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FOURTEEN PAGES—MONDAY MORNING AUGUST 2 1915—FOURTEEN PAGES

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Senate Reading Room
Jan16—17388
SENATE P O

RUSSIANS DRIVE GERMANS FROM RIGHT BANK OF THE VISTULA

Enemy Also Defeated on Narew; Warsaw Not Yet Taken

Allies Start Second Year of War Fully Assured of Final Triumph

British Have Recovered a Portion Of the Trenches Lost Near Hooge

RUSSIAN FORCE HAS EVACUATED LUBLIN SECTOR

Successful Withdrawal Without Detection and Molestation by Enemy.

FIGHT EAST OF NIEMEN

Attack on Narew Fails—Germans Thrown Across Vistula Rver.

Special Cable to The Toronto World.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—The Russian withdrawal from the Warsaw saliant will be effected gradually, the Russians contesting every foot of the ground and withdrawing unmolested from one prepared position to another. This is apparent from the latest official statements of the Russian war office at Petrograd, which announced the successful evacuation of the Town of Lublin and the sector of the railway between Novo Alexandria and Relovitz. In order to maintain the fight the Germans have recently withdrawn two divisions, the 54th and 58th, from the French frontier. They participated in a battle last Monday and their identification was confirmed by prisoners taken by the Russians.

In the Baltic provinces between the Vistula and the Dwina Rivers, the Russians have established contact with the enemy and are lining up for a big battle.

The retirement from Lublin and the section of the railway there was effected without the movement being noticed and attacked by the enemy.

Fighting at Buusk.

Between the Dwina and Niemen Rivers the Germans made fruitless attacks on Buusk on July 29, 30, 31. Further south, on the Konstantinvo-Krinchinl-Subotche-Traschkouny front, the Russians drove in the German advance guards. West of Kovno the enemy was dislodged from several positions which he had captured early in the morning by a fierce Russian bayonet charge.

Retain Front on Narew.

The Russians maintained their old front on the Narew River near the mouth of the Skwa and east of Rosan. The principal attacks, which were delivered with weak forces, were directed on Zabino and Reimbassa Villages.

Northwest of Elone, on the left bank of the Vistula River, a German attack was repulsed.

Thrown Back Over Vistula.

German troops which had crossed the Vistula on the Magnuszow-Kozienicle front were vigorously attacked by the Russians, and they were dislodged from the sector below the mouth of the Radomka, where they had penetrated to the forests, and were driven back to the islands of the Vistula. The enemy is holding ground in the district of Matzievitze, on the upper Vistula.

On the Bug River Russian troops continued the dislodgment of the enemy from certain positions south of Sokal. Heavy losses were inflicted on the enemy in this sector in the last few days, prisoners admit.

FRANCE HONORS BORDEN

PARIS, Aug. 1. — Sir Robert L. Borden, premier of Canada, who is now in Paris, has been decorated with the Grand Cross of the Legion of Honor.

LINE OF TRENCHES TAKEN BY ITALIANS

Audacious Offensive in Palpiccolo Zone Was Brilliant in Results.

BIG AUSTRIAN LOSSES

Counter Attacks Failed to Dislodge Italians—Success on Isonzo.

ROME, via Paris, Aug. 1.—The following official statement was issued by the Italian war office last night:

"In the upper valley of Camonica during the night of the 30th of July, the enemy renewed their attacks. They failed in their fifteenth sally against our positions near Refugio Garibaldi. The energetic action of our advanced posts was alone sufficient to repulse it.

"The same night, in Carnia, hostile detachments twice tried attacks on Mount Freikofel and were twice promptly repulsed. During the day our infantry, solidly supported by artillery, began in the zone of Palpiccolo an audacious offensive, which resulted in the capture of a strong line of Austrian trenches. The enemy suffered very important losses, leaving in our hands several prisoners. Nevertheless, during the evening, having received reinforcements, they counter-attacked around the foot hills of Palpiccolo, but were repulsed with serious losses.

