Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea

# The Toronto World.

Every woman who appreciates a trim dainty foot, insists on wearing "MALTESE CROSS" RUBBERS. They are light, glove-fitting and as up-to-date in style as a Parisian fashion plate. Sole manufacturers THE GUTTA PERCHA & RUBBER MFG. CO. of Toronto, Limited.

Senate Reading Room (Ottawa)

TWENTY-FOURTH YEAR — EIGHT PAGES—MONDAY MORNING MARCH 23 1903—EIGHT PAGES — ONE CENT

## Castro Resigns Office Amid Great Excitement

### Congress Urges President to Reconsider His Decision and Votes Confidence.

Caracas, March 22.—The Congressional Hall was crowded yesterday afternoon, and all the members of the diplomatic corps were present, when President Castro read his message to Congress. He passed in review the terrible conditions which prevailed in the country and denounced the errors of his countrymen, "but," he continued, "if it is painful to consider how much blood and how many tears have been shed, yet it is a consolation to think that their bitter stream by the law of compensation will fecundate something that should correspond to present day aspirations, since every struggle begets one idea and every victorious idea justifies the supposition that an onward step has been taken in the road to human perfection. Our victory, citizen legislators, over the great adversities which have just oppressed us must terminate the tumults of our life, otherwise we shall reach a shameful dissolution."

General Castro.

**As to Foreign Pressure.**

Touching then on the question of the recent foreign intervention, President Castro said it had been brought about by a league of people who, unable to submit their claims to the impartiality of the tribunals, had employed force, and that because he refused to submit to the Anglo-German exactions they, acting in collusion with the revolutionary general, Matos, endeavored to get rid of him. In confirmation of this latter statement, President Castro cited a letter written by the commander of the German warship Stosch.

**Safeguarded the Nation.**

He proceeded as follows: Now that the sovereignty of the nation has been safeguarded, I deliver my abdication in order that you may proceed legally to call on him who should take my place, so that there may remain to no Venezuelan the slightest pretext for hostility to his country, or for connivance with foreigners who, without any ground save force, fell upon unfortunate Venezuela, trampling under foot reason and justice to the detriment of civilization, and the beautiful conquests of right. With head uplifted, and with a tranquil conscience, I return to the efforts of toil which honor and dignity. All the energies and possibilities of myself are at your service, should it become necessary to arise and defend our country against the attacks of the foreigners. All the glory I ask is to contemplate Venezuela becoming respected, prosperous and happy."

**Caused Much Excitement.**

The President of Congress then received President Castro's resignation, and a committee was immediately appointed to draw up a reply to the tendered resignation. The news of the President's resignation created intense excitement in political circles, but the city remained quite quiet. Later a night session of Congress was held, and a resolution was adopted, recommending President Castro to reconsider his resignation, in view of the critical condition of the Republic, and a vote of confidence in his policy was passed unanimously. A committee was appointed to transmit this resolution to President Castro to-day. In view of the reasons for the resignation given in the Presidential message, it is believed in political circles that Castro will retain the Presidential office.

**May Retain Office.**

The delegation appointed by Congress called at noon to-day at the President's residence, Miraflores Palace, and transmitted to President Castro the resolution unanimously adopted by Congress, refusing to accept his resignation, and requesting him to reconsider his decision. President Castro, in reply, declined to change his mind, but after being urged by his personal friends he offered to present another massage to Congress, which he will meet on Thursday, to give a solution to the situation.

The French warship Troude has left La Guayra. Her departure is taken as indicating that there is no reason to fear internal complications as a result of President Castro's resignation.

**Began as Dictator.**

In the course of events President Castro's term would have ended Feb. 20, 1908. He was elected President of Venezuela in February of last year for six years, beginning Feb. 20, 1902. He had been elected Provisional President of Venezuela on March 31, 1901, by the constituent assembly. Senor Castro, when the Presidency changed hands some time previous to that date, had proclaimed himself President, and the United States government in November, 1899, had officially recognized the De Facto government, headed by him. The acting of the constituent assembly legalized his position and invested him with the full power of a Presidential ruler to the limit of its authority. Up to that time, while being generally recognized as President of Venezuela he had in reality been simply dictator of the republic. A year later, as already stated, the Venezuelan Congress ratified his election, and regularly installed him as President.

**Castro's Cunning Scheme.**

Washington, D.C., March 22.—Secretary Hay received a despatch from Mr. Russell, the United States Charges at Caracas, confirming the report of President Castro's resignation, but stating that he doubted if the Venezuelan Congress would accept it.

