

London Advertiser

HOME EDITION

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THE WEATHER

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WILSON SAYS THAT UNDER PRESENT ORGANIZATION U. S. TROOPS OVERSEAS BY JUNE WILL DOUBLE FIRST PLANS

President Expects Country to Support Him in Opposing the Legislation to Create War Cabinet and Munitions Director.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 23.—(Conf.)—President Wilson today between separate administration leaders, including President Wilson's right against the military committee's bill to create a war cabinet and munitions director, practically decided that reference of the war cabinet measure to the military committee will not be opposed. Thus the initial clash has been averted.

This plan was decided upon, administration spokesmen said, to avoid broadening the schism with the White House and to follow usual procedure of legislation. "Vigorous debate, however, is expected tomorrow if Chairman Chamberlain carries out his intention to reply to the President."

It is understood the President told a number of Democratic senators at the White House last night that he believed the country would support him in his opposition to legislation which would abandon a machine carefully developed since the war began in favor of a new and untried organization taking over many of his own constitutional powers under the proposed war cabinet bill. He advised his visitors that under the present organization the war record of the Government has been one of the great accomplishments, and would result in placing abroad by next June twice the number of Americans originally planned.

Mistakes in a gigantic task, he suggested, were to be expected.

FOE NOW DEMANDS SPECIAL TREATMENT FOR OFFICERS HELD CAPTIVE IN RUSSIA

Threatens to Recall Delegates From Petrograd.

VIENNA MORE CAUTIOUS Not So Sure of Settlement With Ukrainians as Previously.

London, Jan. 23.—Under penalty of recalling the delegations now in Petrograd for discussion of the question of prisoners of war, the Central Powers are demanding preferential treatment for officer prisoners, according to a dispatch from Petrograd.

In the name of the Central Powers, the correspondent states, General Hoffmann of the German delegation made at Petrograd a statement, which was withdrawn unless the Russians refrained from insisting upon the same regimen for officer prisoners of war as for private soldiers.

VIENNA MORE CAUTIOUS. London, Jan. 23.—A much more cautious account of the result of the negotiations between the Central Powers and the Ukraine at Petrograd is contained in an official statement from Vienna received today. The statement says that the well-founded hope of the negotiations leading to an agreement on the basis of a peace treaty.

A German reflection of this view is found in the Berlin Tageblatt, which says the Vienna account of the result of the negotiations with the Ukrainians must be regarded as the final one. The previous statement from Vienna, which was an agreement having been reached, the newspaper points out, does not correspond with the text issued for publication.

COMMISSION CONTINUES. Amsterdam, Jan. 23.—At Petrograd on Monday the Russo-German economic commission continued its discussions, and yesterday work preliminary to further deliberations was referred to a sub-committee, which began its sittings in the afternoon.

The first official deliberations of the Russo-German law commission were held on Monday. This commission considered restoration of diplomatic and consular relations at the end of the war, settlement of questions relating to indemnification and measures for giving effect to treaties which existed before the war, as they concern matters of state. Restoration of treaties relating to individuals is now being dealt with.

BRITISH ENCOUNTER FOE RAIDING PARTIES. London, Jan. 23.—"There were encounters during the night southwest of St. Germain, between our troops and hostile raiding parties and patrols," the war office reports. "Three of our men are missing."

A raid attempted by the enemy against posts south of La Bassée was driven off."

LOC. TEMPERATURES. Following are the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night. The official lowest, 8, was recorded at 11 p.m. today. The highest, 17, last night.

THE WAR SITUATION

With more than 1,000,000 workers on strike and widespread reports of disorders in Austria and Hungary, the situation in the dual monarchy is belated, the censorship having stifled all news. The German censorship also has prohibited German newspapers from telling of the situation in Austria.

Efforts of Austrian statesmen to quiet the hungry people in their demand for peace apparently failed of their purpose, and the censorship, which permitted the promises of the Government's spokesmen to reach the outside world, again has resumed its vigor. The trouble is said to be deep-seated and is a mixture of war weariness, hunger and anti-Germanism. Seemingly the one strong hope of Austrian leaders in quieting the tumult is in the success of the negotiations at Brest-Litovsk with Russia and the Ukraine. The German attitude on occupied territories has balked the conclusion of peace with Russia and the central powers have been unable to agree to a treaty with the Ukraine. A peace with the Ukraine would open the food-producing territory of Little Russia to the Austrians, who have been refused food by Hungary.

Little news has come from Germany on the political situation there, but it is indicated that the Austrian emperor is not so confident that the trouble in his own land may force Emperor William to change his attitude toward the peace negotiations. It is reported that further peace attempts to hold meetings in Germany have been broken up by peace agitators.

The refusal on the part of Germany to give a guarantee of the evacuation of occupied territories is emphasized in a long statement dealing with the peace negotiations at Brest-Litovsk issued through the Bolshevik Telegraph Agency.

