

LAURENTIAN TOTAL WRECK.

Struck on a Reef Off Newfoundland Coast.

One of the Oldest Allan Boats in the Service.

Passengers and Crew All Saved—Cargo Badly Damaged.

Halifax, N. S., Aug. 6.—Carried miles out of her course by contrary currents, the Allan Liner Laurentian went ashore on the southwestern coast of Newfoundland in a dense fog at 6 o'clock this morning and was a total loss. All the passengers and crew were landed safely. The ship lies in a very bad position, and there are fears that she will break up before any of the cargo can be saved.

Mistaken Point, a neck of land jutting out into the sea about five miles west of Cape Race, was the place where the Laurentian met her doom. Numbers of steamers have gone ashore there, or in the near vicinity, and more wrecks have taken place in that locality than in any other section of the North Atlantic.

The Laurentian came from Boston to Glasgow, and had a large cargo of corn and flour. She now lies with several holds full of water and much of the cargo has been badly damaged. For the last three or four days the Nova Scotia and Newfoundland coasts have been enveloped in a thick curtain of fog. Her officers being unable to take any observations because of this, the treacherous currents that swirl around the southwestern Newfoundland coasts swept the steamer away inshore. When Captain Innie thought himself miles off the coast, the steamer was right in on the cliffs, and the first thing known of their position was when the vessel's bow crashed into the rocks.

Fortunately the sea was very calm and all the passengers and crew were taken off safely in the ship's own boats. Had there been any sea running, serious loss of life would have attended the wreck, as the cliffs are almost perpendicular, and to land through the surf there is almost impossible.

In the wreck of the Laurentian one of the oldest steamships in the Allan service is removed from the register. She has been afloat for 37 years, and was well known all along the North Atlantic seaboard. Originally she was the Polynesia, but some time after her launch she was rebuilt and re-named. Had there been any sea running, serious loss of life would have attended the wreck, as the cliffs are almost perpendicular, and to land through the surf there is almost impossible.

GAMBLING IN SPORTS.

Rev. E. B. Lanceley Spoke Strongly Against It.

Preaching on Labor Day topics in First Methodist Church on Sunday evening, Rev. E. B. Lanceley took as his text St. Luke xii. 15: "A man's life consisteth not in the abundance of the things which he possesseth." In speaking of the materialistic tendencies of the age he denounced gambling and said he was glad to see the newspapers taking it up and demanding that it be effectively legislated against. "What can be more degenerating," he said, "than that our favorite sports (and no one likes his favorite sports more than I do) should be used as a means for making large sums of money?" This, he said, had been the cause of the degeneration of sports. Some people said that the church put the ban upon sports. This he denied. No honest sportsman under the ban of the church or of Jesus Christ, but the Government should make it a crime, punishable by imprisonment, for any man to offer or accept a bet on any game or sport. It is against the idea of true sports that every success has its immediate cash value, and all Christians and all true men should set their faces against it.

Referring to labor unions, he said, "I am glad labor unions have leaders other than they used to have. Labor unions are too important to be led by simpletons. Anarchy and crime should be asked to stand back. There is no more hostility between capital and labor than between labor and labor. I ask you labor men to see that you choose as your leaders men who love righteousness. Do not be carried away by agnostics or infidels or anarchists. It was Christianity that gave you the weekly day of rest, the elevation of womanhood, and all that labor has to be thankful for. There are too many men willing to take \$10 a week instead of \$30, and the reason they are satisfied with \$10 is that they do not take the trouble to make themselves worth \$30."

An innovation was introduced at First on Sunday. After the evening service a social half hour was spent in the school room. It was Rev. Mr. Lanceley's first Sunday since his vacation, and the occasion was taken advantage of for a hearty hand shake among the people.

Everybody Should Visit Canada's Greatest Exhibition

On account of the Canadian National Exhibition the Grand Trunk Railway System will give return tickets at single fare to Toronto from all stations in Ontario, west of Cornwall and Ottawa daily until Sept. 11, inclusive. Good returning from Toronto on or before Sept. 14, 1909.

Special low rate excursions will be run from all points on certain dates, giving patrons of the Grand Trunk an opportunity of visiting Toronto at very small cost.

