion Construction pany;
also for the purpose of considering ting and authorizing or ratifying the tion and delivery of an agreement reements between this company and New York Central and Hudson River road Company, the Canada Southern way Company, the Michigan Central road Company, and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, or any one or of such companies, for the regula-, and interchange of traffic g to and from the ys of all or any of said companies this company, and for the working traffic over the said railways, re-vely, or for either of those objects tely, and for the division and ap-nment of tolls, rates and charges in t of such traffic, and generally in on to the management and working said railways, or any of them, or art thereof, and of any railway or ys in connection therewith and lise acting in relation thereto.
take further notice that pursuant resolution of the said Board of Di-the annual meeting of the share-of the company will be held at the time and place above mentioned for-rpose of electing the Board of Di-of the said Company for the en-year, and for the transaction of her business as may be properly before an annual meeting.
May 29th, 1895.
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TO POSTAL GUIDE—DURING THE h of July, 1895, mails close and follows:

| | CLOSE. | | DUE. | |
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| | 7.00 | 4.30 | 10.55 | 8.50 |
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mails close on Mondays and at 9.30 p.m., on Wednesdays at d on Saturdays at 7.15 pplemental mails to Montreal Thursdays close occasionally ys and Fridays at 12 noon. The are the dates of English mails onth of July: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 12, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 24, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30.
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SIXTEENTH YEAR — WEDNESDAY MORNING JULY 3 1895. — ONE CENT.

## MAY PROROG NEXT WEEK

*IF REMEDIAL LEGISLATION IS NOT INTRODUCE*

**This is Mr. Foster's Statement—Among the Members as to What Action Will be Taken Regarding Manitoba—Mulock's Motion to Repeal the Electoral Franchise Act Defeated.**

Ottawa, July 2.—The statement on the state of public business made in the House of Commons to-day by Hon. Mr. Foster has inspired both sides of the House with a desire to get home as speedily as possible. Many members, however, consider that the leader of the House is a little too optimistic in his announcement of this afternoon, and that the date mentioned in my despatch the other day, namely, Aug. 1, will be nearer prorogation than some day next week. Everything depends as to whether or not Remedial Legislation is brought down. The Minister of Finance intimated that the reply of Manitoba to the Remedial Order only reached the hands of the Government to-day. It has been under the consideration of the Cabinet, and it is currently reported round the lobbies to-night that there are differences of opinion among the members of the Government as to whether or not Remedial Legislation shall be introduced this session. Many members insist that no bill will be introduced, others as emphatically asseverate that a measure will be brought down in a few days. The advocates of delay are, however, many, and they sincerely hope that some opportunity will yet be given to Manitoba to remedy the constitutional grievances of the Catholics of Manitoba. They point out that the Remedial Order demanded specific action on the part of Manitoba; that that Government had to go the whole hog or nothing. They did nothing; but if given a chance to pass Remedial Legislation possibly the province might do something. Therefore the view is advanced that the Government should delay Remedial Legislation until next session.

**Where the Fight Will Commence.**

A prominent Quebec politician informed your correspondent to-day that he believed that Remedial Bill, whenever it came down, would be found to be practically the adoption of the Ontario Separate School system, including Government inspection of schools and the employment of certificated teachers, the religious orders excepted. This latter exception, if it be incorporated in the bill, will not be palatable to Manitoba, and it is on this particular point where the fight will come. The Roman Catholics of the City of Ottawa are greatly dissatisfied with the tuition which is being given by the Christian Brothers in the Ottawa Separate Schools, and are anxious to dispense with their services. This feeling found its outcome in the recent demand for an impartial inquiry into the affairs of the Ottawa Separate Schools, and before very long the report of the Investigating Committee will probably be made public. There is no disguising the fact that members of the House are anxious as to what the next two or three days may bring forth.

The proceedings in the Commons to-day were devoted entirely to Government business. Several measures were discussed, after which the estimates were considered. Mr. McCarthy had intended to move an amendment in reference to Bishop Gravel's letter to Rome, but owing to the late hour at which the supply stage was reached he deferred his motion to a more convenient day.

At the opening of proceedings in the House to-day, Mr. Foster moved that Government business have precedence on Wednesdays for the remainder of the session. Many protests followed from members with legislative hobbies.

**The Leader's Statement Re Remedial Legislation.**

McCarthy and Hon. Mr. Laurier also wanted to know what the Government intended to do about Remedial Legislation and the Hudson Bay Railway scheme.

