LISTOWEL STANDARD.

FRIDAY, JUNE 10, 1881.

NORTH ONTARIO.

THE Mowat Government has received a well merited rebuke by the defeat of its candidate in North Ontario and the loss of that constituency. Mr. Medill, the Conservative candidate, has been returned by a small majority. The Riding, it will be remembered, was thrown open by the appointment of Mr. Paxton, the sitting member, to the Shrievalty. Of course the Local Government considered that there would be no danger in opening a constituency which in June, 1879, had returned the Grit candidate by a majority of 190 votes. Certainly in the face of such large odds the prospects of electing a Conservative were none of the brightest. The influence and active hostility of Mr. Paxton had also to be contended against; and in addition to all this, if the statements made by the Grit press contained a particle of truth, the reaction that had set in against the Dominion Government had to be encountered in its most formidable state. An angry people were awaiting an opportunity to resent the outrage which had been perpetrated by the Dominion Government by the imposition of a vast monopoly in the Northwest, and were ready to pronounce most emphatically against a tariff which inflicted legalized robbery upon them. There is no doubt that Dominion issues did enter into the contest; it is but fair then to judge the extent of the reaction by the result of the election. The return of the Conservative candidate not only proves the Reform reaction to be a myth, but also furnishes unmistakeable evidence of approval by the electorate, even in constituencies which have hitherto been looked upon as strong holds of Gritism, of the policy of the Dominion Government.

Mail: The writ for the election of a member of the Legislature to fill the seat vacated by Sheriff Springer has been issued, and the sheriff in return for his appointment is to aid in the return of the Reform candidate. There is a peculiar feature about Mr. Springer's appointment. The deputy sheriff has performed the duties of the sheriff for years, and is performing them now. Mr. Springer is of course to supersede this gentleman, who notwithstanding his capabilities and his experience, does not get the office to which he could easily have been raised. Not long ago the position of collector of Customs at an important port was vacant, and the officer below the collector in the meantime preformed the collector's duties. Mr. Blake and the members of the Reform party in the House of Commons during that period entertained the opinion that in Government offices a system of promotion should prevail, and the same gentleman protested against the appointment to the collectorship of any man whose only qualification was that he happened to be a politician. The Reform party thus laid down the principle that to all high positions officers of a lower grade should be promoted, and that snug berths should not be rewards of politicians. Why does not the Local Government adhere to the doctrine laid down by Mr. Blake and his friends in the House of Commons? Circumstances certainly cannot have changed within three months. Under Mr. Blake's doctrine neither Mr. Springer nor Mr. Paxton should have been appointed. The whole case only shows that the principles which guide Reformers when in Opposition are not those which guide them when in office.

THE CRISIS IN IRELAND.

The *Times* says: We have only to consider the condition of Ireland and the temper of the Irish peasantry on the one hand, and such speeches as those of Archbishop Croke at Holycross and Mr. Parnell yesterday on the other, to satisfy ourselves of the complicity of the Land League, and its leaders and abettors, with what is now nothing more nor less than a conspiracy to defy law. The cry of the League is no longer "protest against arbitrary evictions." It is now the immoral doctrine that the tenant may refuse to pay what he considers unjust rent, even though he is perfectly able to pay. Thus is the agitation now revealed in all its nakedness of which Archbishop Croke, the appointed minister of religion professing peace and charity to all men, says "It is not a revolutionary, not an irreligious movement, or a movement calculated to injure anybody." It is difficult to read such words with common patience. It is not landlords alone who suffer under this cruel, rawless terrorism but hundreds and thousands who are dependent on them, such as mortgagees of rent charges, holders of jointures, etc., all of whom are absolutely guiltless. No word of sympathy for these helpless victims has escaped the sacred lips of the minister of the Gospel. Yet Mr. Parnell can coolly exhort the Government to follow Archbishop Croke's advice. The Government is exhorted to leave landlords to the mercy of the peasantry, inflamed by reckless agitation, in order to prove what is perfectly clear already—that they would get no mercy at all, to say nothing of justice. Force may be no remedy, but when law is openly defied and the defiance justified as a movement calculated to injure nobody, it is necessary, before all, to vindicate the authority of the law.

GREATEST IRISH AGITATION OF THE AGE.

It is stated that men who have been witnesses of the three great agitations in the last 40 years describe the present one as far more formidable and difficult to be grappled with than that of O'Connell or of the Repeal.

MASS MEETING IN HYDE PARK.

