has been estimated as follows: Ministerial U. C. members, 28; Lower Canada, ditto, 32, total 60; independent, 22; opposition U. C. members, 24. L. C. ditto, 19, total, 43. Though the Government will dondtless be sustained in the vote on the reply to the speech from the throne, still the Cabinet is by no means so strong as it was last session.

The weather has been very mild lately. It is now clear, cold and beautiful.

United States.

By arrival of the *Europa*, on the evening of Thursday last, we have New York dates to the 24th inst. The following summary is from the *Acadian Recorder*.

It seems now to be quite settled that General Cass is to be the Premier and Secretary of State in President Buchanan's Cabinet; and that the Hon. Howell Cobb is to be Secretary of the Treasury. There are still differences of opinion as to who are to be the other members of the Cabinet. General Cass's acceptance of the Secretaryship will be regarded by most persons as the sure precursor of a war with Britain; but a large portion of the Yankee press declare that, guided by the first law of nature, the measures of the new Government with regard to foreign relations—at least to those with Great Britain—will be of a decidedly pacificatory nature.—Nevertheless it is a rather ominous looking fact that the Dallas-Clarendon Treaty, although not finally adjudicated upon by the Senate, has recently received the virtual condemnation of that body.—The Washington *Union*, as yet, it is true, the organ of the Pierce Administration, breathes, a furiously hostile and blustering tone towards England. As another sign of the future, we may mention that no one seems to doubt the aggressive intentions of Mr. Buchanan and his Ministers towards Mexico, Central America, and Cuba.

The "Corruption Investigation Committee" in the House of Representatives had made its Report in which it is recommended to expel from the House Messrs. Matteson, Gibert, and Edwards, of New York, and Welch of Connecticut; also to exclude from the precincts of the House, as a reporter, Mr. Simonton, the special correspondent of the New York *Times*. It seems that but four members have been positively convicted, but the testimony is strong against a great number of others. The investigations of the Committee led to some startling facts and to the revelation of a gross and extensive system of bribery and corruption running through Congress, such as probably never disgraced the proceedings of any other legislative body that ever existed. Among other instances, it was asserted by one member that there were some twenty, or thirty, members who had formed a league and mutually agreed not to vote for any grant of land, or money, unless they were paid for doing so. The most disgraceful jobs were brought to light showing when and to what extent members had received "pay" for such votes.

It was rumoured that Mr. Forsyth, the Minister at Mexico, had negotiated a Treaty with that republic whereby in consideration of twenty five millions of dollars, the isthmus of Tehuantebec is to be conveyed to the United States.

Dr. Kane, the celebrated Arctic traveller and explorer, died at Havana, on the 16th inst.

MEXICO.—Advices from Vera Cruz to the 3rd inst., represent the country as in an unsettled state, but the power of President Comonfort's Government was dominant in all quarters. There were still some insurrectionary movements in the North concerning which the accounts are conflicting. The insurgents of San Luis had made a precipitate retreat into the mountains and were being closely pressed by the Government troops. Among the prisoners taken by the latter were several Yankee filibusters who were summarily and very properly shot. General Blancarte had withdrawn from Lower California, for want of supplies. The Yankees from Upper California are, it seems, keeping up a regular system of aggression in that quarter, fomenting insurrections among the native inhabitants, and effecting settlements themselves doubtless with a view to a general rising when they find themselves in sufficient force.

The Legislative body had declared its sittings permanent until the vote should be taken on the new Constitution.

CENTRAL AMERICA.—Walker's game in this quarter is not yet concluded, but his prospects seem to be daily growing darker. Early in January, upon finding that the San Juan and Lake Nicaragua were in the possession of the Allies, he withdrew all his forces to Rivas.—Here the chain of the Allies was drawn more closely around until, in a few days, Walker discovered that the enemy were in force at San Jorge, on the Lake shore, about three miles from Rivas on one side, and at Orijaba, six miles distant in a nearly opposite direction. General Henningsen was, on the 26th ult., sent to dislodge them from the latter place, but signally failed to do so. On the 28th, a similar attempt was made against San Jorge; but the Filibusters were again driven back with loss. By the latest accounts from Rivas, dated the 3rd inst., Walker was making preparations for sustaining a siege. His forces were reported to amount to 800 men. His communications with San Juan del Sud, on the Pacific, were still open; but he was totally cut off on the side of Lake Nicaragua and the river San Juan del Norte. The forces of the Allies in the immediate vicinity of Rivas were estimated at about 3500 men.—Genl. Cauas, their Commander in Chief, had established his head quarters at San Jorge, within three miles of Walker's position.

One would suppose from the large numbers of officers composing Walker's lists of his killed and wounded, that his loss must have been terrible in some of those "battles;" but this may be in part accounted for by the fact that his officers far exceed his men in number. In his motley force of 800 men he has as many Generals as the Anglo French army had in the Crimea, and other officers in as nearly the same proportion as is possible with the materials to make them of.

