Satisfactory Spring Suits 10.00,

made of blue serge, and light, medium or dark tweeds, for tall, short or regular figures. The success of our sale proves the suits satisfactory. They are suits that sell themselves. The customer sees them, selects his size and the sale is made. This can only be done when suits have an outward appearance of goodness. We will vouch for the inside of them—the wear they will give. We know that they are well made—that the cloth is good and the style correct. We back our knowledge with—Money back if you want it. These suits are GOOD suits for 10.00.

Men's All-Wool Suits, dark olive color tweed, with small red check, single-breasted sacque style, Italian lined, sizes 36 to 44 ..... 10.00

Men's Blue Grey All-Wool Tweed Suits, small pin head pattern, single-breasted sacque style, fine linings and trimmings, sizes 36 to 44 ..... 10.00

Men's Dark Grey Cheviot Tweed Suits, suitable for spring and fall wear, single-breasted sacque style, sizes 36 to 44, wonderfully good value at 10.00

Plain Grey Worsted Suits, single-breasted sacque style, fine Italian linings, French facings, piped seams, sizes 34 to 44, special at 10.00

Blue Clay Finished Serge Suits, French facings, Italian linings, satin piped seams, latest style finish, single-breasted sacque coats, sizes 34 to 44, specially good suit at 10.00

Men's Dark Grey Twill Tweed All-Wool Suits, shooting coat style, well lined with Italian, sizes 36 to 44 ..... 10.00

Men's Black Worsted Suits, clay finish, cutaway style, Italian linings, sizes 36 to 44, extra good quality for 10.00

Oak Hall Clothiers, 115 KING STREET EAST and 116 YONGE STREET, TORONTO.

HAMILTON NEWS

THE ROAD ROLLER QUESTION

Wrestled With by the Board of Works and Referred to the City Engineer.

DEATH OF MR. GEORGE H. GILLESPIE.

Marr Phillips' Case Went Over for Another Day—General News of the City.

Hamilton, April 24.—(Special.)—The members of the Board of Works had a busy session to-night, disposing of a great amount of business. Once more the selection of a road-roller has begun to consume the aldermen's attention. The following tenders were put in: Sawyer-Massey Co., for a 10-ton Russell, $3800; 12-ton, $3450. Pitts, Buffalo, thru the Waterous Co., Brantford, 15-ton, $3250; O. S. Kelly Co., Springfield, Ohio, 25,000 pounds, $3575.

The board referred the tenders to Engineer Wingate to report on.

Want Single Track Only.

Hugh C. Baker, Major Hendrie, George E. Bristol, W. J. Waugh and others asked the board to consider favorably their proposal that only one street railway track run on Herkimer-street when the changes are made, the single track to remain on Hanna and Macnab-streets. When the question of the change in street railway routes comes up later the suggestion will be given due consideration.

After the Grand Trunk.

Ald. Hill protested against any further delay on the part of the Grand Trunk in regard to the opening of streets in the North End, and advocated a direct appeal to the Railway Committee. Engineer Wingate promised he would take immediate action. Engineer Wingate reported that the opening out of West-avenue, from King to Main-street, would cost little more than $6000, which could be assessed against the property to be benefited. The Assessment Commissioner and City Solicitor will report on the matter.

Road Work to be Done.

Engineer Wingate reported that road work, under the good roads bylaw, amounting to $58,173.90, with $39,222.40 additional, had been arranged for. He recommended that North James-street, from the railway bridge be re-picked, and macadamized and curbed. He reported that some cement would be put down by day labor first to ascertain the cost, before it was determined whether or not the work should be done by day labor or by contract.

A Pugnacious Peg-Leg.

P. C. William Clark this afternoon undertook to move James (Peg-leg) Phillips from Woodlands Park, because he was drunk and Phillips assaulted the officer. James to-night was reposing in a cell at No. 3 station.

Geo. H. Gillespie Dead.

George H. Gillespie, the respected president of the Hamilton Provident and Loan Company, died this morning at his late residence, South Emerald-street. Asthma of the heart was the cause of death. The deceased had been ill about a week. His demise is deeply regretted by many citizens. He was born at Biggar Park, Lanarkshire, Scotland, on Aug. 10, 1827, and came to Canada in 1844. First locating in Toronto. Seven years later he made Hamilton his home.

