scows from Peace River Crossing, a distance of 280 miles, the trip occupying six days. Another party is engaged beyond the northern boundary of Alberta in making settlement surveys at Fort Providence and other points along the great Mackenzie river.

In British Columbia several surveyors are employed in keeping up with the demands for agricultural and timber lands in the fertile valleys and along the forest slopes of the Fraser, the Thompson and the Columbia rivers. These lands lie in what is known as the "railway belt," a strip of land twenty miles on each side of the main line of the Canadian Pacifice Railway.

The far Yukon has not yet ceased to be the land of promise and for some years surveys have been carried on west of Whitehorse for the purpose of connecting the several mining districts. This year these surveys are being continued towards the Klaune district, which is the scene of considerable mining activity. Base lines are being run along many of the creeks in the central portion of the territory where discoveries have been made, hundreds of claims staked and operations in placer mining com-In the Stewart and Mc-Questen valleys a great deal of interest is centred at present and a triangulation survey is being made so that reliable topographical maps of the district may be prepared.

Scattered throughout all the west the surveyors' camp fires serve as beacon lights to settlement and the survey land marks planted over the prairies and far into the northern forests are as welcome sign posts to the traveller and homeseeker. And while there are millions of acres of surveyed territory capable of producing abundant crops and still untouched by the plough, the greatest promise of future expansion undoubtedly lies in the fertile lands over which the surveyor's transit and chain have yet to pass.

PATRIOTIC FUND

Complete statement of contribution of one day's pay to the Canadian Patriotic Fund by the Inside Division of the Civil Service:—

Service:—	T C		
	No. of		
Department. Sig	gnature	s. Amo	unt.
Agriculture	225	\$ 789	2 41
Archives, Public	49	174	4 43
Auditor General's office	92	340	
Civil Service Commis-			
sion staff	12	16	2 70
	12	12	1 10
Conservation Commis-	32	100	10
sion		128	
Customs	276	1,152	
External Affairs	8	38	
Finance	94	288	
Fisheries	31	133	3 71
Governor General's Sec-			
retary's office	8	22	2 15
House of Commons			
staff	106	593	3 28
Indian Affairs	86	327	84
Inland Revenue	60	259	
Insurance	17	72	
Interior	762	2,515	
Justice (incl. Supreme		-,010	
and Exch. Cts.)	49	244	11
Tohour	31	100	
Labour Library of Parliament.	16	78	
Moving of Laffament.	121	443	-
Marine		434	
Militia and Defence	136	459	: 11
Mines and Geological	101	=00	
Survey	191		148
Naval Service	66	204	
Post Office Department.	592	1,517	
Privy Council office	20	101	. 13
Public Printing and			
Stationery	41	153	03
Public Works	282	1,126	86
Railway Commission		arts wat	
staff	73	299	27
Railways and Canals	97	410	
R. N. W. Mounted	PER PER	HETOTO OF	1 38
Police	11	55	97
Secretary of State	55		39
Senate staff	36	172	
	65	234	
Trade and Commerce	00	254	: 01
m-4-1-	2 740	A10 405	05
Totals	5,740	\$13,435	07

Of the above amount \$436.54 was contributed by 219 temporary employees.

WALTER TODD, Ex-Secretary Civil Service Association of Ottawa.

January 4th, 1915.

"Been to the theatre this week?"
"Yes." "What did you see?" "A
black velvet bow, some tortoiseshell combs,
a couple of plumes, a chiffon knot, and a
stuffed bird about the size of a hen!"