

## TO LET.

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or Three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

TO LET.—From 1st May next, two self-contained flats in new house, 283 Princess street, each containing eight rooms with modern improvements. For further particulars apply on the premises or at 218 Brussels street.

TO LET.—From the first day of May next, that valuable store and premises No. 53 Charlotte street, at present occupied by F. A. Dykeman & Co. Apply to E. T. C. KNOWLES, No. 8 Palmer Chambers, City.

TO LET.—From first of May, flat of seven rooms. Can be seen Thursday afternoon. Apply on premises, 50 Mecklenburg street, or to MRS. BEEDS, 145 Duke street.

TO LET.—Lower flat house 135 Mecklenburg street, containing six rooms. Separate entrance. Apply to G. OWENS, at Macaulay Bros. & Co.

TO LET.—A flat No. 274 Main street, N. B., containing eight rooms. Bath and all modern improvements. Apply on the premises.

TO LET.—Lower flat of seven rooms. All upper flat, 5 rooms. All well lighted. Close and Bath rooms. Pleasantly situated. Thursday. MRS. THOS. BRUNDAGE, 306 Princess.

TO LET.—From 1st May next, convenient flat containing 4 rooms self-contained, modern conveniences. Apply to W. Humphrey, 115 St. James street.

TO LET.—Self-contained dwelling No. 1 Elliott Row, at present occupied by Richard O'Brien, Esq. Four rooms and bath room, and other modern improvements. May be seen Tuesday and Friday, 3 to 5 p. m. W. M. JARVIS, 115 Prince William street.

TO LET.—Dwelling, King street east. Heated with hot water and all modern improvements. FRASER, FRASER & CO.

TO LET.—Fine store, corner Union and Waterloo streets. Possession at once. Also store 197 Princess street; possession at once. FRASER, FRASER & CO.

TO LET.—Lower flat No. 126 Wright street, occupied by W. F. Rogers. Contains six rooms and bathroom. Will be let at a low rent to desirable tenant. MURRAY M. JARVIS, 74 Prince William street.

TO LET.—Flat No. 138 George street, six rooms; rent \$80 per year, payable monthly. Apply to J. A. PAUL, Custom House, or E. W. PAUL, 166 Waterloo street.

TO LET.—Flat in new house No. 72 St. James street. All modern improvements. Can be seen Tuesday and Saturday afternoon from 12 to 5 p. m. Apply to R. N. DEAN on premises. Tel. 712.

TO LET.—From 1st May next, upper flat of brick house No. 21 Adelaide street, at present occupied by Geo. Carvill, Esq. Heated with hot water and all modern improvements. May be seen on Wednesday, Friday, and Saturday, 3 to 5 p. m. Apply to ROBERT SEELY, Tel. 42.

TO LET.—Nicely situated house at Hampton Village, with or without detached residence. Apply to J. E. FAIRWEATHER, Hampton, N. B.

TO LET.—Fine flat No. 21 St. David street, containing five rooms, occupied by G. M. Anderson, Esq. Also barn to let. Can be seen Tuesday and Saturday afternoon. Apply to J. E. FAIRWEATHER, Hampton, N. B.

MONEY TO LOAN on satisfactory security. Enquire of BUSTIN & PORTER, Barristers-at-Law, 106 Prince William street, or Miss Alice McKee, 22 St. David street.

TO LET.—Comfortable flat of 7 rooms, at present occupied by W. L. Ingraham, Esq. No. 127 Mill street. Can be seen Tuesday and Friday afternoon.

MONEY TO LOAN on satisfactory security. Enquire of BUSTIN & PORTER, Barristers-at-Law, 106 Prince William street.

TO LET.—Self-contained flat No. 104 Waterloo street, containing seven rooms, bath room, store room and parlour; hot and cold water. Can be seen Tuesday and Saturday afternoon. Apply to F. FITZPATRICK.

TO LET.—On Haymarket square, a house, store and stable at present occupied by A. T. McGarvey. Apply to W. H. Simon, 149 Princess street.

### SITUATIONS, WANTED.

Advertisements under this head inserted free of charge.