The deceased was associated with several public companies, was a supporter of the Conservative party and an active worker in Central Presbyterian Church. Mrs. Gillespie has been dead some years, and there survive five sons and four daughters.

Imperial Cotton Company.

The following officers of the new company, the Imperial Company, whose specialty will be duck, have been elected: J. M. Young, president; W. D. Long, vice-president; C. T. Grantham, manager and secretary; and these and John Knox, Hamilton; C. Kloepfer, M.P., Berlin; J. Kendry, M.P., Peterboro, and T. P. Coffee of the Trust and Guarantee Company, Toronto, directors.

The work on the factory will be gone on with as early as possible, and it is expected they will be ready in the fall. About 400 hands will be employed at the start.

To Be Tried To-Morrow.

Nothing was done with Marr Phillips in Judge Snider's court this morning. At Crown Attorney Crerar's request, the prisoner was remanded till to-morrow, the judge remarking that it would make no difference to Marr. It is expected Phillips will plead guilty.

Judge Snider sentenced E. Branston, a young married man, to two months in jail for stealing a watch from Robert Summerville, a boy, on Bald-street, last Wednesday.

Minor Matters.

Contractor John Dickenson will start work at the filtering basin enlargement job on Monday next. Edward MacLoghlin will be the city's inspector on the work.

Alive Bollard, noted tobacconist, has opened at 4 King-street west, Hamilton. Prices same as Toronto.

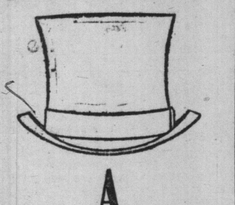
William Smith of the Beach has been fined $2 and costs for catching black bass out of season.

President Myles of the H., G. & B. says he expects to arrange matters satisfactorily with the men who have asked for an increase in their wages.

Samuel McKay, Bold-street, almost choked to death to-day thru a piece of meat lodging in his throat. It was removed at the General Hospital.

The Women's Auxiliary of the Diocese of Niagara held its annual meeting in the Cathedral school house to-day.

FAIRWEATHER'S



A Gentlemanly Reminder

The most appropriately dressed gentlemen at the Horse Show will be those whose "garb" will permit the wearing of

Silk Hats

and the gentlemen whose hats have been picked from our splendid range of the newest blocks in fine American and English makes will have the most correct styles and the best money's worth.

—Our special "American"—5.00
—Our special "Christy"—6.00
—Our genuine "Youmans"—8.00

J. W. T. FAIRWEATHER & Co., 84 YONGE.

NAVAL BRIGADE BANQUETED.

Grand Demonstration at Portsmouth to the Gallant Fighters Who Saved Ladysmith.

Portsmouth, England, April 24.—Captain Hedworth Lambton and the naval brigade of Her Majesty's first-class cruiser Powerful, after a march thru the city, were banqueted at the Town Hall this evening. The Mayor's guests included Lieut.-General Sir George White, the defender of Ladysmith, and the Earls of Durham and Northbrook. The line of march was gaily decorated with flags and crowded with troops and citizens. At the banquet the galleries were filled with ladies and children. The choral societies participated in the welcome ceremonies.

The up-to-date polish is Tiger Stove Polish. It gives that nice, new and bright appearance which is so much admired. Sold in 5 and 10 cent boxes.

An Alleged Bad Bill.

Thomas Sheehan, 99 Sackville-street, walked into the Star Restaurant at 55-57 Jarvis-street, last night, and ate a hearty meal, for which he was charged 20 cents. When he went to the cashier, it is said that he tendered a bad $2 note in payment. The proprietor, of course, refused to accept it, and sent for the police. Before the constable arrived Sheehan hurried away, but was captured later by P.C. Dynes. Sheehan, after leaving the restaurant, is said to have thrown the alleged counterfeit bill away, for it was not found in his pockets when he was searched at Police Headquarters.

A Peg-Leg in the Toils.

