

GREAT-BRITAIN, &c.
IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS—March 2.

SUPPLY—RESOLUTION.

The order of the day having been read for the House to resolve itself into a committee of supply, LORD J. RUSSELL rose and said that he believed no minister ever before stood in so extraordinary a situation as his Majesty's present government, two votes of the House having passed against them, and he wished to call attention of the House to the reasons that prevailed with respect to a dissolution of Parliament before passing the Mutiny Act; and to the determination of ministers to maintain a standing army in time of peace contrary to the constitution. He did not think that the House should go far with the concession of supplies before it had an explanation from ministers of the course they intended to pursue. The noble lord then stated that originally he had chiefly been afforded the house of deciding whether the majority of its members were bent upon that necessary relief of corporations to which the terms of the amendment on the address referred, and to which the wishes of the people are directed, and before the close of the month, he (Lord J. R.) intended to bring under consideration the whole subject of the Irish Church.—(Cheers.) He stated those things in order that the right hon. member, either in support or in opposition, might have the opportunity of making his views known, and that the House would and must make up his mind, by stating the course ministers mean to adopt under these new and extraordinary circumstances.

THE CHANCELLOR OF THE EXCHEQUER.—I have not felt it my duty, in consequence of the vote of the other night, to tender my resignation (a burst of cheers from the minister and benches), and I do not intend to persevere (cheers) in that which I consider I owe to my Majesty and to the public, notwithstanding that, by submitting to the consideration of the House those measures on which the members of the present government have formed their opinions, and which are alluded to in the speech from the Throne.—(Cheers.) I am certainly aware that the House of Commons did not, as I have said, vote in favour of a majority of only seven imply a difference of opinion as to the necessity of a dissolution, and that the present government, which I think are unaccounted for, that measure conducive to the general interest will be interrupted and retarded by the speech which His Majesty made to his people. But I do not believe that the majority which came to a vote in favour of the amendment to the address did mean to imply an opinion that it was tantamount to a vote for the removal of the government. (Cheers from the ministerial side.) With respect to the Irish Church, I intend to present to the House the report that may be made by the Commissioners of public instruction appointed by the late government. This noble lord has stated that it is his opinion that I would not act upon the report, or found a measure upon its suggestions; but I beg to assure him that he misapprehended my meaning. What I said was, that I still remained of opinion that ecclesiastical property ought not to be directed to any other than the most beneficial purposes.—(Cheers.) That is the principle on which I was disposed to act; but I did not preclude myself, by that declaration, from the adoption of any measure recommended by the commissioners, not inconsistent with that principle. On the subject of the Corporation Commission, I mean when the report of the commissioners is presented to me to take the resolutions and to the evidence the fullest and fairest consideration. (Hear.) I do assure the noble lord, notwithstanding that he may fancy, that I have no lurking prejudices in favour of the rights of corporations. But I do think it would be consistent with my duty as a minister of the crown, if I proceeded hastily to pledge myself as to any measure. I do think that the most natural course, and that most consistent with the duty of a minister, is to promise nothing until I have had an opportunity of seeing the report, of weighing the evidence, and of ascertaining the nature of the proposed reforms. The noble lord asks me whether I have continued the resolutions that are proposed? I tell him at once that by so doing, and by no expression of mine, have I directly or indirectly sanctioned such measures. (Cheers.) I will tell the noble lord, also, with equal fairness, that I never have discussed the cases of a probable dissolution, even hypothetically. (Hear.) I should think it disrespectful to the House, if ministers were to discuss such a contingency; for, in my opinion, nothing could be more unbecoming than to hold out any menace to the House as to the possible consequences of any course of proceeding it might think fit to adopt. (Cheers.) That utterance by which the noble lord has been distressed, as to the intention of Government to keep my standing army in case the House of Commons should resolve to pass the Mutiny Act, I trust is of very recent origin; for I can declare with perfect truth, that the first time I ever heard of the subject of such a report was from the lips of the noble lord. (Much cheering.) I have thus endeavoured to give an answer to the various points put by the noble lord, and I think to the extent I have done, I may venture to anticipate that any answers have been satisfactory. (Cheers.)

