General Business.

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Our Patrons, New and Old, to sit for their

CHRISTMAS PHOTOS

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NEW MOUNTS.

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Henry G. Vaughan, D. D. S.

Office Hours:—9.30 a.m. to 1 p.m. 2 p.m. to 6 p.m. Saturday—9.30 a.m. to 1 p.m. 7.30 p.m. to 9 p.m.

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GO TO
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VIA THE
Canada Eastern Railway and Fredericton.

Pullman Sleeper runs through from Fredericton Junction to Boston.

PULP WOOD!

The DOMINION PULP CO'Y LTD. opposite Chatham, N. B. are now prepared to contract for their supply of Pulp Wood for next season. Also for CORD WOOD, nine feet lengths, delivered ON CARS at Chatham Station or BY SLED TO THEIR MILL during winter.

Particulars on application.

Postal address: CHATHAM, N. B. P. O. Drawer 3.

THE DOMINION PULP CO. LIMITED.

PULP WOOD CONTRACTS!

The subscribers are now making their Contracts for the

Winter Season of 1900-1901

for Pulp Wood in large and small quantities, to be delivered by

RAILWAY, TEAMS OR WATER.

Particulars furnished on application. to

THE MARITIME SULPHITE FIBRE CO., LIMITED, CHATHAM, N. B.

INTERNATIONAL S. S. CO.

ONE TRIP A WEEK

For Boston.

$3.50. WINTER RATE. $3.50.

COMMENCING JAN. 3RD the Steamers of this Company will leave St. John for Eastport, Lubec, Portland and Boston every THURSDAY morning, at 7.30 standard.

Returning, leaves Boston every Monday morning at 8 15 o'clock.

Through Tickets on sale at all Railway Stations, and Baggage checked through.

Passengers arriving in St. John in the evening can go direct to the Steamer and take Cabin Berth or Stateroom for the trip.

For rates and information apply to nearest Ticket Agent.

WILLIAM G. LEE, Agent, St. John, N. B

NOTICE.

To John M. Gallant of the Parish of Shippegan, in the County of Gloucester and Province of New Brunswick and all others whom it may concern.

Notice is hereby given that, under a power of sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage, bearing date the twelfth day of May, A. D. 1898, made between you the said John M. Gallant of the one part, and William S. Loggie, of Chatham, in the County of Northumberland and Province of New Brunswick, merchant, of the other part; registered in volume 39 of the Records of the County of Gloucester, on pages 81,82,83 and 84 and numbered 51 in said volume: There will in pursuance of the said power of sale and for the purpose of satisfying the moneys secured by the said Indenture of Mortgage, default having been made in payment thereof, be sold by Public Auction, in front of the Post Office, in the Town of Chatham, on Friday the fifteenth day of February next, at twelve o'clock noon, the following lands and premises in the said mortgage described:

"All that piece or parcel of land situate, lying "and being on the westerly side of Shippegan Harbor "and known as part of the lot of land on which "Peter DeGrace resides, being conveyed by him to "William Taylor by deed bearing date the thirteenth "day of April in the year of our Lord one thousand "eight hundred and sixty-seven, next conveyed by "William Taylor to Euthrope DeGrace, by deed "bearing date the tenth day of May in the year of "our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-"two, next conveyed by Euthrope DeGrace to the "Reverend Joseph Trudel by deed bearing date the "twenty-seventh day of November in the year of "our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-"three, next conveyed by the Reverend Joseph "Trudel to the said John M. Gallant by deed bear-"ing date the twenty-third day of September in the "year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and "eighty-six, to wit: To commence at the upper or "westerly side of the highway, at the boundary or "division line between the said lot or piece of land, "and land owned and occupied by the family of the "late Augustine Robichaud, deceased, thence follow-"ing the said boundary or division line westerly "fifty yards, thence southerly on a course parallel "with the said highway sixty-nine yards on course "parallel with the said line aforesaid, thence easter-"ly to the highway, thence following the said high-"way northerly to the place of beginning; bounded "easterly by the said highway, in the rear by part "of said lot or tract of land, owned and occupied by "the said Peter DeGrace, and northerly by land "owned and occupied by the family of the late "Augustine Robichaud and containing whatever "quantity of land may be found by actual mea ure-"ment within the said boundaries."

TERMS CASH.

Dated at Chatham N. B this 14th November A.D. 1900.

W. S. LOGGIE, Mortgagee.

Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, N. B. - JANUARY 10, 1901.

The I. C. R. and Canada Eastern.