Thomas Brooks, a pegleg, who says he lives at 90 Jarvis-street, was captured last night by P.C. Andy Irvine while begging on East King-street. According to the police, Brooks is one of that class of "invalids" who when refused assistance abuse the persons who decline to give them money in return for "Good Luck to the Purchaser" cards. Brooks was only released from the Central Prison last month, after serving a year for stabbing a man in the Star Restaurant on Jarvis-street.

Toronto License Commissioners.

The License Commissioners met yesterday afternoon and further considered the application for a transfer of the license held by James Frawley of the Hub to P. R. Courtney, 641 East King-street. The Commissioners will not give their decision on this proposed transfer until the list of applicants for new licenses and renewals have been fully considered. In order to get thru the list by May 1, the Commissioners will be obliged to meet daily.

MR. CLERGUE TALKS PLAINLY

Tells the Sudbury Mining Men That the Proposed Legislation Was Not Instigated by Him.

IF THE REFINING IS DONE HERE

All Right; if Nickel is Exported Free, Refining Will be Done in the United States.

The meeting of the Sudbury mining men, which was to have been held in the Association Hall Building last evening, unexpectedly came off in the Railway Committee room of the Parliament Buildings. For a while things were very slow, and Mr. Gordon of Sudbury, who presided, had a great deal to do to keep the talk going. Finally Mr. Gamey of Sudbury came in and made a speech of three-quarters of an hour duration. He contended that the refining of nickel ores in Canada is an impossibility at the present time from the commercial standpoint. He said the Clergue and Hamilton refineries have not yet been actually established, and until they are able to treat all the ores mined in Canada the export duty on nickel was an absurdity.

Mr. Clergue Speaks.

Mr. Clergue, who had sat silent all the evening, said Mr. Gamey seemed to imply that the legislation before the House had been instigated or encouraged by him (Mr. Clergue). He denied this, and then continued: "It is true we are building a refinery. But this legislation was neither instigated nor promoted by us, not by me, not by any one connected with my company. We have not suggested in any way to the Government to impose an export tax or a tax of any nature. The fact is that our situation at Sault Ste. Marie is just this: that if the people of Canada rely upon refining the material in a foreign country our refining will be done on the American side, not on the Canadian side. We are building on the Canadian side a nickel steel producing works, we are building a refinery for the reduction and refining of copper ore, nickel ore and copper-nickel ores.

Will Build Works in U. S.

"If Ontario continues to allow the free export of unrefined nickel, we are building upon the American side a duplicate of our Canadian works, where we will carry on our business for the American market. It will not be done on the Canadian side. That is a plain business statement which we are willing to publish. This legislation, not in any spirit of antagonism to Sudbury, but in the plainest and most friendly way, because I perceive that Sudbury should and will sustain great mining interests, I believe that Sudbury can produce enough ore to operate our refineries. And in this connection I must disagree with the gentleman who has preceded me. He were delighted was that there were facts in them that the Government did not work at present to submit to the House.

Ministers the Men to Blame.

John Ross Robertson advised an additional wing to the printing bureau if it was at a time, but he was inclined to put the blame on the shoulders of the Ministers, who had not prepared their manuscript early enough.

Mr. E. F. Clarke took the same view and summed up the whole situation with considerable force. Messrs. Holmes, Bell, Wilson, Flynn, Britton, Sproule, Talbot, Guillet and Fisher continued the discussion till 5 p.m.

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Mr. Wilson said that the report of the Interior was necessary to adequately examine W. T. R. Preston and Frank Pedley to-morrow before the Agriculture Committee.

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Dr. Sproule in Reply.

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Mr. McMullen had asked the young members to read the history of their country. Why? asked the doctor. It was done to take attention away from the nefarious deeds being done in the present.

On the Tariff.

Referring to the tariff question, Dr. Sproule compared the tariff of 1896 with that of to-day, proving that the farmer benefited by the former more than the latter. While not denying the prosperity of Canada, how far, he asked, was the Government responsible for that prosperity? It was not the Government's careful management; it was the good crops, fair prices, increased trade and buoyant revenues that had produced what Canadians now enjoyed.

What a Surplus Means.