From an authoritative quarter here it was learned that this move on the part of President Castro has long been contemplated. Presentations were made to him several months ago by the leaders of Venezuela that his resignation would have the effect of enabling the people of that country to present a solid front to the world in the matters in controversy with the several powers. The statement was made that the resignation is the result of a secret agreement of the leaders referred to that President Castro should temporarily relinquish his office pending the adjustment of the matters which Minister Bowen has in hand. It was intimated by the informant that while President Castro nominally gives up his office it is the intention to keep it within the family by an arrangement to make Castro's brother vice-president, so that he would succeed to the Presidency. It is the belief here, based on information which has been up to now kept inviolate, that the present plan is to allow President Castro to remain out of office for a short time and then re-elect him at the next election.

**Castro's Career.**

Gen. Cipriano Castro, El Mono des Andes, "The Monkey of the Andes," as those of his people call him who love him not, became President of Venezuela because a provincial governor stole some of his cows. Castro was then—it was but five years ago—a hotelkeeper and a farmer in a small way. His farm was half in Venezuela and half in Colombian territory. When the tax collector for either country came around, Castro drove his cows into the other country. The governor on the Venezuelan side rose in his wrath and took some of the cows.

Castro declared a revolution against the governor. The governor laughed. Castro went out to Caracas and made protests to President Andrade. Andrade laughed. Castro called the populace together in the public square and declared a revolution against Andrade. Everybody laughed. Castro went back to the farm, gathered together an army of 65 countrymen, some farmers and some bandits. He licked the offending governor, and with an augmented army came down into Caracas after Andrade. The president found that the populace was anxiously awaiting Castro's arrival and was not disposed to rally to the defence of the administration—and ran for it. Castro became president.

From the moment he took office he has been embroiled with foreign governments. There is little diplomacy in his make-up. He is a human pepper box. Castro has fought off revolutions almost continuously. There have been times when not a voice has been raised in his favor in all Venezuela outside of the circle of his officeholders. But he has beaten down every attempt to depose him. One reason for his unvarying success has been that he has always paid his soldiers. Nobody ever did that before in the history of Venezuelan revolutions.

Foreign war vessels on debt collecting missions have been frequent ornaments of the harbor of La Guayra in "El Mono's" term of office. His latest mix-up with the allied powers of Great Britain, Germany and Italy is too recent to require review.

Venezuelans in New York have asserted for many months that Castro has been shipping boxes of gold from La Guayra to Paris. If this be true, it would merely show that he has had the prevident instincts of most South American presidents. It has been his custom to appoint to high places in his administration people who would do his orders without asking any questions. When papers have required their signatures he has ordered them to sign without showing them the documents. His Secretary of the Treasury was a day laborer who once rescued Castro in battle.

tro's resignation, which is regarded as a sign that the internal situation of Venezuela is much worse than appeared from the news which has been allowed to leave Venezuela. It is hoped here that President Castro's resignation will lead to the pacification of the country and the re-establishment of order, and the belief prevails that his disappearance and the coming into power of any other man cannot change either the attitude of the powers toward Venezuela or the engagements entered into by Venezuela thro Mr. Bowen.

**Pleased the Pope.**

When the Pope was informed of the resignation of President Castro by Cardinal Rampolla this morning, he exclaimed: "Let us pray God that this may end the tribulations of our beloved children."

London, March 22.—The news of President Castro's resignation came as a complete surprise to the people here. London is deserted to-day by diplomats, and the event is little discussed. Until last Saturday afternoon President Castro's continued tenure of office was taken as a matter of course. In fact, the reported hitches in the negotiations with the powers were privately attributed here to President Castro's endeavor to make another bid for popular favor. Some months ago the possible deposition of the Venezuelan President was discussed at the Foreign Office as a serious objection to making terms with Venezuela with nothing but President Castro's signature as a guarantee, but since then the officials here were inclined to believe that his position was well established.

**Failed to Notify Berlin.**

Berlin, March 22.—The German government had no warning of President Castro's retirement, nor has the press announcement of the fact been supplemented yet by any explanations from the German legation at Caracas. The feeling in official quarters is rather one of regret than otherwise, because President Castro's resignation creates uncertainty regarding the conditions that were understood during the unfinished negotiations at Washington. A declaration from his successor that the terms of the settlement already reached will be fulfilled is reported here. The official mind declined to consider the contingency that the payments under the protocols may be defaulted or the settlement repudiated. On the contrary, it assumes that the new Venezuelan executive will stand by President Castro's engagements abroad, in order to have a free hand in quieting the internal disorders. The news reached Berlin about 3 o'clock Sunday morning, too late for publication in the papers, so that the public has not heard the news, nor indeed are most of the editors aware of it, for Berlin has only two Monday morning papers.

