

Guelph Evening Mercury.

VOL. 1. NO. 50.

GUELPH, ON., CANADA, TUESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 17, 1867.

PRICE ONE PENNY.

\$20. STAR \$100.
SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE.
Patented May, 1867.

THE Star Shuttle Sewing Machine makes a stitch alike on both sides of material sewed, which will not rip or ravel. Does all kinds of work equally as well as Singer's high-priced machine. Combines simplicity with durability, and is warranted for five years. It is suited alike for the dressmaker, tailor, manufacturer or family.—Mr. J. SPAFFORD having been appointed General Agent for Ontario, wishes to engage a few good local and travelling agents, to whom good inducements will be offered. For machine, sample of work, or terms, address
J. E. SPAFFORD,
Ponsonby P. O.
Reference—Rev. E. A. Healy, Stratford P. O., or Box 450, Toronto.
Stratford, 3rd September, 1867. (4)

MONTREAL
OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO'Y.
1867  1867
GUELPH AGENCY.
Steam to Liverpool, London and Glasgow.

The Steamer HUNGARIAN leaves Quebec for Liverpool, and ST. PATRICK for Glasgow, on the 14th September.
Tickets to and from the Old Country, Passage Certificates to bring friends out, Return Tickets good for six months, issued at reduced rates. State Rooms secured, and every information given on application. Insurance Policies for the voyage issued at the low rate of \$1 per 1,000 up to 10,000.
Apply to
GEORGE A. OXNARD,
Agent, G. T. R., Guelph.
Guelph, Aug. 28, 1867. dw

JAPANESE DUST
THE only effectual preparation for exterminating Moths, Bugs, Fleas, Cockroaches, &c.
Prepared by WALLS, CLOSE & CO
London, England.
For sale by
N. HIGINBOTHAM,
Medical Hall

CONDY'S PATENT
DISINFECTING FLUID.
THE safest and best disinfectant ever discovered, much superior to the chlorides of Lime and Soda. In bottles, with full directions.
For sale by
N. HIGINBOTHAM,
Medical Hall

A CHOICE LOT OF
DYE STUFFS!
INCLUDING Indigo, Madder, Extract of Log-wood, Cudbear, Fustic, Sumar, Quercitron, Brazil, Peachwood, &c. Also, a complete assortment of the "ANILINE DYES," of every shape in liquid form to suit purchasers.
N. HIGINBOTHAM,
Medical Hall, Guelph.
Guelph, 27th July, 1867. d

Extensive Sale!
EXTENSIVE SALE OF
Valuable Thorough-bred
Leicester and
SOUTHDOWN SHEEP
ESSEX PIGS, ETC.
THE subscribers will offer for sale on the Market Ground, Guelph,
On WEDNESDAY, 2nd OCTOBER
(On the first day of the South Riding Fall Show), the following Thorough-bred Leicester and Southdown Sheep:
LEICESTERS.—Twenty Ewes, various ages, some imported; 15 Ram Lambs, 15 Ewe Lambs—all pure-bred Stock.
SOUTHDOWNS.—Six Ewes, 6 Sharrling Rams and 8 Ewe Lambs, and an aged Ram. All the Sharrlings and Lambs are from imported stock, and the Ewes from Stock imported by Mr. Daniel Tye, Wilmet.
GALLOWAY STOCK.—Will be sold at the same time, if not previously disposed of, five pure-bred Galloway Bull Calves.
ESSEX PIGS.—Also, will be offered for sale at the same time five pure-bred Essex Pigs.
Sale to commence at 1 o'clock
TERMS.—Sums of \$10 and under cash; over that amount, twelve months' credit will be given on approved endorsed notes if required.
THOMAS MCGRAE,
JAMES ANDERSON.
Guelph, 5th September, 1867. (36-41)
Herald opp.