He held that a surplus did not show business acumen, but rather the lack of it. In four years the Government had taken $23,000,000 in taxes more than was needed to carry on the Government. He contended that no great public works had been undertaken and no new markets opened up by the Government that would warrant such general prosperity. Asking what benefit had accrued to the farmer under this Government, the speaker replied that it was often said the Government had facilitated the shipping of cattle from Canada to the United States. By figures he showed that every head of cattle shipped last year to the United States brought only $15.30 a head. Younger cattle brought only $10.10 a head. That would not benefit the farmers. It was claimed that the Government gave the farmers cold storage. This was not so, for it was a product of the Conservative regime. The doctor pressed this home with force. Not only the farmers but also all other Canadians paid more for coal oil now than before. Higher prices were also attached to binder twine and barbed wire.

How was the laboring man affected? The preferential tariff would cut into Canadian manufactured goods, and directly affect the wages of the laborer. Goods were not cheaper to laborers by reason of the tariff. The tariff itself did not touch the substantials of life, but only the feathers. It benefited the rich at the expense of the poor.

Stupendous Result.

He enlarged upon the fact that 275 immigration agents were employed to bring in 11,945 immigrants from the United States, a stupendous result. The ever-increasing expenditure of the Government year by year was a morsel the doctor revelled in, and dressed in an alarming array of figures. But the Government had promised to be economical. Had they done away with protection? Was the superannuation law abolished? They superannuated 137 in the first year and 47 in the second of their office, and added $65,000 yearly to the taxes of the people. Had they destroyed combines? Far from it. They played into their hands, as was shown by their dealings with binder twine, coal oil, barbed wire and sole leather.

The doctor made a strong point of the sole leather combine, telling of the deputation that waited upon the Government asking to have the duty on sole leather reduced in order to escape the action of the combine. But the Government would not move. The Postmaster-General had written to the deputation that a combine was not illegal.

A Set of Incapables.

After referring to the fact that the hardware combine was really supported by the Government, Dr. Sproule denounced the Government for its boasted business ability. The penny postage, contra to the Berne Convention, which the Postmaster-General knew nothing of; the preferential tariff, in the face of the Belgian treaties; the Yukon administration, all pointed to the fact that the Government was composed of a set of incapables. The good intentions of the Government were clouded by the fact that they hurked an enquiry into the election frauds of West Huron and Brockville, and prevented the Opposition from bringing forward the evidence of corruption to hand. On such a record the Government stood condemned in the eyes of the people.

Holmes' Fulsome Eulogy.

Mr. Holmes (West Huron) replied to Dr. Sproule, pronouncing a fulsome eulogy upon all Government actions.

Mr. Holmes finished and the House adjourned at 12.

Strathcona Recruits Sail Tuesday.

Montreal, April 24.—(Special.)—The fifty recruits for the Strathcona Horse will leave here on board the Vancouver on Tuesday next.

RIDDLED THE MINING BILL.

Two Hundred in the Sudbury Delegation Which Interviewed Premier Ross Yesterday.

Formidable in their number, and looking additionally imposing by a display of banners—a very rare feature of demonstrations in the Legislature—the Sudbury miners descended upon the Government yesterday afternoon and found only Premier Ross and Mr. Davis in their path. There were about 200 in the deputation, and all looked in grim earnest. They came to oppose the proposed mining legislation in toto, and to tell the Government that the bill now before the House would ruin the mining industries of the province.

Mayor Ryan's Shots.

Mayor Ryan of Sudbury opened the attack with a Long Tom petition, from which he fired the following shots:

Against all special taxes on minerals or the mining industry in Ontario in any shape or form.

Against mining legislation by order-in-council, and especially against taxation by order-in-council. All laws and regulations should be in the Mining Act and subject to radical change only by the Legislature.

Against the Act embodying the order-in-council of Nov. 24, to compel the refining of nickel and nickel-copper ores in Canada. This tended to discourage prospecting and retard development work. It was a breach of good faith with those who had purchased mining claims under the previous regulations. All mining lands should be on an equal footing in respect to title. Further, the effect would be to put the nickel industry in the hands of a monopoly.

