

## Constipation

Causes fully half the sickness in the world. It retards the digestion, food too long in the bowels produces biliousness, torpid liver, indigestion, bad taste, coated tongue, sick headache, nervousness, etc. Hood's Pills cure constipation and all its results, easily and thoroughly. 25c. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

## London and Port Stanley.

### Meeting of the Railway Board—Contracts Awarded.

### The New Turn Table and Pit and the Stand Pipe—Buildings to be Insured.

Mayor Little (chairman), P. E. Leonard, Moses Masurek, John Bland, Wm. Bowman, Ald. O'Meara, Ald. Taylor, and C. A. Kingston (treasurer) constituted a London and Port Stanley Railway Board meeting yesterday. Engineer De Gurse, of the L. E. and D. R. R., and City Engineer Graydon also attended.

The chief purpose of the meeting was to open tenders for the new turn-table and the work connected therewith, which the L. E. and D. R. R. require in this city. For the turn-table pit, Martin & Hammett's tender of \$149 was accepted, being much the lowest. Ald. Garratt's figures for the same work were \$1,025, and Everett & Sing's \$1,031.

There were three tenders for the 50-foot turn-table—two from American firms, and one from the Dominion Bridge Company, Montreal. The latter was not the lowest, but they will be given preference if they will erect the table and supply circular rails free of charge. They must also guarantee that the table will hold a 100-ton engine and be capable of movement by two men.

An automatic stand-pipe of Chicago make will also be purchased for the L. E. and D. R. R., under the terms of the agreement.

Mr. Terman, of McMahon & Terman, contractors, again asked to be refunded \$30 for drilling pedestal caps for the new L. and P. S. R. bridges. He claimed that this was not stipulated in the plans. Engineer De Gurse pointed out that the work could not have been done at all without this drilling, even though it was not specifically called for in the specifications.

The board reaffirmed its previous decision.

A. G. Smyth & Son offered to insure the freight shed and roundhouse now building. No insurance has yet been placed on the L. and P. S. R. property either in London, St. Thomas or Port Stanley, and Mayor Little and Mr. Bowman were empowered to remedy this at once.

The mayor and auditors will ascertain the amount of debentures required for new L. and P. S. R. property and report to the finance committee.

The freight shed and roundhouse will be completed by Nov. 1.

## City Hall Notes.

### The New Method of Appointing the Court of Revision

### A Relief to the Aldermen—Electrical Connections for Civic Offices—Other Jottings.

For the first time in the city's history the court of revision this year will be independent of the council. The new court will be composed of ex-Ald. Jones, Sheriff Cameron and Mr. A. M. Gunn, gentlemen well qualified by experience and judgment for the position. In nearly all Canadian cities the courts of revision are similarly constituted, the city council choosing representative citizens instead of its own members. The average alderman is always loath to serve on the court. He is generally besieged by importunate ratepayers, urging support for their appeals, and no matter how conscientiously he may do his duty, he is sure to offend some of his constituents. The new court has met twice, and will sit on Oct. 16 to hear the appeals against the present assessment. The assessments are only a nominal sum—\$25 each—for their arduous labors.

Electricians have possession of the mayor's office. They are connecting it with other civic offices by electric bells. Speaking tubes will supplement this system of intercommunication, which will save much time and shoe-leather.

The city engineer has not offered his opinion, but it is safe to say that he would prefer somebody else to boss the sewerage job. It is a gigantic and difficult undertaking, and added to his ordinary duties, would make him huffy.

The mayor remarked to an official in a joking way that he had signed enough checks this morning to clear out half the banks. In a private and public capacity he attached his autograph to city, waterworks, Fair Board, Huron and Erie, and his own firm's checks, representing many thousands of dollars. In two or three hours he was done.

The Board of Works' decision to push the sewerage construction will be satisfactory to the workmen. It will provide employment for a large number of men at a season when it is usually needed most. "If it were done, it were well it were done quickly."

Mr. Philip Holliday, of Quebec city, has been at Lunenburg some weeks engaged in the apple trade. He has contracted for 3,000 barrels with the farmers in that vicinity. He expects to have his contract completed in about three weeks.

The death is recorded of Malcolm McLarty, of Moss, after an illness of over three months. Mr. McLarty was born in 1840, on the farm which he cultivated up to the time of his death. He was a successful farmer and took a deep interest in everything pertaining to agriculture. The pall-bearers were Mark Walker, A. R. McKellar, D. D. Graham, Hector McLarty, John McKellar (Dawn) and John A. McKellar.