Don't fail to call on nearest Grand Trunk Agent for full particulars.

High Grade Razor Strops.

We make a specialty of these goods and carry the most complete line in the city. Prices range from 25c to \$2.50, and include strops made from many leathers. We also carry a very large stock of fine shaving brushes, the bristles of which are guaranteed not to come out. Gerrie's drug store, 32 James street north.

DEATH IN A SCRATCH

Simple Injuries with Serious Results

Morris Quatam, an eleven years old Windsor boy, has just died as the result of a scratch on his wrist. Poison entered the wound, which was caused by falling off his bicycle, and despite the physicians, the boy died. Such incidents as these—by no means infrequent—ought to make people realize the danger that may lie even in the smallest flesh wound.

Take a simple illustration. When a dirty knife, a rusty needle, a splinter of dirty wood, a barbed wire fence, or a thorn, scratches the hand, the latter is inoculated with germs, of which the air about us is full. Directly these germs are introduced through the breach in the skin, a battle royal ensues between them and certain organisms in our blood.

When the invading germs are too strong for Nature's defences, in a few hours the finger will become hot and throbbing. A little later the wound may exhibit a whitish appearance in the middle of the swelling, and we have what is known as a festering or poisoned wound.

The way to avoid such serious results is to cleanse the wound and apply Zam-Buk. Zam-Buk is a powerful yet painless germ killer, and when applied to the broken skin is absorbed into the tissue, instantly destroying the germs that spread disease and inflammation. The flesh is thus soothed and purified, the wound made perfectly healthy, and all poison and cause of festering removed. Having done this, Zam-Buk then proceeds to heal the wound or sore with new healthy tissue, in a quick, painless and perfect manner.

Zam-Buk must not be confused with ordinary ointments. Zam-Buk is a unique preparation, possessing antiseptic, soothing and healing qualities that are not to be found together in any other preparation. It is not only a unique healing balm, but it is also a skin food. For all skin diseases and injuries—cuts, bruises, burns, eczema, chafing, ulcers, ringworm, etc., it is without equal. It is also used widely for piles, for which it may be regarded as a specific. All druggists and stores sell at fifty cents a box, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price.

ST. PAUL'S EXTENSIONS.

Improvements at Beautiful Church Explained to People.

When the alterations and additions to St. Paul's Presbyterian Church and school are completed, a regular transformation will have been accomplished.

The official announcement was made at the morning service on Sunday, by the pastor, Rev. D. R. Drummond. He pointed out to the congregation just how and where the alterations would affect the appearance of the interior of the building.

The west end, directly behind the pulpit, will be carried back 20 feet, and the pulpit carried back also to a suitable position.

The interior extension will be noticeable from the inside in the main transept, the side aisles extension will not be seen, owing to the existing walls being left intact, as they are supports to the arch just behind where the pulpit now stands.

The exterior walls of the new addition will be carried back 36 feet to the school building, and in the 16 feet behind the 20 feet church extension will be built rooms for the Board of Managers and the choir.

The additions and alterations to both church and school, including a new \$8,000 organ, will cost about \$30,000, which is nearly all provided.

The estimate for the Sunday school building extension and alterations was \$13,000; the architect's estimate for the church is \$13,000, and the estimate for the new organ is \$8,000, with an additional \$1,000, if an organ is decided on.

The committee, composed as architect Mr. Hugh Vallance, of the firm of Brown & Vallance, Montreal, and of the late Mr. James Vallance, who was for years a member of St. Paul's Church, Mr. Darling, of Toronto, the well-known architect, and commiserate on Gothic architecture, will assist as consulting architect with Mr. Vallance.

The beautiful woodwork will be preserved and replaced farther back in a similar position to that which it now occupies.

MURDER MYSTERY.

UNKNOWN WOMAN SUPPOSED TO HAVE BEEN SLAIN.

Two Men Are in Custody—Were Seen to Enter Boat-house With Victim, Whose Body Was Later Found in the River.