Against the excessive development demanded on iron mining claims. It would be impossible for a man of moderate means to raise 2000 tons of ore annually for ten years on a claim of 40 acres.

Against compelling every man working a mine to take out a $10 license with the prospect of taxes being added.

Don't Hurt the Industry.

A. McCharles followed Mayor Ryan. He said it would be well for the Government to do nothing to hurt the mining industry now. It had come thru a hard experience and was doing everything possible both for the employment of labor and development in Canada.

Mr. Holland, manager of Dr. Mond's process, said Dr. Mond would never have invested a dollar in Canada if he thought such legislation as the present bill proposed would affect the export of ores. It was all one whether the Government intended to enforce the duties or allow them to sleep until an order-in-council should call them into action. In fact it would be better to have the duties laid on now, because the ruin would come at once, whereas the alternate lingering course would be unfair as well as ruinous in the long run. Dr. Mond's process did not allow of refining in Canada for export to Europe.

No Political Complexion.

Daniel O'Connor of Sudbury told the Government the deputation had not any sort of political complexion. All men engaged in the mining industry were interested, and they were determined to make the most emphatic protest against the injustice of the proposed legislation.

The Premier's Reply.

Premier Ross hinted that the bill was drafted in the expectation of correction during its passage thru the House, and the deputation might find that the Government was willing to go a long way to meet the arguments advanced by this and other deputations on the mining law.

DISGRACEFUL SHOW-UP OF MILITIA DEPARTMENT.

Continued From Page 1.

business to go on, and delayed it by their incapacity, inability and unwillingness to go ahead. The matter amounted absolutely to a scandal.

Sir Wilfrid Admits it.

Sir Wilfrid admitted the backward condition of the reports, and felt that the most important should have been brought down. He had personally appealed to the Minister when his attention was brought to the facts three days ago, and had found that while some of the blame was attached to the Printing Bureau, more was attached elsewhere. All reports except Public Works would be down this week.

Mr. Wallace advised the Premier to get Ministers who would hurry up with their reports. The printing bureau was not to blame, for the Government could readily enlarge its capacity if necessary. He thought the main reason the reports were delayed was that there were facts in them that the Government did not work at present to submit to the House.

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STRIKE FEVER IN TORONTO

No Sign of Settlement Between the Teamsters and the Big Cartage Companies as Yet.

A FREIGHT BLOCKADE IN SIGHT.

Machinists Still Out—Mr. Polson's Offer of 10 Per Cent. Increase Was Refused.

The strike continues to grow in size, the number of those already out being added to yesterday. Several have joined the ranks of the strikers out of sympathy, while some have laid down their tools because the demands asked for were not granted. The present week will be a busy one for trades unionists, for those who have asked for more wages are organizing in the meantime, in order that when the time comes a united front will be presented to the employer who does not comply with his employes' demands. Last spring, when the majority of the union men went out on strike, the arrangements made between employer and employe were binding until May 1 this year. Next Tuesday, the date when these agreements will expire, has almost arrived, and unless they are renewed work in many factories will stop.

Men Want No Trouble.

The men are doing everything in their power and in the way of reason to avert trouble; but, at the same time, they will not yield, and will fight for their rights. The men claim that, as rents are getting higher, the price of living is increased, they need more wages to meet these requirements. On the other hand, the employer is of a different opinion, altho several large manufacturing industries have granted the men's demands in a cheerful manner. The reception that was accorded a deputation of machinists by the manager of a leading shop will clearly show the opinion of some of the employers. This particular man told the strikers that the workingman was trying to get rich too quick, that the authorities here should follow the example of the Emperor of Russia who ordered the militia to shoot down all men who quit their work and went on strike. He also thought that the wife of the workingman should not wish for anything better than calico.

The Teamsters' Strike.

The effect of the teamsters' strike was made plainly apparent yesterday and a freight blockade is likely to take place. While the railways are not responsible for the strike, it is placing them in a peculiar position, and it threatens to interfere with their business. If this should happen, influence might be brought to bear upon the cartage companies to effect a settlement with their men. Express wagons and teamsters other than those in the union are doing a big business in hauling freight to and from the freight sheds. The cartage power of this city, however, is not equal to the volume of trade without the teamsters of the three big companies, and one result is that freight is not moving so rapidly.