An Iron Fence will outlast ten wooden ones. Get our prices. Canada Foundry Company, Limited, 14-16 King E st.

**WILL BE DEPORTED.**

St. John, N.B., March 22.—Loma Jakobatza, a Hungarian employed as a guard at the immigration building, has confessed to accepting money for assisting disabled immigrants to enter United States. He will be deported to Liverpool, from whence he came here last November.

Six o'clock dinner at New Carlton Hotel

If Not, Why Not? You should have an Accident Policy. See Walter H. Blight. Phone 2270. Medical Building, Bay and Richmond-Streets. 136

## EUROPEAN COMMENT ON CASE

### Some Complications May Arise If Debts Are Not Paid.

Rome, March 22.—Considerable impression was made here, especially at the Foreign Office, by the news first received thro the press of President Cas-

## SOLVING A MURDER MYSTERY

### Detectives Still at Work on the Quirk Case, Tho It is a Year O'd Now.

### WIDOW OF THE VICTIM WEDS TOOLE

**They Removed to the States, But Brantford People Expect Some Explanations.**

Brantford, March 22.—Mrs. Quirk, widow of the late Jas. Quirk, who was either murdered or accidentally killed here one year ago Monday, has been married to John Toole. He was interested as partner in the Commercial hotel. Inspector Murray, of the provincial detective department, has received word that Mrs. Quirk has secretly married Mr. Toole, her late husband's former partner, and the couple are living in Buffalo. The hotel in Brantford belongs to Mrs. Toole's father. The opinion prevails that the authorities have abandoned their search, and in consequence the mystery will never be solved. Such, however, is not the case, for only yesterday Detective Murray was in the city—and it may be added he was here for a purpose. He arrived and left again for Toronto last night.

Chief Vaughan was seen by an Expositor man this morning and questioned concerning the visit. From what can be learned there are important developments which may possibly take place in the near future.

"What was Detective Murray here for?" the Chief was asked.

"He was in the city in connection with the Quirk affair," was the reply.

"Will there be any sensational developments in the immediate future?"

"Well, no," replied the Chief, "I can't say that there will. I am not at liberty to make any announcements."

The detective had a conference with Sergeant Wallace and Constable Donnelly in the afternoon, and later had an informal chat with Crown Attorney Wilkes.

## DEAN FARRAR DEAD.

**Noted English Churchman and Writer Passes Away.**

London, March 22.—The Very Rev. Frederick William Farrar, Dean of

The Late Dean Farrar.

Canterbury, since 1895, died to-day. He was in his seventy-second year.

Dean Farrar had long been in delicate health and disabled by creeping paralysis. He latterly had to be carried everywhere, and was unable to officiate, although a constant attendant at the Canterbury Cathedral services to the last. He was present at some school sports on Saturday afternoon, but passed a restless night. His condition became serious this morning, and he expired peacefully.

Very Rev. Frederick William Farrar, D.D., F.R.S., became Dean of Canterbury in 1895. He was a son of Rev. C. P. Farrar, late vicar of Sidcup, Kent, and was born Aug. 7, 1831. In 1869 he married Lucy Cardew. He received his education at King William's College, Isle of Man; King's College, London, and Trinity College, Cambridge. At King William's College he was head of the school, and when 16 years of age he went to King's College, London, where he obtained classical and theological scholarships and prizes, and also obtained the head place and scholarships at matriculation, and at the B. A. examination at the University of London; also scholarships and fellowship at Trinity College; first-class in classical tripos; Chancellor's medal for English poem; Hulsean prize; was chaplain to the Speaker of the British House of Commons from 1890-5. He was at one time assistant master at Marlborough College; was for sixteen years master at Harrow; became headmaster at Marlborough; was Canon and Archdeacon of Westminster; chaplain to the Queen; Hulsean lecturer at Cambridge; Bampton lecturer at Oxford, and Deputy Clerk of the Closet to the Queen. He was a writer of note. For boys he wrote Eric, St. Winifred's and Julian Home, all school stories. His other works were: Seekers After God, The Witness of History to Christ (Hulsean lectures); The History of Interpretation (Bampton lectures); The Life of Christ, The Life of St. Paul, The Early Days of Christianity, Darkness and Dawn, Life of Christ in Art, Gathering Clouds, Eternal Hope. Sermons: In the Days of Thy Youth, The Lord's Prayer, The Voice of Sinai, The Young Man, Master of Himself, The Bible, Its Meaning and Supremacy, 1897; The Herods, 1897; The Life of Lives, 1899, and others.