Ottawa, Sept. 5.—The Ottawa police are investigating what appears to be a mysterious murder, and Archibald Balster and Pierre Brisbois have been placed under arrest. Yesterday the two men were seen in company with a neatly-dressed young woman, whose name was unknown. They went through the grounds at Earncliffe, down to the shore of the Ottawa River, and entered one of a number of houseboats near by. They were followed soon after by a police officer, who knocked at the door and demanded admittance. Brisbois answered the summons and at once attacked the officer. Another policeman came to the rescue, and this brought out Balster. When at last the two men were secured it was found that the woman had disappeared. Little was thought of this at the time, although the men gave conflicting accounts as to how and when she left the boat-house. To-day the river was dragged and the body of the young woman was recovered.

The remains have been at the morgue for several hours, but as yet have not been identified. Balster, one of the men under arrest, was employed by the Harris family, who now occupy Earncliffe, for years the home of the late Sir John Macdonald.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson

About the only way to hold the friendship of one's enemies is to acquire the enmity of their enemies.—Dallas News.

LABOR DAY.

Mackenzie King Tells of Conditions in the Orient.

Hon. Mr. Murphy at London—Lord Beresford Talks.

Berlin, Ont., Sept. 6.—The ninth annual Labor Day celebration here today was an unqualified success in every particular, attracting hundreds of people from Toronto and other cities and towns. The feature of the afternoon was the speech of Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, Minister of Labor and member for this riding, who spoke on the significance of Labor Day, contrasting the comparatively ideal conditions here with the deplorable state of the working classes in the countries of the Orient, which he had recently visited.

Mr. King said in part: "I wish it were possible to convey to you that look as I have seen it in the multitude of Asia, in the natives of India, of China, and of Japan. They have no Labor Day in the Orient, and until they have their civilization will mean less for mankind than does ours. But they, too, are human beings, seeking happiness, just as we are, and the labor problem will not be solved till their happiness is as great as ours. Well may men say that the labor problem is a large one and difficult of solution."

"What impressed me most in the Orient was the great work and the little enjoyment of the people. The Chinese were perhaps the happiest, and this is, I believe, because they are a peaceful and a home-loving people. Peace and the status of woman are important indices of a people's civilization. No nation that lives in fear can have a happy look, and a nation of overworked men can never be great. In India I was amazed at the amount of work the women do. One sees them as laborers in the fields and ditches, as hod-carriers and masons' helpers, as engine cleaners and coal heavers. Sixteen cents of our money a day would be good pay for a woman engaged in work of this kind, and twice this amount the wage of a skilled workman. The mills are crowded with them, the cotton and the jute mills, and not only women but young girls and in some cases children. Child labor abounds throughout the Orient, India, China, and Japan. They seem to learn to work almost as soon as they learn how to play. In Japan I visited one of the largest cotton mills. The sanitary condition left little to be desired, but the workers were for the most part all young women and girls, indentured for a term of years, living in the place where they worked, not at home, but in a kind of barracks, working twelve hours daily, earning a wage of fifteen cents, of which five went to pay for board. Men obtain thirty cents a day. I have in the best authority that a cotton mill in China doing business along smaller lines declared a dividend one year of 170 per cent. It is no uncommon thing in the Orient to see women doing hard physical labor with one or more babies strapped on their backs."

"I said they had no Labor Day in the Orient. In many parts they have no Sunday. Well may the workers of Christendom pray for the spread of Christianity to other parts of the world, if it be only to help to save themselves from factors in industrial competition which mean the destruction of standards which make our life what it is. Men may scoff as they will at the church, and there may be men in it who are unworthy of its teaching, but it is a fact that where Christian influence has been a power, a day of rest, an increasing respect for women, a protection of little children have been among its fruits, and human life as such has come to have a value unknown before. In the Orient the missionary is the true ally of the workman."

HON. MR. MURPHY.

An Address to the Working Men of London.

London, Ont., Sept. 6.—Labor Day was celebrated here by a big gathering at Queen's Park, where the chief speaker was Hon. Chas. Murphy, the secretary of State. Mr. Murphy's address reviewed the part which is given to labor to-day in the economy of the Federal Government, special mention being made of the work being done by the Department of Labor.