NORTH AMERICAN BOUNDARY LINE.—Mr. G. R. ROBERTSON, (as we understand,) asked whether since the late session of Parliament, any thing had been done between this country and the United States towards settling the long pending question of the North American boundary line. Sir R. PEEL said it was a most intricate and complicated question. The dispute arose out of the vagueness of the treaty in 1783, by which a certain boundary line was settled between Maine, one of the United States, and New Brunswick, belonging to Great Britain, which boundary was to extend to the King of the Netherlands, and thence by his decision. Accordingly three points had been submitted to His Majesty's consideration, on two of which he had decided, but on the third he had found it impossible to determine, in consequence of the difficulty presented to the non-discovery of the high lands in question. Under these circumstances, His Majesty had suggested an amicable compromise. Great Britain had professed the willingness to abide by the proposed final adjustment, but the United States had hitherto declined according to it. That Power had, however, suggested that a new survey should be made, to which Great Britain assented, offering to abide by that survey, providing that certain preliminary conditions were agreed upon, without which the survey would be useless and unsatisfactory. One of those points was, whether, according to the treaty of 1783, the Bay of Fundy formed part of the Atlantic Ocean. This negotiation was still pending, for sufficient time had not elapsed for the arrival from the United States of their answer to our last communication. It was the earnest desire, he believed, on the part of both countries to arrange the matter amicably (Hear, hear) and the House should be assuredly acquainted with the result as soon as it was ascertained by Government. (Hear, hear.)

THE BARRON'S TRADING ARRAYS.—Mr. F. O'CONNOR moved for a copy of the evidence taken before the Coroner, upon an inquest held at Rathmore, upon the bodies of nine persons, who lost their lives at Rathmore, on the 18th of December last. He said that the Hon. Member for Meath had fallen into error in stating that that melancholic affair nine persons had been killed and nine wounded. The fact was, that inquests had been held on the bodies of nine persons, but two more were killed on whom no inquests had been held, their bodies having been taken away by their relations. Thirty-five persons received wounds, of whom seven were severely wounded. The number of shots fired was seventy, of which forty-five or forty-six took effect. The object of his calling for the production of the evidence taken before the Coroner's Inquest was to enable him to obtain a court martial on the commanding officer.

Sir H. HARDINGS suggested to the Honorable Member whether it would not be prudent to post-

pone the present discussion until after the trial of those individuals upon whom charges connected with the affair alluded to had been made. Sir J. CONNELL and Mr. H. ROBERTSON recommended that discussion on the subject should be postponed at present, and Mr. F. O'CONNOR then consented to postpone his motion.

THE EAST INDIA COMPANY.—Mr. H. HARDINGS moved for an inquest to be held on a gallant officer, to declare that it was his firm belief that that gallant officer would be found, whenever any investigation into his conduct was made, to have acted in a proper manner.

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show the changes in the mode of granting lands, and the increase of large estates, which have taken place in Great Britain, and which have been made in the execution of this country into a Province, in doing which we must be brief.

The ancient division of the United States, when the whole of the large estates, which have been made in the execution of this country into a Province, in doing which we must be brief.

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MR. ROBINSON'S OFFICE REMOVED.—Mr. David Merritt's building, next door to the Commercial Bank.

A CARD.—GEORGE P. PETERS, M.D., of Edinburgh, and Licentiate of the Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons of Glasgow, begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has returned to St. John, and intends practising the various branches of his profession.

Dr. PETERS may be consulted at his residence in Prince William-street, every morning between ten and eleven o'clock, by such persons as may not require to be particularly visited.

NOTICE.—THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that during his absence in the United States, where he intends remaining a few weeks, his business will be conducted by Mr. L. H. JONES, who will supply them with FURNITURE, on the lowest terms.

JUST PUBLISHED.—And for sale at the Book Store of Mr. JOHN WHELAN, Prince William-street: "The Rising Village," WITH OTHER POEMS. BY OLIVER GOLDSMITH. (In one Vol. 18mo. bound in silk, with gilt edges.) January 17, 1835.

JAMES KIRK Has imported per *Big Coffer*, from LONDON, and other select articles: 160 Yds. of the Best COCK CANVAS, 8 Tons best LONDON CALUM, 2 Casks LONDON LOAF SUGAR, 27 Tons Refined and Common IRON, 20 Tons Coal TAR, 20 Tons SHEET LEAD, &c. &c. &c. 2 Puncheons WHISKY, &c. &c. &c. Lady Campbell from Greenock. November 11.