Tenders Wanted.
SEALED Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned, Wyndham Street, Guelph, up to 5 o'clock p. m.,
Saturday, 21st Sept., 1867.
From parties wishing to rent the Tolls, Houses and Gates on the following Roads in the County of Wellington, viz:
1st.—The Tolls, &c., on the Elora Road, in the Town of Guelph.
2nd.—The Tolls, &c., on the Ermosa and Erin Road, in the Township of Guelph.
3rd.—The Tolls, &c., on the Dundas Road, next the Town of Guelph.
4th.—The Tolls, &c., on the Dundas Road, near the Village of Morrison.
The Tenders for the Tolls on the Elora Road and on the Erin and Ermosa Road, will be opened at the office of the undersigned on SATURDAY, the 21st SEPTEMBER, inst., at 5 o'clock, p. m.
The Tenders for the Tolls on the Dundas Road will be opened at Fleming's Hotel, Aberfoyle, on Monday, the 23rd day of September instant, at 2 o'clock, p. m.
The parties whose tenders are accepted will be required to sign a bond with two Freeholders as sureties on the day of letting.
By order of the Wellington County Council.
THOS. W. COOPER,
County Road Superintendent.
Guelph, Sept. 3, 1867. 722-td

CHOICE WINES
Evening Mercury.

Cosen's Pale Sherries,
Cosen's Brown Sherries,
Domecq's Pale and Brown Sherries.
OFFLEY'S OLD PORTS,
GRAHAM'S OLD PORT.

THESE Wines were imported direct, and intended specially for our retail trade, and will be found superior to any others offered here.
VERY CHOICE CLARET.
CLARET, a few cases of very choice.
do 200 cases in nice order, from \$3.50 to \$4.

ALE AND PORTER!
100 cases Guinness' Porter, Bottled by R. & J. Burke, Dublin.
100 cases Guinness' Porter, Bottled by Blood, Wolfe & Co., Liverpool.
One Hundred Barrels BASS' PALE ALE.

FRESH TEAS. FRESH TEAS.
IMPORTING as we do all our Teas direct, and from the great quantity which passes through our hands, ours are pre-eminently the **Choicest in Flavor and Strength,** and the Cheapest in Ontario.
J. MASSIE & CO.
Guelph, 19th August, 1867. dw

THE RUSSELL WATCH!
A FEW REASONS THAT MAKE IT SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS.

1st.—It proves itself a reliable time-keeper beyond all question.
2nd.—The RUSSELL WATCH being made on correct and scientific principles, it must follow as a natural consequence that it will keep time.
3rd.—Each part of which the RUSSELL WATCH is composed is a reflex of the perfect machine by which, under skilful direction, it is produced.
4th.—Truth is the essential of each part.
5th.—Uniformity and conformity must therefore characterize the several parts in fulfilling the purpose for which they are made and brought together.
6th.—Reproduction, as regards watch work, is simply an application of the principle that "things which are equal to the same things are equal to one another," and if there is any merit, the RUSSELL WATCH possesses that merit to a demonstration.
7th.—The greatest variety of price, quality and size, that confidence and perfection will admit, attended by the RUSSELL WATCH.
8th.—The RUSSELL WATCH stands pre-eminently above all competitors for public favor and patronage.
9th.—Proofs of the foregoing—the universal testimony of all Watchmakers who have sold, and the positive statements of the thousands in Europe, the United States and Canada, who have worn the RUSSELL WATCH.

TESTIMONIAL.
To Robert Cuthbert, Watchmaker, Wyndham Street, Guelph.
If Society was as perfect in its organization, and was as obedient to the dictates of truth as the RUSSELL WATCH I bought from you is in indicating time, evil would be swallowed up in good, and happiness would become monotonous.
G. RENNIE, Guelph.

IMPORTANT!
ROBERT CUTHBERT,
WATCHMAKER, WYNDHAM-ST., GUELPH,
has always on hand a large variety of the celebrated RUSSELL WATCHES. His stock of Clocks, Jewellery and Fancy Goods will be found equally large and attractive.
Guelph, 20th July, 1867. dw-ff

BRITANNIA HOUSE
WYNDHAM STREET, GUELPH.

SPRING & SUMMER IMPORTATIONS!
JUST OPENED AT

HEFFERNAN BROTHERS'
Staple and Fancy DRY GOODS,
The Best Assortment, and Cheapest in Guelph.
HEFFERNAN BROTHERS,
Guelph, April 25, 1867.
Britannia House, Wyndham Street.

No. 2, DAY'S BLOCK.
Just Received, a large and Choice Stock of the Best

GROCERIES,
CROCKERY, and
GLASSWARE,
which we are offering Cheap.
TO HOTEL KEEPERS!
Hotel Keepers would do well to call and examine our LIQUORS AND CIGARS before purchasing elsewhere.
E. CARROLL & CO.
Guelph, 5th August, 1867. dw

Apprentice Wanted.
COW STRAYED.