**CLARA BARTON WON'T RESIGN.**

New York, March 22.—With quiet dignity and scarcely any show of feeling, Miss Clara Barton last night denied the story sent out from Washington that she is to be deposed as president of the American National Red Cross by the "Board of Trustees" and that she is to be succeeded by Rear Admiral William K. Van Rypen, Surgeon-General of the Navy. The Washington story added that Miss Barton was to be permitted to keep the title of honorary president.

"I have been too long before the American people," she said, "I have served them too faithfully and too unselfishly to feel myself at this day under obligation to sit down to an interview in my own defence. The charges that are made I know nothing of. There is no truth in them, and that from me, should be sufficient for the American public."

SANDERSON'S MOUNTAIN DEW SCOTCH Noted for its mellowness.

**Hugh John Macdonald in Toronto.**

Mr. Hugh John Macdonald, on his way from the east, stopped in Toronto yesterday to discuss the present political situation with Col. J. P. Whitney. He left immediately after their conversation for Winnipeg.

Did you ever try the top barrel?

NOT SO "SUN-CLEAR."

OLD SUBSCRIBER: Well, mebby my eyes ain't what they used to be, but somehow things don't look just as bright and clear as they was.

## For Rural Free Delivery Is the Cry in Commons

### Farmers of Ontario Believed to Be Responsible for This Sentiment—Government is Playing Tillers of the Soil Against the Manufacturers.

Ottawa, March 22.—Jabel Robinson, M.P. for West Elgin, will introduce a resolution into the House shortly, asking the government to establish a system of rural free delivery whenever an organized demand for it is made. He believes the farmers of Ontario are anxious for such a system.

Uriah Wilson, M.P., has gone to his home in Napanee, suffering from a severe cold. He has not yet fully recovered from his recent indisposition, and may be absent from the House for several weeks.

A deputation from Collingwood is coming to Ottawa shortly to see if the government cannot better protect the ship building industry. The complaint is made that vessels may be bought in England at second hand and brought into Canada to compete seriously against the Collingwood industry. What the government can do in the premises is hard to conceive.

Hon. Clifford Sifton and party left for New York this morning early. They sail for England on Wednesday to prepare the Canadian side of the Alaska boundary question. Canada's side of the matter must be in the hands of United States representatives by May 3.

**Railway Promoters Numerous.**

The promoters of railway projects are very much in evidence these days. Representatives of the C.P.R. and the G.T.R. are frequent visitors about the Parliament Buildings, but Mr. Talbot, M.P., and Mr. F. O. Davis, M.P., representing the Trans-Canada line, are conspicuous at all times.

In many circles the idea is growing that this will not be the last session of the present parliament. It is said that the present government will wait another year before going to the country. This is based on the fact that Sir Wilfrid Laurier is daily growing stronger. The work of the House seems to put new life into him.

**Playing for Farmers' Votes.**

The position of the government, as expressed to the Canadian Manufacturers on the tariff question, would indicate that no revision of the tariff may be expected this session, nor for several sessions to come. The hand of the government, shown in Hon. Mr. Blair's tribute to the farmers of Canada, in his speech on the railway bill, will reach out over the heads of those desiring protection to the men who till the soil.

The redistribution bill, which is in process of drafting, with Alexander Smith, chief organizer for Ontario, as supervisor, will aim to give the government as much support from Ontario as possible.

The west will be given ten additional members, and it is to these that the government will play in all matters of tariff. The government assumes that Ministers Blair and Fielding can carry the eastern provinces, Sir Wilfrid's name Quebec, and no higher protection the west, so says the government. Why bother about Ontario and the wishes of the Canadian manufacturers?

The opinion is strong here that the manufacturers did right in refusing to give their schedules to Mr. Fielding. Had they done so the government could have gone to the country and shouted free trade with great force, and the manufacturers would still have been thrown down.

## BIRTHS.

GUINANE—On Friday, March 20, 1903, at 2 Laxton-avenue, to Mr. and Mrs. John Guinane, a daughter.

MARSH—On Saturday, March 21st, at 44 Boswell-avenue, the wife of Charles E. Marsh, a daughter.

## DEATHS.

BLAKE—Saturday, March 21st, 1903, Sarah Ann Blake, in her 72nd year.

Funeral (private) Tuesday, at 2 p.m., from the residence of her son-in-law, W. H. Scripture, 29 Harbord-street, to Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

Whitby papers please copy.