Successes on Isonzo.

"The Isonzo operations, with a view of developing the Blava bridges, proceeded successfully. After destroying barbed wire entanglements we enlarged towards the southeast our zone of occupation, along the slopes of Montkuk and around Zagora.

"In the Carso at Cave our troops struck a second and strong line of defence prepared by the enemy as far as there, of which we later reached his end. Yesterday, after efficacious preparation, especially in the centre, we began an attack on a new line, making sensible progress, especially in the centre, where our troops captured some entrenchments, made 334 prisoners, of whom fifteen were officers, took three machine guns, many guns and munitions."

MYSTIC SHRINERS PASS THRU.

Several hundred Mystic Shriners from Chicago and other western points were on a special train, which passed thru Toronto at 10.30 last night. They were bound for Montreal.

WAR ENDS GERMANY'S DREAM OF DOMINATION

Noted French Statesman and Writer Makes Striking Arraignment of German Policy of Universal Conquest—Year of War Has Shattered Enemy's Hopes.

PARIS, Aug 1.—Under the caption "after one year," Gabriel Hanotaux, former minister of foreign affairs, in The Figaro today reviews the causes of the war and the "historical stages leading Germany logically to this step and to cast the die for the gigantic conflict in an attempt to impose domination on the world."

"Germany prepared for this war," says M. Hanotaux, "with the idea of universal domination. Once ready she chose her hour and dragged along her accomplice, Austria-Hungary, and her other accomplice, Turkey. Determined to stop at nothing, the day when it became necessary to sacrifice the world's peace and joy to her material prosperity and her pride, Germany willed war."

This is proved by historic documents, M. Hanotaux says, and he reviews the growth of the German "weltholitik" idea born at a meeting aboard the yacht Hohenzollern in 1897, recounted in Chancellor Von Buelow's book, and from which came the motto, "our future is on the seas," thru fifteen years of military and naval preparation to 1912, when "the work of preparation was accomplished and Germany was ready to profit from the first favorable circumstance."

Proofs of Purpose.

To these historic evidences of Germany's intentions, Hanataux offers what he terms further material and moral proofs of Germany's "fell purpose."

"From the material viewpoint," he says, "the far-sighted and formidable preparations of the twin empires for war cannot be denied. With the most savage resolution, in absolute secrecy, with fists clenched and lips closed, two empires, armed to the teeth, constructed monstrous cannon, filled arsenals with arms and ammunition, and conceived the prodigious mechanism for adapting the arts of peace to the art of war. The whole country was regulated like a barracks. Every slightest resource was catalogued that nothing might be lost, and all with the purpose of offensive action. There

(Continued on Page 2, Column 2).

WARSAW'S FALL HOURLY LOOKED FOR BY LONDON

Russians Fight Stubborn Rearguard Actions, Delaying German Advance.

TO OCCUPY BREST LINE

Von Hindenburg Prevented From Throwing More Troops Across Narew.

LONDON, Aug. 1. — (10.45 p.m.) — The anniversary of the outbreak of the war passed without the Germans occupying Warsaw. However, news of this climax to the Austro-German offensive in the east, which was begun early in May, is hourly expected, for what little information is allowed to leak thru is to the effect that the Russians for several days have been withdrawing to the Brest line, leaving small forces to fight rear-guard actions, so that the main armies might make good their retreat.

These rear-guard actions have developed at many places into fairly large battles, as the Russians, whose steadiness has been phenomenal, are offering stubborn resistance to the German advances and

(Continued on Page 12, Column 7).

RUSSIA WILL GRANT POLES HOME RULE

Declaration Made by Premier Goremkyn in Name of Emperor.

DUMA IN SESSION

Warsaw Salient May Be Partially Yielded to Enemy, Says War Minister.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 1, via London, Aug. 2.—The first sitting of the duma opened today by imperial ukase in the presence of a brilliant assemblage, including the members of the cabinet and diplomatic corps. The session holds out promise of work with the object of promoting the production of military supplies and meeting the military requirements, rather than oratory, recriminations or effort to discover those responsible for the failure to realize the earlier high hopes.