LONDON, June 5.—A mass meeting at Hyde Park to protest against the Government's policy in regard to Ireland was held to day. Although there was a steady drizzle of rain during the day, a large number of Irish men and women were present, but the attendance of the general public was limited. A procession of the branches of the Home Rule organization, with bands and banners, marched from Trafalgar Square to the Park, where there was speaking from three platforms. The following resolutions were passed unanimously at each platform:—"That the Government is criminally responsible for the deplorable condition of Ireland; that the meeting summon the Government immediately to suspend evictions and liberate persons arrested on suspicion; that Mr. Forster resign his office, for which he has proved his utter incapacity." Mr. Parnell appeared and was enthusiastically received. He made a speech in which he attacked the Government for encouraging unjust evictions. He read a letter from a priest of New Pallas stating that Col. Hare, on whose property the recent riotous evictions occurred, has during the last twenty-five years evicted nearly 450 persons. Mr. Parnell said that a serious responsibility will rest on the Government if the evictions continue. Irishmen are now becoming aware of the power of combination and passive resistance. Messrs. O'Connor and O'Donnel, members of Parliament, also addressed the meeting.

THE NATURE OF THE CRISIS.

New York, June 5.—The *Tribune's* London special says:—Nobody expects the Government to proceed against Parnell personally, but the Minister considers the signs in Ireland and England of an approaching crisis far graver than any yet known. Parnell's friends say he would readily adopt the policy of a general strike against rent, but fears to provoke a decisive conflict, for the Home Rulers are not ready. Parnell adheres to the idea that the present land agitation must be made subsidiary to the promotion of the political independence of Ireland. The Ministers agree that his language seriously aggravates the troubles, and increases the probability of a collision on a still gaeater scale, and imperils the life of every unpopular landlord. It is understood that Parnell hopes not to bring on a general rising, but to incite resistance on a scale to prevent the effective use of the police and military, so as to paralize evictions. English feeling is rapidly rising and demands that the Government show more decision and energy.

MILITARY FORCE IN IRELAND.

It is stated that the troops in Ireland will by the end of this week consist of 30,000 men—seven regiments of cavalry, eleven batteries of artillery, and twenty-five battalions of infantry.

RIOTS IN CORK.

The Schull and Skibbereen riots in Cork county arose out of the supposed arrest of Father Murphy, of Schull. Thousands of men and women assembled, tore up the roads and telegraph wires, destroyed the bridges, and wrecked the police barracks and the Schull postoffice. A force of 600 soldiers with one gun has been sent into the disturbed district.

THE SITUATION GROWING WORSE.

Advices from Ireland report a large increase in the number of outrager. The police are sending in their resignations by hundreds, as they say the stringent orders of the Executive, and the sure vengeance of the Leaguers if they make themselves conspicuous in the performance of their duty, make them afraid to defend their lives. It is feared they will break through orders and wreak a terrible vengeance on the mob.