Board of Trade Shippers.

A number of shippers met in the Board of Trade Council Chamber yesterday afternoon, with President A. E. Kemp in the chair. They passed the following resolution, which is favorable to the interests of the strikers:

"Resolved that shippers be requested to do a reasonable share of their shipping in the forenoon, and to have all shipments ready not later than 5 o'clock p.m. for delivery to railway carters, provided that the railways enforce the same rule at other cartage points, and that the railways be notified of the above."

The Teamsters Meet.

The teamsters met again in Temperance Hall, and discussed the situation. Communications were received from various trades unions and outside organizations, expressing the hope that they will win. No new offer was received from the companies, and the men intend to stay out. They will meet again this morning.

The Machinists Meet.

The machinists employed in Polson's iron works, to the number of about 25, went out yesterday morning, as it was impossible to come to an agreement. Mr. Polson offered the men an increase of 10 per cent., but this they refused, and will hold out for the 12½ per cent. The total number of machinists now out amounts to about 120, and they are thoroly organized. None of the firms have come to a settlement, but the men expect to win.

Builders' Laborers Talking.

The Builders' Laborers' Union, at their meeting in Temperance Hall last night, devoted their attention to a discussion on the wage question. At their next meeting it will be decided on what action to take in case the bosses will not renew the agreement, which expires May 1.

Boilermakers' Helpers.

The new organization, formed by the 70 helpers who went out on strike in sympathy with the boiler-makers, will be known as Boiler-makers' Helpers and Shipbuilders' Assistants' Union. Another meeting was held last night in Temperance Hall, when these officers were elected: President, F J Cockburn; vice-president, J Thompson; financial secretary, H Doyle; secretary, J Martin; treasurer, N Currin; inside guard, A Small. Three employes of the Polson Iron Works Co., the only place where helpers are working in the city, were present, and signed the roll. There is still no change in the situation of the boiler-makers' strike, who are out to the number of 75.

THEY WILL NOT EXHIBIT.

Manufacturers of Agricultural Implements Have Decided to Cut Out the Fall Fairs.

About 30 substantial-looking business men, who were representatives of the manufacturers of agricultural machinery in Canada, held a close session at the Rossin House yesterday. None of them seemed particularly anxious to say what it was all about, but The World learned that most of them had signed a document agreeing that they would not exhibit at any of the fall fairs which are held at so many places from year to year.

The manufacturers are agreed that it costs a lot of money to be represented at the fall fairs, and that the same amount of money spent in newspaper advertising would be much more profitable. They do not think that the results of the display of their implements at fall fairs have been sufficiently lucrative to warrant any further expenditure in that direction.

After talking it over, they decided that their conclusions, as given above, were correct, and they decided that all of them would drop out of the fair business. Their decision will include Toronto Exhibition, Ottawa Fair, Western Fair, London, and, in fact, all the rest of the fairs.

CENTRAL ARMORIES FOR MILITIA.

Hon. Dr. Borden Thinking Out a Scheme Which Will Concentrate Headquarters.

Ottawa, April 24.—(Special.)—The Minister of Militia is considering a plan to establish a central armory in every county in the Dominion. As it is now, each company has its own headquarters, and its own armory. By the new scheme an armory will be built as nearly as possible in the centre of the regimental county, in which all the stores and accoutrements of the battalions will be kept. The old drill sheds will be sold.

Healthy Brains move the World.

Keep Them Healthy by

Grape-Nuts Food

There is a reason, but never mind that. Prove it by use.

A BIG NIGHT IN WARD SIX.

Conservative Smoker Last Night Was the Successful One of the Year in Numbers and Enthusiasm.

JOHN LAXTON WAS IN THE CHAIR

Stirring Speeches Were Made by Mr. Macdiarmid of West Elgin and Others.

Tuckett's tobacco, old-time political speeches and songs and dances are a combination that is hard to beat, as Ward 6 Conservatives proved last night. Tuckett was reinforced by the American Tobacco Co. and S. Davis' cigars, and between them and some light refreshments the gathering in the Masonic Hall, Ward 6, last night was a great success.