WANTED.—A position as clerk, assistant book-keeper or travelling agent. References. Address A. F. Star Office.

WANTED.—A young man with good references and considerable business experience would like a situation in an office. Has had a college course in bookkeeping, etc. Apply to D. O. S. Star Office.

WANTED.—A position in Millinery work. Salary no objection. Address MILLINERY, care of the Star Printing Co.

WANTED.—By an accountant of long and varied experience, a situation as bookkeeper or extra employment in adjusting or auditing accounts. Best references. Address A. J. A. Star Office.

WANTED.—An experienced stenographer and typewriter wants copying to do at home in the evenings. All work promptly attended to. Address "X. Y. Z." Star Office.

WANTED.—Stenographer wants employment. Has had some experience in an insurance office. Apply Y. Star Office.

### LIVERY STABLES.

I Think I Can Give You Better Service Than you can get elsewhere. Large 4-horse sleigh for evening parties. Horses to let of every description, also coaches at any hour.

J. B. HAMM, 134 Union Street. Telephone No. 41.

### DAVID CONNELL,

COACHING, HACK AND LIVERY STABLES. 4 and 47 Waterloo St., St. John, N. B. Horses boarded on reasonable terms. Horses and Carriages on Hire. Fine Fit-outs at short notice. A large buck-board wagon, also fitted out to carry people, to let, with or without horses. Telephone 28.

### DAVID WATSON,

COACHING, HACK AND LIVERY STABLES. Coaches in attendance at all boats and trains. Horses to hire at reasonable terms. 91 to 95 Duke Street. Tel. 78.

### HOUSE NUMBERS

FOR SALE AT

H. L. & J. T. MCGOWAN, 158 Princess St. Phone 697.

### A GOOD INVESTMENT.

It will pay you to have your work done at DUNHAM'S Upholstering, Carpet Laying, Furniture Polishing and Packing, Repairing, etc. First class work at moderate prices.

FRED H. DUNHAM, 408 Main Street, N. E.

TORONTO, March 6.—F. H. Clergue was in town today, and invited the members of the legislature to visit his new steel plant at the Soo. By the end of the month these works will be turning out 700 tons of steel rails per day. Six thousand men are now employed by the Clergue syndicate, and by summer this number will be increased to ten thousand.

THE ST. JOHN STAR is published by THE SUN PRINTING COMPANY (LTD.), at St. John, New Brunswick, every afternoon (except Sunday) at \$2 a year.

## ST. JOHN STAR.

ST. JOHN, N. B., MARCH 7, 1902.

### WORDS—AND LITTLE MORE.

Following so quickly after the prospectus of Hon. Dr. Pugsley, which was addressed to the people of Kings county, the governor's speech is a deliverance of scarcely passing interest. It lacks that luminous quality which marks the political utterances of the attorney general, and which makes the worse appear the better part. A very considerable portion of the speech is set down for the benefit of the future historian, inasmuch as the present generation know quite well that the province had enjoyed a visit from royal personages, and that the late President McKinley is still dead. There is also a suspicion that the public has heard about cheese factories and flour mills, and the Queens county coal fields and the winter port. The statement concerning the fisheries might have been condensed in three words. "We don't know." The suggestion that the federal government should take over the branch railways as feeders of the Intercolonial is not new, nor likely to lead to the desired result. If any practical legislation is forthcoming to make those roads more safe and certain mediums of travel and transport, it will be a good thing; but the speech does not say so. For the rest, the speech foreshadows no important legislation initiated by the government, nor is it worthy of the large space the organs of the government are compelled to give up to its publication. Dr. Pugsley alone would have done much better. If he did not interest he would at least amuse us.

### FOR THE GRAND STAND.

The Anaconda, Mont., Standard pays its respects to the U. S. Collector Ivey, of Sitka, with a vigor that is refreshing. The papers recently published an order, issued by Ivey, prohibiting British sealing schooners from landing, buying provisions, or taking water at any port in Alaska. He charged that British sealers were all poachers and were destroying seal life to the detriment of American interests. His order was promptly cancelled by the treasury department at Washington, as a violation of treaty rights and of international law. The Standard says that Ivey's action was the grandstand play of a man about to retire from office, and an instance of "a small man rattling about in a big position." His action was uncalled for, since there are no sealing schooners in Alaskan waters at this season, and if there were, and they violated the law, it was his duty to seize them. The Standard thus states the actual position with regard to the seal-fisheries.