The leader of the House, in the course of his reply, said: "I may state this, generally, that, so far as the business of the House is concerned, I think it is all upon the order paper. If anything else is to come upon the order paper, it is something that comes up by way of incident—not very important—that it may be found necessary to have legislation upon incidentally. This I say in order to show the House what is about the state of business, so far as the Government is concerned.

"I make one reservation when I make that statement, and that reservation is with reference to Remedial Legislation. We have been blamed for coming so near the end of the session and having no legislation on that. It was scarcely possible that we should have reached it. The papers from the Manitoba Legislature only came into our hands this morning. They will be taken into consideration at once, and the Government will be able, I think, in a very short time, to intimate to the House what course it proposes to pursue with reference to it.

"Wiht that single limitation, what I have stated holds good. We are through fully two-thirds of the main estimates, and the most contentious portions of them are passed, judging by the discussions of former years.

"I have no doubt, looking at the list of bills, many of which will not cause very lengthy discussion, that it is quite possible for the House to get through with all the business on the order paper and be ready for adjournment, I should think, early next week. All this is subject to the promise mentioned."

**No Hudson Bay Railway Measure.**

Mr. Martin: Do I understand the statement of the leader of the House correctly, that there is to be no measure with regard to the Hudson Bay Railway?

Mr. Foster: I made my statement as inclusive as it possibly could be, and I think it should be sufficient to satisfy my hon. friend.

The subject then dropped.

**Mulock's Franchise Motion Defeated.**

On the motion for the second reading of the bill legalizing the voters' lists for this year, Mr. Laurier suggested that, as Dr. Montague was a new hand at his department, he might signalize his accession into the Government by introducing a bill on the lines suggested by Sir John Thompson last year, to adopt the provincial franchise.

Col. Tisdale and other members having spoken, Mr. Mulock moved that it be an instruction to the Government to

Continued on Second Page.

## NEW SOUTH WALES' SENATE.

**Proposal to Amend That Colony's Upper House to Avoid Legislative Deadlocks.**

Sydney, July 2.—During the course of a speech delivered at a large free trade meeting yesterday, Prime Minister Reid stated that he would not object to a Legislative Council, the members of which were nominated for life, if it only regarded the will of the country. A House consisting of Crown nominees was an absurd anomaly in a democratic constitution, but he would not trouble to interfere even with it so long as it respected the electors. The Legislative Council had, however, set its foot against the will of the people, and the time had come to deal with it once and for all. The people had not got either yet, and something must give way. The something would not be the electors. (Loud cheers.) Mr. Reid asked the people to empower the Government to reform the constitution. He proposed, he said, to introduce a bill that would provide when a measure passed the Assembly and had been rejected by the Council at two consecutive sessions, it should be submitted to a referendum of the electors during a recess, at the end of the second session.

He hoped thus to terminate the deadlocks of the House. Failing of other solutions, the Government would be asked to grant a workable constitution to the colony, including an elective Council, the members of which would be elected under a superior franchise. It was not intended that this Council should be superior to the Assembly, but it should be merely a revising chamber.

The Legislative Council has rejected the Electoral Reform bill by a vote of 25 to 14.

**Victoria Reducing Its Tariff.**

Melbourne, July 2.—The Assembly has, by a vote of 62 to 22, passed the first item of the Tariff bill, thus affirming the principle of a reduction of the customs.

*THAT GRAVEL LETTER*

**Was Published by the Bishop Himself—Read it From the Pulpit.**

Montreal, Que., July 2.—It appears that all the theories regarding the manner in which Bishop Gravel's famous letter became public have been more or less astray. "The matter has never been any mystery to us," said a leading resident of that town to your correspondent to-day. "His Lordship gave the documents out himself, and in the most public manner possible."

"How is that?"

"Because he read the letter from the pulpit of the Nicolet Cathedral, and commented upon it at the same time. His Lordship likewise sent it to every member of his clergy, so no one outside of the monseigneurs himself can be blamed for the slightest indiscretion. Mind you, I don't want you to understand that I am defending the bishop for what he has done; I am simply telling you he gave the whole document to the world, reading it from his cathedral pulpit."