At the Packard electric works, St. Catharines, a gasoline pit in the cement room caught fire, and before the lid could be put on four employees—Brookhurst, Page, Sutton and Ramsom—were burned about the face and hands. Page was the most severely burned, and is confined to his bed.

## A Tough Case.

Charles McQueen, an inveterate Clothing Thief,

Robbed a Boarding House Here and One at Niagara—Mrs. Fahey's Mother Heard From—Other Cases.

At the Police Court this morning the case of Mrs. Fahey, the woman who is being held as insane, was taken up. Mr. McKillop asked that the woman be remanded for another week, as by that time she would likely be able to travel to her home in Pennsylvania, whence she came during Fair week.

Chief Williams said her mother, Mrs. Fitzgerald, had been located at Tionesta, Pa., from whom it was learned that Mrs. Fahey had been in the asylum before. The mother also said she was not in a position to send for her daughter, as she had to work for her living. Mrs. Fahey was remanded.

Yesterday morning the police received a letter from A. E. McDougall, of the Paisley House, Nanapanee, asking them to be on the lookout for Charles McQueen, who had stolen a black suit from his house. Last night the city detectives were informed of this. Charles McQueen had robbed the house of Mr. Geo. Chittick, 235 King street. The officers found McQueen near the Griggs House and arrested him. At the court this morning he was charged with stealing a razor, pair of gloves, and 70 cents from Walter Cunningham, value \$2.65; from Thos. Bolton, one overcoat, a tobacco pouch, and a mouth-organ from J. Arscott, clothing and other stuff, amounting to \$16.

The magistrate put the usual question to the prisoner, and he elected to be tried by the P. M. The charges were read separately to him, and he pleaded guilty to them all. He told the magistrate he came from Brockville, where his mother and brother-in-law lived. He said he had been in the city two days, and had come with the intention of taking a situation on the C. P. R.

Detective Nicke said he was a telegraph operator, and had come here with the intention of taking a situation on the C. P. R. He denied this, and said he was a union man.

Mr. McKillop told the court that the prisoner had gone to Mr. Chittick's house to board, and had stayed over night. He was in bed when the suit of clothes on Sept. 26. He said the prisoner had the coat on then, which he had stolen from DeGlas.

The prisoner admitted stealing a suit from Nanapanee, but said it was a gray one.

The magistrate remanded him for a week before passing sentence.

Hugh McCurdy, an old time offender, pleaded guilty to being drunk and was fined \$10 or 20 days in jail.

Arthur Higgins, for riding a bicycle on the sidewalk, was fined \$2 or ten days.

John A. McDonald, the big Indian constable who was charged with 12 inches in his socks, pleaded guilty to being drunk, but on promising to let his brother severely alone he was allowed to go.

## Willing to Arbitrate.

### Contractor John Hayman's Offer to the Men.

### The Trouble Will Likely Be Settled by That Means—The Contractor's Statement.

"I am perfectly willing to have the matter of this strike settled by arbitration," said Contractor John Hayman in conversation with an Advertiser reporter.

A deputation of four or five of the men had waited on him this morning, he said, and offered to return to work, but no settlement was effected, the contractor wishing assurance that a repetition of the present trouble would not occur at any time. The termination is awaited with considerable interest by other city contractors, as this is practically a test case as to whether they will be obliged to sublet the work of tearing down old buildings, etc., or pay union prices for it.

Mr. Hayman stated that he was paying an advance in wages instead of a reduction. The question hinges on whether tearing down old buildings, excavating, etc., is the work of bricklayers, helpers or not. Contractors claim that this work is usually done by sub-contractors, who engage common labor and pay probably 12 to 15 cents an hour for it. Mr. Hayman does not choose to sublet his work. He employed common labor at 12 to 15 cents an hour, and was paying 14 cents an hour. "When work is slack, and I can manage it," said he, "I put my regular men at this work, and pay them the union scale, 18 cents an hour."

It is expected that a settlement will soon be effected.

## To California and Mexico.

Old and experienced travelers will tell you when going west to take the Wabash Railway, because their train service is superlatively the finest in America, their union depots are the best on the continent. Study a Wabash map and be convinced that this is the shortest and best route to Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, and all points beyond. Special excursion to Mexico City on Nov. 6 to 8, good to return until Dec. 31. Pull passenger from any railroad agent, or J. A. Richardson, Canadian passenger agent, northeast corner King and Yonge streets, Toronto. 29-B ad

Be the first to ask a pardon for my error, and guard against the little plagues, misunderstandings, and hasty words that often pave the way for sorrow and regret.

The body of the late Mrs. Carpenter, supposed to have been murdered at Hagersville, has been examined by the stomach sent to the Government analyst. An examination of the remains confirmed the report of the doctors who made the post-mortem examination.