In his opening sentences the Secretary of State said the son of a blacksmith could never be out of place in the company of workmen. At a Minister of the Crown he had under his supervision the Department of Public Printing, with 650 employees, and was brought into daily contact with skilled labor, and before he had entered political life he had been interested in securing the passage of early-closing laws in Ottawa, material shortening the hours of labor for the shop assistants.

In closing Mr. Murphy spoke of the appointment of Mr. Mackenzie King as first Minister of Labor as still further evidence of the Government's great interest in labor, and closed amid loud applause with the words: "The Government itself accordingly may be said to be celebrating this Labor Day in a unique manner; it is the first time that the Government has ever been able on this national holiday of labor to send its message to the working people of Canada through a department and a portfolio especially dedicated to the interests of labor."

Beresford on Labor.

At the Toronto Exhibition Lord Beresford addressed the workmen. He said he believed that the workmen had a perfect right to strike if they thought necessary, but in many cases those strikes would never have occurred if the employers and managers had faced the men and had it out fair and square, getting to know what they wanted, what the difficulty was, and endeavoring to put it right. Lord Charles added that in the navy when there was any sign of irritation the captain usually called the men together and inquired into their grievances face to face. Strikes were very serious matters for all who struck, and more so for the women and children. Referring again to the tone and appearance of the Canadian people, he remarked that, being a racing man, it appeared to him as if they had a jolly good time coming off next week. (Laughter.) He had seen many of the exhibits in the Exhibition, and he had seen nothing anywhere else to beat the fittings for steamships and other things of which he knew something.

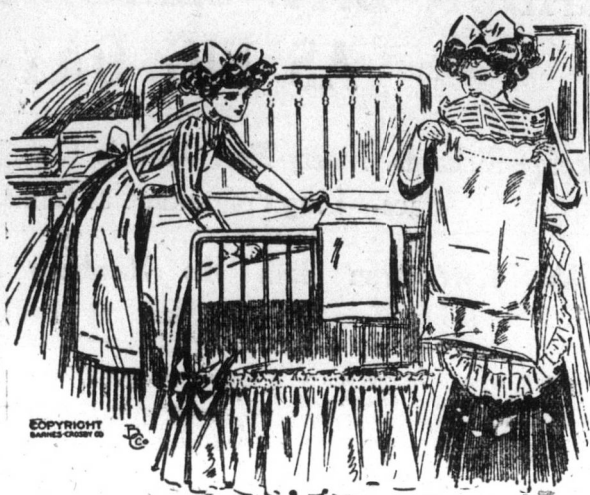
The man who is satisfied to take things as they come gets the leaving.

Store
Closes
at 6 p. m.
During
September

The Right House

"HAMILTON'S FAVORITE SHOPPING PLACE"

Store
Closes
at 6 p. m.
During
September



WHITE ENAMELLED BEDS—Fine assortment of designs and prices in plain white enamel, white enamel with brass trimmings, and white enamel with brass fillings at head and foot.

\$2.98, reduced from \$4.25 \$5.25, reduced from \$6.75
\$3.98, reduced from \$4.75 \$6.29, reduced from \$7.75
\$4.98, reduced from \$6.00 \$7.98, reduced from \$9.00
\$5.98, reduced from \$7.50

ALL-BRASS BEDS—Some grand Brass Beds; beautiful designs from elegant plain to medium fancy. You will never have a better chance to get an all-brass bed at a reduced price.

\$23.98, reduced from \$30.00 \$41.98, reduced from \$47.00
\$27.98, reduced from \$35.00 Others from \$40 to \$60

One only colonial design, combination enamelled and brass bed, a very fine bargain at \$22.89, reduced from \$37.00.

BED SPRINGS—Very special values in proved reliable Springs, at \$2.50, \$2.75, \$3.50, \$3.75 and up to \$15.00.

PATTENBURG LACE BEDSPREADS and Shams complete; particularly fine and elegant, at \$8.00, reduced from \$11.50, \$9.00, reduced from \$13.50, at \$10.00, reduced from \$15.00.

LARGE WHITE QUILTS—White Crochet Quilts, full double-bed size, fine Marseilles designs, at \$1.19, reduced from \$1.35, at \$1.61, reduced from \$2.00.