The statement speculates on the attitude of the Germans during the negotiations, and adds that the significance of the pour paroles is that it stripped the negotiations of their false pretensions to democratic principles.

On the fighting fronts the situation is unchanged. Small raids and spirited artillery actions are various points are the only activities on the western front. Bulgarian attacks in Macedonia, but in Albania the French have repulsed enemy reconnaissance in the Skumbi Valley.

The British Labor party opens its annual conference at Nottingham today. Labor's attitude toward the carrying on of the war is a peace terms will be discussed. The fact that the party has withdrawn unless the Russians refrained from insisting upon the same regimen for officer prisoners of war as for private soldiers.

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WATER FAMINE IS LATEST DIFFICULTY OF FUEL SITUATION

Anthracite Collieries in Pennsylvania Tied Up.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Jan. 23.—Overhauling the inability of the railroads to move coal quickly northward and in the market, a water famine has tied up several big collieries in Pennsylvania. Thousands of loaded coal cars are stuck in the water, and a dozen other collieries are on the verge of a shutdown for the same reason. The scarcity of water has crippled the production of coal seriously since it is very cold weather. The situation is being gradually cleared.

THE WEATHER

TOMORROW—COLD, SNOWFALLS.

FORECASTS.

Today—Northwest winds; fair and cold. Thursday—Southeast winds; moderately cold, with light local snowfalls. Temperatures.

The following are the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:

Station	High	Low	Weather
Victoria	50	42	Cloudy
Calgary	40	16	Clear
Winnipeg	30	10	Clear
Port Arthur	30	10	Clear
Perry Sound	20	8	Fair
Port Stanley	20	8	Clear
Buffalo	10	10	Clear
Toronto	20	10	Clear
Kingston	20	10	Clear
Ottawa	20	10	Clear
Quebec	20	10	Clear
Moncton	20	10	Clear
Halifax	20	10	Clear

The disturbance which was on the middle Atlantic coast yesterday has moved quickly northward and is now centered near Sable Island. The weather continues cold everywhere east of Saskatchewan and mild to the westward in Alberta, where a warm chinook is blowing. A light but general snowfall has occurred in the Maritime Provinces.

SOME RAILWAYS TO CARRY ONLY FOOD, FUEL AND MUNITIONS NOW

Embargo Put On All Other Kinds of Freight Temporarily.

McADOO TAKES ACTION

Shortage of Fuel Still Acute and Snows Hold Up Traffic.

Washington, Jan. 23.—An embargo on all freight except food, fuel and war munitions, on the Pennsylvania lines east of Pittsburgh, Baltimore and Ohio, east of the Ohio River, and the Philadelphia and Reading, was authorized today by Director General McAdoo.

The action was taken on the recommendation of H. Smith, assistant director general in charge of transportation in the east. No reference was made to the recommendation for an embargo submitted last night by Fuel Administrator Garfield. The embargo is temporary, and is expected to last only a few days.

United States industries, idle for the past five days under the fuel administration's closing order, resumed operations today in the face of a congested transportation system east of the Mississippi, threatening daily to become worse from adverse war conditions.

Despite reports at the office of the fuel administration that ships were being bunkered more rapidly than last week, and coal was coming in larger quantities to domestic consumers, the necessity of quick dealing with the transportation system was emphasized by descriptions of the weather conditions. Heavy snows yesterday throughout New York, New England, Pennsylvania and West Virginia made traffic extremely slow and cut the supply of coal to mines far below normal. Bunkering, too, was hampered by cold weather.

SHORTAGE STILL ACUTE. New York, Jan. 23.—New York's main fuel supply, the coal, is still in a state of emergency. The fuel administration resumed operations today, with the coal shortage still acute.

The saving of fuel resulting from the closing order has been virtually nullified by the weather conditions. The cause of severe weather and storms that prevented the normal supply of coal from reaching the city. The day's fall of snow, which almost proscribed fuel transportation, was a direct result of the weather conditions.

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English Butchers Beginning To Sell Horse Flesh Now

Harrow Man Killing 100 Head for First Week.

London, Jan. 23.—At a meeting of the butchers of Harrow yesterday one of the number said that the situation was becoming so serious that the authorities had asked him to start slaughtering horses. He said that he was beginning to do so this week with a hundred head. Horse meat, he said, would perhaps not be very palatable to some, but it had to come.

NO POLITICS IN THE SHERBROOKE MAYORALTY

Sherbrooke, Jan. 23.—Chas. D. White, K. C., has been elected mayor of Sherbrooke by acclamation.

Referring to Mr. White's election at a meeting of the Sherbrooke city council last night, Ald. Edwards pointed out that this was a case where an English-speaking candidate and a Unionist had been chosen by a community three-parts French and Liberal, an indication of the broad-minded nature of the people.

