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Italian Outposts in Sight of Trieste

ITALIANS LOSING NO TIME
Udine, June 18th—Italian outposts have arrived in sight of Trieste.

OFFICIAL British

London, June 17.—In the Dardanelles on the night of the 15th a party of the enemy, led by a German officer, gallantly attacked our trenches. Fifty dead were counted, including the German officer. On the night of the 12th the enemy attacked and forced us back some thirty yards. At daybreak the vacant trench was enfiladed. The Dublin Fusiliers attacked with the bayonet, and the trench was recaptured, the Turks leaving 200 dead. General French reports German trenches, captured on a mile front, east of Festubert, abandoned during the night owing to a strong enemy counter-attack. The enemy's position was successfully attacked, north of Hooge, and the first line of trenches was captured on 1,000 yards front. Part of the second line was also captured. By noon yesterday 157 prisoners passed to our rear. A German counter-attack was repulsed with heavy losses. The French government report gains in Arras sector at various points; 300 prisoners and several machine guns captured. Important progress has been made in Vosges, and 340 prisoners and much munitions captured. The Italian Government report fierce hostile effort to break through the Carnie front, repulsed at the point of the bayonet.

Lloyd George Arranges Committee To Deal With Munition Matters in Canada and the States

QUESTION RAISED BY McNEILL, UNIONIST

Canadian Firms Object Doing Business Through J. P. Morgan & Co.

London, June 18.—Lloyd George, Minister of Munitions, is arranging to send prominent business men to the United States and Canada to discuss the whole question of American and Canadian contracts for war munitions. The Minister of Munitions made an announcement to this effect in Commons this afternoon in reply to criticism that Canadian manufacturers are required to deal with the Imperial Government through the banking house of J. P. Morgan & Co. Donald McNeill (Unionist) who raised the question, intimated that some Canadian firms refused to transact business through the agency of the United States. He asked whether Lloyd George intended to adhere to this condition, which is resented by manufacturers of British nationality and which hampers and limits the supply of munitions of war. Minister of Munitions informed McNeill that the agency of Morgan and Co. extended only to orders executed in the United States. Orders for the manufacture of certain classes of munitions in Canada were placed through a committee of Canadian manufacturers organized by the Canadian Government. Regarding Canadian firms having refused to transact business through Morgan & Co., Lloyd George says this appears to refer to the proposal made to a Canadian manufacturer whose firm is supplying munitions under orders of the above committee by a group of American firms for production of shells in the United States. This manufacturer declined to negotiate through J. P. Morgan & Co. contracts already placed with the War Office and considered it would be unwise to adopt this plan except with the co-operation of Morgan & Co. I see no reason to dissent from that view.

Tragic Death Of Brave Airman At Buc, France

Paris, June 17.—Warneford, who gained fame recently by blowing to pieces a Zeppelin over Belgium, was killed to-day by a fall from his aeroplane at Buc, France. Warneford was piloting the machine which has as a passenger Henry B. Needham, the American writer, who also was killed. Warneford and Needham fell from a height of 500 feet. The Lieutenant had been spending a few days in Paris, where he came after his Zeppelin exploit to receive the decoration of the Legion of Honor. According to a report received here, the accident resulted from an explosion in mid-air, which caused Warneford to lose control of the machine, which fell crashing to the earth.

Sir T. Shaughnessy's Important Commission

London, June 17.—The Globe says it understands that Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, President of the C.P.R., has consented, at the request of the Imperial Government, to take up a responsible position in connection with the purchase of munitions from Canada. The Globe connects Shaughnessy with Lloyd George's announcement in the Commons this afternoon that he was sending a business man to the United States and Canada to deal with the question.

Working Overtime Making Zeppelins

Geneva, June 17.—A despatch from Friedrichshafen sets forth that double shifts are now working in the Zeppelin factories, which are turning out a completed Zeppelin airship every twenty days. One of two Zeppelins destined for operations against Italy, was sent away from Friedrichshafen yesterday, to replace the dirigible destroyed over Belgium recently by the British aviator Warneford. It is reported in Geneva that the German authorities are preparing for an important combined raid of Zeppelins and aeroplanes on Paris and London, in retaliation for recent attacks on German towns by the aviators of the Allies.

British Submarine Gets Turk Transport

London, June 17.—The Star has received from Athens a telegram saying that news has been received there from Mudros, that a British submarine torpedoed and sunk three Turkish transports loaded with troops in the Dardanelles above Nagara. The greater part of the troops and crews were drowned.

Italians Moving Onward

Rome, June 17.—Italian success at various points on the battle line are claimed in an official statement which says, "fighting to our advantage is reported from all along the front."