## Only a Soft Mud Bath.

The Wind-Up of the Provincial University Convocation.

A Letter of Protest from a London Student.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

In your paper of Oct. 7, I find an article, and a very unfair and ungenerous article, under the heading of "A Medieval Initiation Ceremony." Apart from being for the most part decidedly untrue, it has exaggerated what really occurred into gigantic proportions. The words "pale and trembling" are scarcely suitable to apply to the freshmen of a university, who are generally the very opposite, and who have an idea that they own or at least have an interest in a mortgage on the university, and take no pains to conceal this idea. Then again, it was not absolutely necessary for all to pass through the "one door," and the freshmen, to do them justice, came out of their own free will, in fact, even more quickly than they had intended. They were "hushed and jolled along" not by "fifty lively sophomores," but by about twenty men, who apart from the matter of the matter it all behooves the leading paper in Western Ontario to make such a scare about nothing, and so do untold harm to the university. Trusting you will set the matter right with your readers, Yours truly,

H. M. LITTLE, '37.  
University College Residence, Toronto, Oct. 8, 1896.

(The Advertiser quoted its statement from the Toronto World, the proprietor of which is a member of the Executive of the University, and therefore not likely to countenance a highly-colored report of the proceedings. Being on the spot, it was supposed that the representative of that journal reported the troubles as he found them. The Advertiser has no animus in the matter, and is glad to hear that the attack on the younger students was much less virulent than represented by the Toronto newspaper. Might it not be worthy of consideration whether or not these periodical outbreaks, though on the most limited scale, should be altogether abolished? The drawing of young students even through soft mud is surely not a number of years of university education.—Editor Advertiser.)

## Bothwell's Sensation.

### The Inquest on Annie Humiston's Baby.

### Little Light on the Case—An Open Verdict.

Bothwell, Oct. 9.—The inquest in the case of Annie Humiston's baby (whose mother is charged with having killed it) was held by Coroner Bray. The body was recovered from the yard at the back of the Humiston house, where it had been buried by Alice Humiston, a sister of the young mother, and warrants were issued against her for the murder of the child.

Dr. Bell testified that he made a post-mortem examination of the body of the female infant, finding a small mark on the right side of the neck. The right arm was broken, and the whole scalp was very much discolored and showed marks of violence. On cutting through the scalp he found a great amount of congealed blood, and the skull was broken into fragments. It was the unmistakable result of death by external violence. The child had lived and breathed, and had not been long dead.

Alice Humiston testified that her sister had been delivering a child on Monday. She was called in after the birth, and the child was dead. She did not hear it cry, and if it had cried she would have heard it. The household consisted of witness, her sister Annie, a brother, and J. Wesley Cates, a boarder. Witness buried the baby where it was found. Witness said her sister had been in Detroit, where, she said, she had been married.

John W. Cates testified that the girl, Alice, had told him of the occurrence, saying the baby was dead when first she saw it.

James Marcus gave similar evidence. He said the girls did not bear good names in the district.

Fred Humiston testified that he knew nothing of the occurrence till after the funeral. The jury, after a short deliberation, brought in a verdict that "the infant was born alive, but was killed by some person or persons to the jury unknown, and from the evidence before them it was impossible to say who it was that inflicted the violence that caused the death."

## ENDEAVORERS' OFFICERS

### Ottawa Convention Elects Officers and Passes Important Resolutions.

Ottawa, Oct. 9.—The Ontario Christian Endeavor Association elected the following officers: President, A. E. Hardy; Lindsay, vice-presidents, Rev. J. F. Barker, Hamilton; W. W. Coulter, St. Thomas; Rev. E. E. Knowles, Ottawa; Rev. W. Johnston, Wardsville; counselors, Miss, Reader, Ingersoll; Salem Bland, Smith's Falls; J. N. Moyer, Stratford; secretary, Thomas Morris, Hamilton; treasurer, W. J. Doherty, London; press editor, Rev. J. A. R. Dickson, Galt; junior superintendent, Miss Lottie E. Wiggins, Toronto.

Resolutions were passed in favor of prohibition, commending abolition of the House of Commons bar, and urging the development of a Christian patriotism.

Mrs. Celeste Coon, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "For years I could not get any kind of food without producing a burning, excruciating pain in my stomach. I took Farmer's Pills according to directions under the head of 'Dyspepsia or Indigestion.' One box entirely cured me. I can now eat anything I choose without distressing me in the least. These pills do not grip, and a cathartic is required. Ladies are greatly benefited by the use of Angostura Bitters, the South American tonic, of Dr. J. G. B. Siebert & Sons."

