

Restigouche,
Gloucester,

EVENTS

Bonaventure,
and Gaspé.

Volume 9

ANSLAW BROS.
Publishers

CAMPBELLTON, N. B., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1907

TERMS:

\$51 Per Year in Advance.

Number 22

GREAT Whitewear Sale AT McKENZIE'S Friday, March 1st, and Following Days.



Our big sale of Whitewear and Under-Muslins will begin Friday morning, 1st inst, at 9 o'clock.

We have prepared for this sale by placing large orders with our manufacturers before the recent heavy advance in price of Cottons, Lawns, Laces and Embroideries. The garments are dainty in style, well made from good materials and guaranteed to be as good or better values than you can buy or order from any other house in Canada.



CORSET COVERS, 25c, 39c, 50c, 60c, 75c, 80c, \$1.00, \$1.50
DRAWERS, 50c, 60c, 75c, 80c, 90c, \$1.00, \$1.10, \$3.50
UNDERSKIRTS, 75c, \$1.00, 80c, \$1.50, \$2.25
GOWNS, 75c, 90c, 80c, \$1.00, \$1.65, \$1.75, \$2.25

Ladies should be on hand and Order Early

Geo. G. McKenzie & Co.
Agents For Standard Patterns

FRASER, FRASER & Co. Oak Hall "GO"



Young Men want Suits with "Go" worked right into them

It takes skill and artistic tailoring to build such suits.

The makers of our clothing understand their business perfectly and we have just the suits young men

DELIGHT TO WEAR

Suits as swell, smart and tony as it is possible to make.

Single and Double Breasted are here. All the correct kinks are noticeable in our

Young Men's Suits.

Reasonable Prices, \$8.50, \$10.00, \$12.50, \$13.50 and \$15.00

SUITS MADE TO YOUR ORDER

We are sole agents for the celebrated FIT REFORM Clothing, best in Canada. 200 Patterns to select from. FIT GUARANTEED always. Leave your order now

FRASER, FRASER & CO

OAK HALL,

Agents for PROGRESS BRAND CLOTHING.

TOWN COUNCIL.

Special Meeting Held on Tuesday Evening.

NEW TOWN MARSHAL

Report of Police Magistrate Showing Fines Collected \$327.50

A meeting of the Town Council was held on Tuesday evening. Present—Couns. Taylor, McLennan, Blackhall, Joudry, Andrew, Vantour and Miller.

Coun. Taylor was appointed to the chair in the absence of the Mayor and Deputy Mayor.

A communication from David K. Cool offering to sell a lot of land on Water St. to town was referred to Public Property and St. Com.

Mr. James Reid, M. P., was appointed to represent the Council at the meeting of the Canadian Association for prevention of Tuberculosis to be held at Ottawa on 18th and 14th March.

The report of Police Magistrate Matheson from Sept. 5 to Feb. 13 was read, showing amount of fines collected \$327.50 and costs amounting to \$27.65.

Coun. Vantour from the Fire Com. reported on the claim of H. R. Murray for loss of furniture and hotel business by fire, recommended that same be not entertained. Report adopted.

Mr. Donald McBeath was appointed a Measurer of Fuel.

Coun. McLennan from the Police and License Com. recommended that Adam Dickinson of Chatham be appointed Town Marshal for Campbellton at a salary of \$55.00 per month, his duties to commence April 1st.

Report was received and adopted Mayor Murray and Couns. Taylor and Blackhall were appointed a committee to prepare draft of bill for presentation to the legislature.

The following report of a committee of the N. B. Board of Underwriters on the Commercial Hotel fire was read and ordered to be filed.

Your committee, in accordance with instructions contained in the Board Minutes of 24th December, 1906, have carefully investigated the various statements made regarding the fire which totally destroyed the "Commercial Hotel" at Campbellton, N. B., on the 10th December, 1906 and report as follows:

1st. That none of the Fire Hydrants were frozen at the time the fire occurred. That they are drained dry at a depth of six feet below ground and are regularly tested during the winter, daily during mild weather and twice daily during severe weather.

2nd. That the report respecting the Fire Department having been obliged to excavate a trench under the line of the Intercolonial Railway, in consequence of the I. C. R. refusing permission to pass the hose over the line.

(Continued on fifth page.)

Your Doctor

Can cure your Cough or Cold, no question about that, but why go to all the trouble and inconvenience of looking him up, and then of having his prescription filled, when you can step into any drug store in Canada and obtain a bottle of SHILOH'S CURE for a quarter.