The resolution passed unanimously by the Chatham Board of Trade at its annual meeting on Tuesday, favoring the acquisition by the Government of the Canada Eastern Railway as a part of the Intercolonial system, is in keeping with the public sentiment of the country generally and is undoubtedly in the interest of the great railway itself. Should the purchase be made it will open to the Intercolonial a new and profitable territory for traffic and give it a terminus in the heart of the province, at its capital, and a connection with the C. P. R. on the St. John River. With the exception of a few miles, the whole country traversed is settled, towns and villages being located all along the line. The country is one of the richest and most attractive in Canada and is a paradise for sportsmen and tourists. The eastern terminus is at Chatham, the largest town and most important seaport in Northern New Brunswick, with great possibilities for the developement of trade with the western portion of Prince Edward Island.

The Dominion Government, in pursuing its policy of making the Intercolonial a great national railway, ought not to miss the opportunity it has for securing so important a line as the Canada Eastern.

Self-Defense Against British Underwriters.

The action of British underwriters in discriminating against the Canadian shipping trade, by exacting unreasonable insurance rates, has been the subject of ineffectual protests by individual shipping men and boards of trade for the past two years. As a result, action has been taken in Montreal for the establishing of a Canadian Lloyds. A despatch on the subject from that city says:—"The formation of this company has an additional significance from the statement made by Hon. A. G. Blair, Minister of Railways, at the recent Hayes banquet at Montreal, when he said, amid loud cheers, that no English insurance monopoly could hinder the progress of the St. Lawrence route. The capital is $5,000,000.

Prudence and Prayer.

A correspondent of the St. John Sun very earnestly and piously suggests that trust in the Lord would be quite as efficacious as vaccination as a protection against small pox, and he cites passages from the Old and New Testament in support of his position. He reminds us of the deacon who had a habit of quoting scripture on all possible occasions. One day, in the hayfield, he saw his hired man drop his scythe and come running in his direction. When the man stopped he asked him the cause of his flight.

"Wasps' nest! was the reply.

"The wicked flee when no man pursueth, but the righteous are bold as a lion," said the deacon, as he went to the place from which the man had fled and picked up the scythe. He had swung it only once or twice when he dropped it and ran, the wasps pursuing for a time, and one of them getting in his work. As the deacon came to the hired man, the latter said:—

"A prudent man foreseeth the evil and hideth himself, but the simple pass on and are punished."

Prudence, in the form of vaccination, is not to be dispised and it, in no way, need interfere with a healthy trust in Divine providence.

The Lumber Supply.

[New York Times.]

There is a growing conviction among the statisticians of the lumber industry that a timber famine is immiuent in the near future, and that under the most favorable conditions of systematic forestry it will be impossible to grow wood fast enough to permit the maintenance of the current rate of consumption. Chief Geographer Garnett, of the United States Geological Survey, from the best data obtainable, estimates the total stand of timber throughout the United States at 1,380,000,000,000 feet. In 1890 the cut was about 25,000,000,000 feet, and since that time it has steadily increased. Natural growth would undoubtedly replace the annual cut if we had only lumbering operations to take into account.

Contrary to the general supposition, lumbering, even of the most thorough kind, does not destroy the forest character of land. The lumberman takes only the trees available for his purposes. He selects one here and another there, and for each tree available for reduction to marketable boards he leaves a hundred, or perhaps a thousand, not available; and when he has cut down everything it pays him to fell and haul, the tract remains as much a forest as before.

The disappearance of our forests is due to the manufacture of charcoal for iron smelting, to the paper stock industry, and in a less degree to the demand for firewood, but more than all to the clearing of land for farming purposes. It is for this reason that the old time forestry statistics of replacement by natural growth do not apply in this country. The wood-destroying industries which consume everything in the shape of woody fibre for coal or pulp, have neglected all measures for reboising the areas they have worked over.

If available for cultivation they have been worth more cleared than covered; if not, the wood consumer has let nature take its course, and looked about him for new areas to denude. Unless land is held under a very different tenure from that which obtains in this country, and wood is very much more costly than it has been up to this time, it will be difficult to popularize tree planting for profit. The investment is too large and the return too slow to make it attractive as a business proposition.

Meanwhile, however, lumber is becoming more and more scarce. Thus far this has been chiefly a matter of statistical interest, but it looks now as if the present generation would feel the pinch of scarcity. At the present rate of consumption the available supply will last not to exceed fifty years, and perhaps double in price within half that time.

