

ST. JOHN PRESBYTERY.

The Mullen Case Takes on a New Aspect.

Presbytery Now Trying the Effect of a Policy of Conciliation.

A Misunderstanding Between the Ordained Missionary of Fairville and Grand Bay and the Superintendent of Missions.

The presbytery of St. John met at 10 o'clock Tuesday, 20th inst., in St. Andrew's church school house, the moderator, Judge Stevens, in the chair. Seventeen members were present at the opening exercises, but that number was considerably added during the morning. The special object of the meeting was to receive documents relating to the situation in Fairville and Stanley.

When the minutes of the July meeting were read, presbytery voted to cease all mention of an altercation that had taken place between the clerk and Rev. Mr. Mullen. Rev. Mr. Mullen said the minutes omitted all over with "the Mullen case." He wanted to know what case there was again his question.

The moderator ruled the question out of order, pending the reading of minutes of subsequent meetings of presbytery.

When these latter minutes were read, Rev. Mr. Mullen charged the clerk with having perverted the address of a letter to presbytery from Stanley, thereby causing ridicule on his people.

Rev. Mr. Rennie denied the charge, and was sustained by John Willet. Rev. Mr. Mullen having reiterated his charge, the clerk asked that his words be taken down, so that presbytery might investigate the whole matter.

Mr. Mullen's objection was overruled and the minutes sustained. The moderator appointed the following as examiners of the following sessional records: Rev. Mr. Burgess, Nashua; and Stanley.

Rev. Willard MacDonald, St. Andrews. John Willet, St. Stephen. Mr. Holly, Fairville. Rev. Mr. Macneil, Pisano.

Rev. Mr. Sutherland, Kincardine. Rev. Mr. Van, St. David's. Mr. Kerr and Rev. Dr. Bruce, Carleton.

Rev. J. R. McDonald, Beauceville. Mr. Fraser, St. John church. Mr. McKay, Hampton. Mr. Fotheringham, Dorchester.

The next business was consideration of the refusal of the congregation of St. Peter's church, Stanley, to lay its congregational papers, deeds, etc., before presbytery.

The moderator thought presbytery had exceeded its authority in making this demand. Rev. Mr. Ross said it was reported that the title of the manse was in the name of a private party.

Rev. Mr. Mullen failed to see what could be gained by this access to these records. He had frankly told presbytery all that was necessary, indeed all that it had asked for.

Instead of harkening at him and his people, presbytery should be thankful for what they had done for Presbyterism. When he went there he found a strong feeling against the church. Some hoped to make the doctrines of Swedenborg paramount.

It was one of these persons who had unknown to the people, caused the title to the manse to be made out in the name of a private party. So far as the title to the church property was concerned, it was in private hands and it would be made over to the church as soon as the mortgage was discharged.

The moderator asked Mr. Mullen to submit this important statement in writing. Until this explanation was given, presbytery had no idea of the exact condition of affairs. Rev. Mr. Mullen said he would be pleased to comply with the moderator's suggestion.

Replying to Mr. Ross, the moderator said the presbytery had no control over the property. Mr. Ross said this was a case of fraud.

Rev. Dr. Bruce and others called on the speaker to retract his charge. Mr. Mullen said it was no wonder the people of Stanley were provoked when such charges were made by members of presbytery.

The moderator ruled that there was no ground for making a charge of fraud. Dr. Bruce said the congregation had scarcely been dealt with in a way to encourage it to make any immediate response to the presbytery's request for information.

Rev. Mr. Sutherland thought presbytery was backing down, taking back water, as it were, and was dealing with this matter in a weaker spirit. Rev. Mr. Macneil—A wiser spirit!

Rev. Mr. Sutherland wanted the congregation to give the information asked for. Mr. Mullen, who was omnipotent there, could get his session to do it.

Rev. Mr. Rennie—Why can't Mr. Mullen get the session to give the information asked for and already given by him?

Rev. Dr. Bennett said it would take a skilled secretary a long time to make out answers to all the demands of presbytery. It was a herculean task that presbytery imposed on the minister of Stanley.