A party of recruits from the United States, under the Command of a Col. Lockridge, numbering some 300, recently attempted to make their way up the San Juan river to join Walker; but, according to all accounts, the attempt was most disastrous to themselves, they having been repulsed by the Costa Ricans.

LADY FRANKLIN, ever untiring in her efforts to rescue her lost husband, has addressed an affecting letter to the Premier, urging the despatch of another searching expedition, which she says may be done with but little risk to the lives of those engaged in it. This final search is she says all she seeks, and all she ever intends to ask "in behalf of the first and only martyrs to Artic discovery in modern times," but she declares that should the decision of the government upon her proposal be an unfavourable one she is prepared to send out an expedition at her own cost, and to spend, if necessary, the whole of her remaining fortune upon it. It is now, however, pretty well understood that the government will dispatch another expedition in search of the missing ships, and that an estimate of the expense will shortly be introduced by Sir Charles Wood in the House of Commons.—*Journal's Eng. Correspondent.*

Great Britain and the Continent of Europe.

NEWS BY THE NIAGARA.

Parliament assembled on Tuesday Feb 3rd The Speech was delivered by commission. The *Watchman* says, it was chiefly a recapitulation of important but well known facts, with a few promises of legislation, and as faint a trace of a policy, as words not positively meaningless could convey. This of course was intentional, in order that without committing the Opposition, the Address might be agreed to, which it was in the Lower House, and would have been in the Upper, but that Earl Grey, who has only his own good pleasure to consult, chose to move an amendment, which found a dozen supporters, and was negatived by a majority of 33. The constitutional point on which Earl Grey chose to divide the House—that hostilities ought not to have been commenced with Persia without a previous communication to Parliament—was, however, also urged by Lord Derby, Lord John Russell and others; and Lord Palmerston's apology, that the war, for which he acknowledged that the British and not the Indian Government was directly responsible, was remote and not likely to require special efforts, must be allowed to have been an unsuccessful one. It is more satisfactory to learn from the Premier that in Paris Ferouk Khan, the Shah's Ambassador, has sought Lord Cowley, and expressed a desire to enter upon amicable negociations. No new light was thrown on the war with China, but Lord Clarendon defended the strong measures taken by Sir John Bowring and Admiral Seymour, and stated that they were approved by the French and American authorities at Canton.

The policy of the Government towards Switzerland was uneffectually assailed, for it appears that it has been simply conciliatory without promises and without threats to either party. On the rupture with Naples much was said last night, but little impression was made; for here Lord Palmerston's flank is protected by the alliance and concert with France. Mr. Disraeli, however, produced an electric effect by the disclosure of an Austro-Italian mystery, discovered by him when in Paris. He asked, Would the House believe that the Italian dominions of Austria were guaranteed? At which question, the noble lord at the head of the Government demanded, By what Power? Mr. Disraeli replied that there was a secret treaty for guaranteeing the Italian dominions of Austria, by France, with the sanction, approbation, advice, and at the instance of England; but he added that England was not herself a party to this secret treaty. Lord Palmerston, complimenting the Right Hon. Gentleman on his imaginative powers, assured the House that the prose and fact of the matter were that no such treaty was known or was in existence. What will Mr. Disraeli's political connections in Paris think of this little piece of romance? Probably it arose from misconception and not entirely from fiction, its ground being that, during the late war, France engaged to put Austria to no trouble or anxiety about her Italian possessions.

Those few and inexplicit references which the Royal Speech contained to subjects of domestic legislation, have been amplified by the notices of last evening. The Lord Chancellor takes charge of three Bills relating to ecclesiastical affairs, one of which, on "clergy discipline," has been drawn up under the supervision of the Archbishop of Canterbury. The Attorney General is prepared with a measure on the fraudulent appropriation of trust property; the Home Secretary will attempt to deal with convictism and transportation; and the Chancellor of the Exchequer will open the monetary question by proposing a Select Committee on the Bank Act of 1844, and the law relating to joint-stock banks. There are so many notices of Motion on the Income Tax, to reduce it to 7d., to 5d., to abolish it altogether and at once, while the Conservatives and Mr. Gladstone agree in demanding a return to the programme of 1853, that Government will have a choice of adversaries and alternatives. Sir John Pakington's notice for leave to bring in a bill for the promotion of elementary education "in cities and corporate towns," stands for the 17th inst. It will be observed that the office of Vice-President of the Committee of Privy Council on Education has been conferred upon the Right Hon. F. W. Cowper, late President of the Board of Health, and a relative of Lord Palmerston.

