

Payments of University Grants were: 1964-65, \$214,000; 1965-66, \$216,000; 1966-67, \$557,000.

The University Grants program was terminated March 31, 1967. Therefore, since that date there has been no federal program for direct support of universities. However, under Part II of the Federal-Provincial Fiscal Arrangements Act 1967, which came into force April 1, 1967, Canada transfers fiscal resources to the provincial governments to assist them in meeting the rising costs of post-secondary (including university) education generally. The extent to which these transferred resources are used by the provinces for the support of universities is, of course, a matter for provincial authorities to decide. The value of these transfers under Part II of the Federal-Provincial Fiscal Arrangements Act, 1967 (consisting of tax abatements of 4 percent of individual income tax and 1 percent of corporation taxable income, and cash adjustment payments) to the government of the Province of Prince Edward Island is estimated at \$1,635,000 for 1967-68 and \$2,049,000 for 1968-69. For 1969-70 it is forecast that this figure will further increase to about \$2.56 million. These estimated and forecast amounts are, of course, subject to adjustment when final audited data are available on post-secondary education operating costs, and final values of tax abatements are calculated. These amounts are not included under the Comprehension Development Plan.

Questions

SASKATCHEWAN—INDUSTRIAL TECHNOLOGY GRANTS

Question No. 1,602—Mr. Burton:

For the fiscal year 1967-68, how many grants were made to plants in Saskatchewan under the Program for the Advancement of Industrial Technology (a) what is the name of each plant receiving a grant (b) what amount of grant was received by each plant?

Hon. Jean-Luc Pepin (Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce): In fiscal year 1967-68, payments were made by the Department of Industry under the program for the Advancement of Industrial Technology to one company in the Province of Saskatchewan. (a) Interprovincial Steel and Pipe Corporation Ltd., Regina, Sask.; (b) \$61,584.

POPULATION AND EMPLOYMENT STATISTICS

Question No. 1,604—Mr. Latulippe:

What was the population of Canada and the number of Canadian Government employees in (a) 1934 (b) 1939 (c) 1944 (d) 1949 (e) 1954 (f) 1959 (g) 1964 (h) 1969 (or 1968, if figures for 1969 are not available)?

[Translation]

Hon. Jean-Luc Pepin (Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce): The Dominion Bureau of Statistics reports that: The population of Canada and the number of Canadian Government employees for the years specified are as follows:

	Year	Estimated Population	No. of Government Employees as at March 31st		Total
			In Crown Corporations	Under Civil Service Act	
(a)	1934	10,741,000	— ¹	40,469	1
(b)	1939	11,267,000	— ¹	46,106	1
(c)	1944	11,946,000	— ¹	112,658 ²	1
(d)	1949	13,477,000	— ¹	123,924	1
(e)	1954	15,287,000	139,473	171,366	310,839
(f)	1959	17,483,000	131,973 ²	197,909	288,420
(g)	1964	19,290,000	130,760	201,900	332,660
(h)	1968	20,744,000	133,862	235,492	369,354

¹ Prior to 1952 there were no Crown Corporations. Up to and including 1951, statistics included only departmental employees and only those employed under the Civil Service Act. This excluded, in addition to the Armed Forces, members of the R.C.M.P. and most of the prevailing rate and casual employees.

In April 1952, a new statistical series was instituted and included the above-mentioned exclusions except the Armed Forces. At the same time, the DBS publication "Federal Government Employment" (DBS catalogue number 72-004) included Crown Corporation statistics.