

## Autumn and Winter Suitings

Our display of Wool Suitings and Dress Fabrics are unsurpassed for quality and variety. Beautiful range of WOOL VELOUR SUITINGS in splendid choice of colors, including Burgundy, purple, plum, brown, taupe, Copen, Russian green, navy, black, etc. BROADCLOTHS of high-grade quality are shown in all the season's favored shades in wide range of prices. GABARDINES, CHEIFFON SERGES, CHEVIOTS and TWEED MIXTURES are displayed in great variety and in immense choice of colors. Samples sent on request.

## Automobile Rugs

An extensive display of fine Wool Reversible Automobile or Traveling Rugs is now being made in great choice of Scottish clan and family tartans, as well as in plain colors with tartan reverse.

## Viyella Flannels

Viyella Flannels are guaranteed absolutely unshrinkable and are unsurpassed for their durable qualities and beautiful soft finish. Displayed in great assortment of plain colors, including khaki. Also great variety of fancy designs in every conceivable shade. Viyella are adaptable for all kinds of ladies' and gents' day and night wear. Samples sent on request.

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

## JOHN CATTO & SON

55 TO 61 KING STREET EAST  
TORONTO

## Ladies and Gentlemen's HATS

of all kinds cleaned, dyed and remodeled. Work excellent. Prices reasonable. NEW YORK HAT WORKS. Phone N. 5165. 566 Yonge St.

## TRIBUNAL EXEMPTS

OTTAWA'S PRODIGY  
Looks Like Man of 23, But is Only Eighteen Years Old.

Special to The Toronto World.  
Ottawa, Nov. 14.—A wonder has been discovered in the office of the Imperial munitions board, where he is doing stenographic and secretarial work. His name is Raymond Dagenais, and the age he gives is 23. He has been a year in his present employment, and he acts and talks like a man of much wider and older experience. His salary is \$110 per month. He was discovered today by one of the tribunals. He doesn't want to fight and he applied for exemption, producing a birth certificate showing he was only 18. Prior to entering the munitions board at 17 he spent nearly three years in prominent lawyers' offices in Ottawa, where he did marvellously fine work. He showed great aptitude for law and was considered a "coming man," even though he was thought to be six years older than he actually was. He told J. F. Orde, C. today that his reason for increasing his age was to get the larger salary.

## STIRRING CALL TO BUY VICTORY LOAN BONDS

Sir Thomas White, Gen. Mewburn, and Capt. Simmonds, U. S. Army, Speak.

Ottawa, Nov. 14.—A magnificent stirring appeal to the citizens of Ottawa to conserve their money and invest in Victory Loan bonds was made to a capacity audience composed of representative citizens at the Russell Theatre last evening by Sir Thomas White, minister of finance, and by Gen. Mewburn, minister of militia, and Capt. Simmonds of the American army. The chair was occupied by J. F. Orde, K.C., and His Excellency the Duke of Devonshire and Sir Wilfrid Laurier were also present.

## WOMAN APPOINTED AS ELECTION CLERK

President of Sarnia Council of Women to Act—First in Canada.

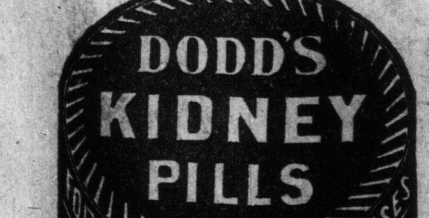
Sarnia, Nov. 14.—Mr. A. Weil, returning officer, has appointed Mrs. T. W. Nisbet, president of the local council of women, as election clerk in the Dominion election. This is probably the first time that a woman has been appointed to a position of this kind in Canada. Mr. Weil has been endeavoring to secure returned soldiers to act as enumerators, but all the returned men appear to have secured positions.

## WASTAGE EXCEEDS RECRUITS.

Ottawa, Nov. 14.—The total wastage of infantry in the Canadian expeditionary force last month exceeded the total number of recruits enlisted by 1888, according to figures given out by the militia department this evening. The total wastage was 3648, being made up of 1017 men discharged in Canada, 1565 returned for discharge and 1066 casualties. The total number of recruits secured for overseas service in the Canadian infantry during October was 1750. Of these 1045 men were recruited in the United States, 693 in Canada and the remaining 12 in England.

## BONNYCASTLE MADE JUDGE.

Ottawa, Nov. 14.—A. L. Bonnycastle of Winnipeg has been appointed county court judge for Dauphin, Man.