Notwithstanding the absence for many days of the Premier, the great departments of Government have come forward in Parliament with some important measures. The Colonial Secretary bands over to a Select Committee the consideration of the future of that vast region in North America, known as Rupert's Land and the North Western Territory, which stretches from Labrador to Vancouver's Island, and which at present, under the management of the Hudson's Bay Company, is a reserve of wild animals, hunted for their furs by about 300,000 Indians; but containing a considerable area of cultivated land, which there has been some attempts made to colonise. Canada and the United States are both anxious to possess parts of this territory, and it is our interest to give the former a preference. We can only hope that the Indians may not hereafter fare worse than they have done under their present masters.

The question of Maynooth, and the still higher one of the observance of the Lord's day, enter into the electioneering contest which divides the Conservative interest in North Leicestershire, and will soon reappear in Parliament. We are happy to observe that the repeatedly routed League of desecrationists takes with it the additional brand of a popular defeat at Rochdale. Irish Romanism is weakened by its own divisions, and is a great perplexity to the Propaganda, which, to support its own authority, continues to make indirect appeals to the British Government, and ask for a concordat. It would grant to the heretical Premier the privilege of nominating, subject to approval, the Popish Bishops of Ireland; and see how little it wants in return! Something to this effect, (says a letter from Rome.) is really or nearly all:—"The recognition of a notorious, unquestionable fact, that Ireland has Roman Catholic Archbishops, Bishops, and Parish Priests; a charter for a Catholic University; and the overthrow of a monstrous Irish Church Establishment, with a just partition of its wealth, in the proportions of one-fourth to the Roman Catholic Clergy and Church, one-eighth to all other religious denominations, and the remaining five-eighths between the educational and charitable establishments of the country." Perhaps Lord Palmerston does not know how much vague, unauthoritative, but Jesuitical proposals like these injure him. People fairly judge that Rome would not so woo if she had no hope to win. The best clearance of the Government from all such suspicions would be to let Maynooth be set adrift, and to cut away the last strand of the rope that connects a Protestant Government with the Propaganda of Popery.

RUMORED TERMINATION OF THE PERSIAN WAR.—It is not intended, says the *Daily News*, to send out any troops from England to Persia. This announcement we make with the most entire confidence that it willl be found to be correct. We believe we may add that the force already at Bushire will not advance into the interior, and that every effort is being made to bring about a peace. The Murray affair, we are assured, forms no serious part of the negotiations which are being carried on in Paris by Ferouk Khan and Lord Cowley; and there is at present every reason to hope that these negociations will terminate in the re-establishment of amicable relations between the English and Persian Governments.

COLONIAL APPOINTMENTS.—The Queen has been pleasad to appoint Charles Henry Darling, Esq, now Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Newfoundland and its dependencies, to be Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Island of Jamaica and the terrotories depending thereon; Sir Alexander Bannerman, Knight, now Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Bahama Islands, to be Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Newfoundland and its dependencies; Sir Carlo Arthur Henry Pumbold, Bart., to be President and Senior Member of the Council of the Island of Nevis; and Thomas Price, Esqr., now Treasurer for the Island of Antigua, to be President and Senior of the Executive Council of the Virgin Islands.—Her Majesty has also been pleased to appoint Edward W. Alexander, Esq. to be Colonial Surgeon for the Island of St.Helena; Thos. Havers, Esq, to be a member of the Executive Council of the Falkland Islands, during the absence of J. R Longden, Esqr; John J Robinson, Esqr., to be a member of the Legislative Council of the Province of New Brunswick:—Wm. Forgon and John Aldous, Esqrs., to be members of the Legislative Council of the Island of Prince Eward; and Sholto Thomas Pemberton, Esq, to be a member of the Council of Nevis

NAPLES.—A letter from Naples in the *Cattolico* states that Monsignor Rossini, Archbishop of Acerenza and Matera, has exhibited signs of insanity since the execrable attempt upon his life by a priest.

A letter from St. Petersburg seems to confirm what has been stated with respect to the instructions given to M. de Kokockine, Russian Minister at Naples, to the effect of insisting on the necessity of a modification being introduced into the internal policy of the Russian Ambassador are to be supported by Baron de Canitz, Prussian minister at the Neapolitan capital.

We learn by a telegraphic despatch from Naples, dated Wednesday, the 11th, that the creation of a free port, and the complete revision of the laws of the country, are said to have decided on in council by King Ferdinand.

Naples, Feb. 12.—A proclamation is in circulation calling upon the people to avenge the death of Agesila Milano.

ASSAULT ON THE EMPRESS OF THE FRENCH.—*Paris Feb.* 12.—A madman attacked the Empress to-day. He was instantly arrested; no arms were found upon him. He declared that his intention was merely to embrace her.

The Emperor will open in person the legislative session of 1857 on Monday, the 16th of Feb, at ten o'clock precisely, in the Salle des Maseechaux, at the Tuileries.

RUSSIA.—An ukase has been issued conceding a network of railways—the works to be completed in ten years. The capital to be subscribed is 275,000,000 roubles.

Wesleyan Book-Room.

Select Literary Notices.