PILLOWS—Exceptional values in Bed Pillows. Call and see them. Some at \$1.48 a pair.

Thomas C. Watkins

Established Sixty-six Years Ago

Thomas C. Watkins

INDUCTED AS PASTOR.

Rev. J. A. Miller Begins His Work at Trinity.

On Sunday morning Rev. J. A. Miller was inducted as pastor of Trinity Lutheran Church in the presence of a large number of the members and adherents. Rev. J. H. Bieber, the field missionary who has been acting as pastor since the church was organized by him, preached the sermon and divided his subject into two parts, a charge to the pastor and a charge to the people.

In reference to the charge to the pastor he selected Acts, xx, 28, "Take heed therefore unto yourselves and to all the flock, over which the Holy Ghost hath made you overseers, to feed the church of God which He hath purchased with His own blood."

He said the pastor should look to the cultivation of the four sides of man's life, the physical, the intellectual, the social and the spiritual. Being well-developed physically would enable him to work harder; socially developed would mean that he be in close touch with the people; intellectually, that he be in a position to teach; spiritually that he have a perfect understanding of the word of God. To attain good results it is absolutely essential that the pastor be well developed spiritually.

In the charge to the people he said it would be necessary for them to obey the pastor and not complain against him for in complaining they would be complaining against God's anointed, and in so doing the church would not receive its richest blessing. The people should pray for the pastor to be strengthened, and should not only be pleasant to him but should invite him into their homes and he would thus be enabled to work to greater advantage. Mr. Miller then stepped forward and was inducted as pastor of the church.

In the evening Mr. Miller preached his first sermon, and selected his text from I Corinthians, ii, 2, "For I determined not to know anything among you, save Jesus Christ and Him crucified." He set forth the relations ambassadors of Jesus Christ hold. As such it becomes their duty to preach Jesus Christ and Him crucified. To many it might seem to be a narrow platform, but in reality it is a very wide one, for no matter what line a person may take, Jesus Christ should be the centre. It was to Jesus Christ that mankind must look for salvation.

ST. STEPHENS.

Anglican Church on Mountain Held Its Anniversary.

On Sunday the second anniversary services at St. Stephen's Anglican Church, Mount Hamilton, were held, and were well attended and very interesting. At 11 a. m. holy communion was administered, followed by an address by the Ven. Archdeacon Clark, M. A. At 3 p. m. there was shortening evensong, with an address by the Ven. Archdeacon Forneret, M. A., of All Saints' Church, and at 7 p. m. evensong. Mr. Forneret's address was based on Proverbs iii. 9: "Honor the Lord with thy substance, and with the first fruits of all thine increase." Among other things, he said, we can show our honor for the Lord in

many ways. We can show our reverence for Him by revering His name and His day. We can honor Him by honoring His word, reverently reading His written word, and attuning our hearts according to its teaching. We can honor the Lord by having reverence for His sanctuary, attending the Lord's house regularly, and with devotional attendance. We can also show our honor of God by personal work for Christ and His church. We have also to honor the Lord with our substance and with the first fruits of all our increase. We cannot omit doing this. It is a divine law that God's work must be carried on by His people. The scriptures lay down the rule for the sustenance of the church by its members, and also for the care of the poor. They should give according as God has blessed them. In conclusion he congratulated them on the success that had so far attended St. Stephen's, and predicted a bright future for the congregation. Rev. Matthew Wilson, M. A., the rector, assisted in the services.

DENOUNCED TIP HABIT.

Rev. A. S. Mitchell Spoke on It in Labor Sermon.

Preaching a labor sermon in Knox Presbyterian Church on Sunday night Rev. A. E. Mitchell severely condemned the tipping system, and urged the working class to rise up and smash it. His subject was "Jesus and the Labor Question." After emphasizing the dignity and honor of labor as illustrated in the life of the Saviour, Mr. Mitchell said, in part: "If there is anything I detest in this country, and it is not as bad in Canada as in other countries, it is the miserable system of the tip. I would that it was done away with. I would that the working people would rise in rebellion and compel corporations to pay an honest wage and destroy the barbaric system, for it is nothing more than a relic of barbarism. I think if people fully realized what it meant they would rise up and do away with it. There are people who live to-day for the tip. It is tip everywhere you go. I am told that the girls in some of the large hotels actually pay to be allowed to wait on people in the dining room because of the tipping system. It is one of the evils we should use a battering ram to smash."