Local News.
TUESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 17.

TEMPERANCE RE-UNION.—The re-union of the Temperance Society, held last night, was very successful. The new Hall was tastefully decorated and was filled to repletion. The choir performed their part well, and the speakers urged with all the eloquence imparted by earnestness the evils of intemperance and the advantages physical and spiritual of leading a life of sobriety. Mr. Ferguson's recitations were given with effect, and in a manner which proved that he understood the rules of elocution. Mr. Brown's songs were well rendered; the singing of the Misses Kribs was highly satisfactory; Miss Knowles' musical voice warbled with charming sweetness; and as for Miss Fraser, it has only to be announced that she was present and we can all imagine her reception. After she had sung in the first part the "Wandering Refugee," an encore brought her out again, and she gave with thrilling pathos the "Drunkard's Ragged Woe."—Guelph has reason to be proud of the musical talent it contains. Perhaps it would be difficult to find a town of the same size containing so many ladies possessed of first class vocal powers. As we have already remarked at the outset the re-union was most successful—highly satisfactory to the members of the society, as well as to all others who attended it.

Town Council.
The Council met on Monday night. Present the Mayor in the chair, Dr. Herod, Messrs. Heffernan, Peterson, Day, Massie, Sayers, Chadwick, Mays, Mitchell, Harvey, and Melvin.
The Clerk read the minutes of former meeting which were approved.
The Clerk read a communication from Sheriff Grange, stating that Mr. Couch had purchased from him at public sale one acre of lot, part 2, Woolwich-st., in McTague's Survey, which he was unable to describe according to law, and for which the sum of \$60.79 had been paid. Mr. Couch in consequence wanted his money refunded, with ten per cent. interest thereon. Referred to Finance Committee.
The Clerk read a communication from Mr. W. Reynolds, Deputy Registrar of Wellington, saying that the Inspector of Registry Offices had given instructions that he should make application for a map of the town, and drawing attention to the penalty attached to a refusal. Referred to Finance Committee.
The Mayor said he was in receipt of a letter and a telegram from the Militia Department, enquiring what number of troops the town could accommodate, and what inducements would be held out by the corporation to have them sent here. He had not had an opportunity of calling the members of the Council together, but he had spoken to a few of them, and had returned for answer that five hundred or more soldiers could be accommodated, and that the corporation would pay one half the rent.
Mr. Melvin read a petition from Dennis Coffee, praying for the refunding of \$39.42, with interest, that being the proportion of purchase money paid by him for a lot which the Sheriff had sold by public sale, and could not afterwards describe, and which he had bought together with some other lots on the first of August last. Referred to Finance Committee.
Mr. Melvin read a similar petition from George B. Fraser. The lot was not to be found, and he prayed for the refunding of \$7.57, with interest. Referred to Finance Committee.
Mr. Massie read a petition signed by F. Prest and twenty other ratepayers of the West Ward, praying that a plank side walk might be laid from the northerly corner of lot 744, to Mr. Richard Ainley's block. Referred to Road and Bridge Committee.
Mr. Chadwick read a petition from Mr. Pooley, praying for the privilege of opening a shop for the sale of the offal of beasts slaughtered at his packing house. Referred to Finance Committee.
Mr. Sayers read a petition from Frederick Mayberry, praying for the refunding of \$30.50, the amount he had cost him to get his title to a lot corrected, which lot had been sold by mistake on the first of August, 1866. Referred to Finance Committee.
Mr. Mitchell read the report of the Road and Bridge Committee. In reference to the petition of George Moir and others for a foot-bridge across the Speed at the foot of Norwich-st., they consider it advisable to build a bridge wide enough for a team to cross, and recommend an appropriation of \$100 for that purpose, provided the petitioners subscribe, and pay to the Town Treasurer \$75 to assist in the work. Report adopted.
Mr. Mays called the attention of the Council to the fact that no fence viewers had been appointed for this year.
The Mayor said he might state in addition, that considerable trouble had arisen in consequence of the pound keeper not living near the pound, and the Market House keeper was much annoyed by people who brought animals to impound.
A By-law to appoint a pound-keeper, and fence viewers was read a first and second time, and on motion made and seconded the Council went into Committee of the Whole.—Mr. Melvin in the chair, W. Edwards was appointed pound-keeper, and Evan McDonald, Alexander McDonald and Frank Smith, fence viewers.