We have to apologise for a late notice of several works which have been laid on our table by different publishers, and which we have been prevented from noticing at length by engagements incidental to the working of our new press; nor are we able now to do much more than merely give them a general recommendation.

We have received from H. Hoyt, Esq, of the American Sunday School Union—

1. THE GREAT QUESTION; or, Will you consider the subject of Personal Religion? By Dr. Boardman.

2. MEMOIR OF REV. ERASMUS J. P. MESSINGER, a Missionary of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Africa. By Dr. Tyng.

3. AUNT MARGARET'S STORIES—a series of twelve to illustrate and impress important truths.

4. MARIA CHEESEMAN; or, the Candy Girl—a narrative of thrilling interest.

5. STORIES OF THE GOOD SHEPHERD.

6. WESLEY AND HIS FRIENDS—illustrating the religious spirit of their times.

7. HUGH FISHER; or, Home Principles carried out.

8. HENRY MORRIS; or, living for an object.

9. MARIA'S TWO VACATIONS; or, Principle in pleasure.

10. MEMOIRS OF OLD HUMPHREY (George Mogredge, Esq.)—a writer whose works are well known.

The above works are new publications of the Sunday School Union, varying in price from one to two shillings. They are unexceptionable in their charrcter, and are well adapted for S.S. libraries or for private juvenile readers.

We have received from Carlton & Porter, 200 Mulberry St., N.Y., the following additions to the Youth's Library, numbered respectively 628, 629, 630, viz.—

1. FAITHFUL NICOLETTE; or, the French Nurse.

2. ELLEN AND SARAH; or, the Samplers—and other stories.

3. A SWARM OF B's; or, little children's duties explained in six charming stories, viz—Be Obedient, Be Thankful, Be Forgiving, Be Truthful, Be Contented, Be Good Tempered.

These well sustain the character of the library they are intended to enlarge.

Also, 4. TALES and TAKINGS; being sketches and incidents from the itinerant and editorial budget of Rev. J. V. Watson, of the *Northwestern Christian Advocate*. An additional interest attaches to this volume from the fact that before it issued from the press, its talented and lamented author was removed to a better world.

5. SEVEN YEARS' STREET PREACHING IN SAN FRANCISCO. By Rev. Wm. Taylor. The records of pioneer work in the M. E. Church would be incomplete without the present volume. Our impression on reading it is, that few other men would be fitted for such a work, and of the few, it would be difficult to find any who would have performed such work so well. It is a very interesting volume.

Harper & Brothers have sent to us for notice the following works:

1. EURIPIDES, literally translated—2 vols. A valuable addition to "Harper's Classical Library,"—equal in every respect to their propotype, "Bohn" of London, and at half the price.

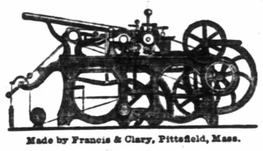
2. DORE; or, The Stroller in Europe. A lively and interesting volume, illustrating the difference (as indicated in the title) between the glitter and the gold of the society of Europe—of Paris especially—as detected by one well able to distinguish the simulated from the real.

3. EL GRINGO; or, New Mexico and her people. Chiefly selected from the diary of W. W. H. Davis, who resided there for two and a half years as United States' Attorney. It is pleasingly written and beautifully illustrated from drawings by Lt. Col. Eaton and F. A. Percey, Esq.

The whole of the above and a large variety of new works, are on sale at

THE WESLEYAN BOOK ROOM,
Halifax, N. S.

GUERNSEY PRESS.



Made by Francis & Clary, Pittsfield, Mass.

A New Press!

OUR Subscribers—whose swelling list, we may say in a parenthesis, is a source of the serenest satisfaction to our minds—will receive with pleasure the announcement which we make under the influence of more than ordinary elation,—that the establishment of the *Provincial Wesleyan* may now be said to be complete. It is well known to many of them that we have long been subject to the inconvenience and risk of transporting our forms to a distant office to have the impression taken. It may well be a topic for gratulation, that, under circumstances so disadvantageous, our paper has made its appearance week after week with so great regularity; and we feel it due to Mr. Kirk and to Mr. Nugent to express our grateful sense of the courtesy and attention we have received from them severally while dependant upon their respective presses for the punctual imprinting of the *Provincial Wesleyan*. Now, however, gentle reader, we have a Power Press of our own; one fully adequate to the demands which we shall have to make upon it, and withal possessing the excellent advantage of being less expensive than those of a similar kind heretofore in use in this city. It is a "Guernsey's Patent" that graces now our Printing-office—*graces*, we say, for what more graceful than the gentle sweep of its machinery, its quasi-intelligent grasp of the blank material and instantaneous presentation of the handsomely imprinted sheet deposited with such magical and marvellous accuracy on the receiving-table by the swift self-acting sheet-flier!