CHAMBERS—At the residence of his father, Exhibition Park, on Saturday, March 21st, 1903, F. Simcoe Chambers, in his 24th year.

Interment in Mount Pleasant Cemetery on Tuesday afternoon, at 2.30 o'clock.

GRAY—At Sault Ste. Marie, on March 20th, 1903, of heart failure, Peter Gray, brother of John Gray, Island constable, Island Park, aged 49 years.

Funeral Monday, 23rd, at 2 p.m., from 138 Spadina-avenue, to St. Michael's Cemetery.

GIBSON—At his late residence, at Milliken P.O., on Saturday, March 21st, 1903, William Gibson, in his 42nd year.

Funeral to St. John's Cemetery on Monday, the 23rd inst., at 2 o'clock.

GORDON—At St. Michael's Hospital, on Sunday, March 22, 1903, Catherine Gordon.

Funeral Tuesday, at 9 a.m., from 179 Richmond West, to St. Michael's Cathedral.

HUTCHINSON—On Saturday, March 21, 1903, Edward, beloved son of Thomas and Mary Hutchinson, aged 14 years.

Funeral from 10 Sumach-place to-day (Monday), at 2.30 p.m., to Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

HAWLEY—On Sunday, March 22nd, 1903, at her late residence, 243 Bathurst-street, Margarget Jane, beloved wife of Joseph Hawley, aged 54 years.

Funeral Tuesday, the 24th inst., at 4 p.m., to the Necropolis.

MURRAY—At "Dunallan," Crescent-road, Rosedale, on Friday, March 20th, 1903, William Thomas Murray, eldest son of the late W. A. Murray, Esq.

Funeral from late residence at 10 o'clock Monday morning, 23rd inst., to St. Michael's Cathedral, thence to St. Michael's Cemetery. No flowers.

OSLER—At Eglinton, on Saturday, 21st March, 1903, Harriet Parsons, widow of the late Canon Osler, in her 86th year.

Funeral from her late residence, Hawthorne-avenue, Eglinton, to St. John's Church, York Mills, on Monday, 23rd March, at 2.30 o'clock p.m.

TAYLOR—At the residence of her son-in-law, William T. Purvis, 290 Sackville-street, Toronto, on Sunday, the 22nd March, 1903, Ann Taylor, widow of the late Hugh Taylor, in her 86th year.

Funeral from the above address on Tuesday, the 24th, at 3.30 o'clock. Interment in the Necropolis.

Iron Fences made to last by the Canada Foundry Company, Limited, 14-16 King Street East.

**Progress of Dairying.**

Ottawa, March 22.—Prof. J. W. Robertson, Commissioner of Agriculture and Dairying, has returned from the Eastern Townships, Quebec, where he conducted a series of dairy conventions. Prof. Robertson reports prospects excellent for a progressive forward movement in dairying in that section of Quebec.

PATENTS.—Fetherstonhaugh & Co. Head Office, King-street west, Toronto, and Montreal, Ottawa and Washington

**Future Citizens of the Northwest.**

Ottawa, March 22.—Six hundred emigrants, British, Slavs, Russian Jews and Dutch, passed thru here to-day for Assiniboia. It was a motley crowd, typical of the European common folk.

Try the Decanter at Thomas

**Enroute to Esquimalt.**

Ottawa, March 22.—A train load of royal marines passed thru here this afternoon for Esquimalt, where they will man H.M.S. Egeria. The party comprised seven officers and 127 non-commissioned officers and men.

## CLOSING THE BURDICK CASE

### Everything Points to the Murderer Having an Accomplice in the Victim's House.

### VERDICT WILL MENTION NO NAMES

**Dreadful Crime Will Probably Not Be Traced to Its Author.**

Buffalo, March 21.—When the inquest into the Burdick murder mystery is brought to a close next Monday or Tuesday, it is very probable, unless unlooked for information is forthcoming, that a verdict will be returned, to the effect that the crime was committed by a person or persons unknown.

"At the present time," said an official to-day, "there is not evidence to show who committed the crime. While there is ample ground for suspicion against one person, it has not been made clear how that person could have committed the crime without collusion from inside the house. No proof has been offered of such collusion, except vague suspicion, and that does not justify the issuance of a warrant."

District Attorney Coatsworth is improving steadily, and he will be ready to resume the case on Monday. He expects to get thru with the case in two more sessions. Mr. Coatsworth said a few more witnesses would be called, and some of those who have been on the witness stand will be recalled for the purpose of clearing up some point of their testimony.