172 and 174 Dundas Street.

## FROM OUR Underwear Dept.

Good news comes from our Underwear Department today; this is how it reads, and let us assure you it looks and handles much better:

### Ladies' Vests.

Start at 15c, a good one for 15c.

20c Nicely finished, long sleeves, comfortable garment, worth 25c, for 20c.

25c Fine Union Vest, open front, nicely trimmed, worth 35c, for 25c.

37½c The Champion, could get 50c, yours at 37½c.

50c Fine all-wool, "Our Own," best in Canada for 50c.

## Flannelette Gowns

A special purchase of makers' sample selling below regular cost, description impossible, see them on front counter.

50c A good one, 60c with yoke and ruffle, collar and placket.

95c A beauty, made of best English Flannelette, all garments large and full size.

## Hoisery Dept.

25c A special in boys' heavy ribbed, large size, 25c.

15c Our Leader, heavy wool, seamless, in sizes 8, 9, 10, 11c.

25c A good Cashmere Hose, we want you to see it, it's worth 35c, for 25c.

## Staple Dept.

35c A snap in Table Linen, 60 inches, pure linen, special pattern, worth 50c, for 35c.

5c Gray Cotton, could get 7c for it, now 5c.

10c Extra heavy Toweling, job lot, 10c.

\$3 00 1 dozen Ladies' 7 Gored Black Skirts, in new and fashionable material, start them at \$5, worth one-third more.

## Fine Dressmaking.

## BAYLEY'S.

### CANADA'S AUSTRALIAN TRADE.

Latest Information From the Agent Promoting It.

Ottawa, Oct. 9.—Mr. J. S. Larke, Canadian Commissioner to Australia, under date of Sept. 10, writes to the Department of Trade and Commerce. He states that the steamship "Varadero" has arrived with a large and varied cargo of merchandise from Canada. The direct boats were not able to take the cargo offering, and Canadian goods were coming in on boats from China and New York. He suggests the establishment of a line of freight boats, but admits the difficulty of securing a return cargo. He thinks a monthly freight service from Canada to Australia is a matter of time, and is coming in in United States vessels from San Francisco. Rates of freight by sea are much lower than by rail. Seventy or eighty vessels for Australia sailed from New York annually.

## A VIGOROUS MUSHROOM

### Forces Its Way Through an Asphalt Walk in Toronto.

Toronto, Oct. 9.—Yesterday morning a gigantic mushroom bloomed into full vigor right underneath the asphalt sidewalk on Shuter street, beside the Elliot House. It could be seen through a crack in the asphalt, but was too big to come through, and in some phenomenal manner raised the asphalt above it four inches.

A witness passing the pavement and the edible taken out. It was a mushroom of the first quality, and, although not so large, came up in the asphalt there some ten days ago, very near where the second one was found. Breakfast with asparagus and mushrooms is now a favorite dish at the hotel.

## METHODIST MISSIONS.

### Serious Charge Against the Late Dominion Government.

Toronto, Oct. 9.—The charge made at the Methodist mission board of unfair discrimination against the Methodist Indian schools by the late Government is to be placed before the new Dominion Cabinet with a view to equitable treatment. The charge was placed before the board by the Rev. Dr. Sutherland in the form of a memorandum on Indian Institutes and boarding schools in Ontario, Manitoba, the Northwest and British Columbia. The memorandum sets forth that the policy of the Government was to operate boarding schools and industrial institutes, rather than day schools, on the reserves, and to invite the churches to co-operate in the work, and treat them impartially in the distribution of grants and assistance. Dr. Sutherland's memorandum charged that the Methodist Church is seriously discriminated against in the Northwest Territories and British Columbia. The matter has been very fully investigated by the Rev. Wm. Kettell, who has been most assiduous in investigating documents and gathering information. The fact was commented on that the matter had been fully presented to the late Government, and the board considered that the claims of the Methodist schools and institutes should be urgently pressed upon the present Government.

## BOB'S CHOICE.

Chicago, Oct. 6.—Robert G. Ingersoll addressed a large meeting in this city last night in favor of McKinley.

## HIS LAST RIDE.

Napanee, Ont., Oct. 3.—John O'Rourke, a boy about 14 years old, while standing on a freight train in the G. T. R. yard yesterday, was killed. The accident was caused by his attempting to jump from the train while moving.

## CATCHING LEECHES FOR MARKET.

Bare Legs of Boys Are Used to Lure the Bloodsuckers From the Swamp.

New York Press.