The moderator again urged Mr. Mullen, not only a clergyman, but as a private gentleman as well, to get the information so long sought for. Dr. Bruce reminded presbytery that had dealt vigorously with Mr. Mullen, so far as almost depriving him of his living. This was not a kindly spirit, nor was it a course calculated to conciliate the people of Stanley. It was against his judgment and that of other members, when presbytery decided to enforce ecclesiastical law and to separate Mr. Mullen from his

congregation. This was a matter of history. That presbytery has retraced its steps was also history. Why, he would not say. Mr. Rennie reminded Dr. Bruce that he had moved the resolution on which a commission had been appointed to behold Mr. Mullen.

Dr. Bruce denied that his resolution went that far, or that he had in his mind the utmost exercise of ecclesiastical power on that occasion. He hoped Mr. Mullen's congregation would give the information and that Mr. Mullen would meet presbytery in the best possible spirit.

Dr. Bennett asked what Mr. Mullen was expected to do. The clerk replied that Mr. Mullen and his session were asked to give an accurate statement about the deeds of property, etc. If the session said it would not or could not give the information, he would be satisfied.

Rev. Mr. Mullen was pleased to hear Dr. Bruce speak as he had done, but he reminded presbytery that the general assembly had cut the ground from under its feet and that it was now powerless to harm him, although he was true they were permitted to have an eye over the congregation. He had been gagged by this presbytery.

Rev. Mr. Ross objected to this language. Mr. Mullen said he had been prevented from expressing his views on various subjects.

Mr. Willet, in the interest of peace, moved that the presbytery again ask the session of Stanley for the required information, at the same time expressing the opinion that if Mr. Mullen manifested the same spirit at the session as he did in presbytery, the end was still a long way off.

Mr. Mullen vigorously protested against Mr. Willet's charge and denied that he had at any time refused to give any information to which presbytery was entitled.

Mr. Macneil held that Mr. Willet's motion was too vague. All that was really wanted was a return of the deeds of property, etc.

Mr. Rennie raised the question of Mr. Mullen's salary, but that was ruled out of order by the chair. Mr. Willet's motion failed to find a second.

The moderator said they were in a peculiar position as presbytery. Now that a new flood of light had been thrown on the subject, presbytery did right in not proceeding to sever the pastoral tie. He appealed to the members as servants of the church to act in the best spirit possible for good. In the most confidential spirit certain requests had been made of the congregation and trustees, but it had gone beyond its powers in so doing.

The presbytery need not be ashamed of its errors. He now appealed to Mr. Mullen to respond at once to a call for an account of the way in which the property is situated. He recognized that Mr. Mullen had good cause to feel aggrieved over what had taken place in the past, but he (Judge Stevens) now felt that the pastor of Stanley would meet presbytery in a Christian spirit.

Rev. Mr. Mullen pointed out what Mr. Mullen had already explained to give all this information. Mr. Rennie moved, seconded by Mr. Macneil, that the moderator in session will give a statement of account of the church property.

Mr. Mullen said he would do so cheerfully. The motion was unanimously adopted.

Mr. Rennie moved that a statement of the financial state of the congregation be also laid before presbytery. —Adopted.

Rev. Mr. Morton wrote declining the call to Shediac. On motion the call was set aside.

On motion of the request of the women's Home Missionary Society that presbytery furnish it with a list of mission stations other than those already aided, with the amount needed, was referred to the convenor of the Home Missionary committee to report back to presbytery.

John Willet for a select committee reported to presbytery concerning the dispute at Scotch settlement over the burial ground and church property. It appears that J. M. McDougal now holds the property.

It is contended that the Presbyterian body did not fulfil its trust and erect a church on the land given it in 1863 for that purpose, and that his father never handed over the property for the purpose of a graveyard. Mr. McDougal therefore claims the land under his father's will. On the other hand the Presbyterians contend that they have legally fulfilled the trust.