The temper of the deputies was moderate; party differences were minimized; there was an entire absence of gloom or facetious enthusiasm. The speeches of the president of the chambe,, M. Rodzianko, and the ministers were well received and rewarded with applause from both the right and the left. The Polish people, the allies, the ambassadors and General Russky, the commander in the Galician campaign, were cheered heartily. The outstanding feature of the session was the declaration made in the name of the emperor by the premier, M. Goremkyn, that the Poles shall receive autonomy.

Amnesty for Revolutionist.

Announcement that amnesty had been granted Vladimir Bourtzeff, the revolutionist, who returned here from Paris for hospital service, but was immediately arrested, was well received. War Minister M. Pavlinoff said:

"At this moment the enemy is concentrating enormous forces against Russia, and is successively enveloping the territory and military districts of Warsaw, the strategic contour of which has always been the weak point of our western frontier.

"Under these circumstances we shall perhaps yield to the enemy a portion of this region, falling back on positions where our army will prepare for a resumption of the offensive.

"All's well that ends well; 1812 was proof of that. We shall today perhaps give up Warsaw, as then we gave up Moscow, in order to insure a final victory."

BRITISH RETAKE LOST TRENCHES FROM GERMANS

Part of Five Hundred Yards of Line Near Hooge Recaptured.

MANY AERIAL RAIDS

French Repulse Night Attack on Captured Positions in Alsace.

Special Cable to The Toronto World.

LONDON, Aug. 1. — The carrying out of aerial raids by both allied and German aviators and the repulse of German night attacks in Alsace with heavy losses were the main features of the fighting on the western front Saturday and Sunday, according to the official French and German reports.

The British War Office announced tonight the regaining of part of the 500 yards of trenches stormed by the Germans on Friday night near Hooge in fighting which continued after the Germans had launched their attack. The part of the lines recaptured lies west of the village. Saturday's action on this front was chiefly confined to artillery firing, but last night two fur-

(Continued on Page 7, Column 5).

MADE ATTACK WITH FIRE PROJECTORS

Devilish Instrument Used by Huns Against Hooge Trenches.

BRITISH RETOOK WOOD

Whole Area Swept by Shells and Machine Gun Bullets.

Special Cable to The Toronto World.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—Prevost Battersley, the correspondent of The Morning Post at the British headquarters, sends the following description of the German fire projector:

"At 3.30 o'clock on the morning of the 30th, the German attack on Hooge began. A tremendous fire was concentrated from three sides upon the Hooge salient.

"There was a direct fire of five-inch and field guns against our parapet, in addition to high explosive shells of longer range and every sort of bomb from the trench mortars. After half an hour of this the enemy crept towards our battered parapets by the saps which they had carried forward and began to play upon what was left of the defenders with fire projectors.

"A fire projector is carried strapped to the back exactly as is a fire extinguisher, and apparently contains some inflammable acid oil under pressure, which when the cock is open projects a long flaming jet.

Troops Slowly Fell Back.

"Weakened by the tremendous shelling they had undergone, and with their defences badly knocked about, the troops holding the sallent relinquished the trenches on the north side of the road and fell back slowly from the ridge. Owing to the delay inseparable from the situation, it was impossible to get the counter-attack into shape before 3 in the afternoon, when an advance was made partly under cover of an irregular pieced forest known as Zouave wood, which offered the only concealment. But from the ridge east of Hooge the German guns swept the wood, the whole place looking as tho it had been threshed with a flail of thunderbolts. Yet the troops held on to it and even succeeded with the greatest gallantry in advancing to the edge of it facing the enemy, which was found in German fashion to be completely swept by a machine cross fire.