TOWN COUNCIL.—The Town Council met in regular session on Monday evening, 6th inst. Present, the Mayor, Reeve, Deputy-Reeve, and Councillors Scott, Woods, Gibbs, Fennell, Riggs, McDonald, Dingman and Binning. The minutes of previous meeting were read by the Clerk, and adopted. Under the order of "unfinished business" the following resolution was taken up: Moved by J. W. Scott, seconded by R. Woods, that the tender of Andrew Morris for watering streets be accepted, work to be done to the satisfaction of Committee, and to be commenced when directed by said Committee—lost on division. Yeas—Riggs, and Scott; nays—Binning, Dingman, McDonald, Hacking, Fennell, Gibbs, Hess, Woods, and Deavitt. J. A. Hacking moved, seconded by T. G. Fennell, that the tender of Andrew Morris for watering streets at $3 per day be accepted, and that a Committee consisting of Messrs. Fennell, Riggs, McDonald, Gibbs and Hacking be appointed to see that the work is properly performed—lost on division. Yeas—Scott, Fennell, Hacking, Riggs, McDonald; nays—Deavitt, Woods, Hess, Gibbs, Dingman, Binning. A communication was read from D. D. Campbell, Esq., in reference to the establishment of a cheese and butter market in Listowel. J. A. Hacking moved, seconded by F. E. Gibbs, that a Committee, consisting of Riggs, McDonald and Fennell, be appointed to correspond with cheese men with a view to establishing a monthly cheese fair in this town—carried. A number of accounts were read and referred to Finance Committee. A communication was read from Charles Selwood, offering to pay $10 towards defraying expenses of building a three-foot sidewalk on Inkerman street from Sanderson's corner to McDowell street, providing the sidewalk is built on the south side of the street—referred to Road & Bridge Committee. The Chairman of the Road & Bridge Committee made a verbal report, stating that the Committee had taken action to prevent agricultural implement agents from accupying the public streets with their wares. The Chairman of the Fire, Gas & Public Buildings Committee brought in his report, which included correspondence, reference to fire hose. On motion report was adopted. J. W. Scott moved, seconded by Jno. Binning, that the Clerk be instructed to procure at once 500 feet of Maltese Cross hose at $1.20 per foot, as per tender of T. McIlroy, on nine months credit—carried. An offer was read from Benjamin McElveney to light and extinguish ten gas lights and nine coal oil lamps: also to find coal oil, lamp, wicks and broken glasses for one year, for the sum of $112; the lights to be lit not more on an average than 17 nights per month, from dark until midnight, or until moonrise. F. E. Gibbs moved, seconded by A. McDonald, that the tender of B. McElveney be accepted, and that he enter upon his duties forthwith—carried. D. B. Dingman moved, seconded by J. Binning, that the Chairman of the Fire Protection Committee be instructed to forthwith advertise for tenders for the making and building of a tank for fire protection purposes at or near the corner of Main and Victoria streets, said tank to be constructed similar to the other tanks on Main street, tenders to be opened at the next meeting of the Council—lost. Yeas—Woods, Dingman, Binning, Hacking; nays—Scott, Deavitt, Hess, Gibbs, Fennell, Riggs, McDonald. Jno. Riggs moved, seconded by A. McDonald, that the Fire Protection Committee be instructed to examine and report at next meeting of Council, on the necessity, location and cost of curbs and tanks for protection in case of fire—carried. D. B. Dingman moved, seconded by R. Woods, that in view of the progress of Listowel commercially, it is expedient and necessary that a town market be permanently established, and that a special Committee to be afterwards named, be appointed to thoroughly examine and report at the next regular Council meeting all matters pertaining to the subject in question—carried. D. B. Dingman moved, seconded by Frank E. Gibbs, that the Council of the town of Listowel, in expressing the universal feeling of our citizens, deeply feel the terrible calamity which has befallen the city of London, whereby nearly two hundred of its inhabitants perished by the foundering of the steamer Victoria, and we desire to record our sincere sympathy with the bereaved sufferers of our neighboring corporation; and that the Clerk be instructed to forward a copy of this resolution to the Mayor of London—carried. The Chairman of the Cemetery Committee made a verbal report of the condition of the cemetery—the Committee to confer with the trustees of the old cemetery in reference to the matter. The attention of the Chairman of the Board of Health was directed to the existence of nuisances along the river and to the state of the streets and alleyways. The town Solicitor was instructed to prepare and have properly executed a lease from the Agricultural Society to the town of the Agricultural grounds, in accordance with the terms of agreement already made—carried. A. McDonald moved, seconded by John Riggs, that the sum of $20 be expended on the sidewalk east of the town leading into the township of Elma, providing that the township of Elma expend a like amount upon the same portion of the road, inside the corporation of the town of Listowel—carried. J. A. Hacking moved, seconded by John Riggs, that the constable be instructed to immediately proceed to collect the poll tax, and enforce the dog by-law, and that the clerk furnish the name of all parties on the roll liable to poll tax, also a list of persons owning dogs—carried. T. G. Fennell moved, seconded by R. Woods, that the Mayor, Reeve and Councillors Dingman, Gibbs, and Deavitt be a Court of Revision for the present year, and that the first meeting of the Court be held on Monday the 27th inst., at 7.30 p. m. Councillors Gibbs, Fennell, Binning, Scott and the Mayor were appointed a committee to act in accordance with the resolution passed as to reporting on the establishment of a market—Carried. R. Woods moved, seconded by A. S. Deavitt, that the Chairman of the Board of works be instructed to have a band stand erected on the old school ground, at a cost not exceeding twenty dollars—carried. Council adjourned.

BRUSSELS.

A man named Jas. Thompson, residing in the townhhip of Morris, fell from a window in the third story of McKinray's hotel, on Friday, striking the sidewalk with great force, dislocating his shoulder and receiving other injuries. He was much under the influence of liquor, and had been put to bed a few minutes before. It is expected he may recover.

DONEGAL.

Mr. Alexander, I. P. S., inspected the Donegal School on Friday last.

Mr. Thos. Gallop, son of Mr. Wm. Gallop of Mornington, started for Manitoba on Friday 3rd inst. We wish him success in his new home.

Mr. John McClory, who a year ago left here and settled in Iowa, is back on a visit to this part of the country. We understand that Mr. McClory intends leaving the States and going to reside in Manitoba.

A large party, consisting of both old folks and young, assembled at the residence of Mr. Jos. McClellan on Thursday evening, where they were hospitally received by Mr. and Mrs. McClellan. The "light fantastic" being the order of the evening, every body set to work with a will, and judging by the way in which the dance was kept up, a general demand for new boots will be the result.—COM.

TROWBRIDGE.

Rev. Joseph H. Stinson, Pastor of the Canada Methodist Church here, is at conference, and consequently no service was held in the church last Sunday evening. The announcement was made on Sunday morning, when the majority of the young people were absent, and therefore knew nothing about it. About six o'clock from one to forty boys congregated about the front of the church to attend evening service But finding their mistake they joined arms and marched up and down the street in anything but a polite manner. Overtaking a son of Erin convoying his "beau ideal" home, one of the boys undertook to secure the blushing prize; at this point a rough and tumble ensued, in which Hank proved himself to be no degenerate son of his forefathers, and sent the Germanic gallant home with the remark, "Got enough."—COM.