That Mrs. Burdick will be called upon to testify next Monday is regarded as certain. So far as can be learned she is the only important witness yet to be called by the district attorney. Mrs. Burdick will be closely questioned regarding her knowledge of the feeling that existed between her husband and Arthur R. Pennell, and on all the facts in her possession relating to the whereabouts of Pennell for a week before the murder. No attempt will be made, it is understood, to spare Mrs. Burdick's feelings by passing over questions that might throw any light upon matters pertaining to the case.

## PLUNGER WRIGHT GOES BACK.

**Extradition Papers for the Allged Swindler Will Arrive This Week.**

London, March 22.—The extradition papers in the case of Whitaker Wright,

Whittaker Wright, the London Plunger.

the director of the London and Globe Finance Corporation, who is under arrest in New York, were mailed on the steamer Celtic, which sailed from Liverpool Thursday.

John Flower, chairman of the shareholders' committee, which instigated Wright's prosecution, informed a representative of the Associated Press that by the advice of his lawyers he declined to reply to Wright's cable message to G. S. Barnes, the official liquidator of the corporation, saying that Wright's enemies seek to create prejudice against him by circulating untruths, taking the ground that it would be highly improper for him to say anything which might prejudice the result of the trial. As to the personal charges, he added there was no need for a contradiction, as they were obviously untrue.

Wright was reported ill in bed at the Ludlow-street jail. His case was to have had a hearing this afternoon, but the jail physician telephoned United States Marshal Henkel that Wright was too ill to appear in court. He is said to be suffering from insomnia, caused by worry over the plight of his niece, who accompanied him in his flight.

## FIREMEN KEPT BUSY.

**Philadelphia Fire Fighters Had Three Big Blazes to Handle.**

Philadelphia, March 22.—Three fires in the northeastern section of the city last night caused losses aggregating $175,000. The greatest damage occurred at the morocco works of Cooey, Costello & Co., which were almost completely destroyed. This loss is estimated at $100,000, partly covered by insurance. The flint glass works of Gill & Co. were damaged by fire to the extent of $35,000. Two men were arrested in connection with this fire. They were charged with conspiracy.

Ladies are invited to attend Conservative meeting to-night in Temple Bldg.

**WILL WAIT FOR A WEEK.**

London, March 22.—A strong deputation, representing the congregation of the College-street Baptist church, Toronto, waited on Rev. Dr. Sowerby, pastor of the Talbot-street Baptist church, last night, and presented the call which the Toronto church recently decided to extend to him. The deputation was headed by Prof. Goodspeed, of McMaster University, and many reasons were set forth by it in support of the call. Rev. Dr. Sowerby postponed his decision for a week, in order to give the members of his present charge an opportunity to take what action they may deem wise.

Conservative Club meets in Temple Building to-night. R. R. Gamey will speak. All Conservatives are invited to be present. Seats will be reserved for ladies.

**TO-DAY IN TORONTO.**

Liberal banquet, McConkey's, 8.

Recital by Mrs. Scott Raff, Normal School, 8.

Brotherhood of St. Andrew, St. Matthew's Church, 8.

Bishop DuMoulin, midday service, St. James' Cathedral, 12.30.

West End ministers meet, Euclid-avenue Methodist Church, 3.

Canadian Club, R. F. Stupart, on "Climate," 1 p.m.

Ministerial Association, Y.M.C.A., 10.30 a.m.

Young Conservatives, Temple Building, 8.

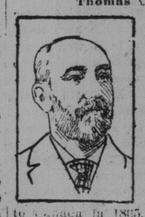
Federated Council Building Trades, S.

## Continued Fight in House Is Promised for the Week

**SPEAKERS IN TO-DAY'S DEBATE.**

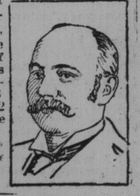
The debate on the Gamey charges will be continued in the legislature this afternoon. George P. Graham will have the floor first, and those expected to speak on the opposition side are Thomas Crawford of West Toronto, J. S. Duff of West Simcoe, and Dr. Willoughby of East Northumberland.

**Thomas Crawford.**



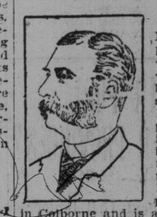
Thomas Crawford has been in the legislature since 1894, when he succeeded E. F. Clarke, who was elected member for West Toronto in the Dominion Parliament. He is a successful cattle dealer. Mr. Crawford was born in the County of Fermanagh, Ireland, in 1847 and came to Canada in 1865, having resided in Toronto since that time.

**J. S. Duff.**



J. S. Duff is a prominent farmer of Simcoe County, and is counted one of the solid men of the House. He was elected for the centre riding in 1898 and again in 1902 by a very large majority. Mr. Duff does not speak often, but when he does the House listens.

