

# MC2465 POOR DOCUMENT

## The Granite Town Greetings

VOL. 6.

ST. GEORGE, N. B., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1910

No. 22

PRESENTS FOR EVERYONE



AT D. BASSEN'S

We have been buying and buying throughout the whole year and giving our best thoughts and attention in order to provide our customers with suitable

PRESENTS FOR XMAS

We have secured everything correct in "Large Quantities and Good Quality" and we now have confidence that we can supply you to the best advantage either in "Novelties or Staples."

We want you to come and we will try and give you the best service given customers.

D. BASSEN'S

Carleton St.,

St. George

WEDDING PRINTING

IS A

SUCCESSFUL SPECIALTY OF OURS

Let Us Show You Samples, and

Quote You Prices.

THE GRANITE TOWN GREETINGS

Meating & Douglas,  
Merchant Tailors  
Clothing Cleaned and Pressed

St. George N. B.

Rooms over Milne, Coutts & Co.'s store

State of Ohio, City of Toledo,

Lucas County,

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Frank J. Cheney, Notary Public.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. Gleason, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by all druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Skidders—I noticed today that Mr. Pneumatic, whose creditors forced him to sell his touring car, is on his feet again.

Starks—How do you know he's on his feet?

Skidders—How? Whr, I saw him riding in his new seven-thousand-dollar auto.—Pack.

Advertise in Greetings.

A Loan Shark King.

Who are the men at the top of the small loan business? Tolman, for instance? Who D. H. Tolman really is, though I have tried persistently to find out. In Chicago I was told "that he lives in grand style somewhere in Brooklyn."

In New York they told me he lived in Chicago. The story is believed that when he travels about to inspect he uses an assumed name. In no case, as far as I can find out, does he emerge personally from obscurity to protect those of his agents who get into trouble. A few months ago E. R. Tolman, a son, appeared in Cincinnati to aid in the defence of Miss Kate Belmonte, local manager for Tolman and was arrested. He described himself as a resident of New York City and 33 years of age.

East June, Miss Julia Landon, Tolman's office manager in Montreal, in the Court of Special Sessions for unscrupulous practices. In a tiff between the Crown Prosecutor and Mr. Lafamme, counsel for Miss Landon, Tolman was mentioned. The Crown Prosecutor said:

"Does he exist?"

"Does he exist?" Mr. Lafamme retorted. "I should say he does. Why, he was here but a short time ago, and was with a few feet of you on St. James street."

"I should like to have known it, because we have a warrant here for his arrest." But Tolman never fell into the hands of the Montreal authorities, though Miss Landon was compelled, at the case, had been carried to the Court of King's Bench in Appeal, to pay a fine of \$500.—J. M. Oskinson, in Courier.

Fisheries Make a new Record

Canada's fisheries have made a new record with a total output of \$29,628,129.

For purposes of comparison it may be stated that the total potato crop of the Dominion for the past year has been valued at \$33,446,000, and the total crop of turnips and other roots made an aggregate of \$21,444,000.

This shows the importance of the fisheries as a source of food.

The aggregate product of the fisheries in value is \$4,178,084 above the total for last year and \$149,607 above the yield of 1905, the greatest previous total.

Last year Nova Scotia led the Provinces with a total of 8,009,338.

Lobsters led the record for the Province with a total value of \$2,154,494, and codfish came next in importance with a total value of \$1,953,000.

The mackerel catch was valued at \$1,930,000, and the herring catch at \$600,000.

British Columbia was second among the Provinces with a total catch of \$6,846,038, and of this the salmon fisheries yielded \$4,287,590.

New Brunswick was third with a total yield of \$4,754,298.

The lobster fisheries were the most important, with a total catch of \$902,575, herring being the next in aggregate with a total of \$823,731.

Ontario made a record of \$2,100,078 with trout, whitefish and herring leading in aggregate amounts.

Quebec had a total catch of \$1,881,817, of which close on half was from the cod fisheries, while Prince Edward Island with a total of \$1,378,624, derived close on a million from lobsters.

The aggregates for the whole Dominion last year showed the salmon fisheries the most important with a total yield of \$4,814,250, the lobster fisheries next with a total of \$4,200,279, the cod fisheries third, their yield being \$3,361,409, and the herring fisheries fourth with a total of \$2,471,963.

The increase in the past year was chiefly in the catch of salmon, which made a total of \$8,204,523, and it has brought British Columbia to the foremost place with a total yield of \$10,314,755.