AN ENEMY DEAD

Her Mercedes Suspected of Heading Teuton Spy System on River.

Paris, Jan. 23.—The death is announced of a German spy system on the Rhine. The spy system was headed by a woman, who was charged by the French press with heading the spy system on the Rhine. The spy system was headed by a woman, who was charged by the French press with heading the spy system on the Rhine.

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HOOKED AT LAST!



CLARE DELEGATE TO IRISH CONVENTION NO LONGER IS MEMBER

Edward Lysaght Has Handled In Resignation.

WHAT IS CARSON'S PLAN? Some Believe He Will Work For An Immediate Settlement.

London, Jan. 23.—Edward Lysaght, representative of County Clare in the Irish convention, has resigned his membership in the convention. He was one of the Government's nominees.

CARSON'S PLANS. London, Jan. 23.—The Daily News, which always has been an extreme opponent politically of Sir Edward Carson, mentions a statement from its Dublin correspondent confirming the suggestion that Sir Edward resigned his membership in the convention. The suggestion was that Sir Edward resigned his membership in the convention.

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FUEL EXPERT STATES CANADA'S PEAT WILL WARM NATION'S SHINS

FOURTEEN BOGS WILL SUPPLY 26,000,000 TONS OF FUEL.

LOOKS FOR COAL FAMINE

SITUATION MAY FORCE U. S. TO KEEP HER FUEL AT HOME.

Montreal, Jan. 23.—Warning that Canada may face a fuel famine in the near future was given by R. F. Haanel, chief of the division of fuels and testing, department of mines, in a paper read today at the annual convention of the Canadian Society of Civil Engineers.

He pointed out the possibility of a situation arising which may cause the United States to keep her fuel within her own country, and such an emergency might come before long, he said.

Haanel explained the belief that Canada need not be dependent upon the United States for its fuel, as there are large peat reserves in this country which can be developed satisfactorily. He said the principal fuel resources of the dominion are bituminous and anthracite coal, lignite and peat. The coal is in the extreme east and west, and large fields of lignite and peat are in Alberta and Saskatchewan.

He claimed that peat could be economically converted into fuel, and even bogs conveniently situated to Toronto and seven near Montreal, could be made to supply 25,000,000 to 28,000,000 tons of fuel.

It was agreed that a committee of engineers should study the development of Canada's water power.

BRITISH LABOR PREPARED TO FIGHT ON IF GERMANY DOES NOT ACCEPT ALLIES' TERMS

OVER 700 LIVES LOST BY SINKING OF TWO VESSELS BY ENEMY CRAFT

Announcement of Disaster Is Announced in House of Commons Today.

HAPPENED 3 WEEKS AGO

Mediterranean Was Scene of This Loss Involving So Many Lives.

London, Jan. 23.—By the sinking of two steamers by the enemy in the Mediterranean about three weeks ago, 718 lives were lost. It was announced today.

The announcement was made in the Commons by Thomas J. McNamara, financial secretary of the Admiralty.

Mr. McNamara's announcement gave the first news received here of any heavy loss of life in recent dispatch from the Mediterranean. A dispatch from Tokyo on January 4 showed that an attempt had been made by hostile submarines to attack British transports, conveyed by Japanese warships in the Mediterranean on December 30. The Japanese admiralty announcement stated that the submarines were reported to have sunk the warships were not damaged.

WOMAN AND CHILD BURNED TO DEATH; HUSBAND SEES THEM

Tragedy at Ford City Occurred This Morning.

RESCUE EFFORT FAILS

Fred Priestman Tries to Carry Wife and Son Down Stairs.

Vienna, Jan. 23.—Via Amsterdam.—The newspapers of Vienna reported today that a woman and her three-year-old son were burned to death under tragic circumstances in their home on Ottawastreet, Ford City, this morning.

Priestman, 31, the gas furnace shortly after 8 o'clock and was returning upstairs when a sharp explosion occurred. He rushed to the bedroom, where his wife and son were sleeping, and attempted to carry them downstairs. He rushed to the bedroom, where his wife and son were sleeping, and attempted to carry them downstairs.

Priestman is now in Hotel Dieu hospital suffering severely from shock and injuries.

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WORKMAN STARTED STRIKE

IN AUSTRIA, ACCORDING TO A DISPATCH FROM VIENNA, PRINTED IN THE VOSSISCHE ZEITUNG OF BERLIN, WAS A STRIKE OF WORKMEN NAMED SCHREIFELDER, WHO INDUCED A COUPLE OF HUNDRED OF HIS COMPANIES AT THE DAIMLER MOTOR WORKS IN WEINER-NEUSTADT, 13 MILES SOUTH OF VIENNA, TO WALK OUT.