It was a patriotic smoker, and the faithful were present in large numbers. John Laxton, president of the association, made a genial chairman, and must have been delighted at the success of his efforts to provide entertainment for the vast audience.

On the Platform.

On the platform were: Thomas Crawford, M.L.A. for West Toronto; W. D. Macpherson, Thomas Wallace (Woodbridge), E. W. Day, president of the Macdonald Club; James Hunter, Dr. Buck, William Crealock, Samuel Platt, Ald. Dunn, O. A. Howland, P. Woods, James Knox, vice-president of the L.C.A.; A. W. Wright, Samuel Leavitt, Capt. Thompson, John Fawcett, Claude Macdonell, ex-president of Ward 6 L.C.A.; W. N. Irving, J. W. St. John, Andrew Miscampbell, M.L.A.; and F. G. Macdiarmid, M.L.A.

Mr. Crawford Speaks.

Thomas Crawford was introduced as the first speaker. It was stated, he said, on very good authority that there was to be a Dominion election this year, and he urged them to be prepared. The young men especially had an opportunity to be useful and might contribute materially in inaugurating a reign of Conservative rule in the Dominion as well as in Ontario. He was most sanguine that the province would on the first opportunity ask the present regime to go out of the business.

Letters of Regret.

Letters of regret were read from N. C. Wallace, M.P., E. F. Clarke, M.P., E. B. Osler, M.P., and W. H. Montague, M.P.

Mr. Macdiarmid There.

Mr. Macdiarmid was introduced as the hero of West Elgin, and was received with a cheer. It was not often, he said, that a public man had such a bonfire to celebrate his victory as the Government had lighted with the West Elgin ballots. To-day the Government was at the mercy of a gang of outlaws. As they were doubtless aware, Judge Barron was at the head of a commission to investigate the West Elgin outrage, and his name was singularly appropriate, for the investigation would certainly be barren of results. [Laughter and applause.] If the Government had not been guilty of the old-fashioned crimes of perjury, forgery and personation, they were certainly accomplices after the event and had come to the rescue of a gang which constituted the worst element in Canadian politics. [Applause.] Beside the West Elgin affair, the crookedness in Manitoba dwindled into insignificance. [Applause.]

Andrew Miscampbell.

Andrew Miscampbell followed, and by request conveyed Mr. Whitney's regrets at not being present. In entering politics he reminded the young men present that they were assuming no light duty, but a serious responsibility. He reminded them that they had heard much in the past of loyalty to the British Empire, but it remained for the young men of to-day to solve the problem. [Hear, hear.]

Mr. J. W. St. John's Address.

J. W. St. John delivered a ringing patriotic address. Canadians, he said, had been tried and had proved equal to the occasion. The British Empire to-day realized that Canadian soldiers stood at the front for valor and ability. [Cheers.] "If," said, he, "those men who tried to blow up the Welland Canal dared to show themselves to the Canadian boys they would be blown to the four winds of heaven." [Cheers.] Continuing, he charged the Government with giving away the franchise of the province behind closed doors. "We are not ruled by the people," said he, "but by Cabinet power. The Government have prostituted honesty and truth to common expediency." They dodge everything like the New in clinching a bargain, who hoped he would be struck dead on the spot if the goods were not all right, and immediately jumped to another spot." [Laughter.] He predicted an early defeat for the Ontario Government.

Robert Birmingham looked for the Conservatives of the west to redeem West York when J. W. St. John again came on the scene. [Hear, hear.] They had work to do in the Dominion elections also. A letter of regret was read from W. H. Montague, M.P., who wished the boys of No. 6 a rousing good time. He (Mr. Birmingham) gave them a pointer from the inside that effect that all sections of the Conservative party were strongly united, and would sweep across the country in an overwhelming tide of victory when the time came.

Mr. O. A. Howland There, Too.

O. A. Howland was glad to be present in the feast of song and blow of smoke, and there was this satisfactory feature that the smoke was not raised by the burning of ballots. [Hear, hear.] The speaker made a stirring plea for the unity of the Empire.