PROSPECTUS Of a weekly Journal, which is intended to be published in FREDERICTON, and called "THE CONSERVATIVE."

MR. R. T. EDGELL, sole Proprietor and Publisher.

THE principles of "THE CONSERVATIVE" are such as to be generally approved by the public, which seems to have acquired a fixed and determined meaning. It is not a party paper, but a paper which aims at the most valuable institutions of the Empire in their integrity; but who is not averse to the correction of those who may have erred into any of those lengths of time, or to the improvement wherever it may be practicable. This, at least, is the meaning which we attach to the term; and in this sense of it we shall endeavour to justify the title assumed.

The columns of "THE CONSERVATIVE" shall be always open to communications in which subjects of local interest are temperately and fairly discussed; and adorned by the most valuable literary materials that can be procured.

THE RIGHTS OF ALL PARTIES shall be invariably respected and maintained.

It remains to be seen, whether the Proprietor shall be enabled to embark in an enterprise of this nature. An engraving of original design, will surround the Title; and "THE CONSERVATIVE" will be issued on fine paper, with new type.

No money will be looked for until the expiration of the first six months, when the whole of the annual subscription will be required, to enable the Proprietor to meet the necessary engagements which must be contracted before "THE CONSERVATIVE" can commence. At the same time, it shall be optional with subscribers to decline the paper at any moment, on paying the amount of subscription due.

Terms—Twenty Shillings per annum. The Editor will be glad to receive any communications in review of the proceedings of our Legislature during the Session which has just closed; and the publication will begin as soon as possible after the undertaking may appear to be justified.

The Editor's address is at the General Agency Office, Fredericton.

Subscription Lists will be prepared forthwith, and Agents appointed. Fredericton, March 18, 1835.

FALL GOODS, &c. Just received per ships SIR R. H. DICK, and WARRINGTON, from LONDON, for sale at a small advance for Cash or Bar Credit: 320 Pieces assorted from 7/4 to 11/4; 10 Pieces Nap } Brown, Claret, Olive, Drab, and Indigo Blue, 30 Do. Scotch CARPETING, assorted patterns and quality, 70 Do. white and yellow FLANNELS—some extra fine, 10 Do. white twilled ditto, 10 Do. Salisbury ditto, 10 Do. twilled red Flannel Shirts, 10 Do. blue and Swallow long Drawers, 10 Do. drab and blue Monkey and Pea Flushing Jackets, 10 Do. do. do. Flushing Trowsers, 10 Do. double & single breasted Mole-skin Vests, 3 Cases Gentlemen's best water proof and other HATS, &c. &c.

MARRIED. On the 21st inst. by the Rev. Michael Doyle, D.D., at Grand Lake, Mr. George Birk, to Miss Lydia Baily, both of the Parish of Canaan. At New Brunswick, on the 9th inst. by the Rev. E. Wood, Mr. Michael Denison, to Miss Mary Croft. At Fredericton, on the 7th inst. by the Rev. J. Birkmyre, A. M., Mr. James Garley, to Miss Sarah Hastings.—On the 14th, by the same, Mr. John Edgar, to Miss Isabella Charters, both of Maryland. At Dumfries, on the 5th inst. by the Rev. C. Wiggins, Mr. William Caverhill, of Dumfries, to Miss Mary Pickard, eldest daughter of Mr. David Palmer, of the former place. At Prince William, on the 9th inst. by the same, Mr. Valentine Pickard, to Grace, second daughter of Mr. A. McLean, all of that place. At Miramichi, on the 21st inst. by the Rev. John M. Croft, Mr. Angus Lumsden, Jane, daughter of the late Mr. John Taylor, and grand daughter of the late Rev. Mr. Cupliart, all of the Parish of Newcastle.

DIED. At Kenwick Ridge, near Fredericton, on Monday evening the 6th inst. after a protracted and severe illness, which he bore with great courage and pious resignation to the Divine Will, Mr. JOHNSON, aged 55 years, leaving a numerous connection to lament the death of a pious and affectionate relative. He died in peace, and in full assurance of his acceptance with God. The loss of Mr. S. is deeply felt by many to know him, and his memory will long be cherished in the recollection of his family and friends.