The strike spread rapidly, and on Thursday of last week all the munition works and factories were forced to close. Hundreds of thousands of persons gathered in the streets. No zones were rung and no banners were flown, the dispatch says, threats, grumbles and demands only being heard. The tradespeople joined in the strike and all shops were closed. The printing of newspapers was stopped, and Vienna was without a newspaper for three days.

The Berlin Vorwaerts, which recently contained interesting news and leading articles on the situation in Austria, has been suppressed for three days, according to a dispatch from Copenhagen to the Exchange Telegraph Company.

BRANTFORD PEOPLE STORM COAL OFFICE

But Many of Them Have Coal in Bins.

Brantford, Jan. 23.—Again this morning 300 people, nearly all women, stormed the civic coal distributing office. When appealed to by Chairman H. J. Spence to go home if they had enough to carry them over three or four days, only 20 per cent remained, and these will be given the necessary orders after the police have searched their bins to make sure that they have no hidden supply.

President Purdy Makes Declaration at Opening of Nottingham Conference — Peace With Germans Occupying Foreign Territory Would Be Victory For Foe.

RUSSIAN REVOLUTION IS WELCOMED

And British Government Censured for Failing to Realize Its Real Meaning and to Greet It More Warmly and Enthusiastically.

Nottingham, England, Jan. 23.—At the opening today of the annual labor conference, Frank Purdy, the president, said that if Germany would not accept the terms President Wilson, Premier Lloyd George and the Labor party had laid down as the minimum, "we must fight on."

President Purdy said that, in view of the declarations of Premier Lloyd George and President Wilson, Germany could claim no longer that she was fighting a defensive war.

"We see no signs yet," he added, "that Germany and her allies are willing to accept the principles enunciated by Mr. Lloyd George, Mr. Wilson and the Labor party."

Other Peace, Defeat.

Mr. Purdy said peace by negotiation which Germany was occupying territory of other countries would be a victory for Germany.

The conference is larger in point of membership than its predecessors. It is attended by 800 delegates representing nearly 2,500,000 members of trades unions. The atmosphere was generally optimistic, as it was realized that the issues to be raised would have far-reaching effect on the future of the party. The climax was expected to be reached on a vote as to whether the labor members would be called upon to leave the cabinet.

Peace Must Be Lasting. "Peace, when it comes, must be a general peace, a just peace, a lasting peace that will secure liberty and freedom for all nations, great and small; it is based on the principle of self-determination," said Mr. Purdy. "It must be a peace in which labor, nationally and internationally, must play its part in order to secure full and fair consideration of its claims."

"We appreciate the lofty ideals which induced the United States to join the Allies."

WELCOME RUSSIA REVOLUTION. Whatever might be the view of the Labor representatives as to the effect the Russian revolution had exerted on the course of the war, the president said, they welcomed it heartily because it had released the Russian people from the yoke of the Czar.

"If our responsible Government and its allies had endeavored to appreciate the meaning of the revolution, the Russian revolution would not have been so lukewarm toward that great event."

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PASSENGERS WARNED TO KEEP AWAY FROM NIEUW AMSTERDAM

Liner Believed To Be Made Object of Torpedo.

London, Jan. 23.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from The Hague says it is reported that some of the passengers on board the Holland-America liner Nieuw Amsterdam have received anonymous warnings to sail for the United States on her. The correspondent adds that the warnings are similar to those issued before the Cunard liner Lusitania was sunk.

Advice received from Amsterdam last Saturday credited the Telegram as saying that the Nieuw Amsterdam was still lying at Rotterdam because the German Government had declined to give a guarantee for her safe crossing of the Atlantic to the United States. The steamer had been lying in the harbor at Rotterdam, since January 18 with 2,000 passengers on board, among them thirty Americans, Augustus Phillips, the new Netherlands minister to the United States, intended to make the trip on the liner.

FOE GAINS FOOTING IN FRENCH POSITION

Paris, Jan. 23.—As a result of an independent raid which the Germans made in Belgium, after an intense bombardment, they gained a footing in an advanced position of our first line east of the town of Neupont. The war office announced. "There were spirited artillery actions in the vicinity of Neupont. Elsewhere the night was calm."

RAILWAY REVENUES DROP. Montreal, Jan. 23.—The American railroads' net revenue from operations in November was \$94,850,000, or 22.5 per cent less than in the same month of 1915, according to final monthly tabulations issued yesterday by the interstate commerce commission.

WARDEN ELECTED. Brockville, Jan. 23.—David Dempster, reeve of Front, of Leeds and Lansdowne, was elected warden of Leeds and Grenville yesterday.

HOTEL BURNED

Bengor, Me., Jan. 23.—The Colonial Hotel building was damaged by fire today. The flames started while the guests were at dinner and spread rapidly in all parts of the structure because of poor water pressure.