

Multiplier will become a Divifor.

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EXAMPLE.

To form a rule for changing Sterling at 4/6. pr. Dollar into New-York at 8/. pr. Dollar. Here Sterling is given, and York required: The Dollar in { York is 8/. or 96 Pence Numerator, Sterling 4/6. or 54 Pence Denominator.

Therefore  $\frac{96}{54}$  is the Multiplier fought, which reduced to its leaft terms becomes  $\frac{16}{9}$  or  $1\frac{7}{5}$  therefore if Sterling be multiplied by 16 and divided by 9 the refult will be York, thus,  $\frac{16}{5}$  is the fame as 2 into  $\frac{8}{5}$  but  $\frac{8}{5}$ is the fame as 1 lefs  $\frac{1}{5}$ , therefore 2 into  $\frac{8}{5}$  is equal to 2 into 1 lefs  $\frac{1}{5}$ , which is that Rule, expressed shorter thus,  $\frac{16}{9} = 2x\frac{8}{5} = 2x1\frac{1}{5}$ .

TABLE