Fortunately wood is no longer indispensible. Indeed, we could do very well with a fraction of that now consumed. In building operations the art of the clay worker is equal to every demand which may be made upon it, and the life of our clay beds will probably be coterminous with that of the earth. With the passing of wood as a structural material, the annual reduction in fire losses would represent a very substantial addition to the national wealth.

Paper is also an available substitute for wood, with many advantages, since it can be made impervious to moisture, practically incombustible and free from any tendency to rot. Vegetable fibre for paper of this sort can be raised in annual crops beyond the greatest requirements of consumption. It is a better use for straw than burning it. Aside, therefore, from the meteorological influence of land denudation and its effect upon the water courses, we may contemplate the enforced abandonment of wood as a structural material with great complacency. It would be better for our cities if lumber was too costly for the purposes of the builder.

News and Notes.

Winnipeg, Jan. 4.—Smallpox is very prevalent south of the line. Several deaths have been reported near Rolland, and the plague is said to be on. General Wood of the health department states that unless the utmost precautions are taken the disease will be very prevalent in Manitoba before next spring, and a general vaccination is strongly urged.

Mrs. Grant, wife of Rev. Principal Grant, died at Kingston Tuesday night aged 63 years. She was a daughter of Mr. Wm. Lawson, of Halifax, N. S., and was married to Principal Grant in 1872.

Havana, Jan. 2.—Two thousand stevedores struck here this morning on account of the employment of non-union men. Governor-General Wood notified the leaders that the police would preserve the peace and protect non-union workmen. This brought the strikers to terms and the strike was declared off in the afternoon.

Toronto, Jan. 4.—Word has been received that Capt. Hodgins, late R. C. R. has been appointed chief of railway construction officer in the Imperial military railway service in South Africa. The appointment is for two years and makes him second to Col. Girouard in the service.

Toronto, Jan. 2.—F. H. Clergue, the new Ontario capitalist and pulp manufacturer, under contract with the government to bring one thousand families yearly into New Ontario, now in England, cables that one thousand persons will sail for Canada in February and March. Clergue proposes to open an immigration office in Norway and to get Scandinavians adept in the pulp trade.

While digging a well at Easton, Maryland, a few days ago, at a depth of 125 feet, embodded in solid clay, a lobster was discovered which on being exposed to the air became very pugnacious. The stratum in which the lobster was found was formed before the glacial period, 100,000 years ago. This is the oldest animate thing that human eye has ever seen; compared with it Adam was a man of yesterday. This venerable crustacean is now in the museum of the Pennsylvania University.

It is announced that at the coming session of Parliament incorporation will be asked for a company with power to erect a railway and general traffic bridge across the harbor of St. John, with the necessary approaches for railway, street railway, tramway carriage, foot and passenger purposes, and with the power to charge toll for the passage of cars, vehicles and pedestrians. The name is the Harbor Bridge and Railway Co., of St. John.

The Ottawa patriotic fund committee has granted $1,000 to Trooper L. Mulloy, the blind hero, who had the misfortune to lose his sight while in action in South Africa.

No policeman in Kokomo, Ind., can be induced to wear badge No. 3, and that number has been dispensed with by the authorities. It appears that since the organization of the department, nineteen years ago, every No. 3 policeman has died within a year after having begun to wear the hoodoo badge.

It is a remarkable fact that the men who participated in the negro lynching at Akron have been arrested, tried and twenty-two of them found guilty and sentenced to terms of imprisonment varying from a few days to five years. Almost invariably lynchers, whether at the North or South, have been screened by the prosecuting officers, or, if brought to trial, acquitted by the jury. In this case the almost universal rule has been reversed and most of those caught have been promptly convicted and punished.

A Montreal despatch of 2nd inst. says:—"The secretary of Archbishop Begin, Rev. Mr. Arsenault, makes this statement in reference to the petition said to be in circulation asking the archbishop to discipline Father O'Leary for having read the Protestant burial service over soldiers at Paardeberg:

"His grace is much surprised at the report, which he hardly believes worthy of notice or consideration. It is true that the Roman Catholic clergy are forbidden to take part in Protestant services, but no official information of Father O'Leary having done so has been received. Even if he did read the English church service, it must be remembered that he was acting in the presence of death and under the shadow of the tomb, and there is certainly nothing in the canons of the Roman church forbidding the Roman Catholic clergy to pray for the Protestant dead"

Father Arsenault stated that it was very unlikely that any consideration would be given to the petition, even if it were received by his grace. There is a good deal of indignation among the more broad-minded of Roman Catholics here over the matter and it is probable that now the petition will be dropped.