In the course of his sermon Mr. Mitchell showed that Jesus Christ, through His teachings and example, constantly emphasized the honor and dignity of labor. It was a revolutionary idea, he declared, when Jesus announced that the laborer was worthy of his hire. The world was indebted to the Saviour for the teaching of the necessity and dignity of labor. If religion would not give the relief desired, the speaker declared, it could never be obtained through anarchy or anti-Christian socialism. The teaching of Christ on the social question, Mr. Mitchell thought, was summed up in that little phrase, "Thy kingdom come." Jesus spoke little of the church, but he spoke in great detail of the kingdom, because He knew no master, no slum and no four hundred. He knew no classes, but He did know personality.

GO FOR YOUR LETTERS

OFFICIAL LIST OF THOSE UNCLAIMED IN HAMILTON.

List of unclaimed letters lying in the Hamilton post-office, received previous to August 30th, 1909:

Allen, C. R.
Acheson, Mrs. John.
Ainslie, Miss M. E.
Aikens, Miss Lillian.
Bartman, Harold W.
Balch, A. Q.
Bell, E.
Benson, C. M.
Bettler, R. H.
Bennett, H., from Preston, Eng.
Berry, J. W.
Black, C. M., from Nassagawaga.
Blain, Mrs. J. J.
Bussemer, Karl.
Busch, Miss Juliana.
Buckler, Mrs. Rich, Golf Links.
Berthinger, Mrs. Oethel.
Beatty, Miss B. G.
Bein, Louis.
Brown, Mrs. B.
Buchanan, Harrie.
Byford, Chas.

Cattley, Stephen T.
Chidley, Alfred.
Chenier, Miss E.
Chapman, F. Stanley.

Charlton, Mrs. Howard.
Coles, E. W., Globe Casket Co.
Cook, Wm. A.
Cook, Wm.
Cook, J. R., Sloan June.
Conway, Roy.
Cook, Mrs., care Mrs. Miller.
Corrigan, P.
Collins, J. F., from Harriman, Tenn.
Crazier, S. J.
Crompter, Dr. A. G.

Davies, James.
Denholm, James, of Warton.
Dennis, S. D., from Nixon, Ont.
Donohue, Jas., 41 Leeming st.
Donnelly, Chas. A.

Ealy, Mrs. Wilbur C.
Elliott, W. W., B. A.
Evans, Geo.
Evans, Mrs. W. H.
Evans, William.
Evans, W. E.

Fugler, Charles.
Gale, R. M.
Gardner, Kate.
Gall, T. H.
Garry, James.
Gerstowich, Jacob.
Goddard, Miss G.
Goddard, William.
Goddard, M. E., M. D.
Grant, Charles.
Graham, Percy C.
Greatest, Miss E.
Gray, Mrs. John.
Gusterson, Wm., 132 Picton e.

Harper, J. E., 90 Charlton w.
Haltan, Lulu.
Hall, Mrs.
Hardy, Dr. J. W. (2).
Hanna, Mrs. Margaret.
Hamilton, Joseph.
Hay, Joseph.
Hamilton, Lawrence.
Hartwell, G. T.
Harper, J. F., 90 Charlton ave. w.
Hartle, Levi B.
Hartwell, G. T.
Heron, Miss Lizzie.
Holm, J.
Holmes, J. J.
Hornung, Geo., 48 Marguerite st.
Kitchinson, Henry

Jewell, Lena M., c. J. M. Kean.
Johnson, O. W.
Kellogg, Mrs. L.
Kennard, R. H.
Kennedy, Mrs. J. D.

Lambhead, Jas. E.
Labelle, P. R.
Laing, Thos.
Ladd, C. M.
Lewis, Harry.
Lee, Geo.
Lilly, Fred.
Little, Miss May.
Lobert, R.
Lyne, John, 481 Cannon st. e.