The incident brings to attention the whole greatly misunderstood sealing controversy. It does not seem to be known generally that the sealing which the United States government strives so hard to protect is limited to the operations of one corporation which, by leasing the seal rookeries in Behring sea from the United States government, has a monopoly of the business. The ownership of the company is international in character, British and German interests being stockholders. All the skins taken by the monopoly are sent to London for treatment there.

The pelagic sealer, misnamed poacher, is not necessarily an Englishman because he sails under the British flag; there are many Americans in the business who take British registry for greater protection. The pelagic sealer pursues the seal in the open ocean. The award of the Paris tribunal was that the United States was entitled to jurisdiction for a radius of 90 miles and hence so long as a pelagic sealer keeps out of that protected zone he is no poacher. Instances of actual poaching on the rookeries in the last ten years can be counted on the fingers of one's hand. In pelagic sealing the hunter takes his chances with wind and weather and pursues an extremely shy and wary quarry; in protected rookery sealing the hunter beats out the brains of the helpless seal with a club as it lies on the rocks, powerless to get away.

It will be observed that the Telegraph, in its hospital crusade, seeks only those who appear for the prosecution. Any witness for the defence who asks a hearing is given scant courtesy. That is not the attitude a professing leader of public opinion should adopt in so serious a matter.

The members of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association who are in the West Indies have found, as others did before them, that Canada is not getting a proportionate share of the trade of the islands. Like others, too, that properly directed effort on the part of Canadian producers will cause a diversion of trade into Canadian channels.

LONDON, March 7.—The Times this morning publishes a violent article on the growing power of the United Irish League, and urges the cabinet, which meets today, to invest the lord lieutenant of Ireland, Earl Cadogan, with power to enforce all the dormant clauses of the Crimes Act, to enable him to proclaim the League as a whole and to deal with it by a change of venue and special juries.

## OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, March 6.—Mr. Kemp was informed that the Intercolonial charged \$3.95 per ton for carrying pig iron and \$2.25 for carrying coal from Sydney to Montreal.

Mr. Patten was informed that the government had received a petition from the Manitoba Prohibition Alliance asking disallowance of the referendum act, but no action had been taken.

Mr. Monet, liberal, read the report of Mr. Broderick's statement in the imperial parliament respecting the organization of the imperial army corps in Great Britain and the colonies, and asked whether the Canadian government had been consulted in the matter.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier said the government had no information concerning the subject matter of the statement made by the imperial war minister. He thought when the full report arrived it would be found that Mr. Broderick had been misrepresented. As to matters which were to be discussed at the meeting of the colonial and imperial representatives at coronation time, the house would understand the position of the government when the correspondence should be brought down in a few days hence.

Mr. McLean's telephone bill was read second time.

Mr. Monk, in moving for correspondence between the Canadian government and the imperial government relating to the Anglo-German treaty of commerce, strongly censured the ministry for withholding information respecting this conduct with the prompt action of the home government in laying the papers before parliament.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier claimed that in the case of negotiations with the United States and Germany correspondence was still going on, therefore papers could not be brought down, and there was no cause for Monk's heroics.

Mr. Borden (Halifax) said that the German matter was apparently sufficiently advanced last year for Hon. Mr. Fielding to speak of it in the budget address. There was every reason why the country should know what position Canadians had taken in this affair.

The discussion was continued by Mr. McLean and Mr. Kemp of Toronto, the latter showing the loss to Canadian trade of German discrimination against Canada.

