

cantaloupes and, of course, the citrus crops of lemons, grapefruits and oranges.

Beef cattle dominate the livestock industry in Texas, and the state also ranks high in dairying, hog production, poultry, eggs, turkeys, bees and honey.

Oklahoma

Oklahoma's leading crop is wheat, and it is particularly important in the northern section. Other major crops include cotton, sorghum, corn, oats and barley. Livestock and livestock products make up a great proportion of the agricultural income in Oklahoma, which in 1980 had 71,000 farms with a total of 14.3 million hectares (34.5 million acres).

Kansas

Kansas is the nation's largest wheat producer and also a large producer of sorghum for grain. Other crops are hay, corn, soybeans, and barley. About two-thirds of Kansas farm income is derived from wheat and cattle. In 1981, there were 74,000 farms consisting of a total of 19.5 million hectares (48.3 million acres).

Arkansas

Arkansas ranks first among the states in the production of rice (1980) and fourth in cotton; however, the most important crop in terms of cash receipts is soybeans. The state ranks third in the production of chickens and sixth in turkeys; it is also a major egg producer. In 1981, there were 57,000 farms covering 6.8 million hectares (17 million acres).

Louisiana

Louisiana is an agricultural state with cotton as its main crop. It is also the nation's third ranking producer of both sugarcane and rice. In 1981 there were 37,000 farms covering 4.1 million hectares (10.1 million acres).

New Mexico

Cash receipts from farm marketings in New Mexico totalled \$(US)1.1 billion in 1980, of which livestock and livestock products accounted for about three-quarters. Cattle raising, with some sheep husbandry, predominates on New Mexico's arid and semi-arid rangelands. Major field crops are hay, commercial vegetables, cotton, sorghum, wheat and corn.