James Paritt and his children earn all the money they make, raising leeches. For the work of breeding the blood-suckers on the Paritt farm, on Toms River, near Lacy, N. J., is nothing compared with the labor of catching them. The wary leech will take hold of nothing but human flesh, so the members of the Paritt family, big and little, plunge their legs into the swamp and draw them up presently with the prey attached. Farmer Paritt does not seem to think a little blood-letting hurts one. "They're as good as a dose of spring physic," says he. "Way me and the boys get so fat and healthy doing nothing all winter that we need something like this to keep us in order. If we fished too long at a time they might do us some harm, but we know better. It's where the season is over we feel fresher and better than if we hadn't been leeching. They are just like mosquitoes—they suck out the blood and leave the good, and that's why, I suppose, we feel so good, after a month's work in the swamp. I think we'd all have malaria down in the wet place if it wasn't for the leeches. No man could wade through such a mudhole without getting malaria, unless something helped him."

This year yields 500,000 leeches a year, and the price, 20 or 30 cents for 10, gives an annual income of \$1,000 to the family. The market is New York or Philadelphia, where the leeches are distributed to the trade.

Half a century ago this would have been a great business, but the belief in leeches has fallen off in this country. Europe clings to the practice, and Paris consumes 3,000,000 leeches yearly, while London finds use for over 7,000,000 a year.

Paritt or his boys, when wading, discovered the presence of the leeches in his swamps. He looked up the subject, and decided that he would supply the American market, which hitherto had depended on Europe. He found that buyers preferred the Hungarian fellow of olive green without spots, or else the German leech, with dark green body, spotted below with black. He got a few specimens and put them in the pond. They multiply rapidly after their enemies, the water snakes, were exterminated, and soon the first leech pond in the country was established. The young are ready for market in about a year, but reproduction takes three years. The average life of a leech is fifteen or twenty years. Usually a healthy man can inhale in the swamp four or five hours without losing enough blood to exhaust him. The leech has three jaws, and from 20 to 30 teeth. When these get going, in a short time, the leech will swallow five times its weight in blood.

All this is more pleasant than the practice elsewhere about New York of fattening leeches for the market on decrepit old horses which have been condemned to the bonfire.

## THE ONE THING ESSENTIAL.

Mrs. Noyes—Children! children! Can't you get along without making such a terrible racket?

Nellie Noyes—No, mamma; we can't. Willie's playing he's papa, coming home late at night.

## WHY HIGHLANDERS WEAR KILTS.

The late Sir Augustus Harris used to tell this story of the late Sir Henry Parkes. It seems that Sir Henry was at a municipal function in Scotland, and a foreign bishop, who had seen every lick of the world, and who was over for a holiday visit, was also present. As the party was being escorted by a body of men in Highland costume, the bishop, seeing the bare legs and kilts, asked why these men were without trousers.

"It's just a local custom," gravely replied Sir Henry. "In some places people take off their hats as a mark of honor to distinguished guests. Here they take off their trousers."

The bishop raised his eyebrows until they became entangled with the black hair, and remarked Sir Henry, "but he did not for a minute question my explanation."

## MISS MARY TAYLOR, who is said to have been the heroine of the poem, "Mary Had a Little Lamb," died recently in Somerville, Mass.

## A CHIC POQUE.

Portraying the partiality for fruit as a trimming is a chic little toque. This is built up on a foundation of green straw, with important-looking bows of cherry-colored velvet. Each bow consists of two small loops, one long, and an end. Behind them is another, just an ordinary one of two loops and an end, and a double tie-over to make it stand erect and firm. The bows of shaded cherries and foliage are needed to complete it.

No one need fear cholera or any summer complaint, if they have a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial ready for use. It corrects all looseness of the bowels promptly, and causes a healthy and natural action. This is a medicine adapted for the young and old, rich and poor, and is rapidly becoming the most popular medicine for cholera, dysentery, etc., in the market.

## ORLD'S BEST NATURAL APERIENT WATER

## Munyadi János

25 years' Success in Canada.

Highest Reputation All Over The World.

CAUTION: None genuine without the signature of the firm „Andreas Saxlehner“ on the label.

## You Can't Feel Draughts



when your clothing is interlined with the light and durable Fibre Chamois. It positively keeps out every breath of cold wind and frosty air and keeps in the natural warmth of the body, because it is a complete non-conductor. You'll enjoy genuine fall and winter comfort with it through your clothing, for only a few cents extra expense. The Real-Fibre Chamois sells now for 25c, with a label on each yard and there is also a label on every ready-to-wear suit which is interlined with it. Always look for them.

## Athletes Need It..

Johnston's Fluid Beef contains in concentrated form all the qualities of Prime Lean Beef.



Johnston's Fluid Beef Gives strength without increase of flesh. In Tins and Bottles.