Thomas Wallace was introduced as the brother of a noble sire, and spoke briefly.

E. W. Moyes said that gatherings such as this augured well for the future of the party. It was at such gatherings that Sir John Macdonald inspired his followers to crush the Grits in 1878.

Dr. Beatty Neville declared himself an ardent protectionist, and in favor of preferential trade.

Organizer Wright.

A. W. Wright said that Ontario's George Washington was greater than the American George Washington because the latter couldn't write poetry or steal it, but the former, while unable to write it, was not unable to steal it. [Laughter.] Such gatherings as this last night meant another nail in the coffin of Grit misrule.

Between the speeches the audience was very pleasantly entertained by a number of popular entertainers. Ernest R. Boles proved himself an artist on the piano, and Oliver Murphy is a bass singer who will yet be heard before great audiences. He has a voice of magnificent quality, which was heard to splendid advantage in "A Sentinel Am I" and "In Cellar Cool." Others who took part were Messrs. J. Powers, Will J. White, James McIntosh and N. Kyle in patriotic and comic songs, Neil Burton in recitations, Thomas Corrigan in clog dances, which brought down the house, and George E. Cooper, in a bone solo and feats of strength without the strength. The gathering did not break up till midnight.

Every bottle of Dalley's Syrup of Horehound and Elecampane is warranted to cure a cough or cold, and is recommended by the medical fraternity.

Their Anniversary Tea.

The Ladies' Aid Society of New Richmond Methodist Church, McCaul-street, supplied the anniversary tea last evening. Rev. John Pickering, the last pastor of Old Richmond-street Church, now of Brantford, who happened to be in the city, was warmly welcomed by his old friends. He gave a brief address. Rev. Alfred Brown, president of the Toronto Conference, also gave an appropriate speech. Among those who contributed to the program were Miss Bertha Kelly, Miss Kennedy and Miss Alma Butler, soprano solos; Miss Mountain, piano solo; Mr. Frank Kennedy, recitation; Mr. J. J. Kennedy, 'cello solo, Mr. Arthur Blakeley of Sherbourne-street Church, and Mr. H. West, organ solos. Rev. J. T. Morris, the pastor, was chairman.

Poor Accommodation for Lunatics.

At the jail yesterday afternoon, Coroner Duncan's jury found that Elizabeth Parkinson had died from natural causes. The 12 men added a rider recommending the Government to provide better accommodation for lunatics, so that they could be confined in places other than the jail. The deceased was 85 years of age, and was committed over two years ago as a lunatic.

Elevator Burned at Tilbury.

Tilbury, Ont., April 24.—The large elevator situated southwest of the M.C.R. station here, owned by F. Oswald, was destroyed this afternoon by fire. Loss, about $1200; insured in Waterloo for $700. The contents were owned by J. L. Scott, Chatham, value unknown; insured for $1000 in Equity of Toronto.

Right at the Front.

Some of the most stylish suits which will be seen at the Horse Show were made at the fashionable tailoring establishment of Messrs. Frank Broderick & Co., 109 West King-street. This firm has attained a reputation at the front with the fashionable tailors of Canada and the very best at the closest prices is their aim.

Retail department

FROM MAKER TO WEARER—

Dressed for the Horse Show?

If you're not—let's fit you out—we can do it from head to foot — and to your liking—or— "your money back if you want it."

Top Coats:

One of those swell dark Oxford greys is fit for the "Governor" —see them at 10.00, 12.00 and 15.00.

Silk Hats:

Our special new American block at 6.00—

Our special Fedora—1.50

Neckwear:

A "Smart" lot of novelties specially for this week's big function.

E. BOISSEAU & CO., TEMPERANCE AND YONGE.

FURNISHING THE BED CHAMBER.

Here's a store that makes a specialty of bedroom furniture. We do not sell anything else.

All the advantage— and it is an indisputable advantage—that comes from dealing with a house specially devoted to bedding goods is found in this store.

—Brass and Enamel Beds are a leader with us this spring—with prices very exceptional.

—The famous Ostermoor Patent Elastic Felt Mattress—unrivalled—is sold only here as manufacturers' exclusive selling depot—$29.00 to $15.00.

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