*KILLED BY A DIVINE HEALER.*

**Death of a Berlin Woman in a Chicago Institution.**

Chicago, July 2.—"Dr." Alexander Dowie's so-called "Divine Healing" institution in this city will undergo another investigation at the hands of the Coroner. At midnight Frank I. Bennett, who lives near the institution, saw a body brought from the house and put in a wagon. He followed on a bicycle and then notified the police. They ascertained that the body was that of Mrs. Magdalene Banke of Berlin, Canada. Coroner McHale ordered burial preparations stopped pending an investigation. A bill has been filed in the Superior Court for an injunction to restrain "Dr." Dowie from maintaining "Divine Healing" homes.

*MURDERER ATTEMPTS MURDER.*

**Aimed a Deadly Blow at the Watcher in His Cell.**

Montreal, July 2.—Sherburn, who killed Hull at Sherbrooke the other day, came near adding a second murder to his credit last night. The murderer aimed a deadly blow at the head of his watcher, but the missile struck the chair, and the man's life was spared. Being asked what he did it for, Sherburn replied that he thought his intended victim had slept long enough.

*14 YEARS FOR MANSLAUGHTER.*

**Killed His Man But Expected a Lighter Sentence.**

Buffalo, N.Y., July 2.—Michael Edwards, convicted of manslaughter in the second degree in causing the death of Charles Olsen by fracturing his skull with a paving stone, was to-day sentenced to 14 years in Auburn Prison. The severity of the sentence took Edwards and his counsel by surprise. The killing was the outcome of a saloon quarrel.

*GENEROUS NIAGARA.*

**A Street Car Franchise Given Away to American Capitalists.**

Niagara Falls, Ont., July 2.—The Town Council has passed a resolution recommending the Ontario Government to grant a charter to the American capitalists for whom William Kyle of Toronto has been floating a company to build an electric belt line to the Falls and Drummondville, connecting with the American road across the bridges, and granting them the use of any street in the town. This shuts out the Manning syndicate, which proposed to transpose the old horse car line into an electric road.

*SUCCESSFUL POULTRY BREEDERS.*

**The Care of a Chick From the Time it Emerges From the Shell Until it is Six Weeks Old.**

The paper with the above title was read before a recent gathering of the Galt Poultry Association by Mr. R. H. Marshall, a leading breeder of that town. Mr. A. G. Gilbert, the poultry manager of the Dominion Experimental Farm, Ottawa, occupies eight pages with his annual report. The principal themes he treats of are: Different Rations, When and How to Feed and The Essentials Necessary to Success. In this issue of The Canadian Poultry Review, now for sale by John P. McKenna, Bookseller, 80 Yonge-street, Toronto, price 10 cents, postpaid twelve, no less than six tables of rations are given, some of which are in the reach of all who keep even a few fowls. "The Bantam Department" is particularly interesting, and an illustration of several of the leading breeds accompanies it. No more practical number has ever been issued.

Sprudel is the most healthful mineral water sold on this continent.

## WINDING UP THE SESSION

*PARLIAMENT VOTING SUPPLIES AND PASSING NECESSARY BILLS.*

**Discussion on the Vote for Ammunition—Nineteen Members in the Salisbury Cabinet—Parnellites Will Wage a Vigorous Campaign—Lord Rosebery Ascribes Defeat to a Program Too Big for His Majority.**

London, July 2.—In the House of Commons to-day, Right Hon. Arthur James Balfour, the newly-appointed First Lord of the Treasury, stated that he had hoped Parliament would be prorogued on Saturday, and would formally dissolve on Monday, but the Colonial Boundaries bill and the Extradition bill must be passed before the dissolution could take place. He hoped that the Naval Works bill also would be passed.

Mr. James H. Dasie, Liberal, asked how many of the members of the present Ministry were in receipt of pensions. Mr. Robert Hanbury, Financial Secretary for the Treasury, replied that Lord Ashbourne, Viscount Coss, Lord George Hamilton and Sir Michael Hicks-Beach were in receipt of pensions, but their pensions had been suspended during the time that they would be in office.

**Supplies Voted.**

Mr. A. J. Balfour announced that the first business of the Government would be to vote such supplies as would enable the elections to take place without inconvenience to the public service.

The House agreed to vote an appropriation on account of the maintenance of civil service, and the navy.

**The Small Arms Question.**

The army estimates were then taken up, when Mr. Dalziel asked if it was the intention of the Government to provide a sufficient supply of ammunition.