"An advance beyond was almost certain death. None the less the advance was repeatedly attempted and small isolated parties of officers and men succeeded in getting right up to the barbed wire in front of the enemy's trenches. But we were obliged to be content with holding the line of wood to which the troops had clung with such determination."

British Recapture Part Of Trenches at Hooge

Counter-Attack in Course of Engagement Proves Partially Successful—Two German Infantry Attacks Repulsed by Night.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—(10.55 p.m.)—The following official communication was issued tonight:

"Further fighting on July 30, after the first German attack on our trenches near Hooge, reported in our communication of that date, resulted in the recapture by us of a portion of the lost trenches west of the village.

"Yesterday's action was chiefly confined to the artillery, but last night we successfully repulsed two further infantry attacks.

"There has been no infantry action today."

RUSSIANS RENEW VOWS TO PERSEVERE TO END

Petrograd Newspapers Print Message in All Tongues of Allies----Czar's Declaration to Make No Peace Till Enemies Have Left Russia.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 1.—(Via London, 7 p.m.)—"I hereby solemnly declare that we will not conclude peace until the last enemy soldier has left our land."

These words of Emperor Nicholas of Russia, uttered at the winter palace on Aug. 1, 1914, are reproduced in the press of Petrograd on the anniversary of the war.

A message in The Bourse Gazette today, printed in all the languages of Russia's allies, says:

"For a year past the enemy has been threatening the freedom of the world. We deeply appreciate the self-sacrificing aid of the allies in exerting a combined pressure on him on all sides.

"A firm confidence in victory, in a community of world-wide interests, and in the final triumph of right fires the spirit of the nation. It has been our guiding star thruout this year of bloodshed. It will serve us in the coming months, may be years, of this terrible struggle.

"Russia greets her allies—France, Great Britain, Serbia, Montenegro, Japan and Italy. All hail to their heroic loyalty and firm determination to stand by her to the end; till light dispels the gloom."

DEMAND RAISING OF LIVE STOCK EMBARGO

Transportation Companies Urge Government to Act—Opposition Develops.

By a Staff Reporter.

OTTAWA, July 31.—Strong pressure is being brought to bear upon the government to raise the embargo against American cattle shipped in bond thru Canada to the allies from the United States. The embargo was imposed some time ago as a quarantine regulation to protect our domestic herds from the foot and mouth disease which has prevailed, with more or less virulence, in a number of the states. The modification asked for would permit United States cattle to go in bond via Canadian railways and the St. Lawrence route to France. It is being urged here by the railway and steamship companies.

Ontario farmers and live stock men will be against the proposal, and it is not unlikely that opposing deputations may be here to interview the minister of agriculture and other members of the government this week.

STEAMER NORONIC YET STUCK ON SANDBANK

Forty Passengers Landed Safely —Vessel Little Damaged by Accident.

WINDSOR, Ont., Aug. 1.—At a late hour tonight the Northern Navigation Company's passenger steamer Noronic was still fast aground on a sand bank in the Detroit River, off the head of Belle Isle, where she grounded in a fog at 4 o'clock Saturday morning. The 40 passengers, all Sarnians, were landed safely today, and it is expected that the boat will be in good shape for her next scheduled trip up the lakes. She has suffered little or no damage.

The entire cargo of the steamer has been removed and it may be necessary to dredge beneath her to secure her release.

"FIGHTING JOE" GETS ANOTHER RUDE JOLT

Conservatives Protest Against His Drawing Indemnity in Long Absence.

Canadian Associated Press Cable.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—Conservatives of East St. Pancras have passed a resolution deploring the fact that while voluntary service called for the compilation of a national register, £400 yearly is being paid the member for the division, Hon. Joe Martin, who has been in Canada over a year.

TORONTO MAN INJURED IN MOTOR CAR WRECK

William Myles Probably Fatally Hurt at London, Ontario.

LONDON, Ont., Aug. 2.—Wm. Myles of 138 Shaw street, Toronto, was, it is believed, fatally injured at 11 o'clock this morning, when an automobile in which he was riding was struck by a London & Lake Erie Railway trolley car at the Emery street crossing of the road. He is in Victoria Hospital with a bad fracture at the base of the skull.