Nova Scotia is second with a total of \$8,081,111, a slight advance on the previous year.

The report for the past year shows the benefits of the Government's policy of assisting the shipping of fish inland from the coasts.

Canadian fresh fish have almost entirely supplanted American in the Canadian interior markets.

The new record shows that the Government is fully alive to the needs and the importance of this food-producing industry.—Globe.

How to Preserve a Husband

Be careful in your selection; do not choose too young, an

such varieties as have been reared in a good, moral atmosphere.

When once decided upon and selected let the part remain forever set.

Give your entire thought to preparation for domestic use.

Save your stock on keeping them in pickle while others are constantly kept in them in hot water.

Even poor varieties may be made sweet, tender and good by garnishing them with pickled well sweetened with smiles and a word with kisses to taste; then also in a mantle of charity, keep warm with a steady fire of domestic devotion and serve with peaches and cream.

When thus preserved they will keep for years.

What he Didn't Know

A well known United States Senator is credited with this regarding a notorious financier: "He got rather a set back in a talk he had last session with one of his auditors. Money?"

he said, "Bah! There are thousands of ways of making money." Yes, but only one honest way, our man remarked. "What way's that?" "I thought you wouldn't know it," was the reply.—Christian Register.

According to Senor Lopez Leiva, who recently resigned the office of Home Secretary in the cabinet of President Gomez of Cuba to become the representative of the government in the new Land and Mortgage Bank, in Havana, the Cuban sugar crop will probably reach 1,300,000 tons and the planters expect to get an even higher price this year than they received last year.

He added that the tobacco crop was not injured by the recent cyclone that swept over Cuba, as the crop had not yet been plaited. With elections out of the way and good crops coming, Cuba faces the future with confidence.

A forward step for the regulation of corporations has been taken at Washington, President Taft having signed rules drawn up by the Treasury department providing for the publicity of the affairs of these bodies.

It is provided that the return of every corporation shall be open to the inspection of the officials of the Treasury department, with a proviso that under certain conditions officials in all other departments of the government shall have a similar privilege.

The returns are also available to any bona fide stockholder of the corporation whose returns it is desired to inspect on written application to inspect the returns of all companies whose stock is listed on any recognized stock exchange and all corporations whose stock is advertised in the press, or offered to the public by the corporation itself for sale.

The corporations are expected to strongly oppose these rules, but the only chance of setting them aside is through a decision of the Supreme Court declaring the Corporation Tax law unconstitutional in the test suits now pending.—Exchange.

Two young lovers in a good-night embrace in the entrance hall were surprised by the girl's elder sister coming in.

"We were seeing which is the taller," the young man explained in some confusion.

"You are about ten inches taller than Edith," said the sister, "and she is at least ten shades redder than you"—Everybody's.

Well, Siles, did you enjoy your trip to London? What did you find there?

"Why, something 'wuth seein'." The hall place is full o' cabs with cash registers on 'em, an' red flags to show folks it's dangerous to dispute the fare. They call 'em taxiderny cabs, 'cause of you don't mind the drivers. "It jist take the skin off ye."—Tit-Bits.

Old Oak Tree in England

(London Telegraph.)

A correspondent having written to Mr. Harcourt, First Commissioner of Her Majesty's Office of Works, suggesting that for its proper protection a suitable fence should be placed around the famous old oak tree in Hampton Court Park, has received a reply, in which the right honorable gentleman says: This old oak tree, in which you are so anxious to take an interest, is especially under the care of the keepers and the staff of the park, who have strict instructions from Mr. Harcourt as to its preservation and protection."

The tree, which is situated close to the south side of the Long Water, is reputed to be about 1000 years of age, and it is probably the oldest oak tree in England.

Its gigantic trunk two feet from the ground measures about 45 feet around, and being quite hollow offers standing room for about a dozen persons.

The sides, however, are so sturdy as to give support to a number of branches, some of them dead wood but the greater number are still alive, and come into bud every year.

Some time ago a quantity of dried grass and paper was placed in the trunk by it is supposed mischievous boys and set alight with the result that the old oak was nearly destroyed.

Betrayed Themselves

A lady who had but small means, yet always assumed an air of great dignity and grandeur, once invited some distinguished guests to dine at her house.

As she employed neither butler nor footman, she told the groom and gardener to wait at table in order that her friends might think she kept a large establishment.