The committee in its report expressed regret that litigation should arise, and urged the trustees to do to others as they would be done by. The committee further recommended that trustees be appointed under the act.

Mr. McDougal, who was present on behalf of the congregation, said that he had elected trustees in the same way, he thought, about the last of December.

Mr. Ross pointed out that such elections were illegal, not being held at the time specified by the general act. The report was received and the committee thanked for its services, presbytery expressing the hope that an amicable settlement may be arrived at.

Reports from committees on sessional records were then received. —Adjourned till 2.30 p.m.

Home missions was the first item taken up after dinner, when Rev. Mr. Ross submitted a report that showed a cheering state of things in Fairville, Norton, and other, Mechanics' settlement, etc. Mr. McDonald was continued in Fairville and Grand Bay for another year. The church at Fort Kent will be finished early next summer and the church at Comers was almost completed.

At Riley brook Mechanics' settlement and Waterford, had built one church and were preparing to build another. Supply was wanted for lumber camps on the Robique. The committee could cover the whole field with 14 missionaries and three catechists, but that would involve a cost of \$3,000.

On motion St. Paul's church, Fredericton, was thanked for its promise to contribute \$150 towards the support of an ordained missionary.

Rev. Mr. McDonald asked for an explanation of the proposition to trans-

fer him from Fairville to Salina, and of the report that he had applied for work in Prince Edward Island, which report was utterly groundless.

Rev. Mr. Ross said he had notified Mr. McDonald and the secretary of the trustees as to the proposed change, but after it had been passed on by presbytery a delegation from Grand Bay waited on the committee and asked the Rev. Mr. McDonald to be retained. The clerk of Prince Edward Island presbytery said Mr. Gunn had arranged with Mr. McDonald to preach on the island, and that he had asked to be given work there. It was on this information that he (Ross) had made arrangements to supply Fairville and Grand Bay. He had put nothing in the way of Mr. McDonald's reappointment.

Mr. McDonald said this was only a flimsy answer. He read a certificate from Rev. Mr. Gunn of P. E. I. that he (McDonald) had not applied to that presbytery for work. He had gone away for a short time for his health. The salary in Fairville was not very high, he did preach in a vacant church on the island, the pay therefor being an object to him. Why, he asked, should a pledge be now demanded from him that he would remain in Fairville another year, when no such pledge was exacted from him at the time of his original appointment. What, he asked, had the superintendent of missions meant by saying he would not be influenced by the defence, since an appeal was made.

Rev. Mr. Ross replied that he (McDonald) had several times asked for another charge on account of trouble in Fairville, and that again and again he (Ross) had to go there and make peace between the trustees and the minister. Outside he heard statements on good authority that Mr. McDonald was dissatisfied.

Mr. McDonald in reply said that Mr. Ross had not spoken to him since the May meeting, but had treated him as an outcast and an alien.

Mr. Ross denied that he had shown any such ill feeling. Mr. McDonald had kept away from him (Ross) ever since he refused to help him to another charge, and an alien.

Mr. McDonald—Why he met me in this very door with a scowl on his face as black as a thunder cloud. Rev. Mr. Macneil said it appeared that Mr. Fullerton of P. E. I. had not asked that Mr. McDonald had applied for work in the States, but had done so on the inference that had caused all the trouble.

Mr. McDonald said in conclusion that this was not the first time Mr. Ross had interfered with his interests. He had been the secretary of the superintendent of missions that was stated against his work and had visited his opponents (although he could not find time to visit him). The secretary had been stabbing him behind the back, and he was not at all satisfied that he could continue in Fairville another year. He therefore asked for a presbyterial certificate for work done in the field.

The moderator cautioned the presbytery against accepting any statements against the worthy superintendent of missions. He suggested that Mr. McDonald's request be complied with.

Rev. Mr. Fotheringham and Rev. Mr. Macneil hoped to see Mr. McDonald another year in the field, where he had the good will of his people and where he was doing a good work. In all the presbytery no field worker was better than that of Fairville and Grand Bay under Mr. McDonald's ministrations.