Myles' wife and two little children were also in the car, but escaped with a few cuts and bruises. Henry Robinson, also of Toronto, was another occupant of the car, but escaped uninjured.

The Toronto party had come to the city to spend the holiday with Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Thomson of 325 Hale street.

ROUMANIA AWAITS MUNITIONS TO FIGHT

Expects Also Russians to Renew Offensive in Bukowina Before Moving.

BUCHAREST, Aug. 1.—In well-informed circles it is declared that the entry into the war of Roumania on the side of the entente powers is dependent on the renewal of the Russian offensive on Bukowina and the arrival of munitions already ordered by this country from the allies. The action of the government in regard to intervention will not, it is asserted, be delayed by any consideration as to the present situation in Galicia and Poland.

FINAL VICTORY FOR ALLIES IS BEYOND DOUBT

Sir Edward Carson Points to Britain's Daily Growing Might.

NATION TRANSFORMED

Volunteer Army is Greatest Known in History of World.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—Sir Edward Carson, attorney-general in the Asquith cabinet, has prepared for the Associated Press a signed statement, giving a broad outline of the first year of the war, from the British standpoint, together with expression of the unalterable purpose of the British Government and people to carry on the war to a successful conclusion. The statement follows:

"How long will the war last, and what will be the result? To such questions as these any British subject can give but one answer, and that is, that the war will last until the cause o: the allies has been brought to a successful issue and Europe and the world have been relieved from the ideals involved in the aggression of Prussian domination. The word peace does not enter into our vocabulary at the present time. It is banished from our conversation as something immoral and impossible under existing circumstances. And yet we are the most peace-loving people in the world; a nation which thruout the globe, within its many dominions, has inculcated good government and social and industrial progress, and the free exercise, in its widest sense, of civil and religious liberty.

"Rightly or wrongly, we have in the past devoted our energies and our intelligence, not to preparations for war, but to that social progress which makes for the happiness and the contentment of the mass of our people, and this, no doubt, is the reason why other nations imagine that we, as a nation of shopkeepers, are too indolent and apathetic to fight for and maintain these priceless liberties, won by the men who laid the foundation of our vast empire.

Britain is Transformed.

"But they are entirely mistaken in forming any such estimate of the temperament of the determination of our people. Great Britain hates war and no nation enters more reluctantly upon its horrible and devastating operations; but, at the same time, no nation when it is driven to war by the machination of its foes, who desire to filch from it or from its co-champions of liberty, any portion of their inherited freedom, is more resolved to see the matter thru at whatever cost, to a successful issue.

"A year of war has transformed Great Britain. Of our navy I need hardly speak. It has upheld to the fullest extent the great traditions which fill the pages of history in the past; it has driven its enemies off the seas; it holds vast oceans free for almost the uninterrupted commerce of the neutral powers, and it has preserved these highways for its own supplies of material and food almost without interruption. I do not minimize the peril of the submarines, which is in process of being dealt with thru the careful and zealous watchfulness of our admiralty, but while the submarine has enabled the Germans to commit savage and inhuman atrocities, contrary to the laws of civilization and

(Continued on Page 7, Column 1).

CIVIC HOLIDAY.

The Dineen Store, 140 Yonge Street, will be closed all day when the entire staff take a well-earned rest after the strenuous sale work of the past few weeks. Tomorrow the balance of their summer lines will be cleared at sweeping price concessions. Don't fail to get a share.

GERMANY STILL RUSHING MEN TO EASTERN FRONT

PETROGRAD, July 31.—(Via London, Aug. 1, 6.29 a.m.)—The Russian War Office tonight issued the following official statement:

"The Germans continue to transport troops to our front. Prisoners confirm the first appearance on our front of the 54th and 58th divisions of German infantry, which participated in the battle on Thursday last. They had just arrived from the western front."