The government refused to bring down papers and Mr. Monk pressed his motion to a division, when it was defeated by a straight party vote of 107 to 56.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier's Mounted Police pension bill passed the committee. This bill applies only to officers. Supplementary estimates for the current year ending next June, brought down today, calls for \$1,353,683, of which \$2,500 is capital. It includes \$450,000 for the census and \$17,000 more for the Pan-American, \$50,000 for repair to government steamers, \$61,500 to replace the Druid, \$50,000 additional for the Mounted Police, the same for the Yukon, and \$338,000 for the reception to the Duke and Duchess of York.

The St. John delegation lunched with Hon. Mr. Blair in the senate restaurant today and spent four hours interviewing Hons. Blair, Sutherland and Tarte. The latter said the suggestion intended to be used in St. John would not be ready until next spring. The dry dock application will be heard by the premier tomorrow. It is understood Mr. Robertson will ask three per cent on a capital expenditure of \$500,000 to \$1,000,000 for twenty years. New Brunswick members on both sides are joining to press St. John's claims.

Hon. Mr. Sutherland promises to hasten the construction of the lightship for Lurcher shoals and the whistle for Negro Point.

## NOTES.

The Knapp Tubular Steamship Co., capital three millions, asks for incorporation with a view to operate boats on the Illinois today caused the incorporators are F. A. Knapp, H. Geo. E. Foster of Toronto; Frank Buller, Wm. Hutchinson, W. H. Stewart and M. J. Baker, all of Montreal.

Messrs. Clarke of Toronto, Barker of Hamilton, and Bell of Pictou have given notice of a large number of questions and motions for returns respecting the purchase of supplies for the Intercolonial.

Messrs. R. L. Borden, Monk, Taylor, Northrup, Carscallon, Wilson and others members leave for Belleville tomorrow to attend the presentation of an oil painting to Mr. Corby, ex-M. P., by his friends in the riding.

### TO THE NORTH POLE.

HALIFAX, March 6.—Captain Bernier, who returned from England, and is getting ready for a Canadian expedition to reach the North Pole, lectured in this city tonight, outlining his plans. He says \$150,000 will be necessary to pay the cost of his enterprise. The Canadian government has promised him \$60,000. He says he has questions from other sources and he received in England \$7,500. He will interview the Nova Scotia government tomorrow for assistance to his project.

### FATAL LANDSLIDE.

PADUKAH, Ky., March 6.—A landslide on the Illinois Central railway near Rosin tunnel today caused the death of Wm. Simons and Granville Morton of Horse Branch, Ky., and Thomas Dobbs of Rosin, Ky. All were laborers.

OF PERSONAL INTEREST. Dr. J. H. Gray of Fairville, who had been ill with a gripe for nearly ten days, was able to leave his bed yesterday. Rev. J. M. Davenport has been back from England nearly a fortnight, and is now in charge of his Toronto church. Father Davenport had been in the old country several months, winding up the estate of his father, who was very wealthy. George W. Trimble, agent for Lavative Bromo-Quinine, is at the Royal hotel on his way east from Toronto.

Repotting of plants becomes necessary for two reasons—the plant uses up the available fertility in the soil and fills the pots with roots.

## LADY DUFFERIN.

Her Noble Work for the Uplifting of Women in India.

(London Telegraph.)

Just forty years have passed since the engagement of Lord Dufferin to the beautiful Miss Harriot Rowan Hamilton was announced at Hillsborough Castle, Ireland, and the marriage took place on Oct. 23, 1862. Thus, Lady Dufferin was with her illustrious husband while at the war office as under secretary of state for war, in Canada, in Russia, in India, in Rome, and in the highest diplomatic posts, and she has seen more of kings and courts, and known more of the innermost secrets of the highest diplomacy. She is one of the sixteen "fair names and famous," who belong to the third class of the Order of Victoria and Albert, and has also the decoration of the Crown of India, as well as possessing the Turkish Order of the Chevak and the Persian Order of the Sun. But her name will endure in women's memories for perhaps the finest effort for the amelioration of suffering among her sex and carried into effect.