Mr. Balfour said that some increase in the estimates would be asked.

Sir Charles Dilke said there had been a great deal of needless concealment in regard to the supply of small arms and ammunition. There had never been a sufficient supply of the stores, and there was not before. The foreign Governments know this perfectly, and were taking advantage of it.

Mr. H. Campbell-Bannerman, late Secretary of State for War, denied that the supply of small arms and ammunition was deficient. He was greatly grieved, he said, at the recent adverse vote, after he had given definite assurances upon that subject, based upon the opinion of the country's principal military adviser. He claimed that the action of the House was unconstitutional.

Mr. Balfour said it was a dangerous doctrine that the gentleman who was responsible to the House was not the Minister of War, but merely one of the officials of the War Office. The army estimates were approved.

**Additional Ministerial Appointments.**

The following additional Ministerial appointments have been announced:

Right Hon. A. Akers-Douglas, First Commissioner of Works, and Walter H. Long, President of the Board of Agriculture, both with seats in the Cabinet.

The Duke of Norfolk, Postmaster-General.

Gerald William Balfour, Chief Secretary for Ireland.

Sir John E. Gorst, Vice-President of the Council.

Sir William H. Walrond, Patronage Secretary to the Treasury.

W. E. G. Macartney, Secretary to the Admiralty.

Joseph Austin Chamberlain, Civil Lord of the Admiralty.

Jesse Collings, Under Secretary for the Home Department.

T. W. Russell, Parliamentary Secretary for the Local Government Board.

Joseph Powell Williams, Financial Secretary of War Office.

The Cabinet now has nineteen members, the largest number it ever contained.

Messrs. Collings, Russell and Williams are Liberal-Unionists, and their appointment is regarded as evidence of the influence of Mr. Chamberlain in the Government.

**Their First Cabinet Meeting.**

The new Cabinet held its first meeting at noon to-day. Lord Salisbury presided, and all of the members were present.

**Rosebery Sore on the Unionists**

Lord Rosebery, in a speech made in this city, said that he did not intend to issue ether a manifesto or a program. He was rather in the position of those whole soldiers who politely requested the enemy to fire first. He reminded the new Government of Lord Baconsfield's assertion that England does not love coalitions. Henceforth, he said, the dissident Liberals would be found shoulder to shoulder with the Tories, marching to a very dubious victory under a banner without motto or device. The bitterness of the separation from these people was long past. He rejoiced at the bottom of his heart that they were now sailing under their true colors. The Liberals henceforth would meet them face to face, and would no longer be tormented by a guerilla warfare on the flanks. There were only two parties—Conservatives and Liberals.

**Liberal Program Big, Majority Small.**

Lord Rosebery proceeded to discuss the lessons to be learned from the defeat of the late Governmnt. In 1892, he said, the Liberals landed in the House with a multifarious program and a majority that was inadequate to carry that program through. He counselled the Liberals not to repeat their mistake. They must in the new Parliament adapt their policy to their majority. If they had only a small majority it would be futile and hopeless to attempt any such great constitutional changes as those involved in the Home Rule, Church Disestablishment, Local Veto and One Man One Vote measures.

Lord Rosebery's reference to the "guerilla warfare" of the Unionists elicited much applause.

**Will Fight it Out on the Lords.**

Referring to the House of Lords, Lord Rosebery said: "There is one question that embraces all other which were before the late Governmnt, namely, the domination of the House of Lords, the existence of their power relegates the Liberals to permanent impotence in the councils of the nation. On this question I am pledged to fight the coming election."

**National Conservative Appeal.**

The National Conservative Union has issued an appeal asking the British voters to support the Conservative party, which, the circular declares, will maintain the good reputation of Great Britain throughout the world, insist upon the integrity of the United Kingdom, and ever to promote trade.

**Baron Ayleston of Hereford.**

Sir Henry James, who has just been elevated eo the peerage, will take the title of Baron Ayleston of Hereford.

**Gerald Balfour's Appointment Confirmed**

The Pall Mall Gazette says that the report of the appointment of Mr. Gerald W. Balfour to the office of Chief Secretary for Ireland is officially confirmed.

**Comments on Chamberlain's Ministry.**

London, July 3.—The Daily News, under the caption, "Mr. Chamberlain's Ministry," contends that Mr. Chamberlain will mould the policy of the Ministry or break it to pieces. The News discusses the new appointments with a mild sarcasm.

