

Davos Symposium world-wide forum

Canada will be a featured country at the Davos Symposium, January 26 to February 2, 1984. The Symposium, organized by the European Management Forum (EMF), an independent foundation based in Geneva, is an annual event held in Davos, Switzerland. It attracts the chief executive officers of firms from across the world to meet and discuss the business, economic and political outlook for the current year.

Concurrent with the Symposium, the EMF organizes the informal gathering of world leaders to which representatives of governments and international institutions are invited.

The 1983 Davos Symposium brought together over 500 chief executive officers and public leaders of the highest level from 52 countries. Six prime ministers, 17 ministers of economy and finance, and nearly all the heads of international and regional organizations of economic importance attended.

Approximately 600 chief executive officers, largely from Western Europe but with significant representation from other areas are expected to attend next January's meeting.

The Deputy Prime Minister and Secretary of State for External Affairs Allan J. MacEachen will lead the Canadian delegation to the Davos Symposium in Switzerland.

Sylvia Ostry moves from OECD to External Affairs post

Sylvia Ostry, former chief economist with the Paris-based Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development, has been named Deputy Minister of International Trade and Co-ordinator for International Economic Relations for the Department of External Affairs.

A native of Winnipeg, Manitoba, Mrs. Ostry, before going to Paris three years ago, was both a director and a chairman of the Economic Council of Canada, chief of Statistics Canada and the Deputy Minister of Consumer and Corporate Affairs.



Sylvia Ostry

Canapress

Canadian architect wins Paris opera design



Canapress

Architect Carlos Ott points to a mock-up of the site of the new Paris opera complex.

A design by architect Carlos Ott, a partner in the Toronto firm Neish Owen Rowland and Roy, has been chosen by French President François Mitterrand for a popular opera complex to be built at the historic Place de la Bastille in Paris.

Mr. Ott, who was born in Montevideo, Uruguay, was one of three finalists from 744 projects entered for an international competition. They were picked by President Mitterrand from six semi-finalists chosen by a jury.

The jury had defined Mr. Ott's project as homogeneous and integrating well with the Place de la Bastille. The design includes two major halls, a large rehearsal stage and workshops.

The site of the opera is an old railway

station on the edge of the square. The multi-million-dollar project is expected to start with demolition work next year and be completed in 1988.

Mr. Ott received his undergraduate degree in architecture from the University of Uruguay in 1971; he was awarded a Fulbright Scholarship for post-graduate work at the University of Hawaii in Honolulu.

In 1972, he took a master's degree in architecture and urban design at Washington University in St. Louis, Missouri. He joined the Toronto firm of Moffat Moffat and Kinoshita in 1974, and was appointed project architect in charge of design of the Royal Ontario Museum addition in Toronto.

World-wide seabed search to probe ocean depths

Canada will join five other countries to plan a world-wide search for oil and minerals buried beneath the ocean floors.

A drilling ship equipped to do detailed scientific tests will be outfitted to probe as much as 4.5 kilometres deep into the seabed at sites throughout the world.

Canada has agreed to join the United States, Britain, France, Japan and West Germany in planning the Ocean Drilling Program, the Department of Energy, Mines and Resources has announced. The United States will pay 60 per cent of the costs, with the other countries sharing the

remaining 40 per cent.

In addition, the US National Science Foundation will spend \$28.8 million fitting out the research drill ship. The ship will be larger and more sophisticated than the now-outdated *Glomar Challenger*, which has carried out seafloor studies for many years.

The program will begin next fall in the Caribbean, move north to the Labrador Sea in 1985, then cross the Atlantic and drill in the Mediterranean before moving to the Pacific in late 1985 or early 1986.