Mr. Fotheringham said he knew that the people of Grand Bay and Fairville were warmly attached to Mr. McDonald.

Rev. Mr. Ross was sorry over the trouble, and felt that it should be kept out of the papers. He hoped that if there were any reporters present they would delete it from their reports. He believed that the trouble could be corrected at once.

On motion of Rev. Mr. Fotheringham, seconded by Rev. Mr. Macneil, presbytery asked Mr. McDonald to withdraw his resignation of the appointment.

Mr. McDonald thanked presbytery for its expression of trust in him as a missionary in the field. It was only a year since his ordination. Now they had a complete organization. He was going on to recite some of the work he was doing, when Mr. Rennie objected to this revival of the discussion.

The chair said Mr. McDonald had been asked a categorical question. Rev. Mr. Macneil suggested that they give Mr. McDonald and Mr. Ross to talk the matter over between themselves.

After some further debate time was given for consideration, and the presbytery took up routine business, but Mr. Ross did not do so. Mr. Macneil stated he would do all in his power to allay all friction in Fairville. He had no feeling whatever against Mr. McDonald.

At the request of Rev. Mr. Anderson, he was granted a disjunction presbyterial certificate.

Before adjournment the records of all the congregational sessions presented were endorsed by the moderator.

In the matter of Mr. McDonald and Fairville the clerk of presbytery was instructed to obtain a definite answer from Mr. McD. within ten days, and in the event of his declining the charge, to grant him the certificate asked for. He was given the same time to notify the convenor of the home mission committee.

Presbytery was then adjourned till the third Tuesday in January unless previously called together for business.

Hay Fever and Catarrh Relieved in 10 to 30 Minutes.

One short puff of the breath through the blower supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarrh Powder, diffuses this powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use. It relieves instantly, and permanently cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Colds, Headache, Sore Throat, Tonsillitis and Deafness.

AMERICAN SHIPPING. San Francisco Chamber of Commerce Wants Some Protection.

San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 21.—The chamber of commerce has decided to interest itself in obtaining some protective action from congress relating to the American shipping interests. Secretary Merry will forward a memorandum to Washington, presenting the absolute necessity of some action in behalf of the ocean mail steamship service under the national ensign. The memorial sets forth that Japan is entering the field with modern steamships, to be operated under a subsidy law so liberal that a 5,000 ton vessel with 15 knots speed will be paid \$31,500 for a voyage from Yokohama to San Francisco and return. It also calls attention to the fact that Great Britain also has a heavy subsidized steamship line between Vancouver and Japan and China, and that another is about to be established between Vancouver and Australia via New Zealand and the Fiji Islands, also calling at Honolulu. England pays subsidies at coast steamship lines and auxiliary cruisers \$5,000,000, and France pays \$2,000,000, and with such inducements it is of no use for American steamers to compete with them.

Heart Disease Relieved in 30 Minutes. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gives perfect relief in all cases of Organic or Sympathetic Heart Disease in 30 minutes, and speedily effects a cure. It is a peerless remedy for Palpitation, Shortness of Breath, Smothering Spells, Pain in Left Side and all symptoms of a diseased heart. One dose convinces.

CANADIAN FOUND GUILTY. Middleton, Conn., Oct. 21.—Edward Rogers, a Canadian wood chopper, charged with the murder of Timothy J. Parsons at Cohasset on the night of February 26, was found guilty of murder in the second degree and was sentenced by Judge Elmer to the state prison at Wethersfield for life. Attorney Lovell Hall, the junior counsel for the defence, entered an appeal and was given ten days to file exceptions. Pending the appeal Rogers was remanded to Hadden Jail. The trial has consumed ten days and it is said the expense to the state will be about \$15,000.

THEN DON'T WATCH THE POT. A watched pot never boils, and a watched clock never goes. Nothing is quick enough for impatience. Minutes, hours and days are mere words at all. We are miserable an hour after a day.