The Duke of Norfolk's Administration, it says, will be watched with more curiosity than faith. Whether Mr. Gerald Balfour, as Chief Secretary for Ireland, will have his brother's easy success will depend altogether upon whether Ireland is convinced that her hopes of autonomy are not for free realization, whatever may be the political nature of the Government.

The Standard says that Mr. Gerald Balfour's appointment as Chief Secretary for Ireland is very favorably regarded by the Irish Conservatives, but that the Irish Nationalists are highly displeased, and will denounce the appointment strongly during the electoral campaign.

**What Will Come of it All?**

The Chronicle says: The Government have given a very heavy mortgage to fortune in appointing Mr. Gerald Balfour to the Chief Secretaryship o fIreland. We cannot imagine any member of the House of Commons less likely to bring to the Irish offices the qualities of statesmanship that the pobition demands. The Chronicle will ridicule and condemn some of the other appointments and will conclude as follows: "Orangers, then—right Radicalism, old Toryism, Whiggery and Democracy mingled in a featureless combination—what will come of it?"

**Parnellites to Contest Everything.**

Dublin, July 2.—A mass meeting of the Parnellite faction of the Irish National party was held here to-day, at which it was agreed to contest all of the likely seats in 24 out of the 30 counties, and all the boroughs except Londonderry and Belfast.

## QUEBEC WANTS FOUR MILLIONS.

**The Interprovincial Accounts Arbitration in Session at the Parliament Buildings—A Long-Standing Difference.**

The interprovincial accounts arbitration sat all day at the Parliament buildings yesterday. The three arbitrators were Chancellor Boyd, Chief Justice Sir Napoleon Casault of Quebec and Mr. Justice Burbidge. W. D. Hogg, Q.C., and Dominion Accountant Dickeson represented the Dominion. Aemilius Irving, Q.C., J. M. Clark and Hon. A. M. Ross, Ex-Provincial Treasurer, represented Ontario, and Mr. D. Girouard, Q.C., Hon. J. S. Hall, Provincial Treasurer; Mr. Mason, Assistant Treasurer, and Mr. Heyd, Provincial Accountant, have come on behalf of Quebec. After some preliminaries Mr. D. Girouard presented the case of Quebec, taking up the whole day's session. By a previous decision of the Privy Council in 1878 on the appeal of Quebec it was decided that $1,733,000 of the common school fund should be apportioned. Ontario demands that this order be treated as final; Quebec claims $6,666,000, which if allowed would mean that Ontario would have to pay some $4,000,000 into the coffers of Quebec for sums realized by the sale of lands in Ontario. The whole matter relates to the disposition of public lands at the time of the partition of Upper and Lower Canada, which since 1841 had been one province by the Act of Confederation in 1867.

**A Busy Store.**

Anybody peeping into McKendry's yesterday would certainly be convinced that no drygoods house in the city was more popular than 202 Yonge-street. Business growing as fast as that one is must be very inspiring. The writer is informed that several cases of new goods have just arrived from New York, comprising blouses and wash fabrics of all descriptions; the values you can depend on.

**New Turkish Baths, 129 Yonge-street.**

**W. A Murray's Summer Sale.**

Messrs. W. A. Murray & Co. commenced their great annual summer sale yesterday, and will continue it throughout the whole month of July. Every department is well stocked with the newest and most attractive goods in the market, which are marked at prices hitherto unknown for similar qualities. This season the firm have purchased immense consignments of high-class, superior goods in silks, dress goods, washable dress fabrics, millinery, etc., etc., all of which are marked at exceedingly low prices. Messrs. Murray & Co. state that this will be the most important sale that they have yet announced.

**Allays thirst and improves the appetite—Adams' Tutti Frutti. See that Tutti Frutti is on each wrapper. Refuse imitations.**

**Arlington Hotel.**

The cool piazzas and central location of this comfortable hotel make it most desirable for summer tourists.