ELMA.

COURT OF REVISION.—The first sitting of the Court of Revision for the township of Elma was held at Newry on Saturday the 28th of May. Members—Messrs. Lochhead, Keith, Dunn, Mann and Knox. The latter was appointed Chairman. The following changes were made in the Roll: C. Neable's assessment reduced $600; Thos Leslie, $50; J. Klump, $25; G. Mayboy, $250; C. Zeran, $50; S. Roe, $100; W. Ellacott, $150; Wm. Gilmore, $100; Peter Twambly, $2 0. Lots 18 and 19, Trowbridge, were thrown out of J. Iater's assessment. Wm. N. Nesbitt was assessed as owner of lot 5 cons. 2 and 3; Thos Lineham as tenant for lot 17, con. 11; Peter Ducklow as owner N ½ lot 33, con. 13; Jos. Dawson owner N. ½ lots 15 and 16, con. 1; Fred. Ellis as farmer's son; Richard Rothwell as farmer's son; T. Rothwell as farmer's son; Geo. Mitchell as farmer's son; J. Keating as farmer's son; Edward Campbell as owner W. ½ lot 1 con. 9; W. S. Buchanan as farmer's son; John Wilson as farmer's son; Luke Luccas as farmer's son; Nelson Kitchen as farmer's son; Robt. Ayers and John Ayers as farmer's sons; George Fisher and Wm. Fisher as farmer's sons; G. Ellacott as farmer's son; J. Blaw as farmer's son; William Coates and John Coates as farmer's sons; J. G. Alexander as farmer's son; J. Keating as farmer's son; Alex. Morrison struck off as tenant for lots 29 and 30, con. 1; Robt. McDonald struck off roll; Jas. Grey struck off roll; Wm. Robb and Andrew Robb assessed as farmer's sons; Thos. Ayers changed from owner to tenant; Thos. Davidson and Henry Davidson assessed as farmer's sons; Albert S. Smith assessed as owner of lot 23, con. 10. Court then adjourned till 18th June, and Council met for general business. Minutes of last meeting read and adopted. W. Lochhead moved, seconded by R. Dunn; that the Reeve, Deputy-Reeve and W. Keith be a Committee to inspect con. 16 and report next meeting—carried. W. Keith moved, seconded by R. Dunn, that the Reeve and Deputy-Reeve be authorized to get legal advice in reference to Mr. Robinson's case—carried. This is a claim for $100 for injuries sustained from fall caused by hole in sidewalk at N. Station. W. Keith moved, seconded by W. Lochhead, that an order be issued on the Treasurer to A. J. Keellor, part salary as assessor—carried. W. Lochhead moved, seconded by R. Dunn, that the motion passed last meeting, setting aside $320 towards gravelling the gravel road be rescinded, and the following substituted therefor: that 400 yards of gravel be put on between Newry and Listowel and 200 yards between Newry and Monckton—carried. R. Dunn moved, seconded by W. Keith, that $75 be granted towards S. line 10 and 11, con. 2 and Wallace boundary, and $75 to S. line 30 and 31, con. 6, and Wallace boundary—carried. Mr. Lochhead voted nay. W. Lochhead moved, seconded by W. Keith, that the acct. of J. L. Mader for $4 relief, to W. Nichol be paid, and that $6 more be granted; also the acct. of Y. Coulter for $12 for serving notices to appellants to attend Court of Revision—carried. W. Keith moved, seconded by R. Dunn, that the Reeve and Deputy-Reeve be authorized to see the Reeve and Deputy-Reeve of Logan, in reference to opening town line between Elma and Logan, with power to act in the matter at their discretion—carried. W. Lochhead moved, seconded by W. Keith, that Messrs. Mann and Dunn be authorized to put such repairs to bridge on 10th con. as they may deem advisable—carried. W. Keith moved, seconded by W. Lochhead, that Donald Gordon be appointed to superintend on the gravel road from Newry northward, and Jas. McNeeland southward, to oversee the putting on of gravel, and to be ready at the call of the contractor, their salary to be $1.25 per day—carried. Moved in amendment by Jno. Mann, seconded by ——, that Jas. McNeeland be appointed to oversee the whole of the work on gravel road—lost. Council then adjourned to meet as above.

THOS. FULLARTON, Clerk.

Moorefield will have horse races and other sports on Tuesday, 21st inst.

The annual conference of the Huron District Methodist Episcopal Church is being held at Palmerston this week.

THE General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of Canada is in session at Kingston. Rev. Principal McVicar, of Montreal, has been elected Moderator:

The Lutheran Church of Canada, which is holding its annual meeting in Toronto at present, comprises a membership of ten thousand, and has no fewer than 60 congregations.