## THE WEATHER

Meteorological Office, Toronto, Nov. 14.—(5 p.m.)—The weather remains fine throughout the Dominion and continued mild in the western provinces. Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 25, 50; Vancouver, 38, 44; Calgary, 24, 55; Edmonton, 26, 48; Prince Albert, 30, 46; Medicine Hat, 24, 54; Regina, 20, 57; Saskatoon, 25, 50; Moose Jaw, 20, 57; Winnipeg, 30, 54; Port Arthur, 28, 55; Parry Sound, 24, 42; London, 31, 51; Toronto, 26, 52; Kingston, 25, 42; Ottawa, 28, 50; Montreal, 28, 42; Quebec, 26, 34; St. John, 24, 38; Halifax, 26, 40.

Probabilities.—Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay, Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence—Moderate to fresh westerly to southwesterly winds; fine and mild. Maritime—Moderate west and southwest winds; fine and a little milder. Lake Superior—Moderate to fresh westerly winds; fine and mild. All West—Fine and mild.

## THE BAROMETER.

Time.	Ther.	Bar.	Wind.
8 a.m.	28	29.86	1 W.
11 a.m.	31	29.82	1 W.
2 p.m.	35	29.82	1 W.
4 p.m.	48	29.71	1 W.
9 p.m.	44	29.71	1 W.
Mean of day.	39		
Range of day.	20		
Average, 3 above; highest, 52; lowest, 27.			

## STREET CAR DELAYS

Wednesday, Nov. 14, 1917.  
Queen cars, westbound, delayed 10 minutes at 12:00 p.m. on Queen from Bathurst to Dufferin, by parade.  
King cars delayed 3 minutes at 3:55 p.m. at G. T. R. crossing by train.  
King cars delayed 7 minutes at 5:17 p.m. at King and Spadina, by unloading load of lumber.  
King cars delayed 10 minutes at 12:27 p.m. at G. T. R. crossing, by train.  
King cars delayed 7 minutes at 2:54 p.m. at G. T. R. crossing, by train.  
Bathurst cars delayed 5 minutes at 9:28 p.m. at Front and John, by train.

## RATES FOR NOTICES

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths, per line, 50c.  
Additional words, each 10c.  
Legal Notices to be included in Funeral Announcements.  
In Memoriam Notices, 50c. per line, additional 10c. per line.  
For each additional 4 lines or 10c.  
Cards of Thanks (Business), 1.00.

## BIRTHS.

HOW.—At Wellesley Hospital, Nov. 14, 1917, to Mr. and Mrs. Dickson D. How, 79 Madison avenue, a son.

## DEATHS.

AGGEST.—Killed in action in France on Nov. 6, 1917, Lieut. William Harvey Aggest, Fourth Battalion Canadian Infantry, and formerly of 25th Battery, Sixth Hovitz Battery, C. F. A., age 22 years, eldest son of the late Edward Aggest, of John T. and Harriett A. Aggest, 99 Woodlawn avenue, West Toronto.

CARROLL.—Suddenly, on Wednesday, Nov. 14, Margaret Lowry, wife of the late James Carroll, in her 65th year. Funeral tomorrow, Nov. 15, 9:30 a.m., from 777 Birchmount avenue, to St. Peter's R. C. Church, Interment Mount Hope Cemetery.

ELLWOOD.—At Hospital for Sick Children, after a lingering illness, on Wednesday, Nov. 14, 1917, John Hugh, infant son of John and Dorothy Ellwood, age four months and 22 days. Funeral from D. M. Johnstone & Curry Co. chapel, Thursday, Nov. 15, 3 p.m. Interment St. John's Cemetery, Norway.

HENRY.—At Orangeville on Wednesday, Nov. 14, 1917, Esther Graham, widow of the late Dr. James Henry, in her 78th year. The funeral will take place to Forest Lawn Cemetery on Friday afternoon from her late residence, First avenue, at 3 o'clock.

MINNS.—Nov. 6, 1917, died of wounds in France Lieut. Alan Gurney Minns, age 33 (Third Battalion, First Contingent), youngest and beloved son of W. H. and Mrs. Minns, 15 Lee avenue.

SCHOLEY.—On Tuesday morning, Nov. 13, 1917, at 88 Leuty avenue, George Scholey, aged 71 years, senior member of Scholey Bros., and dearly beloved husband of Jane Kirk, and father of Mrs. Edmund Taylor, Toronto, and Mrs. Nora Mills, New York.

Funeral from above address Thursday, 2:30 p.m. Interment St. James' Cemetery, Toronto.

WATSON.—On Nov. 14, 1917, in his 83rd year, William Watson, the beloved husband of Helena Swinton Watson, died at his late residence, 204 Geoffrey street, to Mount Pleasant Cemetery, (Motors).