From the summer of 1890 to the autumn of 1892 wasn't long to contented and happy people; but to Mrs. Annie Dutton it seemed like one of those tremendous geological periods that the learned men talk about. For it was measured by weary heart-beats and steps taken in pain. Her trouble began as it begins with an unaccounted multitude of women—the tired and languid feeling, the disgust with food, the distress after eating, the coated tongue, the grinding pain at the pit of the stomach, the nausea and vomiting of acid fluids, and a dreary list.

Writing of her experience recently, she says "After a time I had so much distress that I never wanted anything to eat; the very sight of it made me sick. Night after night came, bringing sleep to others, but not to me. I was low, and heard this medicine, which would last for hours all alone, wishing for no company. And, then, so nervous. Why, the slightest noise started me.

Two terrible years of this I was dragged through. In that time I lost six stone in weight, growing continually weaker. I consulted doctor after doctor, but they were not able to do me any real good. I tried change of air, yet was disappointed in my hope of any advantage from it. I only lost ground and became more and more feeble.

Then came unexpected help. In September, 1892, a neighbor of mine told me of the good Mother Selge's Cure, and I bought it. I had not time to try it. I had heard this medicine, and was so weak, that I could do nothing but to try it. I had heard this medicine, and was so weak, that I could do nothing but to try it. I had heard this medicine, and was so weak, that I could do nothing but to try it. I had heard this medicine, and was so weak, that I could do nothing but to try it.

"In October, 1890," says Mrs. Dutton, "I read about Mother Selge's Cure in a little book. I got a bottle, and after taking it a short time I was well as ever. I have been in good health ever since. Now I recommend it to all our customers and my friends. Does my husband love Yours truly, (Signed) Annie Dutton, Nottingham road, Borrowash, near Derby, October 6th, 1893."

As to the opening symptoms, the narrative of Mrs. Susannah Durose is identical with that of Mrs. Dutton, so we need not repeat them.

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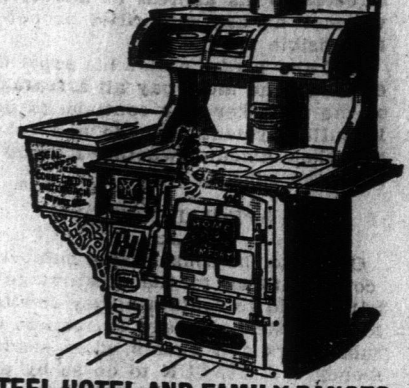
The latter lady would be called very old, as she is 78; and, as lives average is 50, she is old. Few of us, perhaps, have any hope of living as long as she has. Why not? "The days of our years are three score years and ten," says David. But most of the days are but a shadow, and we are as happy as we can, and both depend (accidents excepted) on health, and health on the continued natural action of the digestive process.

And that Mother Selge's Curative Syrup promotes that a host of witnesses in England alone have testified.

Fifteen gallons of mixed paint, for Bass river and Call's bridges, Kent Co., were stolen the other day from the government's Bass river warehouse.

HOME COMFORT. ROLL OF HONOR.

THREE GOLD AND ONE SILVER Medal The World's Industrial and Cotton Centennial Exposition, New Orleans 1884 and 1885. HIGHEST AWARDS Nebraska State Board of Agriculture, 1887. DIPLOMA Alabama State Agr. Society at Montgomery, 1888. AWARDS Chattahoochee Valley Expo., Columbus, Ga., 1888. HIGHEST AWARDS St. Louis Agricultural and Mechanical Ass'n., 1893. SIX GOLD MEDALS World's Columbian Exposition, Chicago, 1893. HIGHEST AWARDS West's Fair Association, London, Eng., 1883. GOLD MEDALS Midwinter Jr. San Francisco, Cal., 1894. SILVER MEDAL Toronto Exposition, Toronto, Canada, 1895. ABOVE HONORS WERE RECEIVED BY WROUGHT IRON RANGE CO. 70 to 76 PEARL STREET, TORONTO, ONTARIO. FOUNDED 1864. PAID UP CAPITAL, \$1,000,000.