Rev. John Ridley, at the London Conference of the C. M. Church, asked to be permitted to withdraw from connection, as he is desirous of joining the Church of England. Permission was granted.

THE inquest on the Victoria disaster was resumed at London on Wednesday. The evidence taken would make it appear that the boat was waterlogged and poorly caulked, as with every lurch she shipped more water, and seemed to move with greater resistance to the stream. There was no disorderly conduct on the part of the passengers—although some few were under the influence of liquor—and they generally did as they were told, and took the centre of the boat at the order of the deck hands. The Collector of Customs testified that the Victoria's license expired on the 22nd of May last, and that she had not been officially inspected since 1880.

STOCK ENCYCLOPÆDIA.

(From the Guelph Mercury.)

It will be gratifying to our numerous readers to learn that a work is soon to be circulated in Canada that must prove as valuable and indispensable to the farmer as his reaper or any other labor-saving implement, and that will, by its careful study and following the instructions there in contained, place him in a position to greatly increase his profits. It is a well known fact that large profits have hitherto been made on stock raising, by men who understand their business, and that the department of stock breeding is now becoming more important than ever and yielding better returns than any other branch of husbandry. Hitherto the want of a first-class, reliable, practical work on Live Stock has been felt by every farmer, as a reference book for breeding breaking, training, sheltering, buying selling, use and care, as well as wherein to obtain the most recent, improved humane methods for the preservation and care of stock, the prevention of any disease, and restoration of health of horses, cattle, sheep, swine and poultry. That great want is now to be supplied by the World Publishing Co. of this city.

In the present age of exporting live stock, when it costs no more for ocean freight on a heavy animal than a light one, the improvement of our stock becomes doubly important. On most of our farms are to be found horses, cattle, pigs, poultry, and occasionally a few sheep. With proper care and attention any of these animals will soon double in value. To be able to detect any disease, bruise or injury, and apply the proper remedy is infinitely better than an insurance policy. The Canadian farmers are too well informed to need any illustration as to how much more profitable good horses, cattle, sheep, swine and poultry are to ordinary ones. The author of "The Illustrated Stock Doctor and Live Stock Encyclopædia"—for such is the title of the work under consideration—J. Russell Manning, M. D., V. S., is one of the most successful practical farmers and breeders of the day, as well as a skillful Veterinary Surgeon possessing a life long experience. Never to our knowledge has any book been so thoroughly illustrated and points of animals shown so carefully. The history of each breed, illustrations of symptoms, the first and last stages of diseases, and directions for treatment of the same are minutely given in plain language, so simple that any one can understand what remedies should be kept on hand, and how to mix and apply them. The work is divided into 10 parts, with 57 chapters in all. We doubt if there is a farmer or stock raiser in the country who cannot learn something in any of these chapters worth more money to him in one year than the whole cost of the book.

STRATFORD, 24th March, 1881.

To the World Publishing Company, Guelph.

GENTLEMEN,—After a patient and careful perusal of your new work, "The Illustrated Stock Doctor and Live Stock Encyclopædia," by Dr. Manning, I am fully satisfied that it ought to occupy a place in every farmer's library. Owners of stock should not be without it. It is brim full of the most valuable information, every page of it contains a mine of wealth to every farmer who will give it his careful study and be guided by the instructions given for the treatment of domestic animals. I predict for your valuable work an immense circulation, and do most earnestly recommend it to farmers and stock breeders.

Yours truly,
THOMAS BALLANTYNE, M. P. P.

Listowel, April 19th 1881.

To the World Publishing Company, Guelph

GENTLEMEN,—After a careful examination of a complete copy of your new work, entitled "Dr. Manning's Stock Doctor and Live Stock Encyclopædia," I can heartily recommend it to owners of horses and cattle. The symptoms of all the different diseases to which they are subject are explained in such plain and simple language that any farmer will find no difficulty in understanding them, which is one of the great merits of the book. Most works on the same subject are written in learned professional language, which prevents them being of much service to the common farmer. The medical department of the work is excellent, and the medicines recommended are such as are approved of as the very best by our profession. Every farmer should have a copy.

JOHN PHILIP M. D.,
L. R. C. P., Edinburgh.

THE BIDDULPH TRAGEDY.