At Fredericton, on the 8th inst. after a protracted and severe illness, which he bore with great courage and pious resignation to the Divine Will, Mr. JOHNSON, aged 55 years, leaving a numerous connection to lament the death of a pious and affectionate relative. He died in peace, and in full assurance of his acceptance with God. The loss of Mr. S. is deeply felt by many to know him, and his memory will long be cherished in the recollection of his family and friends.

SUGAR, &c. per Elizabeth. 8 Hogheads and 3 barrels Prime SUGAR, 3 Puncheons Molasses; 3 tierces Coffee. September 9. GREGG & HALL.

BRANDY, GIN, WINES, &c. The subscriber offers for sale, PIPES and blads, BRANDY—Martell's, Hips and blads, superior GENEVA, Hips and quarter-casks Madeira WINE, Hips and quarter-casks Tenerife do. Hips and quarter-casks Muscades do. Hopsheads PORT WINE, Hips, double and single refined SUGAR. ALSO—2 tons Sheathing Paper. December 6. JOHN WALKER.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE high repute and extensive sale of ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL, throughout the world, has induced adventurers (in order to gain a trifling profit, to introduce "spurious imitations" into America—injurious to the Hair, instead of the Genuine.—To prevent such Impostions, it is necessary to Notice, that each bottle of the Original is enclosed in a Wrapper, which has the Name and Address in Red, on Lacquer.

A. ROWLAND & SON, 20, HATTON GARDEN. And counter-sign, ALEX. ROWLAND.

—All others are Counterfeits.—Particular attention to this Caution is necessary, as the Proprietors cannot be responsible for the serious injury resulting from the use of base imitations.

This faithful assistant of nature has, from intrinsic qualities, acquired the high and distinguished patronage throughout Europe; and, with rank, fashion, and discretion, supercedes all preparations of professed similar import. Rowland's sooty genuine Macassar Oil excites a luxuriant growth to the head of the silky hair, and insures the continuance of it in plenty and beauty to the remotest periods of human life. This celebrated Oil ranks, in excellence, with the most distinguished Ladies as a conservator of personal attraction, preventing the hair from falling out and turning grey, and sustaining it in graceful ringlets, in pristine decoration, during many hours, while the fair possessor mingles in the dance and promenade, or enjoys the recreations of christian exercise and aquatic excursion,—this realizing a great and permanent convenience in lengthened duration of head-dress.—Price 6s. 6d.—7s.—10s. 6d.—and 21s. per bottle.

ROWLAND'S ESSENCE OF TYRE. For changing Red or Grey Hair, Whiskers, Eyebrows, &c. to Black or Brown. Price 4s.—7s. 6d.—10s. 6d.—and 21s. per bottle.

ROWLAND'S KALYDOR. A mild and innocent medicine, powerfully efficacious in extinguishing Eruptions, Tans, Pimples, Freckles, Blisters, and all Cutaneous Impurities; produces a delicate white skin, and juvenile bloom to the complexion; preserves it from the heat of summer; affords soothing relief in cases of Sun Burns, Stings of Insects, or any Inflammations; and is warranted perfectly innocuous to the most delicate Lady or Infant.—Gentle Shaving, will find it allay the irritating and smarting pain, and render the skin smooth and pleasant.—Price 4s. 6d. and 8s. 6d. per bottle, duty included.

ROWLAND'S ODONTO, or PEARL DENTIFRICE.—Is recommended by the most eminent of the Faculty, as the mildest, yet most salutary and efficacious Lintiment, that was ever discovered, for forming an efficient VULNERARY Wound Powdery composed of ingredients the most pure and rare; is a never-failing Remedy for every disease to which the Teeth and Gums are liable; it eradicates all deleterious matter; at the same time healing, strengthening, and firmly fixing the Teeth in their sockets; ultimately realizing a beautiful set of Pearly Teeth; and operates on the Gums as an Astringent, restoring and sustaining their healthy appearance; and gives fragrance to the breath. Price 2s. 6d. per box, duty included.

ROWLAND'S ALSANA EXTRACT.—For immediately relieving the most violent Tooth-Ache, Gums Boils, Swelled Face, &c. &c. It is also an excellent Stomachic, in cases of Indigestion, Spasmodic Affections, &c. and gives instantaneous relief. Price 2s. 6d.—4s. 6d.—and 10s. 6d. per bottle.

A. ROWLAND & SON, have just supplied P. DUFF, their Agent at St. JOHN, N. B., with a quantity of the above valuable articles. May 28.