Farming in Minnesota—1,700 Acres of Wheat.

A correspondent of the St. Paul Pioneer gives the following interesting account of a visit to an extensive farm in that vicinity:
After a pleasant drive of a few hours we arrived upon the ground, and were cordially received, and very soon taken into the midst of the harvesters. Joining them at the most elevated part of the field, we remained long enough to take a view of the scene before us. And while we are here let me say the land owned by Mr. Dalrymple consists of 2,000 acres, seven hundred and twenty of which are in one field, inclosed with a neat and substantial board fence.
Upon the several farms the proprietor has had erected full sets of substantial buildings of sufficient capacity for one hundred men and about the same number of horses. It is sufficient to say that these are model farms, and all operated on the speciality of wheat raising. It was only last Monday, the 12th August that the machines were put in motion, and the calculation is to have the whole seventeen hundred acres cut by the middle of the coming week, which will be at the rate of one hundred and fifty acres each day. By the 22nd Aug. five thrashers and cleaners will be put to work in the field, where waggons will load for the river depot, and in ten more days from that time this immense yield will be in the bushel and offered at market.
The land upon which this crop was grown is high rolling prairie, and was broken up last year, and the seed sown this spring from the first to the tenth of May. The crop was put up by the implement known as the broad cast-stet sower, a half-dozen of which I saw under cover upon the premises.
This crop has been visited by the neighbors, and their judgement is that there will be from twenty-five to thirty bushels to the acre. Take the lowest estimate and we have, on seventeen hundred acres, forty-two thousand five hundred bushels of wheat, which, at present prices delivered at market, say one dollar and fifty cents per bushel, will amount to the snug sum of sixty-three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.
It is not only safe to say that this is the largest yield of wheat given to any man in the United States this year, but probably the most profitable of any crop produced for the same time in any State.
I am informed by a gentleman on the ground, who knows the value of the property, that at these figures Mr. Dalrymple will not only be reimbursed for the original outlay for land, houses, labor, seed, fences, implements, horses, &c., but will have a clear profit of at least \$20,000.

Labour in New Brunswick.
The New Brunswick correspondent of the Canadian News writes to that paper as follows:—
"By next summer there will be employment for 10,000 labourers within this Province, in consequence of the vast length of railway to be constructed, and able-bodied men coming here and obtaining work as navvies for two or three years, will have the advantage, if they are temperate in their habits, of being able to save enough out of their wages to provide themselves with farms, upon which they can spend the remainder of life in perfect independence. Such men can obtain constant work in one of the healthiest climates in the world at one dollar per day, and upon this a large family can be comfortably supported, and a considerable sum saved. Good land can be obtained at about half a dollar an acre, when purchased for actual settlement, and thus the man who by frugality succeeds in saving the small sum of \$50 can become the absolute owner of 100 acres—a quantity amply sufficient to make an excellent farm. Comfortable habitations can be erected at a very small expense, the materials being found in abundance upon the land itself. There is probably no way in the world in which an industrious, sober man, possessing a little mechanical taste, can so easily and rapidly escape from the contingencies of a laborer's life. Once established in his own homestead, and having accumulated a little live stock, which is very readily done here, he can snap his fingers at bad times, and with the certainty of becoming more and more independent every year. The men that fall in this country are those of dissolute and idle habits, but the orderly and industrious are sure to prosper."

EXCEEDINGLY ARBITRARY.—The Hamilton Times says:—We are informed by a gentleman upon whose veracity we place the utmost reliance, that the Branch Bank of Montreal in this city refuses to take the Government legal tender notes, if they are in the slightest degree torn. The officers of the Bank state that they have been compelled to take this step because the government officials refuse to accept torn notes from the Bank. The effect of this will be that the holder of a torn note will be compelled to lose the amount represented by it or sue for its redemption. We think the conduct of the Bank and Government officials exceedingly arbitrary and unjust.
THE ABYSSINIAN EXPEDITION.—Yesterday, thirteen large and powerful steamers, belonging to Liverpool were ordered for survey, and from the well-known character of these ships there can not be any doubt of their acceptance as transports for the conveyance of troops and stores. The steamers referred to are the Manchester, the Kangaroo and the City of Dublin, belonging to the Liverpool, New York and Philadelphia Steamship Company; the England, the France and the Queen, belonging to the National Steamship Company, if the two latter can be got ready in time; the Peruvian, late of the British and South American line of steamers; the Hayti, the Syden, the Carolina, the Gambia, the Bosphorus, and the Pacific [the last late of the Galway line, now converted into a screw].
The British Government has placed fifteen steamers under survey at Liverpool, with a view to their employment in the transport of troops and material for the proposed Abyssinian expedition. It is believed that five of those vessels have already been chartered.
The Sultan has sent thirteen Arab vessels as a present to the Emperor

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAMS.