**Turkish baths day and night, 204 King w**

*PARTIAL TRUTH MISLEADS.*

**An Exemplification of This in Connection With Daily Trade.**

"All things come to him who waits," is a partial truth, which often lulls a man in fatal apathy. The evils of procrastination have been the theme of the moralist from the days of the earliest preachers. But there is one thing which has come to certain citizens of Toronto and visitors from adjacent towns which deserves mention. It is that through waiting till the cessation of the great rush of customers for Dineens' hats and caps, and the passing into July, when the majority of persons have made their purchases, those who this week go to the famed King and Yonge-street emporium have the benefit of the 25 per cent. reduction in the same articles which brought full price this time in June. The fact is that after Dominion Day, Dineens' cannot, in view of the orders given for their fall goods, which arrive next month, afford any more space for 1895 straw hats, which are now being cleared off as low as 50 cents for youngsters and $1 for adults. Even cheaper are the bicycle and sporting caps, and those for school and clubs. The yachting caps for steamboat excursions were in demand yesterday, and this is not surprising considering the many Sunday school and church picnics and water parties. Still the fashionable fedoras and the high-class silk hats have many purchasers at $3 to $8.

**Ask for Dewar's Scotch whisky, as supplied to her Majesty, Queen Victoria. 246**

**Turkish Baths open all night, 129 Yonge-st**

## ANOTHER MURDER MISTRIAL

*THE PLEA OF INSANITY INTRODUCED WITH SUCCESS.*

**A Trapper Deliberately Shot Down His Companion, and the Only Defence He Gave Was That He Saw Torches and Lights on All Sides of Him and Discharged His Rifle.**

Chancellor Boyd was at Sault Ste. Marie last week, where he tried a young man named Jules Sauvez on a charge of murder. J. A. Barron, Q.C., who conducted the Crown business at the York Assizes, prosecuted. The trial was a remarkable one in many respects. The prisoner, who is only 21 years of age, was employed at Eddy's shanty, in the Township of Hesse, in the Cartier district, with a "chum" named Joe Andrews. They determined to leave lumbering and start out on a hunting and trapping expedition. On March 13 they left the shanty and went to Sudbury to procure supplies. On the 17th they returned to the camp with the supplies and the following morning started on their hunting trip.

Nothing more is known of their movements until April 20, when they were both seen traveling the same road. The next day Andrews was found a short distance from the public road in a dying condition and was taken into the village of Cartier. When first found he was able to articulate, and informed the man who discovered him that he had been shot the night before by his "chum."

The following morning two of the men who had helped to remove Andrews to Cartier were returning along the same road, and not far from the spot where the murder was committed they saw the prisoner sitting by the roadside apparently in a semi-dazed condition. When spoken to he complained of being ill, and on the pretext of looking after him they induced him to accompany them to Cartier, where on Monday evening he was placed under arrest.

**Said the Murder Was Deliberate.**

Before dying Andrews made an antemortem statement, in which he stated Sauvez had deliberately shot him for the purpose of taking his money and furs.

When charged with the crime Sauvez made a rambling statement. When told Andrews was dying, he said: "Too bad! Poor Joe die, I give my life for his life." Prisoner then described how the shooting occurred. Sauvez and Andrews left their camp about 5 o'clock in the afternoon to go to Cartier. For the first half of the way Sauvez carried the pack and Andrews followed behind with the two rifles, belonging to prisoner and his victim. They then changed burdens, Andrews going in front and Sauvez following with the guns. After it became dark they made a torch, and as it did not throw a very good light Andrews kept turning round and striking at it to make it flare up. Sauvez thought he struck at the torch with a butcher knife and was afraid. They came to a little hill, and Andrews again struck at the torch. Sauvez told him not to do it again. Andrews turned round and said: "When we get to Cartier I will have done with you." "Then," Sauvez continued, "I feel something jump on my back, I see lots of faces and lights, I fire and someone drop. Don't know who it was. I go away then."

Beyond the ante-mortem deposition of the victim and the confession of his slayer there was little evidence adduced.

The defence made no attempt to deny the shooting by Sauvez, but claimed that the latter was not responsible for his actions.

Ovid Sauvez, the brother of the prisoner, informed the court, through an interpreter, that the prisoner exhibited peculiarities, but he was unable to define these peculiarities beyond saying that at such times the prisoner looked as if he were lost. He also stated that their mother was violent at times and had to be locked up. She was confined for this reason about six years ago.

**The Jury's Peculiar Finding.**

The judge summed up strongly against the prisoner. He assumed it as proved that Sauvez killed Andrews, and told the jury that they had only two points to determine: 1—Whether the prisoner had any excuse for firing. 2—Whether he knew what he was doing. In regard to the plea of insanity he warned them that, notwithstanding anything which might have occurred since, if they were satisfied that Sauvez knew what he was doing when he fired the shot, then they must bring in a verdict of murder, and His Lordship wound up by telling them that if a man had an irresistible impulse to do wrong, the law had an irresistible impulse to hang him for doing it.