But we must not grow enthusiastic over this instrument for giving permanence to our feeble thoughts: though we are certainly pleased (shall we not be pecuniarly profited?) by this press of our own. It costs about one-half the price of an Adams' press; yet performs, even when worked only by hand, its evolutions with sufficient celerity to secure the printing of 800 copies per hour. Its construction is simple,—its apparatus complete. The patent is in the hands of Mr. Gordon McKay of Boston, whose enterprise and skill in perfecting the press are worthy of all praise. Now, reader, we have introduced our new press to your notice; and we have just to thank Mr. Farnham—an intelligent practical printer of Boston, whose services were engaged to put together and set agoing for us this piece of machinery—for the manner in which he performed that task, and then to say that with the increased facility for the execution of work which we now possess we are "ready, aye ready" for the orders of yourself and friends. We want to make the thing *pay*, and you will help us—will you not?

☞ THE PUBLISHER begs to add to the above a request that if any defects appear in one or two of our first numbers, it may be placed to the account of "new machinery." We have proved the press to be capable of doing the best of work, from a small-sized circular to the largest sheet, with equal facility.

Notice to the Subscribers at St. John, N. B.

Agreeably to former notice the papers which have been hitherto sent for our Subscribers in the city of St. John, N. B., to the stores of Messrs Hannah & Gilmour, and elsewhere, for distribution, will in future be addressed to the Wesleyan Book-Room, 82 Germain Street, where they will be so kind as to send for them. Those addressed singly to the Post Office to individuals will be sent as heretofore.

Notice.

The Ministers and Preachers, whose contributions toward the procural of Dr. Beecham's portrait have not been paid, will oblige by early remittance to the Governor and Chaplain of Mount Allison Academy.

EXTRACT OF A LETTER FROM BALTIMORE, Feb 19.—"The Newton University of Baltimore conferred the degree of *Doctor in Divinity* upon the Rev. C. DEWOLFE, A. M., of Yarmouth, N. S." We are happy to give publicity to the above intelligence, and hope our dear Brother Dewolfe may long live to enjoy the honor thus conferred upon him.

NEW-BRUNSWICK.—The new ministry has been sustained, after a week's debate on the answer to the speech, by *the Speaker's casting vote.*

Wesleyan Conference Office.

LETTERS AND MONIES RECEIVED SINCE OUR LAST.

[The current volume is from No. 364 to 416]

Alex. Garden (to 390, 5s. for P.W.), Rev. J. McMurray (5s. for Jas. Lyle for P. W.—Supernumeraries are *not* charged—the books were sent from here—tickets are waiting for your whole Dist.), Rev. G. O. Huestis (new sub., 20s. for P.W.—for S. Hamilton 5s., Wm. Broderick 10s., Lawr. Peppard 5s.). Mrs. Johnson (10s.), Rev. A. McNutt (70s. for P.W.—for John Skaling 5s., Enos Card 10s., Cyrus Card 10s., Geo. Johnson 5s., Capt. Jno. Mann 10s., David Rockwell 5s., Mrs. H. Sterling 10s., Mark Terfry 10s., Arnold Smith 5s.), Levi Borden Esq. (50s. for P.W.—for Geo. O. Smith 10s., John McDougall 10s., Lewis Lewis 10s., Josh. Mallinson 10s., Dan. Piers 10s.), J. W. Allison (20s. for P.W.—for Capt. Abs. Smith 10s., Israel Smith 10s.), Rev. T. Angwin (new sub., 100s. for P. W.—for John Eagan 10s., Jon. Pearce 17s. 6d., John F. Smith 15s., Ed. Palmer 5s., Zebulon Neily 10s., Wm. Foster 10s., Willis Foster 10s., Wm. Burns 5s., Bayard Foster 10s., Stephen H. Jefferson 5s.—bal. 2s. 6d.) Rev. J. L. Sponagle (2 new subs., 55s. for P. W.—for Jesse Dexter 10s., Wm. Munro 10s., Geo. Y. Wadsworth 10s., Wm. Hagar 5s., Abiel Hagar 5s., James F. Perry 5s., John King 5s., Mr. Doleman 5s.), Rev. R. W. Allen, Rev. J. Lathern, Is. S. Taylor, Rev. C. Stewart (have no large hymn-books such as you want till the new stock arrives), Rev. G. M. Barratt (105s. for P. W.—for John Beer 10s., Jas. Howatt 10s., Geo. Percival 5s., T. W. Howatt 5s., Geo. C. Clark 20s., James Crozier 10s., Mr. Brooks 5s., Edm. Nelson 5s., Wm. Lee 10s., Solomon Wright 5s., Saml. Leard 5s., Thos. Bentley 10s., Wm. Woodside 5s.) * * * (Yes—send all particulars).

Commercial.

Halifax Markets.

Corrected for the "Provincial Wesleyan" up to 4 o'clock, Wednesday, March 4th.