Special Despatches to the Evening Mercury.

From New Orleans.
Special to the Guelph Mercury.
New Orleans, Sept. 16th.—Deaths from yellow fever on Saturday and Sunday were 103.

From New York.
Special to Guelph Mercury.
New York, Sept. 16.—The cholera has entirely disappeared. This morning Frederick Schrafhausen, a resident of Yonkers, murdered a girl named Theresa Wisman, and afterwards committed suicide.
New York, Sept. 17.—There have been 35 cases of cholera on Governor's Island among troops this summer, of which 14 have proved fatal. Two attempts at assassination have lately been made in Brooklyn with what are supposed to be air guns.
New York, Sept. 17.—The Herald's Havana correspondence says the filibustering expedition in Havana has proved a swindle on the part of a Mr. Lehman, who, after obtaining a comfortable sum from several Germans, disappeared.

From Havana.
Special to the Guelph Mercury.
Havana, Sept. 16.—A mulatto slave murdered the sister-in-law of the post-master general, and made a savage attack upon and wounded the Postmaster General. Advices from Mexico to the 9th and Vera Cruz to 13th have been received. Admiral Tegethoff asked in the name of humanity for the remains of the late Emperor Maximilian. President Juarez replied he could not deliver the body to Admiral Tegethoff unless he presented the proper official documents for the release. When such documents were shown he would permit the transportation of the body to Austria. Escobedo was well received at Saltillo, and he, together with Diaz and Juarez, are considered candidates for the Presidency of the Mexican republic.

From Milwaukee.
Special to GUELPH MERCURY.
Milwaukee, Sept. 16.—Brown George and running mate beat Butler. Best time 2:20.

From Hayti.
Special to the Guelph Mercury.
Hayti, Sept. 16.—The press protests against President Salnave disbursing \$50,000,000 without the approval of Congress. Import duties have been increased 50 per cent.

From Kansas.
Special to Guelph Mercury.
New York, Sept. 16.—The Times' Kansas special says Indians have broken out into fierce hostilities along the route. Five attacks were made upon stage stations on Friday; several persons killed, and the prairie has been fired for 50 miles by Indians, and other atrocities too numerous to mention by telegraph, have occurred.

Cable News!
OF TO-DAY.

From Great Britain.
Liverpool, Sept. 16.—James Howitt & Co., of this city, have suspended payment. The amount of their liabilities has not yet been ascertained. The firm was largely engaged in American trade.
Dublin, Sept. 16.—James Bird, one of the Fenian leaders who had been concealed in the Island since the last outbreak, was traced to Howth last week and his arrest was quietly effected there to-day by the police.

From Denmark.
Copenhagen, Sept. 16.—Admiral Farragut was entertained at a grand fete given in his honor by the United States minister, Mr. Geo. H. Yeoman. All the Americans in the city, visitors and residents, took part in the festivities. Several members of the royal government and many officers of the Danish navy were present and vied with his countrymen in doing honor to the distinguished guest.

From Holland.
Hague, Sept. 16.—Gardinsee, who was arrested here for forgery, has been examined and the intelligence elicited from him has led to the seizure of many more copies of counterfeit United States notes.

From Germany.
Berlin, Sept. 4.—The selection of a President for the North German Parliament has not yet been made, but it is generally believed that Prof. Simson, who presided over the last Parliament, will be chosen.

From Spain.
Cadiz, Sept. 16.—The U. S. vessels belonging to the Mediterranean squadron, which have been lying in the harbour, sailed to-day from Greece.

From Lisbon.
Lisbon, Sept. 15.—The mail steamer from Rio Janeiro has arrived. She brings intelligence that the South American forces have had some recent advantages over the agaguays. Just before the news reached Lisbon the allies had captured the strong fort of the