LONDON, June 3.—The papers in the Feehley matter have been sent to Washington for the U. S. Commissioner Davidson, and the extradition will follow as rapidly as the course of the law will allow. County Crown Attorney Hutchinson has placed the matter in the hands of the Attorney-General. It is asserted in well informed quarters that on reconsideration of the case in its present stage the Crown have decided to indict the Feehleys for the murder of one of the inmates of the Donnelly homestead, probably Tom, and that an indictment against them will be framed forthwith. There is a double motive in this action. It will be remembered that in the confession of James Feehley, who was, or professed to be, a bosom friend of Tom Donnelly, he said that the sight of Tom lying prostrate on the ground, felled by a heavy club, and his ghastly features covered with blood, vainly attempting to open his eyes, and endeavoring to pray for mercy, would haunt him to the end of his days. He said that he often saw this horrible spectacle in his dreams, and it is hoped by the Crown officials that the knowledge of the part he took in the murder of his friend, coupled with the fear of conviction upon his own confession, will so work upon him that he will, before the trial, make a clean breast of the matter, and the arrest of all implicated by his confession will follow. At present no arrests will be made, the Crown preferring not to incur again the great expense necessarily involved until they have either tested the value of the Feehleys' statements to other parties as evidence, or have their written confession to strengthen their case. Certain it is that the Crown will make no more advances or offers of immunity to prisoners. If they want to confess they must make the first advance.

THE LONDON DISASTER.—A lady at present in Montreal relates the following incident of the London horror:—As the steamer Victoria lay at the dock preparatory to leaving on her last and fatal trip, a party came on board, consisting of two young ladies accompanied by two gentlemen and two little girls. As the party stepped on board one of the gentlemen missed his dog "Tim," a beautiful and valuable retriever, and not wishing to leave it behind he went from the boat to look for him in the crowd on the wharf. The search took him longer than he anticipated, and upon his return he found that the gangway had been withdrawn, and that the boat was moving from the warf. His party laughed at him, waving their hands in playful adieu as they thought, for a short time. They never met again. Not one of that merry party returned to their homes alive. When the gentleman who so fortunately for himself had been left behind next saw those bright faces they were cold and still in death. He was a pall-bearer for two of the number.

THE hull of the ill-fated steamer Victoria is to be taken to London and placed on stocks for examination by the public generally.

Three steamboat captains were arrested at New York on Wednesday for overcrowding their vessels with passengers. This enforcement of a law heretofore practically ignored is one of the fruits of the London disaster.

John Anderson, of Derby township, charged by his sister-in-law, Mary Jane Anderson, of the same place, with attempting to poison her by placing in the tea kettle a quantity of sugar of lead, has been committed to stand his trial.

Never Give Up

If you are suffering with low and depressed spirits, loss of appetite general debility, disordered blood, weak constitution, headache, or any disease of a bilious nature, by all means procure a bottle of Electric Bitters. You will be surprised to see the rapid improvement that will follow; you will be inspired with new life; strength and activity will return; pain and misery will cease, and henceforth you will rejoice in the praise of Electric Bitters. Sold at fifty cents a bottle, by all druggists.

A remarkable accident occurred at Hamilton on Wednesday. The marker at the rifle range happening to step from behind the butt, was struck by a bullet fired from a distance of a thousand yards. The bullet passed through his body and struck the bull's-eye. The accident it is hoped will not prove fatal.

THE recent oil strike in the vicinity of Sarnia has caused intense excitement in that town, and extensive operations are about to be entered upon by speculators. It is expected that thirty wells will be sunk within the next month, and the citizens are already speaking of their town as the future oil metropolis of Canada.

If you are suffering with a cold do not fail to try HAGYARD'S PECTORAL BALSAM, it is daily relieving its hundreds throughout our Dominion. It is pleasant and palatable.

PAINTS, OILS AND COLORS.—For the largest stock, best material and lowest prices, go to HACKING'S Drug Store.—21.

Reader have you tried every known remedy for Chronic disease, Impure Blood, disordered Liver or Kidneys, Nervousness and General Debility, Constipation of the Bowels, with the manifold sufferings pertaining thereto? Have you given up in despair? Try Burdock Blood Bitters, it will not fail you. A trial bottle only costs 10 cents, regular size $1.00. Any dealer in medicine can supply you.

"They all do it."—To beautify the teeth and give fragrance to the breath use TEA-BERRY, the new toilet gem; try a 5 cent sample.

Use "Castorine" Machine Oil for all kinds of machinery, it is also excellent for harness and leather. Makes it water and weather proof. For sale by dealers.

Toronto Oil Comanpy are sole manufacturers of "Castorine" Machine Oil. Infringements will be prosecuted.

Do not drug the system with nauseous purgatives that only debilitate. Burdock Blood Bitters is nature's own Cathartic, it acts at once upon the Bowels, the Skin, the Liver and the Kidneys, arousing all the secretions to a healthy action. It purifies the Blood and cures all Humors even the worst form of Scrofula, and tones up the Nervous and Debilitated.

Manufacturers of reapers, mowers and threshing machines prefer "Castorine" Machine oil to any other. It will outwear lard oil or elephant, and is warranted not to gum.

Dying by Inches.