W. B. Wallace, the defeated Liberal candidate in Halifax county, has been appointed County Court judge in place of the late Judge Johnson. William Chisholm, a retired lumber operator, of Halifax, has been appointed to the legislative council to succeed the late H. H. Fuller.

Chief Lipset, of the Fredericton fire department, has received a vote of thanks from His Lordship Bishop Kingdom for the splendid way he and his men fought the Cathedral fire; also a cheque of $60, a present to the department.

LEGISLATIVE VACANCIES:—There are now five vacant seats in the Legislature—Westmorland, Kent, Kings, Carleton and York.

At Sussex Saturday the supporters of the Provincial government elected delegates to the nominating convention at Hampton on the 12th inst. A motion carried unanimously that the desire of the meeting was to have the delegates support Mr. Ora P. King, of Sussex, for the candidature.

Sir Charles.

Sir Charles Tupper, Bart., has bought a house and lot on Barclay street, in the same block as the house of his son, Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper. The house is not yet finished.—Vancouver, B. C. World.

OTTAWA, Jan. 3.—Sir Charles Tupper arrived here last night. He said he would leave Ottawa for London, England, just as soon as he could get his household stuff packed, and expected to sail in about two weeks time. Sir Charles will be accompanied by Lady Tupper and a grand daughter. His visit to England will be on a business errand and his stay will be determined by the necessities of business.

Death of an M. P. P.

News was received on Saturday of the death at St. Agathe, Quebec, of Mr. W. Woodbury Wells, M. P. P., for Westmorland. The deceased was alone at the time of his death, which was due to a hemorrhage. He went to St. Agathe some time ago, accompanied by his wife, who recently returned home to Port Elgin, and then because of the small pox quarantine was unable to leave. Mr. Wells was about 40 years of age, formerly Principal of the Grammar School at Port Elgin and a barrister. He entered the Legislature in 1892 and was one of its most deservedly esteemed members at the time of his death.

Biggest Vessels in the World.

The largest vessels in the world are being built by the Eastern Shipbuilding Company, of New London, Conn., for the Pacific freight trade to the order of the Great Northern Steamship Company. These large vessels, of which the keels are already laid, have been designed primarily for cargo carriers. They are not so long as some of the largest Atlantic liners but are much wider and deeper. The following are their principal dimensions: Length, 630 feet; beam, 73 feet 6 inches; depth, 55 feet 8 inches.

These immense vessels will be of about 21,000 gross tons register and 33,000 tons displacement, or just 10,000 tons more displacement than the new Atlantic liner Deutschland. They have each five continuous decks extending the whole length of the ship, with three additional decks amidships. The cubical carrying capacity of these ships is very great, and the holds are such that 28,000 tons of coal can be carried, excluding 4,500 tons carried in permanent bunkers. The dead weight carrying capacity at normal draft is stated as 20,000 tons. The new Pacific liners are expected to be completed for the summer of 1902, and they will cost about $2,500,000 each.

The Election Petitions.

A petition was filed with the clerk of the election court at Fredericton last Thursday against H. A. Powell of Westmorland county, the petitioner being H. R. Emmerson, M. P. The petition, which is a counter one, alleges personal corrupt practices such as bribery, intimidation and treating on the part of Mr. Powell, and asks that he may be disqualified from being elected or sitting in the house of commons of Canada for the period of seven years from the date of the trial of the petition.

On Dec. 28 h, the eleventh day after the petition against Mr. Wilmot in Queens-Sunbury was filed, the petitioners procured from Judge McLeod an extension of time in which to serve notice and the notice was duly served upon Mr. Wilmot at his home by Sheriff Holden. It is understood that the service of notice will be contested upon the grounds that extension of time was not granted within the ten days required by law, and that there were not good and sufficient reasons for an extension of time.

Monday evening application was made to Mr. Justice McLeod on behalf of James Reid, the respondent in the Restigouche election case, for an extension of time within which to file preliminary objections. The ground taken was that the respondent desired to apply for a summons to set aside the service of the petition and have it removed from the files of the court. His Honor extended the time until the 22nd inst.

The petition against the return of Mr. Alex. Gibson, jr., M. P., for York, was served on him on Saturday night.

End of the Victoria-Montreal Company.

[Telegraph.]

MONTREAL, Jan. 6.—A big meeting of the shareholders of the Victoria-Montreal Insurance Company held here on Saturday decided to wind up the affairs of the company as soon as possible and conclude the existence of the Victoria-Montreal.