Why pay two to five dollars when a twenty-five cent bottle of SHILOH will cure you as quickly?

Why not do as hundreds of thousands of Canadians have done for the past thirty-four years: let SHILOH be your doctor whenever a Cough or Cold appears.

SHILOH will cure you, and all druggists back up this statement with a positive guarantee.

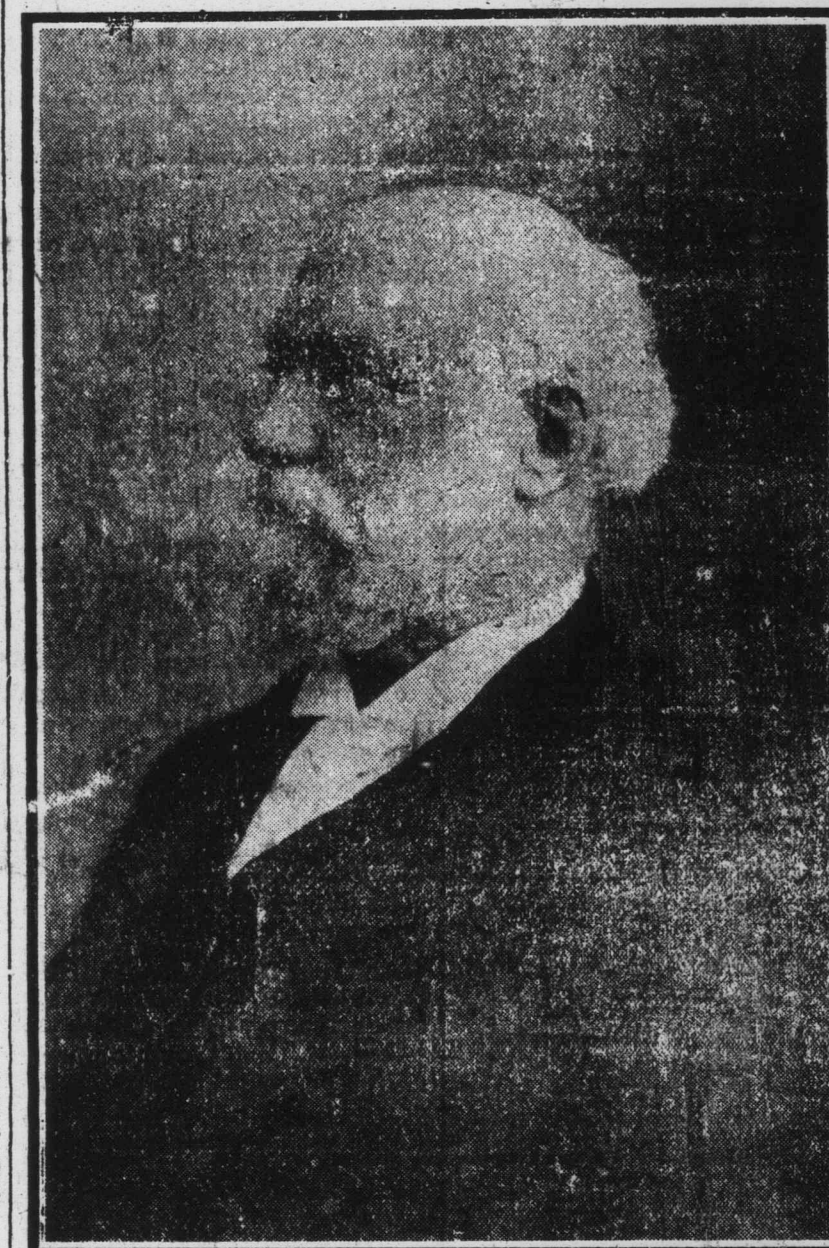
The next time you have a Cough or Cold cure it with

SHILOH

Governor Snowball

Falls Dead in Street.

Veteran Business Man and Prominent Political Leader Goes to His Long Rest.



Hon. Jabez Bunting Snowball

lieutenant-governor of New Brunswick, dropped dead in Fredericton at 6.55 Sunday evening, while on his way to church. He had not been in very good health for some time past, but up to the last he was able to attend to his official and social duties. During the week he attended the forestry convention and at each and every session was a prominent participant.