When Lady Dufferin went to India on her husband's appointment as viceroy, Queen Victoria, with earnest wishes for the welfare of her feminine subjects in the East, asked her to see what could be done to bring surgery, nursing, and medicine within their reach. The story of the National Association for Supplying Female Medical Aid to the Women of India, which came into existence in 1885 as the result of her thought and enterprise, has been told by Lady Dufferin herself in a most interesting "Record of Three Years' Work." To raise a large sum of money from the wealthy native princes and rajahs was perhaps the least difficult part of the matter, and the temptation to build a number of showy hospitals in the chief cities with it would have been tempting to one who saw the whole question merely superficially. She wisely perceived, however, that what was wanted was a supply of qualified lady doctors, European or native, which would be of far more value, and that the opening of the medical schools to women at the Universities of Calcutta, Madras, Bombay, Lahore, and Agra, together with the endowment of scholarships for native lady students, was a far greater contribution to the solution of an overwhelming difficult problem than the immediate care of the few. The training of nurses was another pressing need at the time, for it is difficult to convey any idea of the sufferings endured by poor women of the appalling superstitions and ignorance of their attendants. These lofty aims have been carried out to a degree of success that their beneficent founders can hardly have anticipated. With scant financial help or even intelligent sympathy from this country the work has grown and developed year by year. Native princes have built hospitals for women in convenient cities, and subscriptions of well-to-do Hindus, Mohammedans, and Parsees have reared them in other centres of population. In many states, lady doctors are officially appointed and maintained and all the while the number of those coming forward to qualify professionally is surely and steadily maintained. It is the healing of sickness or not, but the healing of the mind, the relief of pain that this woman's movement for women pursues its good purpose. Over and beyond that, it is an educating and a social influence, which unconsciously at present, perhaps, is making for great changes in the life of the sex in the East.

Two delightful books are reminders of Lady Dufferin's high literary ability. The first of these to appear was called "Our Vice-regal Life in India." Many notable episodes filled that arduous five years, none of which seized upon home life, and the great Dufferin and Lady Dufferin received the late Amer. Abdur-Rahman. After the bestowal of present, the Amer. who "wore a very dull plain brown uniform," made a speech "which proved to be a hearty declaration of friendship for England, with a war-like flavour in the expression of it." An amusing event of another kind is thus related:

My second deputation consisted of three gentlemen, who came to represent the women of Gujranwalla. They asked before leaving to be allowed to walk round the tomb of the prophet, and inquired into this custom. I could only learn that they walk round temples and other sacred things. D's comment upon the compliment thus paid me was, "They never get round me."

The second book dealt with the reminiscences of the Canadian Vice-Roy, Lord Dufferin, and the Canadian Lady Dufferin. In the work of the Royal Free Hospital, at which the students of the London School of Medicine for Women obtain their practical experience of duties in the wards, she is especially interested, and this institution a few years ago paid Lord Dufferin the graceful compliment of asking him to be its president of the committee. Mr. Kennedy, the member for Gaspe, graphically described the mineral wealth of Gaspe, which was much handicapped by lack of railway connections. Mr. Kennedy stated he had the promise from Mr. Lemieux, M. P., that a new steamer would be placed upon the Baie des Chaleurs route this season.

TORONTO, March 6.—It is stated in military circles here tonight that Col. Burdett of Montreal will be commandant of this year's Bielek team.

The prohibition bill passed its second reading in the Ontario legislature by 13 majority, a strict party vote, excepting that Marter, conservative, and a strong prohibitionist, voted with the government.

Sch. Avalon goes to Weymouth to carry lumber to a Sound port.

Str. Virginia has been chartered to load hay here this month.

## READY-TO-WEAR WALKING SKIRTS.

Price \$4.00.

Medium weight walking skirts in Mid-Grey, Dark Grey and Black; flare cut and trimmed with many rows of stitching on the bottom. Sizes 39, 40, 41, 42 and 43 inches long.

Price \$4.00.

Price \$4.75.

Good weight ready-to-wear walking or rainy-day skirts, made of good quality of Frieze Cloth and finished in the latest style; trimmed with many rows of stitched cording around the flounce. Sizes 39 to 42 inches.

Price \$4.75.

The above walking skirts are on sale in our Costume and Mantle Department, Second Floor.