**Dr. Willoughby.**



Dr. Willoughby, who represents East Northumberland, is the Conservative whip. He was out of the last legislature, having suffered defeat in 1898, but the experience he gained in the two preceding parliaments makes him a valued lieutenant of Mr. Whitney. He practises medicine in Colborne and is a bachelor.

**Premier Ross Will Make a Statement To-Day Touching the Debate.**

This afternoon the debate on the Gamey charges will be resumed in the legislature. When the House adjourned on Friday, George P. Graham of Brockville had the floor, and he will continue to-day in defence of the government proposition to refer the charges to a commission of judges. He will probably be followed by Mr. Crawford of West Toronto, Mr. Duff of West Simcoe, and Dr. Willoughby of East Northumberland, for the opposition.

**No Developments To-Day.**

No developments are expected to-day. But on Tuesday an amendment will be moved by Mr. Foy, which is expected to give new vigor to the debate. It was stated last night that the amendment had not yet been framed, but the general opinion is that it will call for a reference of the charges to a select committee of the House. This has been the line of argument of the Conservative speakers ever since Mr. Ross brought down his motion to name two judges for the investigation.

**Opposition is United.**

There is no doubt about the attitude of the opposition. They are unanimous in favor of a parliamentary inquiry. They believe the sentiment of the province is with them in insisting on the fullest inquiry, and the only way to get out the facts is by the proposition they have outlined. There will be no business done until this point is conceded. The Conservatives feel that a judicial inquiry would be no inquiry at all, hence they would be justified in prolonging the discussion until they have exhausted every expedient. This may occupy weeks, and, in the meantime, the public may be growing impatient.

Following Mr. Foy's amendment, if it fails to carry, other amendments will be brought forward, no doubt, and if the government holds out for a restricted inquiry the probabilities are there will be no business done this session.

A Conservative member expressed himself in favor of keeping up the fight to the exclusion of all other business. Naturally the government desires to see the whole affair out of the way.

**Other Business Pressing.**

There is other business demanding attention, and the budget will have to be passed to provide for expenditures. The opposition have it in their power to prevent a dollar of expenditure, by refusing to allow any other matters to divide the attention of the legislature until the Gamey charges are referred to a committee of the House.

Meanwhile, the Liberals profess to be quite sure that they can command a majority in the House when the vote is taken.

**Premier Will Make Statement.**

Premier Ross is expected to make a statement in the legislature to-day with reference to the North Renfrew vacancy. The opinion prevails, however, that the by-election will be held off until the latest possible period.

**Correction Due Mr. Cronmiller.**

In referring to J. F. Gross, the member for Welland, on Friday, it was stated that he was re-elected in May last by an increased majority. This was an error. His majority over Mr. McCleary was 262, but in the election of May 29 last he defeated the Conservative candidate by only 112, Mr. Henry Cronmiller being his opponent. This correction is cheerfully accorded Mr. Cronmiller, with expressions of regret for the error.

## WANTON WORK OF BANDITS

### Fire Volleys Into Crowded Trolley Car When a Bold Passenger Resists Hold Up.

### MAN MURDERED AND OTHERS HURT

**Road Agents in California Attempt Robbery With Fatal Results.**

Los Angeles, Cal., March 22.—Three masked robbers attempted to hold up a car on the Los Angeles-Pacific Electric line, running between Los Angeles and Santa Monica, about a mile west of the city limits last night, and after a pistol duel between C. H. Henderson, one of the passengers, and one of the robbers, the other two highway men began shooting right and left thru the crowded car. One passenger was killed and three wounded.

The dead: H. A. GRISWOLD of Manson, Iowa.

The wounded: J. C. CUNNINGHAM of Los Angeles, ELLIS PEARSON of Sawtelle, Dr. C. A. BOWLES of Los Angeles.

**Wounded a Robber.**

It is believed that one of the robbers was badly wounded. The hold-up occurred at the head of a deep cut. The robbers had placed a steel rail, a large bench and a cement barrel on the track. The motorman saw the obstruction when the car was several hundred yards from it and at once turned off the current and ran slowly to the place. The moment the cars struck, three men wearing masks over their faces sprang from the weeds alongside the track. One boarded the front end of the car and the other two the rear end.

The first man commanded the passengers to put up their hands, and when one of them did not comply he fired a shot. Henderson then opened fire on the robbers. The robber turned his gun upon Henderson, but as he did so he was seen to bend over and cry out as if in pain. Then straightening up, he again began shooting at the passengers on the front seats. One of his bullets struck Ellis Pearson. Henderson continued firing and the robber was seen to fall.