CHARGED WITH TAKING CAR.—John Lee, aged 15, giving his address as the Working Boys' Home, Gould and Church streets, was arrested by Policeman Johns (577) last night on a charge of stealing a motor car. Lee and another youth were seen by the constable to step into a motor car standing outside of the city hall, and were starting to drive off up the street, when the officer jumped on the running board and stopped them. They will appear in the morning.

Harper, customs broker, 39 West Wellington st., corner Bay st.

WOMAN DEAD FROM GAS.—Man at Same Address Arrested on Drunkenness Charge.

At a late hour last night Carrie Crowe, 1 George avenue, was found dead in her room, by her landlady, from the effects of inhaling illuminating gas. Policeman Taylor (265) was immediately called in, but his efforts to bring the woman to were unsuccessful. The body was removed to the morgue. A man named Nicholson, of the same address, is under arrest, charged with drunkenness.

King Edward Hotel  
TEA DANCE  
Open From 4 to 5 p.m.  
DAILY  
—AND—  
WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS  
From 10 to 12 p.m.

## COMPLAINED OFTEN TO THE ARCHBISHOP

Letters of Nun, Suing for Assault, Are Read in Court.

## GIVEN NO OFFICE

Sister Basil Completes Evidence and Undergoes Cross-Examination.

Special to The Toronto World.  
Kingston, Ont., Nov. 14.—Sister Mary Basil, who is suing Archbishop Spratt and others for \$25,000 for assault, abduction and false arrest, completed her evidence today and underwent a cross-examination which failed to shatter her story in any material point. Several letters in which she had complained to the archbishop were read in court. Rev. Father Mea, chaplain of St. Mary's-on-the-Lake Orphanage, testified.  
At the morning session Sister Basil, asked how often she had seen Dr. Phelan, who is alleged to have procured her release, replied that she had seen him twice in 13 or 14 years. One of these occasions was about 11 months before the night of the abduction when he had a conversation with her. The other was on the day of the night she was abducted. On her return to the orphanage, following the abduction, the plaintiff said that she sat for five nights in an easy chair in the office, being in fear of her life and liberty. On Oct. 23, 1916, she was persuaded to move to convent of the order at Belleville. Here she was at first treated with great kindness, but later was subjected to a series of persecutions and her letters were tampered with.  
After 14 weeks of persecution the plaintiff left the convent and went to Ottawa, where she threw herself at the feet of the archbishop. He advised her to report to Archbishop Spratt, and under date of May 22, 1917, she wrote his grace notifying him that she had left the convent because of the persecution to which she had been subjected and taken up residence in a private home. On May 25, the archbishop wrote the plaintiff ordering her to return to the convent at once.  
On the same day she wrote his grace, refusing to return to the convent because of the persecution to which she had been subjected.  
Under cross-examination, this completed her testimony, and Lally McCarthy, Toronto, chief counsel for the defence, began his cross-examination. To him the witness denied having any trouble at Brockville, Kingston, Perth and Smith's Falls, where she had been stationed at various times. Asked if she had gone on a hunger strike in the House of Providence, Kingston, she declared emphatically that she had not and had had no difficulty with Father Mea, chaplain, concerning the confession. At Daysland, Alta., she had some trouble over an operation. She returned in the house of Providence, Kingston. She soon said that she had incurred the displeasure of the Mother General. Realizing this, she was being ignored, she asked the archbishop to send her somewhere else, and she was again sent to Smith's Falls.

She then testified of trouble there, and the fact that she was discriminated against in the matter of not being given anything to do. Up to this time she had been a very good friend of Archbishop Spratt, and wrote to him constantly.

On January 15, 1914, she wrote the archbishop asking for a dispensation of her vows because of her unhappiness in the House of Providence in Kingston. The archbishop refused to grant her request and sent her to Smith's Falls. She told him that she did not want to go there, as she was afraid she would be discriminated against.

Plaintiff's Letter Read.  
A number of letters which the plaintiff had written Archbishop Spratt in 1914 and 1915, while she was at Smith's Falls, were read in some of the letters she said that she was in a desperate state of mind, and desired to go away. In one she said she wanted to go out into the world. In March, 1915, she came to Mary's-on-the-Lake Orphanage, and from which she was assaulted and a bridge had been burned.

Asked what she meant by recognition, she replied that she was given no work to do. About the first of November, 1915, she took charge of Father Mea's room. Her duties were to keep his rooms and to get him his meals. Along the first of August, 1916, she was typewriter, her object being to prepare a report which she purposed to send to Rome, regarding combinations at the orphanage. She explained that all reports sent to Rome must be typewritten.