STEEL HOTEL AND FAMILY RANGES. Above Style Family Range is sold only by our Traveling Salesmen from our own works at one uniform price throughout Canada and the United States. Made of Malleable Iron and Wrought Steel, and will last a lifetime with ordinary care. Over 22,500 sold to January 1st, 1896.

KING OF TRAMPS IS DEAD.

"Brownie" Who Assisted William Stead in Forgetting Out Vice. Passes Away.

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 19.—"Brownie, King of the Bums," is dead. "Brownie" went into Michael Kenan's ("Hinky Dink" saloon, No. 120 Van Buren street, last Saturday night, and even the newest acquaintance he had among his subjects saw that he was ill. He said he was not, but finally "Hinky Dink" called a carriage and sent "Brownie" to Mercy hospital. Twenty-four hours later he died.

"Brownie's" name was Edmund G. Browne, and his father, who was rich, lived near Montreal. When he died he left his son \$25,000, but it was gone in three years.

When William Stead, editor of the Review of Reviews, came to Chicago to write a book about the vice of the city, he wanted a good man to show him what he could not find. He fell upon "Brownie," who was drunk, as usual. But Mr. Stead wanted him, so he sent the man to Dwight and paid the bill. "Brownie" came back then and helped the Englishman. But he drifted back into his old habits soon after and began smoking cigarettes. "Brownie" will be buried tomorrow.

MT. ALLISON LADIES' COLLEGE.

The alumnae society of Mt. Allison Ladies' college is to be congratulated on the marked success of the concert given for its benefit on Friday evening, the 16th inst. There was a large attendance, and each number on the programme elicited warm applause. The entertainment opened with a "Requiem" for solo violin, strings and piano, composed and arranged by Prof. Chisholm, the talented teacher in the violin department. Miss Jean Bruce of Montreal took the solo part, and played with her usual brilliancy and finished style. The ensemble was delightfully rendered, and the composition was pronounced one of the best ever listened to by a Sackville audience.

Miss Fanning inspired one from the moment she appeared on the platform. The selections were given in a most artistic manner, and she was obliged to respond to numerous encores. She has a voice of exceptional sweetness and purity of tone, which added to her charming personality, makes one long to hear her again.

Miss Chase, one of the assistants in the musical department, gave two piano selections in a manner which won for her many warm expressions of approval.

Miss Webster, the teacher of elocution and physical culture, captivated the audience in her rendition of "Barbara." Her readings are given in a style peculiar to herself, and the interest of the audience is unbroken from start to finish. She was encored again and again, and very kindly responded.

The last number on the programme was a piano solo by Prof. Wootton. His playing was truly unusual in brilliancy and remarkable execution. In response to a tumultuous encore, he seated himself at the piano, and after a few seconds at the piano realized that his encore selection was "God Save the Queen."

First man (on horseback)—Did you go to the hanging this afternoon? Second man (on horseback)—No; was it much of a time? "No, nothing extra. Just as they were going to hang the feller somebody laughed, and that made him mad; so he said he'd kick the man who laughed in three minutes, and he did. The sheriff, who was sitting on the gallows, he then licked the sheriff, and white the feller went across the street to get a drink he stole a horse and got away."—Texas Sittings.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

On and after Monday, the 23rd October, 1896, the trains of this Railway will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows: TRAINS WILL LEAVE ST. JOHN.

Express for Campbellton, Peggwash, Pisano and Halifax..... 7.00 Express for Halifax..... 8.00 Express for Sussex..... 10.15 Express for Quebec and Montreal..... 11.10

Passengers from St. John for Quebec and Montreal take through Sleeping Car at Montreal at 20.10 o'clock.

