

3. Agrarian Reform, Peasant Organizing and Empowerment

- (a) Accepting agrarian reform as a development imperative
- (b) Peasant organizations must be given maximum opportunities for participation at all levels of government.
- (c) Use of ODA funds - need for continuous organizing work. Support for strengthening capacities for peasants to effectively engage. Governments should explore alternatives to managing ODA funds.
- (d) Sustained effort and action to build solidarity among peasant organizations and other sectors to create more pressure.

VI. What are the messages for APEC Leaders?

1. Food Sovereignty

- community's capacity to produce its basic food need.
- community sovereignty over natural resources (land, water, seed).
- asserting local culture/knowledge

2. Agrarian Reform

- genuine reform to benefit food producers.
- peasant organizations./food producers should be involved in the design and implementation of agricultural food policies.

3. Community Mobilization and Action

- direct democratic action against globalization.
- Strengthening ecological agricultural movement/highlighting political context.
- Rebuilding counter institutions and organizations.

4. Opening up Political Space – National/Regional/International

- consumer education
- bridging consumer/farmer's needs
- advocacy to influence policy.
- build international networks.
- a Code of Conduct on the Right to Food.

5. Works Related to Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)

- no to patenting of life forms
- resisting bio-piracy
- defending farmers' local knowledge and resources at the community level.
- community registers of local bio-diversity.
- develop national sustainability plans.