The jury retired at 6 o'clock and the court adjourned. In the course of the evening they reported that they could not agree on a verdict. They were therefore dismissed and a new trial ordered. Sauvez will accordingly be held until the next assizes, but it is questionable whether he will be tried again.

When the jury retired there were six for insanity and six for manslaughter. At the end of two hours there were 10 for manslaughter and two for insanity, the foreman and one other.

Even had the verdict of manslaughter been returned, it could not have been accepted, a jury having no power to return a verdict contrary to the indictment, which was for wilful murder. Probably had the jury been informed of this fact there would have been no mistrial

**The natural ease and vigor of health is maintained by good digestion. Adams' Tutti Frutti keeps the digestion right.**

**What a Detroit Physician Says.**

One of the most prominent physicians in Detroit writes: "Those who regularly drink the Mount Clemens' Sprudel Mineral Water will keep their system in such condition that they need have little fear of contracting any disease."

**Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors and experts.** Bank Commerce Building, Toronto

**Robb May Die**

Charles Robb, the young man who was assaulted by being struck on the head with a baseball bat in Ulster-lane on Monday afternoon, is still unconscious. Fears are entertained for his recovery.

**Knights of Pythias wish their friends to wait for their excursion to Detroit on July 3rd, and 4th to 8th by C.P.R. See particulars in another column. 6246123**

**Ask your shoe dealer for Cerol Russet Dressing. Price 15 cents.**

**Pembers' Turkish Baths, 129 Yonge-st.**

*STRANGE BUT TRUE.*

**Where Will it End and What Will it Be a Hundred Years Hence?**

Teacher: Now, Robbie, you may tell us how the earth is divided.

Robbie: So everybody may have more of it. You, reader, get a big share of the profits of your deal at Howell's for shoes. Big remnants at half price. 246 Yonge-street is the place, just north of Shuter-street.

**New Turkish Baths, 129 Yonge-st.**

## BLEW HIS OWN HEAD OFF.

**Deliberate Suicide of a Stratford Gunsmith While Insane From Financial Troubles.**

Stratford, Ont., July 2.—Edmund E. Seeley, gunsmith, who keeps a store in Downie-street, this city, committed suicide this evening in a most deliberate manner.

He was discovered making evident preparations to do away with himself, and Dr. D. M. Fraser, who lives a few doors away, was called immediately. Seeley was in the back shed, leaning over a barrel, with his forehead pressing the muzzle of a double-bareled gun and his left foot connected with the trigger by a cord.

The doctor entreated him to desist for the sake of the family, but Seeley threatened to "touch it off" in his presence if he came near, and after more argument the doctor left, thinking his counsel would prevail.

He had hardly turned his back when Seeley pulled the trigger, blowing the top of his head completely off, leaving nothing above the nose.

Seeley had been in financial difficulties lately, and this, with the fact that an intimate friend had within a few days poisoned himself, is supposed to have so preyed on his mind as to cause insanity.

An inquest was not considered necessary.

## FEMALE AERONAUT'S SUICIDE.

**She Had Made Numerous Ascensions at Toronto and at Fall Fairs Throughout the Province.**

Mrs. Charles Wolcott, 23 years old, a female aeronaut, who had made ascensions at fairs and exhibitions throughout Canada for two years past, committed suicide in New York on Sunday by taking morphine. Her husband is also an aeronaut. He left on Thursday last for Canada, where he had a professional engagement to fill on July 1.

Mrs. Wolcott, whose professional name was "Nellie Lamont," nearly two years ago jumped from a balloon in this city. She used a parachute, but it failed to open and Mrs. Wolcott received a fractured leg by the fall. Her injury put an end to her professional career, and she was compelled to return to her home in New York. Since that time she has been despondent.

**Killed by an Infernal Machine.**

Dublin, July 2.—A man named Patrick Redmond found a tin canister containing an infernal machine in Boynestreet to-day. Redmond, in attempting to open the canister, caused the machine to explode. He was killed on the spot.

**Ten Killed, Three Injured by Lightning.**

London, July 2.—A despatch from Stockholm says that in the town of Hammed, near Wexie, yesterday, lightning struck a building in which ten persons had taken shelter, killing seven of them and injuring the other three so seriously that they will die.