Russians Retreat Toward Tamogrod Over Their Own Border Line

A Big Battle is Expected to be Fought Around Grodek

London, June 18.—Another 24 hours hard fighting in Galicia has developed nothing to stem the Austro-German advance toward Lemberg from west and north-west. To-night, Berlin claims that the Russians are retreating over their own frontier toward Tamogrod, which is about four miles from the Galician border. This means the invasion of Russian territory from a new point, but according to military observers here it may spell advantage for the Russians and that the general Russian retreat northward into Poland would divert General von Linsingen's attempt to crush the Russian centre near Zurawna district along the Dniester.

capital. Three great masses of Austro-Germans are thus sweeping from the San toward the capital city. The prediction is made, that a decisive battle, if one is fought, will take place in the vicinity of Grodek, where British military observers consider the Russians should benefit greatly by the lake country. British newspapers, though not minimizing the importance of the Austro-German successes in Galicia, claim what is styled the Grand Duke Nicholas' elusive strategy in shifting from north south to north-west south-east. This manoeuvre it is asserted, has deflected the Austro-German blow to some extent, and at the same time has denied them a full test of strength.

Thus the Russian retreat, which is strikingly paralleling the Allies' retreat in the West last Fall which culminated in the Allies' victory on the Marne. The struggle along the Dniester and before Lemberg is considered here as determining which side is more astute in the present manoeuvres. Petrograd, June 18.—A notable success was scored by the Russians on the Dniester above Zurawna, on June 14 and 15, which resulted in the capture of 8,746 men, according to an official statement issued at the War Office last night. Austro-German forces also are reported to have been hurled back on the same front further to the south-east, while another force which crossed the Dniester above Nizniow was destroyed. No comment is made on the action between Lubaczow and the San, except to state that the engagement was fierce.

London, June 18.—According to a Berlin despatch, the Austro-German forces have battered their way through to Niemerow, thirty miles north-west of Lemberg, and are advancing towards Jawarow, which is only 25 miles west of the Galician

Verona, June 17.—News is received here from the front, to the effect that the Italians have occupied the town of Mori, and are advancing both south and east. Mori is 29 miles from here and five miles from Rovereto.

Russian Victory At Zurawna

Capture 8746 Prisoners And Hurl Germans Back

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German Diplomacy And Bulgaria

London, June 18.—Conflicting reports are afloat concerning Bulgaria's attitude, according to the Paris Matin. Negotiations between Bulgaria and Turkey, under German auspices are about to result in the cession to Bulgaria of the whole right bank of the Lower Maritza, including a portion of Adrianople, which would give to Bulgaria a railway from Dedeaghat to Mustapha Pasha. This, of course, if true, would mean that Bulgaria would remain neutral. According to a Sofia despatch to the Times, Bulgaria's reply to the proposals of the Entente Powers has just been delivered, but the contents are kept secret. The correspondent however, gathers that the reply may constitute a general basis of agreement. He adds that German diplomacy is actively employed in an endeavor to induce the Turks to surrender the Dedeaghat line to Bulgaria in the hope of avoiding a rupture between the two countries.

Fierce Fighting In West Galicia

Petrograd, June 17.—Occupation by the Germans of additional villages in the Shavli district and further south in the region east of Mariampoles is admitted by the Russian War Office. It is claimed, however, that the invaders suffered severely in futile attacks beyond the Niemen, and that ground north of Przasnysz has been regained. The great battle along the San and in West Galicia is reported to be continuing fiercely, with fresh Austro-German forces constantly entering the combat.

Scotland Yard And Zeppelin Raids

London, June 18.—Scotland Yard last night issued further detailed instructions to the public on how to act in case of a Zeppelin raid. Suggestions are given that householders store water and sand, with which they may combat fires, close their windows and doors to check invasion of noxious gases and provide themselves with home-made respirators. As to the most satisfactory respirator, the statement says to this question there really is no satisfactory answer, for until the poison used is known, no antidote can be indicated. It is suggested that cotton waste, saturated with washing soda, make a good respirator.

Canadian Commander Killed in Action

London, Ont., June 18.—Lieut.-Col. Becher, commanding the Seventh Fusiliers of this city, second in command of the First Battalion Canadian Expeditionary Force, has been killed in action at the front.

DANES ARE NEUTRAL

London, June 18th.—A despatch from Copenhagen says Danish Folkething Lower Douz Parliament to-day unanimously resolved to support Danish Ministry policy of absolute neutrality.