At the reception on Thursday evening Gov. Snowball, with the members of the government, received the guests at the parliament building and had a happy greeting for every one. Saturday evening his honor gave the usual weekly state dinner at the Queen's Hotel, and those who were present speak of the governor as being in the best of spirits and a most genial host. He seemed apparently in excellent health. Sunday morning he rose at the usual hour and after breakfast walked to the morning service at the Methodist church. That afternoon he rested quietly in his room in the Queen's Hotel. About a quarter to seven in the evening, accompanied by his faithful attendant, Fred McKenzie, he started from the hotel for the cathedral, walking down Queen street, as was his custom, at a brisk walk. When he had reached the corner just above the cathedral, he turned and said that he thought he had walked too rapidly and was not feeling well and that he had better return home.

Mr. McKenzie took his honor's arm and the two turned and proceeded back towards the Queen. Soon the governor collapsed and fell over into Mr. McKenzie's arms. Mr. McKenzie supported him against the snow bank of the road and sent word to the Queen by a boy who happened to be passing for them to send for a doctor. The boy delivered his message to Mr. McCafferty, the latter telephoned Drs. Atheron and McGrath, and Mr. Osman, M. P. P., and John Sullivan of the hotel staff started down at once to assist Mr. McKenzie. With him

they carried the governor up to his room in the Queen.

When the doctors arrived they found life extinct. Death must have followed within five minutes from the time of collapse, a case of heart failure. The governor had been suffering from grippe for the past two weeks, and the physicians said that grippe often resulted in sudden heart failure as in his case.

Premier Tweedie, who was in Chatham, was notified at once, as were the deceased's family and Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Mrs. Snowball and daughter, Miss Lillian, were visiting in Toronto, where his honor proposed joining them in a few days.

The body was taken home by special train on Monday.

On the 5th instant, Hon. J. B. Snowball had completed his five years as governor. He was born in Lunenburg, N. S., on Sept. 24th, 1857, his father being the Rev. John Snowball, Methodist Minister. When quite young his family moved to Newfoundland, where they remained for eleven years. He was educated at Mt. Allison, where he graduated, and in the meantime his father was transferred to Chatham. He continued on last page.

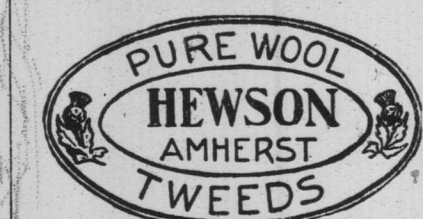
PREMIER'S SPEECH.

At The Forestry Conventing Last Week.

Lumber has been and for a long time must continue to be the principal source of our export trade. Indeed if the hopes of those who are promoting the Forestry Convention are realized, lumber will never cease to be a large source of revenue to New Brunswick. Nearly the whole of our territory was at one time covered with magnificent forests and this attracted the attention of the French Government which required large Pine trees for the masts of its navy. More than two hundred years ago masts were being sent from the St. John River to France for the use of the French Navy and when the country came into the possession of the English, the same business was continued on a still larger scale and the ships that carried the Flag of England all over the world and which fought at Camperdown, the Nile and Trafalgar, were supplied with masts and spars from the forests of New Brunswick. For many years after the foundation of the Province large areas of territory in this province were held as Crown reserves for the supplying of masts to the Navy and many complaints arose in consequence from persons engaged in the lumbering industry who maintained that many of these reserves were improperly closed to the lumberman and the settler.

The lumber trade of this Province was at first confined to the export of pine timber to Great Britain and this trade grew to large proportions after the close of the Napoleonic Wars. As the Crown Lands of the Province were under the control of the British Government until they year 1833, we have no statistics available of the export or production of lumber during the early part of the nineteenth century.

The Custom House was also under the control of the British Government, but in 1821 during the session to the Legislature, a motion was carried in the House of Assembly for an address to the Lieutenant Governor praying that he would be pleased to order to be laid before the house, an account of the entries of all ships and vessels together with an account of all goods, wares and merchandise imported and exported at the different ports of this Province during the past year. At that time there was but one port in New Brunswick, that of St. John, Miramichi, St. Andrew and other ports being merely out-ports. The Government sent in the returns for the years 1819 and 1820 and from this it appears that in 1819, 247,394 tons of pine lumber were exported (Continued on fourth page)



Practically all makers of good clothes in Canada use Hewson Tweeds. Look for the tag that guarantees PURE WOOL.

Bargains in Glassware

We have just received a large assortment of Glassware which while it lasts will be the biggest value for the money, ever offered in town. It includes Sugar bowls, Cream pitchers, Spoon holders, Butter coolers, Pickle dishes, Glass bowls, Spoon trays.

You have your choice for only 10c each. Large half-gallon glass water pitchers, 15c each.

W. H. Marquis & Co