142 AN ESSAY ON TRADE.

they charged with any fuch Defign. But the Queftion here is, Not what was the View of Makers of these Laws, or what was the End proposed by fuch Establishments, but what is the Tendency of them, as verified by Experience, and how they do operate in Fact? And if it is made to appear, That they are fo destructive in their Confequences, and subversive of our Morals, Liberties, and Commerce, it is but of little Consolation to know, That they were established with a better View; as we are now confidering the Things themsfelves, with their natural Confequences, not the Characters or Defign of their Authors and Projectors.

I WILL only add one Reflection more to what has been faid; viz. That if we would still keep on our Trade at a Foreign Market, we must, at least, be upon an equal Footing with other Nations, as to the Goodness and Cheapnels of what we have to fell; otherwife we cannot expect, That Foreigners would give Us the Preference to their own Lofs. This then being the State of the Cafe, it neceffarily follows, That we must always have an Eye upon the Practice and Proceedings of our Rivals, and take our Measures accordingly, as far as regards this mutual Emulation. If they contrive Ways and Means to render their Manufactures cheaper or better than they did before, fo as to outvie Us; we must strive to outvie

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