With Tramps and Imbeciles.  
When cross-examination was resumed in the afternoon plaintiff said that during the time she was at the orphanage from November, 1915, to October, 1916, the lady visitors representing the Catholic institutions of the city did not visit the little boys' dormitories or the little underground passage where the boys of school age spent their days.

Tramps and grown up imbeciles were kept at the institution. The older children, she was thrown in contact with them.

Asked if her appeal to Rome, which she made as a result of the authorities here taking no action, had been withdrawn, she replied that it had not. Father Mea was conducting an investigation into conditions at the orphanage.

Interrogated as to whether she still considered herself a member of the order of the Sisters of Charity, the witness, who is still wearing the habit, answered that she considered herself as outside the order and the community.

The witness, when questioned if she had any inkling before the alleged assault and abduction that an effort was to be made to have her declared insane, replied that Father Mea had conveyed a message which she said the archbishop had given him to convey to her to the effect that some day she would be declared insane. The archbishop subsequently denied ever having sent such a message.

Mr. McCarthy said he understood that she had given the sisters at the various houses with which she had been connected considerable trouble, and that it was not an uncommon thing for her to threaten ready to strike for her threats. She said she had never shaken her fist in the face of any sister.

Mr. Tilley, K.C., counsel for the plaintiff, re-examined her. She told him that her complaints had never been investigated.

Father Mea Testifies.  
Father Mea, chaplain of the St. Mary's-on-the-Lake Orphanage, said that when Sister Mary Basil came to the orphanage he noticed in a few days that she was being treated differently from other sisters, in that she had no office nor employment. He took the matter up with the archbishop and his grace promised to consult with the mother general. Sometime later anonymous postcards were being circulated, and the archbishop suspected Sister Mary Basil of being the writer. Witness told Archbishop Spratt that he was convinced of her innocence. His grace was not convinced, however, and said that the cards were evidence of a diseased mind, and told him to tell Sister Mary Basil that she would be placed in an asylum.

Witness conveyed the archbishop's message to the sister, who asked his grace if he sent her a message. Sometime later witness met the archbishop, who asked him why he had told Sister Mary Basil that she would be placed in an asylum. He replied that he did not say that the sister would be placed in an asylum, but that she should be placed there.

"A big difference," was the reply. "Lots of people are in the asylum who are not put there by me."

The witness then passed on to speak of the abduction of the plaintiff from the archbishop's office on Sept. 14, 1916. He heard some one scream "Father Mea," and thinking that some one was being taken to the hospital, and wanted to see him, he rushed to the door in his bathrobe and slippers. To his confusion he found Sister Mary Basil seated in an automobile. Asked why he went to see her, he told that the sister was being taken to an asylum. He replied that she was not insane and that he was taking possession of the sister. The witness then said that he was on his knees in front of the archbishop, and that he was begging him to let her go. Father Mea reminded him that the archbishop was being taken to the hospital.

Despite the witness' protests the automobile was driven to the hospital. He was on route to Montreal. A stop was made at the House of Providence, but the mother general stated that the plaintiff was a lunatic, and must be removed to an asylum. On the way to the hospital the policeman telephoned the archbishop, but his grace replied that he had no objection to the sister being taken to an asylum. He then remarked to the policeman: "They are all getting under my skin. I am better off to get rid of her. The mother general was not anxious to carry out his part of the agreement. He was contented to let the sister being returned to the orphanage."

Shortly after the abduction the archbishop called to the witness and asked him what he meant by interfering with his acts of administration. The witness replied that he was not interfering, but that he was helping him. "This abduction was not one of your acts," he said.

His grace told him that he was injuring his health by his interference. The witness replied that his grace need not try to scare or intimidate him. They both said they would be taking care of their future together.

The archbishop added that Father Mea was a realist, too, that he was injuring his future. "The trouble with you and my friends," the witness told the archbishop, "is that you and they are getting information second-hand, while I am first-hand, being on the ground floor."

The witness said he reminded the archbishop that he had said hands on Sister Mary Basil were liable to excommunication. He told his grace that he ought to be thankful for what he had done, for if Sister Mary Basil had been taken to Montreal and the witness had entered habeas corpus proceedings, as he fully purposed doing, it would have ended most unpleasantly for all those who had been behind the abduction. He told of Sister Mary Basil's removal to the convent at Belleville and said that he had advised her to go there, promising her that if things went amiss, and she found it necessary to enter a civil action he would be on hand to tell the truth and to help her.

