223. Wilsonia canadensis, Canadian Warbler. A moderately common migrant and breeder. In Dow's Swamp it may be found all summer. Places like that are its characteristic habitat. Extreme dates: May 12th to September 10th.

224. Setophaga ruticilla, Redstart. A common migrant and summer resident. It often builds its nest in vines and bushes on and near houses, or e.g., in bushes along "Lovers' Walk," Parliament Hill. They first come May 5th, and the last usually depart before September 10th, but in the extraordinary mild fall of 1909, some were seen as late as October 9th (G. White).

## MOTACILLIDÆ-WAGTAILS.

225. Anthus rubescens, Pipit. A migrant to and from the Hudson Bay and Arctic regions. It passes through about May 14th, and again from September 28th to about October 7th, and probably later. As it frequents plowed fields, walking leisurely and not flushing readily, it may by reason of its neutral tints easily be overlooked.

## MIMIDÆ-THRASHERS, MOCKINGBIRDS, ETC.

226. Dumetella carolinensis, Catbird. A common summer resident. It stays from May 3rd to October 7th.

<sup>227.</sup> Toxostoma rufum, Brown Thrasher. A moderately common summer resident, one that is evidently on the increase, as in 1909 pairs of them could be seen in places where formerly none were seen. Formerly one to two pairs nested on the Experimental Farm, now five to six. It arrives about April 27th and is last seen September 13th. It is one of our finest singers.

## TROGLODYTIDÆ-WRENS.

22°. Troglodytes aedon, House Wren. A very common summer resident. Its nests are placed in cavities in posts and trees, and in boxes in yards of houses put out for it, and is prospering and increasing. It arrives about May 1st (earliest April 21st, 1897), and the last are seen October 16th.

229. Nannus hiemalis, Winter Wren. A moderately common summer resident. Its habitat is the northern silent, moist coniferous forest. There its song, like a long silver thread entwining the dark green foliage of the trees, may be heard to best advantage, especially early in the morning and in the evening. In certain spots in the Beaver Meadow a few pairs breed, also in the woods east of the Rifle Range. Time: March 26th to October 18th.

230. Cistothorus stellaris, Short-billed Marsh Wren. This species, once put on our list, and then removed again, certainly belongs there. It was first found by Mr. F. A. Saunders on June 17th, 1898. On June 16th, 1905, one was taken in the