Hon. William Pugsley, the president, on behalf of the directors, submitted reports, showing the company to have paid out $15,000 in losses since the beginning of the business in the spring of 1899 and present outstanding liabilities of $69,000. The books show that the American agents and the late managers, Messrs. Thomas A. Temple & Sons, owe the company $50,000. The directors' report does not speak of this as a valuable asset. It is estimated that the shareholders may get back about a third of the money they have paid for stock. It is believed that 75 per cent. of outstanding calls against stock can be collected. As the calls amount to $272,565 this will realise about $200,000. There is a further asset of $50,500, a deposit with the government, making a total of $250,500. The liabilities are $92,339; to which must be added $25,000, the estimated cost of reinsuring risks held by the company, or a total of $117,339. This taken from the estimated assets, leaves $133,161 for the shareholders, or about 33 per cent. of the subscribed capital of $416,000. The company will wind up its affairs if the creditors are willing to wait. If any of them press their claims the Victoria-Montreal will go into liquidation.

Transfer of a Big Lumbering Interest.

Arrangements were to-day completed for the purchase of the Messrs. Joshua and L.B. Knight's property at Musquash, Inglewood Manor, by a large syndicate of local and other capitalists who have it in contemplation to at a future date erect a pulp mill thereon. The property is a very extensive and valuable one. Among the purchasers are Messrs. B. F. Pearson, Halifax; C. Burrel, Weymouth; George McAvity, Franklin Stetson and G. W. Jones. The purchase price is said to be in the vicinity of $100,000. The Messrs. Knight will retain possession for some months yet, finishing the season's lumbering operations. It is understood they have negotiated for another lumbering privilege and will continue in business.—St. John Globe.

The Legislature.

M. McDade, for many years past official reporter of the provincial legislature, is understood to have decided not to again undertake the work. Mr. McDade has been a very efficient and hard working reporter, giving fair and full reports of the debates. The work has grown more difficult year by year because of long night sessions and the heavy debates. To finish up the work and get out the official volume requires many months of hard labor after the session ends, and is a great strain. In view of this and of the fact that the pressure of private business requires all his attention, Mr. McDade has been compelled to decline the strongly expressed wish of members on both sides that he continue the work. The legislature will find it difficult to satisfactorily fill Mr. McDade's place, as it is unlikely any one man will undertake to do the work he did.—Globe, Saturday.

Sheldon's New Book.

A new book by Charles M. Sheldon, the famous author of "In His Steps," never fails to excite the interest of thousands of readers. "Born to Serve" in the title of the latest book by Mr. Sheldon, and the advance sheets indicate a very strong book indeed, one of thrilling interest to the thoughtful reader, one in which with a master's hand many of the cankers of social life, of domestic unhappiness, of the broader women problem, of social reform at the vitals of society—are laid bare, with cultured delicacy, but none the less with graphic, unflinching truth. The Canadian rights have been securred by The Poole Publishing Company, Toronto, but as the story will not appear in book form for some time the publishers will run it as a serial in The Presbyterian Review, beginning with the issue of the 3rd inst., thus enabling the readers of that paper to have this most interesting work in advance.

Beauties of a Glacier.

SCENES IN THE CANADIAN ROCKIES LIKENED TO VISION OF A GLORIFIED CITY.

The fascinations of a glacier are as bewitching as they are dangerous. Apostolic vision of a crystal city glorified by light "that never was on land or sea" was not more beautiful than these vast ice rivers, whose onward course is chronicled, not by years and centuries, but by geological ages, says A. C. Laut, writing in the New York Post of the Great Illicillewaet, Asulkan and Bow River glacial regions of the Rocky Mountains of British Columbia. With white domed show cornices wreathed fantastic as arabesque and with the glassy walls of emerald grotto reflecting a million sparkling jewels, one might be in some cavernous dream world or among the tottering grandeur of an ancient city. The ice pillars and silvered pinnacles, which scientists call seracs, stand like the sculptured marble of temples crumbling to ruin. Glittering pendants hang from the rim of bluish chasms. Tints too brilliant for artists' brush gleam from the turquois of crystal walls. Rivers that flow through valleys of ice and lakes, hemmed in by hills of ice, shine with an azure depth that is very infinity's self.

In the morning, when all thaw has been stopped by the night's cold, there is deathly silence over the glacial fields, even the mountain cataracts fall noiselessly from the precipice to ledge in tenuous, wind blown threads. But with the rising of the sun the whole glacial world burst to noisy tumult. Surface rivulets brawl over the ice with a glee that is vocal and almost human. The gurgle of rivers flowing through subterranean tunnels becomes a roar, as of a rushing, angry sea, ice grip no longer holds back rock scree loosened by the night's frost, and there is the reverberating thunder of the falling avalanche.