**Indiscriminate Shooting.**

The two robbers who had entered the rear door commanded the passengers to put up their hands, and most of them did so. Before the robbers could search the passengers the shooting began on the outside of the car. Then the other two robbers began shooting right and left among the passengers.

Griswold was seated about the middle of the car with his back toward the robbers. At the command "hands up" he tried to hide his watch, and one of the robbers, thinking he was about to draw a gun, fired point blank at him. The bullet struck him in the back of the neck, and he fell over into the lap of his aged mother, who was at his side.

**Emptied Guns and Fled.**

Dr. Bowles was near the front door, and at the command of the robbers he raised his hands. When he had them in the air one of the bullets from a robber's revolver struck his left hand and shattered the bones. After emptying their revolvers the robbers backed out of the door and sprang off the car and disappeared.

The car ran rapidly to Sawtelle, the nearest point where medical aid could be secured. Griswold expired before the car had gone a mile. Officers were sent to the scene, but no trace of the robbers was found.

Inside the car were thirty or more passengers, and more than ten shots were fired. Bullets were found imbedded in the woodwork in many places when the car reached this city. The highwaymen secured nothing from the passengers.

EDWARDS & COMPANY, Chartered Accountants, 26 Wellington St. East. Geo. Edwards F.C.A., A. H. Edwards.

**REVOLUTION IS OVER.**

Montevideo, March 22.—Peace was signed to-day between the Uruguayan government and the rebels.

## BANK ROBBERS CAPTURED.

**Posse Runs Them Down—Heavily Armed. They Didn't Resist.**

Halifax, N.S., March 22.—Two of the men who burglarized the agency of the Union Bank of Halifax at Granville Ferry and secured $3100 in cash were run down and captured 15 miles out of Bridgetown this morning. A posse headed by Chief of Police Anderson of Bridgetown located the men in a barn and surrounded it just as daylight broke. The robbers were called on to surrender and did so without making a fight, tho they were heavily armed. Only $15 was found on them, but some of the paper, which small silver was wrapped in, bore figures made by the bank manager. They had a quantity of dynamite and drills in their pockets. The robbers are unknown and it is supposed that they secreted the money on the river bank.

**To Discuss Freight Rates.**

A delegation from New Ontario are in the city to-day on their way to Montreal. They leave here to-night, and on arriving in Montreal they will wait upon the C.P.R. to discuss, among other things, the freight rates as they exist from Port Arthur and Fort William westward. Members of the delegation say that goods may be sent from Montreal to Vancouver as cheaply as from Port Arthur to Vancouver. The delegation will also ask the C.P.R. to establish a daily freight service east from Port Arthur, instead of semi-weekly, as is now the case. Mr. D. F. Burk and Mayor G. O. P. Clavet of Port Arthur are among the twelve delegates.

**In Designs, Parisian.**

The new spring Ladies' Walking Hats are unique, and though quiet in style and color they are still of such rich materials that the effect is striking. The Pineen Company have on sale their new assortment of these Ladies' Walking Hats. Bear in mind that they are not millinery creations but were designed and made by the ladies' tailors of Fifth-avenue, New York.

## GENERALLY FAIR AND MILD.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, March 22.—(8 p.m.)—Local snowfalls have occurred today in Manitoba and the weather has been showery in the Maritime Provinces. Frost was general during last night over Ontario and Quebec.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 34—52; Calgary, 8—34; Qu'Appelle, 12—22; Winnipeg, 18—28; Port Arthur, 6—30; Parry Sound, 20—30; Toronto, 28—46; Ottawa, 28—48; Montreal, 32—44; Quebec, 32—40; Halifax, 32—52.

**Probabilities.**

**Lakes and Georgian Bay—Easterly winds; generally fair and mild to-day; local showers during the night.**

Ottawa and Upper St. Lawrence—Easterly winds; fair to-day; not much change in temperature; showers in some localities on Tuesday.

Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Fair; not much change in temperature.

Maritime—Generally fair; not much change in temperature.

Lake Superior—Fair to cloudy; not much change in temperature; light local falls of snow or rain.

Manitoba—Fair; not much change in temperature.

## STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

| Mar. 22. | At. | From. |
|---|---|---|
| Etruria | New York | Liverpool |
| Pretoria | New York | Hamburg |
| Commonwealth | Boston | Naples |
| Prin. Victoria | Madeira | New York |
| Umbria | Liverpool | St. John |
| Numidian | Liverpool | St. John |