PLUCKY CREW BRING SINKING STEAMER TO PORT

Milford Haven, June 17.—With a big list to port and all her pumps working full pressure, the steamer Turwell steamed into port, after having surrendered to a German submarine crew which had exploded bombs in her hold. The escape of the steamer was due to the fact that the submarine, eager to sink another steamer, did not remain long enough by the Turwell to make sure of the effectiveness of the bombs. The Germans boarded the Turwell, exploded bombs and then hurriedly put off from her, having sighted the British coasting steamer Traford, which was pursued and sunk. The Turwell's crew then returned to their ship, plugged up the holes made by the bombs as best they could, started the pumps, and made all possible speed for the nearest port. On her way to port the Turwell picked up the crew of the Traford.

French Aeroplanes Do Splendid Work At Karlsruhe

London, June 17.—A Rotterdam despatch reports that damage done at Karlsruhe by the air raid of the French squadron of aeroplanes, was much greater than the papers were allowed to state. Two hundred persons were killed, says the correspondent; fifty bombs were dropped, one of them almost destroying one of the ducal palaces used as headquarters by the Karlsruhe Commandant. Others destroyed a number of factories engaged in the manufacture of shells.

Yaqui Indians On the War Path

Washington, June 17.—Admiral Howard, commanding the Pacific fleet is under orders to-day to proceed immediately to Guaymas, on the west coast of Mexico, with 300 bluejackets and 300 marines, and to despatch this force twenty miles inland, if necessary to protect Americans menaced by Yaqui Indians. The Indians have threatened to annihilate all foreigners. Navy Department advices say that the Indians had declared war on Germany, Mexico, and the United States.

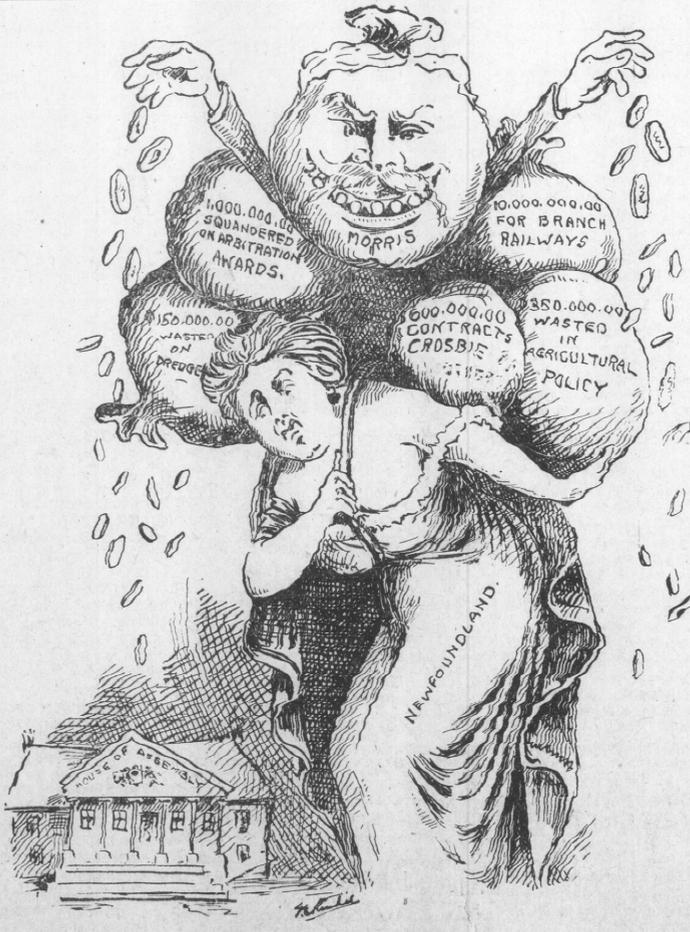
A Wiry Story

London, June 17.—The Central News has received a despatch from Amsterdam, saying that a traveller from Ghent, Belgium, brings report of a revolt on Tuesday on the part of the inhabitants of Malines. German soldiers had into a crowd, the traveller says, and 700 civilians were killed. The Amsterdam correspondent says that no confirmation of this narrative has been received since the occurrence, according to the traveller, Malines has been isolated by means of an electrified wire fence.

New Loan Bill For \$1,750,000,000

London, June 17.—Premier Asquith announced in the Commons this afternoon that Chancellor of the Exchequer Reginald McKenna, would introduce another Loan Bill on Monday. It has unofficially been suggested that the amount of the vote would probably be \$1,750,000,000.

For Late War News See Page Two



Under Morris the Public Debt has increased Ten Million Dollars the past six years, making it now \$33,000,000. Morris has collected more Revenue than any other Premier. He has spent \$34,000,000 in six years. The Fishermen have been bled to death with excessive taxation placed upon them by Morris, and we are not surprised to know they are crying out from one end of the Country to the other it is time to end it all. Poor Terra Nova is indeed in a desperate condition, and she is being scuttled by her crew of Graballs.