Old Moore's Predictions.

In his British Almanac for 1900, "Old Moore," the Hicks and Foster of England, predicted more than one great war, the assassination of a monarch, and a terrible famine in India, and as all these predictions proved true, many persons, not only in Europe, but also in this country have been curious to know what kind of predictions he would make in his almanac for 1901. Their curiosity can now be satisfied, for his almanac for the coming year has just appeared.

Here are the principal predictions in it:

In January there will be a formidable agitation in France and a severe attack will be made upon the republic.

In February and March most notable events will take place in the extreme East, and India will threaten to rise up against the British domination.

Though there will be trouble in various quarters during the entire year, April will be a comparitively quiet month.

In May Ireland will follow the example of India and will rebell against England.

In June the Anarchists will again come to the front, and will give the world much to talk about. During the same month the young King of Spain will be in danger from his political enemies, and he is cautioned to guard against them.

July will be a month of catastrophes, the whole world being threatened at this time with misfortune of various kinds. Those who are planning to take a journey during this month will do well to remain at home.

August will be comparatively quiet.

During September India will again suffer terribly from famine.

During October the African dervishes will start an agitation which may attain formidable proportions.

In November the kingdom of Holland will attract attention by its dangerous and novel diplomatic policy, and the statesmen in the various foreign offices will have to exercise all their skill if they would avoid a conflict.

In December there will be insurrections, revolts and strikes in various quarters on the globe. As a rule they may not be of great importance yet they will occur at this time, and they will be the striking features of the month.

As will be seen, "Old Moore's predictions for 1901 are startling, to say the least. His statement in regard to Holland is especially curious and persons are puzzling their brains to discover how this little kingdom can ever manage to attract attention by a "dangerous and novel diplomatic policy" which will cause European statesmen to lie awake at night. The friendship shown by Holland or Kruger may cause the trouble.

Mail Robbers.

Moncton, Jan. 6.—Postal authorities with the assistance of officers have been busy lately trying to find a clew to recent mail robberies committed at Moncton depot. About a month ago a number of parcels mysteriously disappeared from the mails in transit, followed about the middle of December with the loss of a whole mail bag and contents, The missing bag contained, among other matter, I. C. R. cheques amounting to about $12,000, which, of course, would be of no value without endorsement of the party in whose favor they were drawn.

Vigorous search for a clew to the robbers has been instituted but so far without success. The authorities are confident that the parcels were abstracted from the mail bags at Moncton depot, where they would be lying on trucks awaiting the evening train.

Local men are suspected but so far as can be ascertained no clue has yet been obtained. Officers searched a Moncton house a few days ago but nothing was found. A mail bag containing registered letters was also stolen at Shediac station a couple of months ago.

Distribution of Samples of Seed Grain and Potatoes.

To the Editor of the MIRAMICHI ADVANCE.

During the past twelve years samples of those varieties of grain, &c., which have succeeded best on the several Experimental Farms have been distributed on application in 3-lb. bags, free through the mail, to farmers in all parts of the Dominion. The object in view in this distribution has been to add to the productiveness and improve the quality of these important agricultural products throughout the country, by placing within reach of every farmer, pure seed of the most vigorous and productive sorts. This work has met with much appreciation, and a large measure of success.

Under instruction of the Hon. Minister of Agriculture another distribution will be made this season. Owing to the very large number of applications annually received, it is not practicable to send more than one sample to each applicant,—hence if an individual receives a sample of oats, he cannot also receive one of wheat, barley or potatoes, and applications for more than one sample for one household cannot be entertained. These samples will be sent only to those who apply personally, lists of names from societies or individuals cannot be considered. The distribution will consist as heretofore of samples of oats, spring wheat, barley, field pease, Indian corn and potatoes.

Applications should be addressed to the Director of Experimental Farms, Ottawa, and may be sent any time before the 1st of March, 1901, after which date the lists will be closed, so that the samples asked for may all be sent out in good time for sowing. Parties writing will please mention the sort of sample they would prefer, naming two or three different varieties of their choice. Should the available stock of all the varieties named be exhausted, some other good sort will be sent instead.

Thh samples of grain will be sent early but potatoes cannot be distributed until danger of injury in transit by frost is over. No provision had been made for the general distribution of any other seeds than those named.

Letters may be sent to the Experimental Farm free of postage.

WM. SAUNDERS,
Director Experimental Farms.