Bread, Navy, per cwt.	21s 3d *a* 23s 9d
" Pilot, per bbl.	21s 3d *a* 23s 9d
Beef, Prime Ca.	50s
" Am.	50s *a* 55s
Butter, Canada,	1s
" N. S. per lb.	1s *a* 1s 2d
Coffee, Laguyra, "	8½d *a* 9½d
" Jamaica, "	9½d
Flour, Am. sfi. per bbl.	40s *a* 42s 6d
" Can. sfi. "	40s *a* 41s 3d
" State, "	37s 6d *a* 38s 9d
" Rye "	22s 6d *a* 25s
Cornmeal "	20s
Indian Corn, per bush.	4s 6d
Molasses, Mus. per gal.	2s 5d
" Clayed, "	2s 2d
Pork, prime, per bbl.	$20
" mess "	24
Sugar, Bright P. R.	56s *a* 57s 6d
" Cuba	52s 6d *a* 55s
Bar Iron, com. per cwt.	16s *a* 16s 3d
Hoop "	22s 6d
Sheet "	23s
Nails, cut "	22s 6d
" wrought per lb.	3½d *a* 6d
Leather, sole "	1s 4d *a* 1s 6d
Codfish, large	20s
" small	15s
Salmon, No. 1,	$20 *a* 20½
" 2,	19 *a* 19½
" 3,	16
Mackarel, No. 1,	18
" 2,	11 *a* 12
" 3,	6½ *a* 6¾
" " med.	4¾ *a* 5
Herrings, No 1,	25s
Alewives,	20s
Haddock,	10s 6d *a* 11s
Coal, Sydney, per chal.	30s
Firewood, per cord,	22s 6d

Prices at the Farmers' Market, corrected up to 4 o'clock, Wednesday, March 4th.

Oats, per bushel	2s 3d *a* 2s 6d
Barley, "	4s
Oatmeal, per cwt.	17s
Fresh Beef, per cwt.	40s *a* 50s
Bacon, per lb.	7½d *a* 8d
Cheese, "	6½d *a* 7½d
Lamb, "	4½d *a* 5½d
Calf-skins, "	6d
Yarn, "	2s 6d
Butter, fresh "	1s 2d *a* 1s 3d
Pork, "	5½d
Turkey, "	10d *a* 11d
Chickens, per pair,	2s 9d *a* 3s 3d
Ducks, "	3s
Geese, each	2s 6d *a* 2s 9d
Potatoes, per bushel	4s 6d
Apples, "	none
Eggs, per dozen	1s 6d *a* 1s 8d
Homespun Cloth (wool) per yard,	2s 6d
Do. (cotton and wool) "	1s 9d

WILLIAM NEWCOMB,
Clerk of Market.

R. R. R.—Tubercles.—on the brink of the grave. Sarah Hammond, 198 32d Street New York:—"I was taken with a bad cough, then followed pain in the chest, hoarseness, sore throat, dryness in the throat, and pains all down my right side, and across my shoulders: by and by I began to hack up little clots of white thick stuff, and when I would lie down my cough would trouble me.—I kept taking physic of one kind and another, it only served to make me weak, and increase my cough. Six months after I first began to sweat bad at night. I spit blood: this frightened me; the doctors all told me I had the consumption and must die; but Dr. Green, the great nitrate of silver doctor put a probatory down my throat, said there were tubercles on the upper lobe of my right lung, also that several tubercles were be ginning to form on my lungs. The more nitrate of silver he squirted down my throat the more I would cough. I tried this method a long time, until I found myself growing weaker and weaker and my friend said I was on the brink of the grave. A young girl who lives in this house, works in your factory, told me what wonderful cures you were making, and brought me up a bottle of your Ready Resolvent. I rubbed my throat and chest with the Reay Relief, and took the Resolvent in doses of a desert-spoon. Soon I gained strength my cough left me in a few days entirely, and the pains in my chest and shoulders ceased the first night: no more blood was mixed with my spittle, nor were there any more thick matter expectorated. When you saw me you told me I had no consumption, but, that my difficulties were all owing to the colds and coughs. Your words were proved true. I am now well and weigh heavier than I ever did. I am a true believer in the R. R. R.

Yours truly, SARAH HAMMOND.

Bad Cough, Hacking Dry Cough, stitching or wrenching pains in the side, sudden pain around the heart, shortness of breath, hard breathing, sharp pains when taking a long breath, and all other painful symptoms, are quickly removed by a dose or two of the Renovating Resolvent.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills the most celebrated Remedies for the Cure of Sore Arms.—Samuel Wentworth, of Cape Breton, was for five years afflicted with sore arms, there were four different ulcers on them, and the trying nature of his business (a boot maker) made him so much worse, that despite of his wishes, he was compell ed to relinquish it; he tried various remedies and they failed to benefit him, however about thirteen weeks ago, at the recommendation of friends, he had recourse to Holloway's Ointment and Pills, which very soon made him better, and in eight weeks his arms, were quite well, and with scarcely the scars perceptable.