In spite of his strict injunctions to correct behaviour, the groom unwittingly betrayed his identity in a very amusing manner.

A shape of blanc mange, which he was handling to a lady, happening to oscillate considerably, was the peculiar custom of such dishes—our unwary friend of the stables abruptly startled the company by a loud "whoa!"

The gardener fared no better. He was about to hand some potatoes to Lady X and evidently thought it was necessary to say something when doing so; for, not being acquainted with her ladyship, and having only heard his mistress call her by her Christian name, Sir—he blurted out, after some hesitation, "Gardens, Sarah?"

The utter dismay of the aspiring hostess was a sight never to be forgotten.

Would Bring new Settlers to New Brunswick

A colonization scheme, which, if carried out, will prove of value to the province, has been outlined in a letter to Premier Hazen by Messrs. William Thompson and Company, St. John.

The government is asked to grant to a company that would be formed for the purpose a section of 1,000 acres of crown land in the vicinity of Ormoco.

The company would divide it into farms of fifty acres each, erect farm buildings on each, clear the land and put in the first crop.

To secure settlers they would send a lecturer to Great Britain with moving pictures and ample information regarding the agriculture of the province.

Easy terms of payment would be arranged, the farm work would all be carried on under the supervision of the company's superintendent in order to secure the best results and the settlers would be given the opportunity to hire machinery, etc., at low rates.

It is understood that Messrs. H. and A. Allan are also interested in the project.

Premier Hazen said yesterday that the proposition would be laid before the local government at its next meeting.

A Valuable Discovery

(The Academy, London.)

Time, which discloses much that was hidden, has recently brought to light a map which cannot fail to be of interest to all Englishmen and Americans.

It also brings out into the light another secret of Catharine de' Medici, the great French Queen.

The map was only discovered a few weeks ago, in the Bibliotheque Nationale in Paris, and represents, under date of 1584, the New World, both North and South America, as French colonies.

The happy discoverer is M. Charles de la Ronciere, who explains this forgotten, if ever known page of history as follows:—

"Two French Viceroys had been named to occupy and govern the Americas. Of these Troilus de Magonz, the favorite of the Queen was ordered to retake North America abandoned since the days of Cartier.

In regard to South America, Queen Catharine certainly planned to seize Brazil in the confusion caused by the Portuguese troubles of the time. I think these plans of empire are plainly revealed by three documents which have recently come into our hands.

The first is a map of Brazil belonging to our collection and dedicated to Strozi. Upon it is a mark with this significant explanation on the margin: Here is the best point from which to attract Rio de Janeiro in the rear.

The second is a commission as Lieutenant General given by the Queen to Strozi for the conquest of country which neither the Queen nor the King wish to have named.

The third is an autograph letter of Catharine to Strozi enjoining him to take Brazil after having restored the Azores to Dom Antonio of Portugal.

History relates that Strozi started upon his mission, the secret of which is only now revealed, with a fleet of seventy five sail, but was defeated and killed off the Azores. Magonz was wrecked, and all traces of Queen Catharine's dream of a transatlantic empire would have disappeared but for the tell tale map and other documents, which can now be seen in the archives of the French national library.

Is Female Conscience Waking?

(Haverhill Gazette.)

Society women are reported to be taking up the latest Parisian fad of carrying dolls instead of dogs. Courageous optimists see in this fad the possibility of a return to the old-fashioned popularity of babies.

They argue that, while a doll isn't a baby, it is that when the fad passes away and the women come to their senses the next step will naturally be to substitute a real child, their own or a borrowed one, to fill the gap in their lives.

Why a wholesome minded woman should prefer a dog or a doll to a child passes understanding. It will be a blessed day for this old world when maternity shall again be as exalted as it was in the patriarchal times. Maybe the step from dolls to dolls is the indication of an awakening conscience.

St. Paul's cross, the famous preaching cross which stood beside St. Paul's Cathedral in London for 400 years, until it was torn down by order of the Long Parliament in 1643, is once more restored by private bequest.

A graceful Doric column 23 feet high, is surmounted by a bronze statue of the apostle bearing aloft a cross.

There is also a raised platform which, as in bygone days, there may be outdoor preaching. The old cross was the centre of the stirring life of medieval London. Papal bulls and royal proclamations were read from it, noxious criminals received punishment there, Tyndale's translation of the Bible was burned in front of it, and all the famous preachers of the church up to the time of the civil war between king and Parliament pleaded or thundered from its pulpit.