Very often we see a person suffering from some form of kidney complaint and is gradually dying by inches. This no longer need be so, for Electric Bitters will positively cure Bright's disease, or any disease of the kidneys or urinary organs. They are especially adapted to this class of diseases, acting directly on the Stomach and Liver at the same time, and will speedily cure where every other remedy has failed. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by all druggists.

ZOPESA from Brazil.—As a result of the new commercial enterprise just assuming importance with Brazil, is the introduction of *Zopesa* so justly celebrated where it is known for the cure of all forms of Indigestion. The company has opened a laboratory in Toronto. *Zopesa* comes to us highly endorsed and recommended. Its wonderful affinity to the digestive organs is certainly to relieve and cure Dyspepsia and Constipation, makes this remarkable compound a necessity in Canada. The company make sample bottles at the trifling cost of 10 cents, to be had of J. Livingstone jr., druggist, Listowel.

The Liver is the grand purifying organ of the system. Inactive or obstructed it poisons the blood and ill health are certain results. Burdock Blood Bitters cure all diseases arising from disordered Liver, Stomach, Bowels or Kidneys, purifying, cooling and strengthening. It regulates the Bowels, cleanses, enriches the Blood, and imparts tone to every organ of the body. Trial bottles 10 cents.

When doctors disagree who shall decide? The patient, of course, decides by throwing physic "to the dogs," and trying **Burdock Blood Bitters**, and the result is always satisfactory. Burdock Blood Bitters is the *Multum in Parvo* of medical science, giving all the benefits of the Blood, Liver and Kidneys. A trial bottle only costs 10 cents. A dollar bottle may save you many dollars in doctor's bills.

Free of Cost.

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc., is given away in trial bottles *free of cost* to the afflicted. If you have a severe cough, cold, difficulty of breathing, hoarseness or any affection of the throat or lungs, an early opportunity to try this wonderful remedy is a trial. As you value your existence you cannot afford to let this opportunity pass. We could not sell it if we did and would not give this remedy away unless we knew it would accomplish what we claim for it. Thousands of hopeless cases have already been completely cured by it. There is no medicine in the world that will cure one-half the cases that Dr. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY will cure. For sale by J. H. Michener, Listowel.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Dangerous Chest Complaints.—The enumeration of these diseases is scarcely necessary, as, unfortunately, most Englishmen know them to their cost. Coughs, common colds, influenza, bronchitis, asthma, pleurisy, inflammation of the lungs, and other pulmonary ills in their early stages, are best treated by rubbing Holloway's Ointment upon the chest, and upon the throat between the shoulders. It penetrates internally, checks the cold shiverings, relieves the over-gorged lungs, gradually removes the impression from the chest, and restores the obstructed respiration, hitherto so distressingly disagreeable and highly dangerous. In treating this class of diseases, Holloway's Pills should always be taken while using his Ointment; they purify the blood, promote perspiration, and allay dangerous irritations.

NOTICE.

Owing to increase of business, and finding the shop I now occupy too small to attend to the wants of my customers, I have decided to remove to the store lately occupied by Mr. George Adam, on or about the 4th of June, where I will open out a large and well assorted stock of the best and cheapest Groceries in town. Teas and sugars a specialty. Tea from 30c. to 70c. Crockery and Glassware cheap. Glass sets from 50c. up to $5. Tea sets from $3 to $7.50. The celebrated Christie's Biscuits always on hand. Hoping to see all my old customers and many new ones follow me to my new stand, where you will always find me obliging, and will strive to please everybody as far as lies in my power, and give good value for money spent. I have made arrangements with a few first class Butter makers to supply me with butter for the season, and will always keep a full supply on hand.

W. J. STEWART.

BIRTHS.

JACKETT—In Wallace, on the 9th inst., the wife of William Hackett, of a son.

GAZEL—In Listowel, on the 4th inst., the wife of William Gazel, of a daughter.

BASS—In Elma, on the 4th inst., the wife of Richard Bass, of a son.

SHEARER—In Elma, on the 6th inst., the wife of William Shearer, of a son.

DOBINSON—In Maryboro, on the 7th inst., the wife of George Dobinson, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

JEMYN FORBES—On the 8th inst., at Brussels, by the Rev. F. Ryan, Incumbent of St. John's Church, Mr. Thomas Jermyn, Listowel, to Miss Susan Forbes, McKillop.

DEATHS.

GRIEVE—At Carthage, on the 26th ult., of dyphtheria, Jane Gardiner, eldest daughter of Mr. Thos. Grieve, aged 5 years 3 months.

WALKER—In Mornington, on the 1st inst., Andrew Walker aged 75 years.

TANNER—In Mornington, on the 3rd inst., Sarah Jane, daughter of Thomas Tanner, aged 20 years.

HAY—At Stratford, on the 5th inst., Mr. George Hay, aged 54 years.

JOYCE—In Maryboro, on the 7th inst., Wm. Charles, third son of Mr. James Jones of Maryboro aged 21 years and 7 months.