Martin, Peter.
Mercer, R. H.
Middley, Mrs. C. D.
Milne, Miss M.
Moore, Mrs. Wm.
Morden, E., from Toronto.
Morley, H. C.
Mogk, Henry.
Murdock, H. S.
Murray, Lloyd.
McGuire, Mrs. M.
McLeod, Miss Margaret.
W. McKlin.
McMinn, Miss Mae, care of Miss Boyle.
McPherson, P. M.

Newsome, Mrs.
O'Reilly, Jacob T.
Oslen, Bennett, Dry Goods.

Parker, Miss Esther, reg.
Farmer, J.
Paul, Harry.
Petrie, Geo., 59 Cannon st. w.
Penfold, Eddie.
Phillips, Andrew.
Plafon, Harry.
Powell, Wm. R.
Powell, Chaucey.
Preston, Dan.

Quirk, Elizabeth.
Ratcliffe, J. D., plumber.
Reid, Mrs. W. H.
Reid, Mary Ann.
Robson, Mrs. Meta.
Roche, Katie.
Roberts, Annie M.
Ryall, August.
Robinson, Mrs. Avis.

Salter, Anthony, from Chicago.
Schofield, Wm.
Schaub, Louis B.
Simpson, Jack.
Smith, James K.
Smith, R., 216 Hunter st. e.
Smith, G. R.
Spencer, Mary.
Stevenson, Thomas, gardener or mould.

Stewart, Wm. A.
Stroud, R. E.
Taylor, James.
Taylor, W. H.
Taylor, Mrs. A.
Terry, E. C.
Tidern, M. J.
Truman, Mrs. Florence.
Trotter, Miss Sarah.

Watterman, F. F.
Webster, John.
Weldy, A. O.
Weaver, A. B., from Lebanon.
Weeks, W. G., Beach Road.
Webster, J.
Wilson, A. E., grocer.
White, Miss Maggie, care Mrs. Evans.
Wright, Miss Ruth, from Nashville, Tenn.

Young, G.
Young, L.
S. Freeman & Son, of Milton

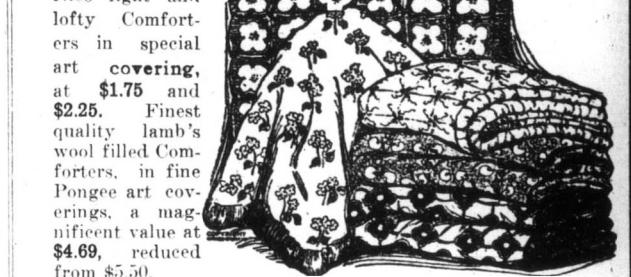
Great Sale of Beds and Beddings Continues

This great RIGHT HOUSE annual event, waited for by many who have proved the quality of our Beddings by that only sure test—wear—continues this week. Saturday, the first day, many people visited this department and made their selections. We have provided liberal quantities of each item advertised, and invite all ladies of Hamilton and vicinity who want good dependable quality in Beds, Springs, Mattresses, Pillows, Blankets, Comforters and White Quilts to take advantage of the exceptional offerings during this sale. See fine window display.

MATTRESSES—Very fine line of Mattresses, in one or two parts, commencing at the Mixed Mattresses at \$3.75 to \$6.00; special all-cotton Felt Mattress, \$7.39, reduced from \$9.50; WATKINS' SPECIAL Javaline Floss Mattress at very special price of \$14.50; and "Ostermoor" Mattress at standard prices.

BLANKETS—An especially complete stock of Blankets, at wide range of prices. Cotton Blankets of largest size and best quality at \$1.29 a pair; reduced from \$1.60. Fine soft unshrinkable Blankets at \$3.28 and \$3.93 a pair according to size. Very fine all-wool Blankets at \$5.29, reduced from \$6.38, at \$6.39, reduced from \$7.38, at \$6.88, reduced from \$8.50, according to size.

COMFORTERS—Nice light and lofty Comforters in special art covering, at \$1.75 and \$2.25. Finest quality lamb's wool filled Comforters, in fine Pongee art coverings, a magnificent value at \$4.69, reduced from \$5.50.



Thomas C. Watkins