Ottawa, December 27th, 1900.

Farmers' and Dairymen's Association.

There will be an interesting discussion upon cheese and butter making, both from the farmer's and factoryman's standpoint at the annual meeting of the Farmers' and Diarymen's Association in Fredericton on the 23rd, 24th and 25th inst. Messrs. H. Mitchell and J. F. Tilley, Dairy Superintendents, have this part of the programme in hand and can be depended upon to make it both interesting and practical.

It is expected that there will be an interesting discussion on poultry-raising and fattening at the meeting of the Farmers' and Diarymen's Association at Fredericton on the 23rd, 24th and 25th inst. illustrated by live birds in the fattening crates and with birds properly dressed and packed for the English market. As the chickens that were sent over from New Brunswick realised 15 and 16 cents per lb., it is a question that will interest many of our people.

Mr. F. W. Hodson, the present Dominion Live Stock Commissioner and one of the most successful breeder in Ontario, will speak at the meeting of the Farmers' and Dairymen's Association at Fredericton on the 23rd, 24th and 25th inst. upon "Mistakes in Breeding." Mr. Hodson's address will, no doubt, contain many useful hints for New Brunswick farmers and they should be at the meeting in large numbers to discuss the question with him.

THREE PAPERS FOR $1.50.

"World Wide."

A WEEKLY REPRINT OF ARTICLES FROM LEADING JOURNALS AND REVIEWS REFLECTING THE CURRENT THOUGHT OF BOTH HEMISPHERES.

As many of the ablest writers are now engaged in journalism, much writing of the highest quality in matter and style is fugitive, seen only by the readers of each particular newspaper, and by them often lost before it is read. Much of such writing is only of local and very transient import, but much is of more permanent and world wide interest. It is proposed to fill the pages of WORLD WIDE with articles and extracts of this latter class, with occasional selections from notable books and scenes from striking stories. An effort will be made to select the articles each week so that due proportion will be given to the various fields of human interest—to the shifting scenes of the world's great drama, to letters and science and beautiful things.

It was at first intended to publish WORLD WIDE upon fine paper at a higher cost, but recalling the long list of elegant publications which in the past have been started in Canada, only to fail, and reflecting that good taste in literature does not always imply the means to pay for costly journals, and that people of taste can be relied upon to appreciate literary excellence on the plainest sheet, it has been decided to offer WORLD WIDE at the lowest possible price, in order to give all who desire good reading an equal opportunity.

Published weekly. Sixteen pages. Two cents.

75c. per annum, postpaid to any address in Canada or U. S.

25c. additional for delivery in Montreal or to foreign countries.

JOHN DOUGALL & SON, Publishers, Montreal, Canada.

The advantage of combining such publications as WORLD WIDE with the local country paper is obvious, for it places within the reach of subscribers not only the local news, but also a great range of general matter not otherwise available. The publisher of the ADVANCE having made arrangements with the management of WORLD WIDE and continued those with the FARM JOURNAL is able to furnish all three papers to ADVANCE subscribers for $1.50 a year. That is, they will receive THE ADVANCE, WORLD WIDE and FARM JOURNAL for $1.50. Subscribers who have already paid up for the ADVANCE and whose current subscriptions have at least nine months to run, will be placed on the list for all three papers on remitting 50c. to this office.

YOUR NEW YEARS OR ANY OTHER ENGAGEMENT.

You'll look your best for Christmas, New Years or any other holiday, in one of our dressy suits.

Not necessarily full dress—though of course that's desirable—but a fashionable suit of artistic effect.

We make fashionable garments for men who care to look just right.

Having been too busy to wish our patrons a Merry X'mas we now wish them a Happy New Year with all our heart, and would desire them to call for a Calender before the supply fails.

W. L. T. WELDON
MERCHANT TAILOR.

Public Notice.

Owing to there being several cases of Small Pox. in the district of Rosebank on the opposite side of the river from Chatham, the Board of Health of the Town of Chatham have, until further notice, ordered the prohibition of all public assemblies.

In order to secure the town from the risk of a small pox epidemic the Board of Health hereby request the public to use every precaution to keep clear from contagion; also would recommend all unvaccinated persons in the Town of Chatham to be vaccinated immediately, and would request the public to work with the Board and assist them in keeping this dread scourge from entering our Town of Chatham.

(Sgd.) E. A. STRANG.
Chairman, B. of Health.

Chatham, Jan. 2, 1901.

Xmas Vacation Will Begin Dec. 22.