ALEXANDER—At Belton's corners, on the 9th inst., Mary Ann, eldest daughter of John Alexander, aged 24 years, 3 months 18 days.

GOURLAY—At Toronto, on Friday, June 3rd, Margaret Jane, wife of Samuel Gourlay, of Palmerston, Ont, aged 33 years.

DAIRY MARKETS.

London, June 6.—The offerings of the cheese market on Saturday were 5,912 boxes. Sales were made of 63 boxes, 8jc; 1,850 at 8jc; 300 at 8⅞c, and 712 at 8jc. Total sales, 2,915 boxes. Liverpool report, 55 shillings.

Utica, June 9.—Six thousand three hundred boxes of cheese were sold to-day at 8c to 8⅞; 2,500 boxes consigned.

Little Falls, N. Y. June 6.—Factory cheese, 9c; farm and dairy, 9 to 9½c.

Ingersoll, June 7.—There were thirty factories present. Twenty registered 3,428 boxes of cheese, mostly the last ten days of May make. Sales—481 boxes; 611 at 8c, 90 at 8⅛c, 80 at 8⅜c, 60 at 8½c; buyers and sellers apart. Cable, 55s.

LISTOWEL MARKETS.

	June 9, 1881.	
Wheat, fall, per bush.	1 00 to	1 06
Spring Wheat, "	1 04	1 07
Barley, "	0 40	0 75
Peas, "	0 58	0 63
Oats, "	0 35	0 35
Flour, per brrl.,	5 50	5 50
Oatmeal, "	2 75	0 00
Cornmeal, "	2 00	2 00
Butter, per lb.,	0 00	0 14
Eggs, per dozen,	0 00	0 11
Potatoes, per bag,	0 00	0 40
Wood, long,	1 50	1 50
Wood, short,	0 00	1 25
Hides, per cwt.,	6 00	6 00
Wool, per lb.,	0 25	0 28
Turkeys, per lb,	0 00	0 00
Geese, " "	0 04	0 06
Chickens, per pair,	0 25	0 00
Pork, cwt.,	6 00	8 00
Hay, per ton,	7 00	7 00

TORONTO.
PRICES AT FARMERS' WAGONS

	June 8, 1881.	
Wheat, fall, per bush.,	1 10 to	1 15
Wheat, spring, "	1 12	1 18
Barley, "	0 55	0 00
Peas, "	0 65	0 73
Oats, "	0 40	0 41
Rye, "	0 98	1 00
Dressed hogs, per 100 lbs.,	8 00	8 50
Beef, hind " "	6 00	7 00
Mutton, by carcase "	9 00	9 50
Butter, per lb.,	0 14	0 17
Butter, large rolls,	0 15	0 17
Butter, tub, dairy,	0 13	0 15
Eggs, fresh, per dozen,	0 13	0 14
Potatoes, per bag	0 40	0 45
Hay, per ton,	6 00	10 00
Wool,	0 22	0 22

STRATFORD.

	June 8, 1881.	
Wheat, fall, per bush.,	$1 09 to	1 12
Wheat, spring, "	1 08	1 10
Barley, "	0 60	0 65
Oats, "	0 38	0 39
Peas, "	0 66	0 75
Flour, per brl	5 50	5 75
Potatoes, per bag,	0 30	0 40
Butter, lb. rolls,	0 12	0 14
Eggs, per dozen,	0 11	0 11
Hides, per cwt.,	8 00	8 50
Hay, per ton,	8 00	8 50
Wood, per cord.,	2 75	3 50
Wool per lb.,	0 00	0 22

PALMERSTON.

	June 8, 1881.	
Fall Wheat, per bush.	$1 00	1 07
Spring Wheat, "	1 00	1 05
Flour, per cwt.	2 40	2 70
Barley, per bush	0 60	0 75
Peas, "	0 60	0 65
Oats, "	0 27	0 28
Hay, per ton,	6 00	8 00
Potatoes, per bag,	0 30	0 45
Butter, per lb.	0 14	0 15
Eggs, per doz.	0 08	0 10
Pork, per cwt.	7 00	7 50
Cordwood, per cord,	2 00	2 25
Wool, per lb.,	0 21	0 22

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

(SOUTHERN EXTENSION OF W. G. & B. RY.

Trains leave Listowel Station daily as under

For Kincardine and intermediate points—Mixed, 7.45 a.m.; Express 1.55 p. m.; Express 8.24 p.m.

For Palmerston—Express at 6.34 a. m.; Express 1.09 p.m.; Mixed, 10.00 p.m.

PORT DOVER AND STRATFORD & HURON RAILWAY.

GOING SOUTH.	No 1 a.m.	No 5 a.m	No 3 p.m.
Leave Listowel at	6.00	8.35	12.45
" Milverton	6.33