**A Load of Ties Fell on Him.**

Belleville, Ont., July 2.—Thomas French, a teamster, was fatally hurt today by a load of railway ties falling on him. He was terribly crushed.

**Printer-Soldier Dead in Bed.**

Kingston, Ont., July 2.—J. F. Ward, a printer, who served on the expedition sent to the relief of Gen. Gordon at Khartoum, was found dead to-day in his bed.

*MANY FIRES YESTERDAY.*

**A Boiler Explosion Causes One Fire in a Coal Shed.**

A boiler exploded at Paterson's tar works, Front-street east, at 11 a.m. yesterday and caused the premises to catch fire. The firemen were called and extinguished the blaze after $500 damage had been done. No one was injured.

Dry grass on fire in Dufferin-street caused the firemen a run at noon. No damage.

The coal shed, stable and engine house at Farley-avenue and Bathurst-street, owned and occupied by William McGill & Co., coal and wood merchants, were discovered to be on fire shortly after 1 p.m. Damage to building $600, insured in Lancashire for $2000; contents, carts, etc., $200. coal $200, insured in Manchester Co. for $2000. Cause unknown.

Three sheds in rear of 40, 42 and 44 Berryman-street were ablaze at 3.30 p.m.; 40 occupied by S. Green; 42 by D. Fraser, and 44 by B. Cundill; owner T. Taylor. Damage to buildings $100; contents $15. Cause unknown.

Some boys are supposed to have set fire to Dufferin-street Wharf at 5 p.m. Damage $20.

Burning rubbish in rear of 270 Churchstreet was the cause of an alarm shortly before 9 p.m.

At 9 o'clock the firemen were given another run to the northern part of Dufferin-street, where the bush was on fire.

**Ask for delicious "Salada" tea.**

**Costly Blaze in Paris**

Paris, July 2.—The loss by the burning of Godillot's military outfitting establishment and other buildings yesterday is estimated at between 7,000,000 and 8,000,000 francs.

**Two Buildings Burned at Midland.**

Midland, Ont., July 2.—This morning fire broke out in a frame building occupied by A. E. Williamson's, merchant's, shop and dwelling, and spread to adjoining frame building, occupied by J. P. Johnston, jeweler. Williamson's loss on stock and dwelling, contents, total; insured for $3400. J. P. Johnson, jeweler, loss, stock $100, building $300; no insurance.

**Hundreds Homeless.**

Berlin, July 2.—A large portion of the town of Eslarn, in Bavaria, has been destroyed by fire. One hundred and seventy houses were burned and hundreds of persons are homeless.

**Turkish baths open all night, 204 King w**

**BIRTHS.**

DOWDELL—At 104 Amelia-street, on June 30, the wife of George C. Dowdell, of a son.

**MARRIAGES.**

BROOK—SCOTT—At Trinity Church, Wiarton, on June 26, by the Rev. William Henderson, rector, Llewellyn Brook, jr., M.D., eldest son of Dr. Brook, Guelph, to Jessie I. Scott, B.A., only daughter of P. A. Scott of Toronto.

**DEATHS.**

CREW—Lizzie McMahon, the beloved wife of Walter Crew, at St. Michael's Hospital, July 2, 1895.

Funeral Wednesday at 2.30 p.m. to St. Michael's Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

BROWN—At his late residence, 42 Isabella-street, on Tuesday, July 2, Charles Brown, of the American Carriage Repository, in his 64th year.

Funeral from above address on Thursday, the 4th inst., at 3 p.m.

## EMERY IS CLAUDE STRONG.

*HE LIVED IN TORONTO AS LONG AGO AS TEN YEARS.*

**Had Been Arrested for Another Crime, but Escaped From a Train While on His Way to Trial, and Came to This City—Afterwards He Went to Cincinnati, Where He Got Into Trouble Again.**

The man who planned the abduction of Attorney Octavius Cottle of Buffalo, the man who had a real or fancied injury, the large florid man whose room at 85 1-2 Church-street, this city, is still being kept for him, and whose effects are in possession of the Toronto police, was not John C. Emery at all. That is to say, he was not born of parents named Emery. It is understood that he had his name changed to Emery by order of a court some few years ago. But his real name is Claude Strong.

Claude Strong was the son of a well-known Buff