Classes will re-open Jan. 2nd with increased accommodation, the largest attendance, the best facilities and brightest prospects we have ever had in our 33 years experience in college work. Come early to secure accomodation. Business and Shorthand Circulars sent to any address.

THE ST. JOHN BUSINESS COLLEGE — Oddfellows Hall.

S. KERR & SON.

WANTED.

Old Postage Stamps used between 1840 and 1870 worth most on envelopes. Also old Blue Dishes; old China, Brass Andirons, Candlesticks, Trays and Snuffers, and old Mahogany Furniture. Address

W. A. KAIN,
116 Germain Street,
St. John, N. B.

NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of The Nappan Creamery Co., Ltd., will be held up stairs in the J. S. Inch'ell Company's office on Monday, January 14th, 1901, at 2 o'clock p. m.

ALEX. J. DICKSON, sec'y.

C. P. HICKEY,

AS USUAL, we again excel all competitors in the

QUALITY,
QUANTITY
and ASSORTMENT of

Holiday Goods.

Want of space prevents us from describing our stock, but our past reputation for handling the best line of XMAS GOODS in town should be enough to induce you to favor us with a call and we are confident we can please you.

Hickey's Drug Store.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

To Catch the Eye
and the Mind
at the Same time

is the art in advertising. This Ad. illustrates how true this saying is, especially to those wishing pleasant and profitable employment. "Canada's Sons on Kopje and Veldt," the only book dealing exclusively with the Canadian Contingents, is the book to handle. Official, Authentic, Cheap, sells on sight to everybody, and everybody can sell it. Capital or experience not necessary. Send for Free Outfit and make money.

THE BRADLEY-GARRETSON CO., LIMITED
BRANTFORD, ONT.

HOLIDAY GOODS!

Our stock of

X'MAS GOODS ARE HERE.

Our lines of these goods this year are

Even Finer Than Last.

Every article is carefully selected and all are gems in their class.

THE PERFUMES

Are certainly finer and richer than ever shown here.

NOW SHOWING AT

Mackenzie's Medical Hall
Chatham, N. B.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of William Richards and Company, Limited, will be held in the Company's office, Boiestown, N. B. on the twenty-eighth day of January next at two o'clock p. m.

Dated the twenty eighth day of December, A.D. 1900,

R. W. McLELLAN, Solicitor. WILLIAM RICHARDS, President.

SALESMEN wanted to sell our goods by sample to wholesale and retail trade. We are the largest and only manufacturers in our line in the world. Liberal salary paid. Address, CAN-DEX Mfg. Co., Savannah, Ga.

Stockholders' Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Miramichi Steam Navigation Company will be held on Tuesday the 8th day of January A. D. 1901, at 2.30 o'clock p. m. in the Committee Room of the Town Hall, Chatham, N. B.

Dated at Chatham, N. B. this twenty fourth day of December, A. D. 1900.

J. P. BURCHILL, President.

Board of Trade.

The annual meeting of the Chatham Board of Trade will be held in the Town Hall on Tuesday Evening Jan. 8th 1901 at 8 o'clock.

by order
J. D. B. F. MACKENZIE Sec'y

Chatham N. B. Dec. 20th, 1900.

SOUTH WEST BOOM CO.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the above Company, will be held at the Secretary's Office on Thursday 10th day of January next, at 2 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of choosing directors, for the ensuing year, and transacting such other business as may be deemed necessary

The directors will meet in the same place on the same day at 11 a. m. to audit the Treasurer's accounts and wind up the business for the year.

ALLAN RITCHIE, President.

Newcastle, Dec. 21st, 1900.

Liberals, Attention!

A special meeting of the Northumberland Liberal Association will be held in the Temperance Hall, Newcastle, on Thursday, the 24th day of January next, at 2.30 o'clock p. m., for the transaction of such business as may come before it. Also for the election of officers. By order of the President,

ROBT MURRAY, Secretary to Northumberland Liberal Association.

Chatham, N. B. December 31st, 1900.

BUILDING STONE.

The subscriber is prepared to furnish stone for building and other purposes.

Apply to L. J. TWEEDIE

or the office of L. J. Tweedie.

Second Class Teacher Wanted

For district No. 1, Parish of Hardwicke, County of Northumberland; must have experience. Apply stating salary to

JAMES NASH, Secretary, Bransfield P. O.

FARM HELP.

Anyone in need of Farm Help should apply to Hon. A. T. Dunn at St. John, as a number of young men who have lately arrived from Great Britain are seeking employment. Applicants should give class of help wanted and any particulars with regard to kind of work, wages given, period of employment to right man, etc.