Tells of Assault.  
The witness told of having received a letter from the plaintiff, in which she informed him of an assault that had been made on her in the convent. He went down to investigate and found that the sister had not exaggerated the injuries which she had received. Both her eyes were blackened, one being closed. Her jaw was bruised and the teeth attached to a bridge had been loosened.

Cross-examined by Mr. McCarthy, the witness said he had known the plaintiff since 1914 and had always regarded her as a most religious person. She was a woman of strong personality and object to yielding blind obedience. Asked what kind of obedience one should yield, the witness replied: "Rational obedience, not blind obedience."

FAVOR REEVE CORNELL.  
Scarboro Conservatives Will Put His Name Before Convention.

Scarboro Conservatives at a big mass meeting held in the Mammoth Hall in Woburn last night unanimously endorsed the candidature of Reeve J. G. Cornell as candidate for East York in the approaching federal election. Capt. Kane was in the chair, no other name was suggested save that of Mr. Cornell, who has occupied the position of reeve of the township for three or four years and is at present wardens of the county. Mr. Cornell will allow his name to go before the convention on Saturday.

DISCUSS SUB. MENACE.  
Washington, Nov. 14.—Complete exchange of information as to ways of meeting the submarine menace is taking place between Admiral Benson and officers of his staff and members of the British Admiralty at London.

NORTHCLIFFE FOR CABINET?  
London, Nov. 14.—The Globe says that great pressure is being brought on Lord Northcliffe to enter the government at present.

Northcliffe, who is the owner of the British Admiralty at London, is deemed capable of bolstering up.

## BRITISH SEA BROOM SWEEPS BACK FOE

Naval Brush With Patrols—German Boats Scurry to Cover.

Berlin, via London, Nov. 14.—(British Admiralty, per Wireless Press.)—"On the afternoon of Monday," says an official statement, "a short artillery engagement took place off the Flanders coast between German torpedo boats and British advanced patrol forces, as the result of which one enemy destroyer was hit. The German boats returned to port undamaged."

London, Nov. 14.—The British Admiralty comments as follows upon the report of an engagement off Flanders:

"On Monday some German torpedo boat destroyers came under protection of their shore batteries and fired a few rounds at our patrol vessels, none of which were hit. The fire was promptly returned and the German immediately retired under the protection of their shore batteries and our patrol was resumed."

"Incidents of this nature occur daily and in no way interfere with the maintenance and efficacy of our patrol, and they are therefore not reported."

FRENCH RAIDERS TAKE PRISONERS AND GUNS.  
Detachment Also Enters and Denies German Trench and Brings Back Material.

Paris, Nov. 14.—The war office announcement tonight reads: "Artillery actions occurred north of the Aisne, in the region of Valenciennes, and on the right bank of the Meuse, in the sector of Apremont forest. North of Bermy-au-Bac one of our patrols, after an engagement this morning, brought back prisoners and a machine gun. In addition, one of our detachments entered German trenches west of Cornillet and after having explored the positions destroyed sentiers and captured material, returned intact to its own lines."

"An enemy aeroplane was brought down in aerial combat in the region of Dammarie. The two aviators were made prisoner."

DIRECT HIT BY BRITISH ON ENEMY AIRDROME.  
Many Bombs Are Dropped With Effect on German Positions in Belgium.

London, Nov. 14.—An official statement on aerial operations, issued today, says: "On the night of the 13th/14th, our naval aircraft made numerous patrols and there were several engagements with enemy machines. One enemy machine was destroyed and three others were brought down out of control. Many bombs were dropped effectively. One direct hit is reported on the airdrome at Houtvate, (Belgium) airdrome. All our machines returned safely."

ITALIAN LOSSES SMALL.  
Rome, Nov. 14.—Only one small Italian ship of Italian nationality was lost during the week ended Nov. 11, it was officially announced today, as the result of the operations of hostile submarines. The statement reads: "During the week ended Nov. 11 vessels to the number of 384 entered ports and 333 left. The loss of submarines was one sailing vessel of more than 100 tons."

CADORNA DECIDES TO ACT.  
Paris, Nov. 14.—According to the correspondent of The Temps on the Italian frontier, it is now stated that General Cadorna, who was said to have declined the offer to represent Italy on the inter-allied military committee, has yielded to pressure and consented to act as Italy's representative.

TWO FRENCH SHIPS SUNK.  
Paris, Nov. 14.—The loss of French shipping thru mine or submarine for the week ended Nov. 11 was two vessels over 1000 tons, one of which was actually sunk. The previous week, and no vessels under that tonnage. Four unsuccessful attacks were made by submarines.

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