Manchester Robertson & Allison



### THE QUESTION OF THE BEST BREAD

Was always open to argument until Heatt's Hygienic bread won the approval of all good housekeepers. Its enviable reputation has been attained by careful and uniform care in its making, selected flour only being used, and skill, guided by experience, exercised in its baking. All our bread is labeled. Ask your grocer for it.

### Hygienic Bakery

134-136-138 Mill Street.

'Phone 1167

### HELP WANTED, MALE.

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or Three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

WANTED.—Three coatmakers, one to have a knowledge of ladies' jackets. N. A. SEELY, 85 Gorman street.

WANTED.—A young man, active and intelligent, to assist in Life and Accident Insurance for well-known and reliable companies. A good opening for the right man. Address E. L. Sun Office.

GENERAL AGENTS WANTED in each town for special, accident, sickness, identification policies and general insurance business. Liberal terms to reliable men. Write box 275, Montreal.

### HELP WANTED, FEMALE.

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or Three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

GIRL WANTED.—A competent girl for general housework. MRS. C. K. BISHOP, cor. Wright and Godefrich streets.

WANTED.—Cook wanted. Apply at PARK HOTEL.

WANTED.—Girl wanted for general housework. Apply immediately at 141 Douglas Avenue.

WANTED.—A general servant in a small family; no washing. Apply 172 Gorman street.

### MONEY TO LOAN

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or Three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

MONEY.—Advanced on mortgage to large or small sums. Apply to Chas. Macdonald, barrister, Walker Building, Canterbury St.

On Freehold and Leasehold Property, repayable by monthly instalments or otherwise. Apply to CHAPMAN & TILLEY, Barristers, Palmer's Building, Princess street.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

ALL KINDS SEWING MACHINES REPAIRED.

Needles and parts for all makes at W. H. BELLS, 25 Dock Street.

### FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or Three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

FOR SALE.—Furnished hay for sale by Robert Seely, Charlotte Street Extension. Prices reasonable.

FOR SALE.—An incubator, brooder and glass yard, all in good condition. Will sell cheap. Enquire 31 St. Andrew street.

FOR SALE.—Pine corner house and lot. City situated in most desirable part of city. Address 102 P. O. Box.

FOR SALE.—A well-established meat business in a central part of the City. Address "MEAT," Star Office.

FOR SALE.—A second-hand typewriter in good condition. Address "TYPEWRITER," Star Office.

### WANTED.

Advertisements under this head: Two words for one cent each time, or Three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

WANTED.—A magic lantern, suitable for public entertainment purposes. Address S. Star Office.

GENERAL AGENTS WANTED.—Salary \$300 a year and expenses. Apply ALFRED TYLER, 332-334 Clarence street, London, Ont.

WANTED.—A college student or teacher who would be willing to take a pupil at home. Address "G." Star Office.

WANTED.—Canvassers, male or female, through the city, to handle a rapid selling book on the war. Good commissions. Address "M." Star Office.

### FOUND.

FOUND.—On Main street, on 6th inst., a purse containing a small sum of money. Owner will call at 724 Main street, N. E.

TORONTO, March 6.—The prohibitionists are much dissatisfied with the latest changes made by the Ross government in the referendum bill. They wanted the vote taken on municipal election day, and also object to the vote taken in 1895 being adopted as the standard.

WANTED.—A case of Headache that KUMFORT Powders will cure. In from ten to twenty minutes.

## Kills Germs.

That's precisely what Vapo-Cresoline does. You light the vaporizer, the vapor of Cresoline is given off. Not a disease germ can live in this vapor, yet it can't possibly harm even the youngest child. Just naturally breathe-in the vapor; it destroys the germs of la grippe, hay fever, influenza, and whooping-cough. It's the common sense treatment for all troubles of the throat and bronchial tubes.

Vapo-Cresoline is sold by druggists everywhere. A Vapo-Cresoline Vaporizer and a bottle of Cresoline, complete, \$1.50; extra supplies of Cresoline 25 cents and account. Illustrative booklet containing physicians' testimonials: 50 on request. Vapo-Cresoline Co., 150 Fulton St., New York, U.S.A.