TRAINS WILL ARRIVE AT ST. JOHN. Express from Sussex..... 8.30 Express from Montreal and Quebec (Monday excepted)..... 10.30 Express from Montreal (Daily)..... 10.30 Express from Halifax..... 12.15 Express from Peggwash, Pisano and Campbellton..... 13.30 Accommodation from Montreal..... 21.30

The Trains of the Intercolonial Railway are heated by steam from the locomotive, and those between Halifax and Montreal, via Lewis, are lighted by electricity. All Trains are run by Eastern Standard Time. D. POSTENBER, General Manager. Railway Office, Moncton, N. B., 23d October, 1896.

CASTORIA.

The enthusiastic reception accorded to the Lord Chief Justice in the United States, recalls the fact that one of the greatest Lord Chancellors of England was born in New England. Copely, the printer, was resident in America with his family during the war of the American Independence. At the conclusion of the war Copely decided to create a British subject in preference to becoming a citizen of the United States, and returned to England with his family, which included a son, born in America, afterwards the celebrated Sir John Copely, who was Master of the Rolls, and subsequently, as Lord Lyndhurst, Lord Chancellor of England.

SHOE MAN ASSIGNS.

Lynn, Mass., Oct. 21.—D. G. Richard, a shoe manufacturer at 496 Union street, has made an assignment for the benefit of his creditors. The liabilities are set at \$30,000 and the assets at \$20,000.

Advertisement for 'BROWNIE'S' cure for heart disease, listing symptoms and testimonials.

Advertisement for SAINT JOHN DYE WORKS, offering cleaning and dyeing services.

Advertisement for H. H. PICKETT, B.C.L., an attorney and notary.

Advertisement for Standard Blend Tea, highlighting its quality and availability.

Advertisement for W. F. HARRISON & CO., located at Central Southampton.

Advertisement for CARD OF THANKS, expressing gratitude to friends.

Advertisement for INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY, detailing train schedules and routes.

Advertisement for Robb-Armstrong ENGINEERS, highlighting their mechanical services.

Advertisement for Robb-Armstrong ENGINEERS, focusing on their engineering expertise.

Advertisement for Robb-Armstrong ENGINEERS, detailing their workmanship and design.

We that no Sunday school keep abreast with the world without it, for no other way regularly an account of us and doings of Sunday schoolers at the front through the continent and the world. It is a pleasure to bring up a conference the whole between superintendents and best methods, and is a conator for parish and county.

These things are necessary work, and we believe that own work has been published from the international people have had broader and have done more intelligent.

R. FIELD SECRETARY.

It is only to repeat the words of committee at the Chatham conference in regard to the work of our presbytery. Rev. A. Lucas, except that added experience had greater results, and the year marks an era of advance.

sequence of his efforts, such not have been obtained by his experience. His detailed report you will the miles travelled, and command other meetings attendees work in connection with the committee, and his editor for the International.

It alone will reveal the of good accomplished by our in stimulating to greater effort the weak, and in enlisting of these heretofore indiffer-

er falling faith and courage in circumstances are remarkable in no small degree of success of this work.

The withdrawal of our correspondent, Miss Clemmie Lucas, work has been satisfied, added on the field secretary, from our committee feels he must be, and would recommend.

Attention to consider what can be given in his work. committee have repeatedly him against overwork, and the only remedy is in pro- duce assistance as the work.

Let us cheer each other, also new and enlarged plans. Our fairly begun. A splendid fu- before us if only we do our bidding. We must not stand who has led us still points it. A large number of our are yet without systematic study. Let us not rest till we are our best to arouse them of which are so precious to "the life which now is and which is to come."

We emphasize the import- placing the Biblical and characteristics of this work thought in all our plans, and of fellow workers in our "permanence" to seek the mas- ters of the Holy Spirit in all things.

That county officers use opportunity to secure a presbytery officers to express the great possibilities of ce, the need of discreet wis- fervent piety for the system- ation of the schools, and that the Christianity of correct state- ment annual offering for the ex- t of this work.

That diligent attention be extending the house to house and the home class depart- ment, and that a superior of home class work for this conven- t be appointed by this conven- t be appointed by this conven- t be appointed by this conven-

That the officers and teach- unday schools during this year special attention to the mat- marked attention, and that it have a of parishes, and province through the

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