LIVER COMPLAINT.—The only remedy ever offered to the public that has never failed to cure, when directions are followed, is M'Lane's Liver Pill, prepared by Fleming, Bros, Pittsburgh, Pa. It has been several years before the public, and has been introduced in all sections of the Union. When it has been used, it has had the most triumphant success, and has actually driven out of use all other medicines. It has been tried under all the different phases of Hepatis, and has been found equally efficacious in all.

☞ Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, manufactured by Fleming Bros. of Pitsburg, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the Public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, also his celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. *None genuine without the signature of* FLEMING BROS.

AMONG the Romans cosmetics were early in use. Chalk and Rouge were employed then as now for the face, and depilatory for the removal of obnoxious hair. The wife of Nero is said to have invented an usefulness, in esteem among the ladies at that period, as a softener of the skin; but no where do we read of any salve or unguent of such universal celebrity, for the speedy cure of sores, cuts bruises, burns, and every wounds as the popular ointment introduced by a Russian Soldier into America, and known as the Russia Salve, sold, everywhere at 25 cents a box.

Agents in Halifax G. E. MORTON & CO.

OLD DR. WM. ABBOTT'S BITTERS.—To all classes of Society, but especially Females, Students, Artisans, Mechanics and all others whose employments confines them to a sitting posture, this Medicine is of the greatest service—even worth its weight in gold.

In Impurities of the Blood it will be found efficacious and sale, not interfering with diet or avocations

Agents in Halifax G. E, MORTON & CO.

Mr. A. L. Reed says in the Oswego Daily Palladium:—Deafness, sore eyes, and ennui cured by the use of Durno's Catarrh Snuff Laugh, ye skeptics—but it is just the thing for sore eyes, sore throat, depressed spirits, a bad cold, and the worst forms of Catarrh."

FOUND.—Thousands of persons have used the great external and internal remedy, Dyer's Healing Embrocation with the most complete success. The enviable reputation it enjoys is based upon its remarkable medical and curative properties. Reader if you have never used it get a bottle at once and you will ever after keep it on hand.—The genuine has the facsimile of the proprietor's signature upon the outside wrapper of every bottle. Sold by all dealers in medicine.

☞ For sale by G. E. MORTON & CO.

SMITH'S ESSENSCE OF COFFEE—Instantaneously produces the most delicious Coffee combining the richness and mellowed flavor of Mocha, with the strength and fullness of the finest Jamaica, without a particle of sediment. A very great convenience to single gentlemen, travellers by land and sea, ship officers, hotel keepers, &c. It will be found to be equally economical with common Coffee, and is known by medical gentlemen who are acquainted with it to be more wholesome and suitable for those with weak digestive powers and invalids than Coffee prepared in the ordinary way.

Agents in Halifax—G. E. MORTON & CO.

Marriages.

At St. John, N. B., on Wednesday, 18th ult., by Rev. T. M. Albrighton, Mr. Oscar D. WETMORE, to JANET, A. HUTCHINSON, only daughter of Mr. W. J. Stevens, all of that city.

At St. John, N. B., by the Rev. J Snowball, Mr. Andrew MYLES, of the Parish of Portland, to FANNY second daughter of the late Wm. Scott, of St. John.

At Aylesford, Feb. 4th, by Rev Thomas Angwin Mr. Amos Bill JACQUES, son of John Jacques, Esq., to OLIVIA, daughter of Mr. Jeremiah Van Buskirk

On the 20th ult, by the Rev. Archdeacon Willis, Mr. Wm H. FUDGE, to Miss Sarah Ann COGILL, all of this city.

On the 18th inst, by Rev. Dr. Willis, Mr. George Wm. MARTEN, to Miss Elizabeth POWELL, both of this city.

Deaths.

Drowned, by falling into a mill, on Saturday, 7th ult., Miss Caroline WILLET, of West Aylesford, aged 55 years.

On Sunday, 22nd ult., Mr. John FOSTER, of Aylesford West, aged 73 years.

On Monday, CHARLES, seventh son of Mr. Kenneth McKenzie, aged 6 years

At the Poor's Asylum, on the 20th ult., Mr. Donald McLENNAN, in the 53rd year of his age.

On the 26th ult., Thomas BURKE, aged 46 years, a native of Wexford.

At the Poors' Asylum, 23rd ult., Mary FIELDING, aged 60 years.

On the 23rd ult., AMOS, eldest son of David Silverthorne, aged 4 years

On the 24th ult., DAVID, youngest son of David Silverthorne, aged 7 months.

At Boston, 3d ult., Mr. Llewellyn J. EVANS, aged 63 years.

Shipping News.

PORT OF HALIFAX.

ARRIVED.

WEDNESDAY, February 25.

Brigt Advalorem, Crowell, Mayaguez.
Schr Lunenburg Packt, Westhaver, Lunenburg.