EXTENSIVE STOCK OF British and other Goods.

The subscriber has received per barque PRINCE and brig COMBY, from Liverpool, and per brig INA and COMBY, from London, an extensive and well selected stock of

480 PAIRS Rose, Whitney, P. pint BLANKETS, 260 pieces blue, green, yellow, and red FLANNELS and Shirtings, 120 do. Peter-hams, Poking Cloths, Kerseys, Druggs, Flushings, Bleeting, and Pudding, 40 do. Saxony, Welsh, and extra fine Flannels, 2000 pairs ladies' girls', and children's BOOTS and SHOES, 184 pieces black and colored superfine BROAD CLOTHS and CASIMERS, 40 do. Ladies' Habit and Petticoe Cloths, 100 do. white assorted Shirtings; 5 do. Cotton Warp; 1000 pieces grey and white Shirtings and Sheetings, 30 inches to 10-4, 200 do. Scotch Shirtings, Onanburgs, Linen Black and Brown Hollands, 200 do. Linens, Linen Sheetings, Bishops and Hunter Lawns, 130 do. green, Argyle, Tartan, and scarlet Plaids, Camblets, Shirtings, &c. 280 do. 3-4, 4-4, 6-4 Merinos and Moreens, of all colors and qualities, 1000 yards WOOLLEN SATEN—a new article, manufactured expressly for this market, 500 do. India, Hook, Jaconet, Mull, Cambric, and Nainsook MUSLINS, 230 do. Hair cord, fancy check, Tamboard Book, and Scotch CAMBRICS, 250 do. lining Cambric, Tuck Jaconets, Satines, 200 do. fancy printed Ginghams, Russel stripes, 100 do. apron Check, and cotton Belticks, 500 dozen Casimere, Merino, printed worsted, and cotton Shirtings, and cotton Handkerchiefs, 500 white and colored Counterpanes and Quilts, 150 pieces black cotton Velvet, silk Cambric, Valencia, Toinettee Shawl-patters, Embossed and figured Velvet VESTINGS, Black silk Velvets, colored and embossed do. Terry do., Gros de Naples, Crisp Satins, Figured Satin, Gauze, and fancy RIBBONS, Embroidered Muslins, Silk Stocks and Gloves, 800 dozen Black and Fancy Bandannas, French, Cambric, and Cambric Handkerchiefs, A very extensive assortment of Neckties, Quillings, Laces, and Edgings; silk Hosiery, Black Laces, and Bullion Vests, 1000 dozen Lams wool, worsted, cotton and impalpable Hosiery; black Crapes, 500 do. Lams wool, black and colored Kid Gloves—lined and furled, 1000 do. Cotton Reels, 1 Lisle Shoe-making, 1000 lbs. Cotton Balls and patent Thread, 4 bales Candlewick, together with a very extensive assortment of HABERDASHERY and fancy Goods. —ALSO—

Casks Hardware, Brushes, Epsom Salts, London Clay, 10 bags Carls, 20 lbs. Mustard, 5 lbs. Salt-petre, 20 kegs GINGER, 50 boxes PRUNES, 100 boxes Muscat Raisins, 40 lbs. and 143 do., fresh Cooking Raisins, 2 carretels Zante Currants, 3 chests Madras Indigo, 40 cwt. Poland Starch, 250 boxes first quality Liverpool Soap, 100 boxes Mould and Dpt. Candles, 10 boxes Pig Blue, 3 tons Cordage, &c. Per Elizabeth and Sarah, from Halifax.

50 chests Hyson, Souchong, and Bohea Teas, 8 tierces and 10 bls. superior brown Sugar, 20 puncheons Molasses; 250 bls. Navy Bread.

THE SUBSCRIBER Has received by the late arrivals from London and Liverpool:

25 BOXES best London Sperm CANDLES, short 6's; 25 boxes Mould tuck, wax'd wicks, 4, 5, 6, 8's, 22 casks London Brown Quarts and Pints, Boxes Poland Starch, Keys Mustard, 20 Port, Sherry, Madeira, and Tenerife Wines, Pipes and blads, best Cognac BRANDY, and Holland Gin, Bags Pepper, Bleached and Brown Canvas, Cordage, Picot Cloth and Flushings, Sheet Iron, &c. October 26. JOHN V. THURGAR.