THURSDAY, February 26.

Brig America, Meagher, Boston.

FRIDAY, February 26.

R M steamer Europa, Leitch, Boston.
Schr Lima, Burgo.

SATURDAY, February 28.

R M steamer Niagara, Wickman, Liverpool.
Brigt Boston, O'Brien, Boston.
Schr Jas McNab, Adams, Portland.

CLEARED.

February 24—Brigts Plato, Boyle, Porto Rico; Lady Ogle, McCulloch, do; schr Mary, Bond, Boston

February 25—Brigt Velociped, McDonald, Jamaica, Schrs Hero of Kars, Cameron, Philadelphia; Mary Balcom, Balcom, New York.

February 26—Steamers Europa, Leitch, Liverpool; Merlin, Corbin, St. John's, Nfld; brig Cordelia, Johnson, Cuba; schr Sultan, Day, New York; Boults, Newell, New York.

February 27—Brigt Jessie, Nickerson, Porto Rico; schrs Napier, Oxner, F W Indies; John Silver, Hichey, Philadelphia; John Benson, Arnold, Boston; Wave Terres, Newfoundland.

February 28—Steamer Niagara, Wickman, Boston; brig s Gen Washington, Longard, Boston; Nile, Maxwell, Newfoundland.

MEMORANDA.

New York, Feb 28—Arrd schr Telegraph, Halifax. Liverpool, G B, Feb 9—Arrd Rainbow, Halifax—dismasted in a hurricane.

Schr Presto, Gardner, from Halifax for Boston, was totally lost with cargo at Venial Head, State of Maine.

New York, Feb 22—Arrd schr Idalia, Halifax.

Brig Avosetta, hence at Cardenas, 18th Feb.

Bark Saxon at Havana, 5th Feb., from Liverpool, GB.

Schr Gold Hunter, hence at Antigua, 24th ult.

North Atlantic Steam NAVIGATION COMPANY.

From Liverpool to Portland,

CALLING at St. John's, Newfoundland, and Halifax, N. S., Out and Home The beautiful new Iron Screw Steam Ship CIRCASSIAN, 24-0 tons burthen, and 350 horse power, Charles Powell, Commander, and the Steam ship KHERSONESE, 2300 tons burthen, W. H. Thompson, Commander, will sail for the above ports every four weeks as follows:

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Circassian, Saturday, 7th March.
Kherssonese, Saturday, 4th April.
Circassian, Saturday, 2nd May.

FROM PORTLAND.

Circassian, Saturday, 4th April.
Kherssonese, Saturday, 2nd May.
Circassian, Saturday, 30th May.

First Class passage from Liverpool to St. John's, Newfd, Halifax, N. S., and Portland, Me, will be Sixteen Guineas Third Class, Seven Pounds, Stg A few superior Rooms in Third Class at Ten Pounds each Passenger.

		1st Class.	3rd
St. John's, Nfld to Halifax, N.S,	or vice versa	$24	$12
" " to Portland,		30	16
Halifax, N S, to Portland,		12	6

Halifax to Boston or vice versa (by rail from Portland, $14

To Liverpool from Portland, Halifax or St. John's, Nfld, 1st Class Passage, $70, 3rd Class, $30, Stewards' fees and Provisions included except Wines and Liquors which can be had on board, Third Class Passengers will receive a plentiful supply of Cooked provisions, but will furnish their own bedding and utensils for food

FREIGHT.

Liverpool to St John's, Newfd, 4s Stg., 5 per cent.
From Liverpool to Halifax and Portland, 50s Stg., per cent
From Liverpool to St John, N. B., Montreal and Quebec, 6.s. Stg 5 per cent.
Favorable arrangements can be made for heavy freights.
Intermediate and return freights as per arrangement.
Parcels forwarded on very moderate terms
The Company s form of Bills of Lading can be had at the office of the undersigned.

For further particulars apply in Liverpool, G. R. to WIER, COCHRAN & Co, Weaver Buildings, Brunswick St.; in Boston to JOS. BROOKS, Esq., 31 State St.; in Portland, Me, to J. HUYMAS & CO.; in Montreal, to RAE & MITCHELL, St. John's, Newfd, HARVEY, FOX & CO., and in Halifax to

B. WIER & CO.

Halifax, Feb. 5, 1857. 3m.

Wesleyan Bazaar, St. John's, Nfld.

THE LADIES' connected with the Wesleyan Society and congregation in St. John's, purpose (D. V.) holding a **BAZAAR**, early in the ensuing Autumn, for the purpose of raising funds for the completion of the Church now in course of erection.

By means of this advertisement the ladies of St. John's would appeal for help to those friends in the Province, who may be willing to co-operate with them in the great work for our Divine master in which they are engaged:—the erection of a commodious and suitable Sanctuary for the worship of Almighty God—and they earnestly hope that this appeal may not be unavailing, but that the hearts of very many may be disposed to aid